Thursday June 9 1988

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

D 8523 A

### **World News**

re. 250 and expensive remaining the control of the

deer, which is the object to t

Structed pot event gains of sped The rate into-Great Law 7, over her le-of Palme me le effect.

ilariabnk (Si

Akcover rome

ed elightly high Point of prefirst all share me-ith consecur-255 17.

ance

to Asigt 🕞

1 ASS.90 mm

apore

id for profits

tha counting the

∼t time n ps

F Straite In

: Casing Mi

्तं भारतस्यात्रस्य । भारतस्य

i - buying mez

in Hiv and plan

ાં ડાસ્ત્રો 🥸 ा ३ लासंद्रक

් 5 cents to 🖭

ď,

٤.

}

200

: : : :

3.5

25

٦,٦

M77

### Nigeria protests to Italy over toxic waste

Nigeria's military government wall street: The Dow Jones has protested to Italy over the industrial average burst through alleged dumping of an estimated 1,500 tons of toxic wastes in the Nigerian port town of Koko. The protest was lodged after drums were found on the property of a Nigerian who said he was being paid \$1,000 a month to store the material.

### S. Africa protests

More than 1 million black workers and students stayed home on joined the London Metal the third day of a national pro-Exchange as an associate trade test strike. In strike-related vio-member, Inco's move comes at a lence, a baby was shot and a man was hacked to death.

### China warns students

Chinese police cordoned off the centre of Beijing to thwart a planned pro-democracy demon-stration by university students. Authorities warned students that the march was illegal and would undermine stability. Page 4

Philippines land reform The Philippine Congress passed a land reform bill to "change the lives" of millions of impoverished Filipinos. Critics said the plan may fail if not implemented effi-

### Sri Lankan violence

The Sri Lankan Government dispatched over 20,000 soldiers to the southern province to keep order during district elections. Pre-poll violence claimed eight lives and clerks on election duty demanded protection.

Yeltsin elected delegate Mr Boris Yeltsin, ousted as Moscow Communist Party chief in November, has been chosen as a delegate to a conference on political reform. He lost his post after complaining that reform was proceeding too slowly.

S Korea urges talks South Korea urged North Korea to respond positively to a proposal for high-level political talks on the Olympics and other pending issues between the two Koreas Border murch, Page 4

### Ariane launch set

The demonstration launch of the Ariane 4 rocket, delayed by mechanical and computer problens, has been rescheduled for June 15, according to Arianes-pace, the commercial arm of the European Space Agency.

Ugandan troops held Ugandan military police are holding 700 army officers and soldiers after a mutiny at two barracks near Kampala and an abortive attempt to assassinate President

Yoweri Museveni. Temple zone posiponed The Indian government bowed to protests of Punjab residents and postponed demolition of houses and shops for a security zone

### Amritsar. Page 4 Iran cialms bases hit

Iran said its Revolutionary Guards and Iraqi rebel allies January 1986. Page 20 destroyed two military bases in CHILE'S trade surplus jumped to

### mountainous northern Iraq.

**Red Army deportation** An alleged Japanese Red Army urban guerrilla, arrested in the Philippines shortly after undergo-ing plastic surgery, was deported contract costing up to \$1.5bn for

### Gadaffi uproar

Libyan leader Muammar Gadaffi Page 7. treated an uproar at the Arab Summit accusing annamed Arab leaders of being "lackeys of impe-rialism," Jordan's appeal, Page 4

### Workers leave Somalia

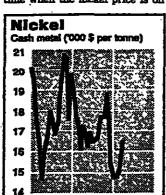
Foreign workers, evacuated from northern Somalia to escape fight JAPAN "should carry the banner ing between government and of free trade" as its responsibility rebel forces, began leaving after rejecting a government demand that they return to the region. to the world economy, Japanese Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita said. Page 7

### **Business Summary**

### **Dow Jones** average breaks 2,100 level

the 2,100 level yesterday for the first time in two months as investors awamped the markets with buy orders. The index, which fell 20.62 points on Tuesday, closed up 48.36 points at 2102.95, putting it about seven points below its post-crash high of 2,110.08.

NICERIC Canada's Inco, world's largest nickel producer, has joined the London Metal Exchange as an associate trade time when the nickel price is on



a rouer-coaster. Last week the LME cash price dropped by \$500 a tonne to \$15,000, partly because Inco settled a new contract with its unions without a strike. This IME cash price dropped by \$500 a tonne to \$15,000, partly because ing off DM2.2bn (\$1.28bn) of debt owed by African countries to linco settled a new contract with its unions without a strike. This week nickel recovered strongly and yesterday was up another and yesterday was up another \$550 a tonne for cash metal to \$16,400. Page 30 \$16,400. Page 30

MACMILLAN, New York-based publishing company, formally rejected the \$2bn takeover bid from Robert Bass, wealthy Texas investor. Page 21

LONDON: The strong opening on Wall Street gave a much-needed boost to shares and the FT-SE 100 index closed 6 higher at 1,828.2 International blue chips were marked higher in line with American Deposits of Research Properties Research in New 1

marked higher in line with American Depositary Receipts in New York, Page 38

TOKYO: Nikkei average failed for the third day running to close above 28,000, although it again made a brief foray above that

THE US Securities and Exchange ever, Drexel continued to deny any wrongdoing and said it was a public filing that the SEC staff willing to confront the SEC's had recommended civil securities charges.

We are convinced that but for the accusations of Ivan Boesky, a head of the firm's lank bond a convicted felon and admitted liar operations, has also told a Conmade a brief foray above that level yesterday. The average closed 54.67 points down at 27,912.65. Page 42

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM1.7273, Y125.60, FFr5.8285, SFr1.4390. It closed in London at DM1.7185 (DM1.7150), Y125.25 (Y125.70), SFr1.4230 (SFr1.4290), FF15.8000 (FF15.7925). Page 31

STERLING closed in New York at \$1.8075. It closed in London at \$1.8180 (\$1.8120), DM3.1250 (DM3.1075), Y227.75 (unchanged). FFr10.5450 (FFr10.4950), SFr2.5875 (SFr2.5900). Page 20; Currencles,

PARKER PEN, writing instrument manufacturer, scrapped its London Stock Exchange flotation plans yesterday - the day it was due to announce full details of its offer for sale. The embarrassing around the Golden Temple in cancellation followed a dispute between Parker's advisers and the investors which helped fund the company's \$70m management buy-out from its US owners in January 1986. Page 20

\$947m during the first four menths of this year, a figure equivalent to 77 per cent of its \$1,229.4m trade surplus for the whole of 1987. Page 3

contract costing up to \$1.5bn for an air force jet trainer, which the Indian Government has been planning for more than two years, is likely to be cut back.

J. ROTHSCHILD Holdings, longer term investments into a new £265m investment trust, RFT

# Mitterrand offers to waive a third of Third World debt

BY IAN DAVIDSON IN PARIS AND PHILIP STEPHENS IN LONDON

wider international accord to
sub-Saharan Africa will be
reached later this month at the
seven-nation economic summit in
Toronto.

The move raisen nopes that a this week.

He suggests three different seems to me better suited to the situation of the poorest counties. The first is an immediate can be countries agreed at last cellation of a third of the public year's Venice summit on the

The French proposal was put forward by President François Mitterrand as one option in a

Mr James Baker, the US Trea-

sury Secretary, indicated last month that Washington is now more favourably disposed towards international action to help the poorest indebted nations, which are concentrated in sub-Saharan Africa. The West German Govern-

ment, another participant at the

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK

The decision was revealed yes-

ment and confirmed by govern-

ming from the Ivan Boesky who is the principal source of the insider trading scandal. charges, there would be no

terday in a Drexel internal docu-

ment and comment by government officials. It does not appear larly to have the opportunity of to imply, however, that any legal action against Drexel is imminent. In fact, SEC sources have nent. In fact, SEC sources have the second of the s

indicated that no civil charges believed to have been taken

were likely to be brought until recently at a closed meeting of its after the completion of the sepa-five commissioners, is the latest

three-point plan for discussion at the summit.

The plan bears a number of similarities to one urged since last year by Mr Nigel Lawson, Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequire.

The plan bears a number of similarities to one urged since market rates over a maximum period of 25 years, compared with a 20-year maximum at present.

The plan bears a number of for a rescheduling of the debt at on an extension of the periods of repayment, and that was done.

"On the other hand, we have made no progress in the applicant of the period of the periods rescheduling of the debt at preferential rates reduced by at least half, with repayment rescheduled

rescheduling of the debt at preferential rates reduced by at least half, with repayment rescheduled

President Mitterrand stressed

over a period of around 15 years.

Mr Lawson's plan involves the conversion by governments of aid loans into grants, rescheduling of countries of the Third World, take them to about 8 points below market rates.

Drexel faces civil fraud

charges after SEC vote

action. While there is no cer-

tainty that the SEC will actually

FRANCE signalled yesterday that it will offer the world's poorest nations the chance to cancel one-third of their debt to the Paris Government.

The move raised hopes that a posal, aimed at alleviating the said, intends in any case to offer the first of its options to all the ing countries, was addressed to relevant debtors who desire it.

"This option, which has the government at the beginning of advantage of leading to an immediate fall in the level of the debt.

and state guaranteed debt, in the necessity for a programme in framework of agreements to reschedule the remaining amounts which embarked on adjustment

a 20-year maximum at present. made no progress in the applica-The third option would be a tion of reduced interest rates for

debt over longer periods with since the chasm between the rich additional grace periods, and and poor countries never ceases reductions in interest rates to to widen.

"We can no longer accept a sit-nation where financial transfers

connection with criminal securi-

# Michael Dukakis is in a strong position to bargain with

# **Dukakis rejects** Jackson right to be running mate

tion.
Mr Dukakis, who clinched the Democratic nomination after sweeping the last four primary elections on Tuesday night, said Mr Jackson, his nearest rival, was worthy of consideration but added: "No one is due an offer."

The exchange signalled the first test of will for Mr Dukakis who starts out an early favourite over Vice President George Bush, the Republican candidate who trails by up to 15 per cent in

national opinion polls.

Speculation rose in Washington that Mr James Baker, US Treasury Secretary, will resign shortly to become charman of Mr Bush's troubled campaign. Mr Nicholas Brady, the Wall Street investment banker who this year led a presidential inquiry into the October stock market crash, is said to be the front-runner to suc-

Four convincing primary elec-tion wins in California, New Mexico, Montana and New Jersey gave Mr Dukakis, the Greek immigrants' son from the sub-urbs of Boston, more than the

2,061 delegates he needed
The clean sweep put him in a
strong position to bargain with
Mr Jackson, the black civil rights leader who is seen as too far on the Left of the Democratic party to be a suitable running-mate in November but who is bound to influence party policy.

Mr Jackson suggested that,

having won 7m votes and 12 prigressional committee that he was mary and caucus elections, he had an option to accept or reject appearing before a grand jury in the vice-presidential slot. Mr Dukakis, while careful not to rule out Mr Jackson, said others ties charges. He has also consis-tently denied any wrongdoing. resolve this matter and particularly to have the opportunity of terday that the SEC may have deserved attention. Early favour-ites include Senator John Glenn of Ohio, the former astronaut, voted to bring civil action to put more pressure on the Justice and Senator Bill Bradly of New Jersey.

Department to complete its investigation of Drexel. Others pointed Throughout the day Mr recently at a closed meeting of its out that the SEC vote could indi-Dukakis stressed the theme of rate criminal investigation of move in a two-year campaign Washington about the new-found Drexel and its employees by the Justice Department. This is been conducting against Drexel.

Washington about the new-found stability of the US financial markets.

One of the reasons why the cate the growing confidence in

GOVERNOR Michael Dukakis of party unity in the run-up to next Massachusetts yesterday rebuffed month's Democratic convention a claim by his defeated Demoin Atlanta where is he will be cratic rival Rev Jesse Jackson to officially confirmed as the presibe his automatic running-mate in dential nominee. He was helped the November presidential elec-by endorsements from two earlier

rivals, Congressman Richard Gephardt of Missouri and Senator Paul Simon of Illinois. Mr Bush, who ran unopposed in Tuesday's Republican contests, has five months to sort out his campaign. Most experts continue to predict a tight contest in

November's general election. However, Mr Bush desperately needs to establish an identity independent of that of President Ronald Reagan, Polls show that up to 40 per cent of Americans ive an uniavourable opinion of Mr Bush. He is running weakly among women and among Democratic voters who were wooed

successfully by Mr Reagan in 1980 and 1984. Mr Baker is not thought likely to resign until after the economic summit in Toronto later this month, but many expect him to join the Bush campaign before the Republican convention in New Orleans in mid-August. He is an old friend of Mr Bush and has run two previous presidential

ran run two previous pressiential campaigns.

The Bush camp has suffered from divisions between the Vice-President's chief of staff, Mr Craig Fuller, and the field staff led by the current campaign chairman, Mr Lee Atwater.

So far, Mr Bush has sought to paint Mr Dukakis as a free-

paint Mr Dukakis as a free-spending liberal from the north-east On Tuesday night he likened the general election in November to the 1972 campaign between President Richard Nixon and Senator George McGovern. However, Senator McGovern

was the most liberal Democrat to run for the White House since 1945. Mr Dukakis's great strength is that he has avoided labels and has a record of fiscal conservatism. Mr Dukakis ran a well-funded,

well-organised campaign which saw him outlast his better-known Democrat rivals.

### Competence stressed as key to **Democratic** campaign

W Germany prepares defences against UK soccer hordes, Page 2

By Stewart Fleming in Washington

GOVERNOR Michael Dukakis, the Massachusetts Democrat the Massachusetts Democrat now assured of winning his party's presidential nomination and the early front runner to succeed President Ronald Reagan in the White House, best summed up the qualities he believes led to his victory and which he hopes will lead the American people to vote for him in November.

After eight years of charisma, he has been asking his audiences, isn't it time for a

audiences, isn't it time for a little competence in the White

Competence has been the hallmark of his campaign. For the political marathon which began in earnest with the Iowa caucuses in February, Gov Dukakis assembled not only the best financed but also by far the best managed nation wide organisation of all but one of the candidates. The exception was Vice Pres

ident George Bush, who has, in effect, been running for President since 1979. Ironically Mr Bush ran short of money before Gov Dukakis even though he had no real competition after March 16, Super-Tuesday. As a result the Vice Presi-

dent was unable to mount a full media campaign in Calif-ornia in the days before Tuesday's elections. While irrelevant as far as

Tuesday's Republican primary was concerned – for Mr Bush had no opposition - this organisational slip-up could be costly later.

It was another sign, along

with some crashing of the gears within campaign head-quarters, that the Bush juggernaut is having problems, and it meant that an opportunity had been missed to attack Gov Dukakis in a state many politi-cal analysts believe could be decisive in November's elec-

Astonishingly, Gov Dukakis hardly known nationally until the campaign started, is now leading the Vice President in opinion polls both nationally nd in California

Gov Dukakis has displayed ny qualities in his march to the Democratic nomination. Among them are the capacity to manage successfully a com-plex organisation, patience, and the toughness to take painful decisions and to live with them which he demonstrated with his decision to fire as campaign manager his

# civil action" against the firm. in suggested that a civil action by in the aftermath of last October's a separate public statement, how- the SEC was likely. Slide in dollar will hurt global

unlikely to be concluded until Although no charges or indictnext autumn.

Deen concluded until Although no charges or indictments have been filed against the Commissioners had not previ-

culated yesterday said that the spite of the steady stream of mendation to file civil charges SEC's commissioners had rumours about imminent legal was said to be their concern

"authorised the SEC staff to file a action. Drexel has previously about destabilising the markets

The Drexel memorandum cir- firm or any of its employees, in ously endorsed the staff's recom-

ANY FURTHER decline in the value of the US dollar against major currencies will not help ment between the US and the bankers warned in Chicago yesterday.

\$1.13bn UK-based investment as it should. If the dollar fell fur-company headed by Jacob Roths-child, is planning to spin off its for US exports beyond the capac-

West Germany, the UK, Japan and France were speaking at the conclusion of the International Monetary Conference here.

London market operators were quietly optimistic about the out-look for sterling yesterday. For-

They stressed their belief that the US dollar was unlikely to Japanese imports,

dent of the Bundesbank, said Germany would continue to encourage domestic growth within the constraints imposed by concern for the exchange rate and monetary growth.

The central bankers also discussed further measures to

strengthen economic co-ordina-tion between industrial countries in the run-up to this month's Toronto summit. The US is pressing for a widening of the range of indicators which are monitored internationally to include comsatisfaction with the achieve-ments of adjustment so far, as mans still maintain that moretary indicators must remain

# economic balance, bankers say

Mr Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Federal Reserve, the US central bank, said that adjustment was proceeding as rapidly as it should. If the dollar fell furity of the US to produce the goods. This, in turn, would only set off a counterproductive rise n US inflation.

Central bankers from the US,

eign investors were beginning to buy the currency again after favourable interest differentials were re-established against the yen and the D-Mark. Page 20

deteriorate further in the short term, and that it would be harmful if it did. They also expressed ments of adjustment so far, as seen in a rise in US exports and

Mr Jacques de Larosière, Gov-

uppermost.
All the governors agreed that ernor of the Bank of France, said: the correction of the American "It is very important that we do budget deficit remains the key not disturb the present pattern of economic task for the next US events." Mr Karl Otto Pühl, Presi-Administration.

Brussels: Playing for high stakes in the EC battle over regional aid reform ..... idential poll votes ....

Lex: Parker Pen; Reed; J Rothschild; and Ster Cardiff: Six-page survey

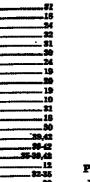
California: The state where art wins the pres-Management: Gold makes a play for the jew Editorial comment: Reviving the rental market; Democracy test for Pakistan -Barlow Clowes scandal: Regulators hit hard Economic viewpoint: Civil war among the

takes minutes.

🕰 Lower overheads – around one fifth central london's 😝 excellent communications OUTSTANDING QUALITY OF LIFE # YOUNG DYNAMIC AND VERSATILE WORKFORCE ADVANCED TELECOMMUNICATIONS 🖈 UNIQUE LEISURE FACILITIES 🚾 WIDE CHOICE OF HOUSING THE FULL STORY, CALL KEITH DUESBURY ON SWINDON (0793) 46924.

Companies Letters 13-15

CONTENTS -





**ETHIOPIA** DEVELOPS <u>A SHARP</u> THIRST FOR BATTLE

President Mengista is rallying troops and public sentiment to defeat Eritzean and Tigrean rebels, Page 4

De Mita

reaffirms

THE EUROPEAN Commission yesterday attempted to revive its controversial and long-stalled efforts to increase workers' involvement in hig companies' decision-making by iloating out-line plans for an EC company

Community statute as an option on top of national company law, rather than making it compulsory as in previous proposals on industrial democracy, like the Vredeling directive, which found-ered on intense resistance from

employers.
Yesterday's move is the personal initiative of Mr Jacques Delors, the Commission president, who is increasingly con-cerned that progress on social policy is lagging in the EC's mainly business-oriented drive to

create a free single market.

Mr Delors has timed the launch of this industrial democracy initiative to encourage ECleaders to confront the question of what kind of social policy they want in 1992 at their summit at the end of this month. That will be when they decide whether to re-elect Mr Delors with his fresh

starting in January.

The end of the month also marks a change of EC presidency from West Germany, which has pushed hard for progress on the internal market, to Greece, which wants to stress the kind of social policies close to Mr Delors' heart. The main purpose of an EC company statute, first proposed in 1970, would be to allow groups in different member states to

would be to allow such groups to write off losses arising in one EC country against profits in another, though Commission offi-cials stress that they want "neither fiscal nor social evasion."

Brussels wants reactions from

member states and the European Parliament over the next six months before it makes firm proposals, yesterday's announcement being no more than a sighting shot.
The Commission suggests

offering companies which choose to adopt a European statute three options for differing degrees of worker involvement. These are a West German style regime of codetermination, with workers' representatives on a supervisory board; internal workers commit-tees as in Belgium, France and Italy; or Scandinavian style collective bargaining, meant to be the softest option for employers. But the choice would be lim-

ited by the stipulation that all companies must also observe existing laws on workers' rights in the EC country in which their activities are based. That would mean, for instance, that a West emphasis on industrial workers' German company could not avoid democracy to lead the Commission's next four-year term, industrial democracy by adopting an EC statute, said the Commis

yesterday proposed that small shareholder-managed companies should be excluded from EC accounting obligations, a move which would benefit a large number of family-owned businesses proposals to allow companies to publish accounts in Ecus, so as to merge without having adopt the simplify financial management corporate laws of either country, for companies which work in sevsor making it easier to integrate eral European currencies.

# **Bundesbank defends** strong D-Mark

WEST Germany wants its curmany, despite a falling and agerency to stay strong against the ing population. "It continues to dollar and European currencies, expand at an encouraging pace, because the rising D-Mark stimulates domestic consumption, high rate but also replacing for according to Mr Karl Otto Pold, eign demand for domestically the Byrodesberk President."

the Bundesbank President.
"West Germany's rising internal demand wil remain the main highest possible growth not just engine for future growth," he for external reasons, but also said yesterday in a speech to the because unemployment was too Chicago Council on Foreign Rela- high. The higher D-Mark had

tions.

His remarks come a few days through lower oil and commodity after the Bundesbank revealed prices.

that it had sold at least \$2bm in the foreign exchange markets at the end of last month, thus shed-tion of the D-Mark. Therefore, I

had held up well in West Ger- pean currencies."

ding some of the dollars previsay that quite bluntly, we have ously bought to prop up the US neither an interest nor any reanrency. son to see our currency depreci-Mr Pohl said donestic demand ating against the dollar or Euro-

### **Employees want right to** consultation in takeovers

BY WILLIAM DAWKINS

THE EUROPEAN Trade Union and consultation in a draft direc-Confederation is today expected tive on the conduct of cross-borton renew its call for EC legislator to renew its call for EC legislator to give workers the right to be consulted in contested take
tics later in the year.

overs.

A meeting of senior ETUC officials in Geneva today will attempt to hammer out confederation priorities for the next three action priorities for the next three ation priorities for the next three years, including how to secure

union spokesman. years, including how to secure recognition for workers' interests in bid battles.

Mr Jacques Delors, the Commission president, is backing separate laws that would encourage,

The confederation has asked though not oblige, cross-border the European Commission to mergers to increase workers' insert rules on staff information involvement.

# **UK Labour group's stand**

THE LEADERSHIP of the British Barry Seal, MEP for Yorkshire Labour Group (BLG) of members West and his only challenger, has Labour Group (BLG) of members West and his only challenger, has of the European Parliament could 14 firm pledges. Mr Martin has revert to a strong anti EC position in elections to be held early change the party position next week. The switch would be an embarrassing blow for Mr Nell Kinnock, the Labour leader, who hostile.
has firmly committed Labour to a The three uncommitted votes

Lothians and the leader of the on the left of the group but nei-group, has 15 firm pledges of sup-port from the 32-strong BLG. Dr anti-marketeers.

towards an accommodation to the EEC, while Dr Seal remains

pro-Commission policy over the include Mr Richard Balle (Lon-last year. don South Inner) and Mr Stan Mr David Martin, MEP for Newens (London Central), both

# Mitterrand appeals for a 'stable majority'

BY IAN DAVIDSON IN PARIS

PRESIDENT Francois Mitterrand yesterday broke his long silence on the course of the French general election campaign, with a formal call to voters to send a "stable majority" to the National Assembly in order to enable him to carry out his mission. He also warned the electorate against "any coalition of electoral inter-ests" which might be contrary to the principles of equality and sol-

There has been noisy condemnation by the President's Socialist party of the electoral pact which the traditional conservative parties have concluded with Mr Jean-Marie Le Pen's extreme right-wing National Eront party right-wing National Front party in the Marseilles region.

In eight of the 16 constituencies in Marseilles and the sur-rounding area in the Bouches-

ties have withdrawn their candi-dates, while the National Front

UDF centre-right grouping have formed up with the National Front in a tacit alliance to reduce the Socialists' chances of an absolute majority in the decisive second round of voting next Sunday. But after many previous asser-tions from both right-wing group-ings that there would be no deals with the National Front, conservative leaders were at pains yes-terday to claim that no national ent had been reached, just a local arrangement. Some even

managed to pretend that there

historic event."

wrangling over suitable ways of

of the funds which is due at the

the powers of the European Com-

mission to intervene in the poli-

Late last year Mr Peter Suther-land, European Commissioner in

charge of competition policy, con-cluded an agreement with the

Although the eligible propor-

sions to withdraw from the race. ties have withdrawn their candidates, withle the National Front.

On Monday, however, Mr its candidates in Charles Pasqua, the former Intention, Mr Le Pen had threatened spoiling tactics in the second for Minister and campaign man round if the conservative parties.

In practice, therefore, the ager for the Gaullists, had Gaullist party and its allies in the already made the situation clear. In the event, the Front has withdrawn most of its candidates who might have gone on to fight there was no national negotia-tion, but what happened in Marseilles was a matter for Mr Jean-Claude Gaudin, leader of the right-wing parties in the

> Mr Gaudin was so anxious to avoid publicity for his agreement, avoid publicity for his agreement, that his announcement was repeatedly postponed on Tuesday, and not finally delivered until five minutes after the main evening television news bulletin. Suspicious commentators assert that the agreement that the agreement in the tive parties. Their assumption is controlled to a single socialist candidate and agreement in the Bouches-du-Rhone is not in doubt; what is less clear is presidential candidate, and signerative on balance it will help or harm the traditional conservation is was "concerned".

world community to witness its destruction of the first clusters of

short- and intermediate-range

"This, of course, is not the Bol-shot Theatre, but a major pre-

Rhone. In the run-up to the elec-

who might have gone on to fight the second round, and in the Alpes Maritimes departement near Marseilles it has stood down four candidates with the declared purpose of avoiding "any risk of electing a single Socialist candi-

Moscow invites world to watch

Mr Shevardnadze did not sav

where the destruction would take

place or name the states or the total number that might attend.

There are 15 members of the

destruction of its missiles

THE SOVIET UNION yesterday has been made possible by the invited representatives of the Moscow summit."

muckear missiles, Reuter reports from the United Nations.

Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, the Foreign Minister, told the UN General Assembly that the event would take place in a few days as the era of nuclear disarmament began. The invitation includes representatives of the Security Council, the representative of Zimbabwe as the conference on disarrance of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference on disarrance of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference on disarrance of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference on disarrance of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference on disarrance of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference on disarrance of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference of the Security Council, the representative of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference of the Security Council, the representative of Timbabwe as the conference of the Security Council of the Se

began. The invitation includes representatives of the Security to the conference on disarma-Council and Mr Javier Perez de Cuellar, the Secretary General missile-elimination procedures,"

Hazel Duffy reports on a fight for control of structural funds

Brussels plays for high stakes in

battle over regional aid reform

miere none the less, a momentous historic event," he said. "It US, Britain, France, China, West mament."

du-Rhone departement, where Mr was no agreement of any kind between the National Front and that the withdrawal of National Le Pen's men had done particu- with the Front, merely a fortularly well, the conservative particularly well, the conservative particularly well, the conservative particularly well and the statement of any kind between the National Front and that the withdrawal of National Front candidates will help swing extends beyond Bouches-du- National Front voters behind the inat the withdrawal of National
Front candidates will help swing
National Front voters behind the
remaining right-wing candidates:
but the instability of the Front
electorate makes this a gamble,
while it risks mobilising more
Socialist voters, and may swing
centrist voters behind Socialist
candidates. candidates

At all events, it is a symptom of the closeness of the race and the sudden intensity of a struggle which could go either way, that virtually all the leaders of the centre-right parties were yester-

special UN conference

The Foreign Minister said the Soviet Union had "lots of weap-ons" and because of Mr Mikhail

Gorbachev's doctrine of open-ness, he would give figures.
"The Soviet Union's strategic

offensive arms at present com-prise 2,494 delivery vehicles and

must know that in addition to

vast arsenals of weapons the

Soviet Union has an even greater reserve of political will for disar-

funds last year.

local authorities.

concessions that would prejudice the strategy for repairing public The increase in total public sector salary costs would be kept below the growth of nominal Germany, Italy and Japan. Forty members, including all five nuclear powers, are attending the

tant teaching organisations are already set to reject the proposed

ment's strategy of eliminating spending deficit net of debt inter-est payments by 1992, said Mr De

would fall more on the invest ment side than the current spending side of the budget and because the Government could not allow further decline in the It was not true that the govern

started to apply, the Prime Minis-

social fund were small and scat-tered. In all, some 18,000 projects received money from the three In spite of "fantastic figures" which were being bandied about, its financial impact this year would be limited to L500bu and Mr Delors' idea is that govern-ments submit the plans for their regions to Brussels so that Euro-pean and national aid can be worked out on a complementary this would have to be recouped.

The short term impact on the real economy would not be important unless it was exaggerated by "speculative and destabilising behaviour which we will not tolerate because it would be not tolerate because it would be unjustified," said Mr De Mita. "Of one thing you can be cer

stituting, say, 20 per cent of the cost to the national government of building a bridge or a bypass. Mr Delors also wants the money from the funds to be used of carrying an affirmative parlia mentary vote over the relocation of 79 F16 US fighter bombers in more to encourage local initiatives - regional and local Italy to his meeting with President Ronald Reagan in the White authorities in the Community are increasingly learning the benefits of approaching Brussels directly, House next week has collapsed. Widespread absenteeism among a tactic long practised by British members of the majority parties lost the Government a procedure Brussels wants the freedom to

act quickly in response to the closure of a big plant, for instance, without waiting for the date next Thursday. request to come through the relevant government.
This means that governments must accept the Commission's right to have a European regional policy, and act accordingly, as opposed to a collection of national policies and projects on which Brussels pays out at the stage when all the decisions

have already been taken. History suggests that the Com-nission will have to fight a hard The regional development fund battle. As one diplomat involved has been divided up into national in negotiating the framework to quotas and the money has been be decided this month comseen mainly as a means of reimment of recently: "Everything the above of the property of the company of the property o

### policy on pay By John Wyles in Roma

THE Italian government would stand firm by its public sector pay policy. Mr Ciriaco De Mita, the Prime Minister, said yesterday. Last week's controversial pay deal for nearly lm teachers was a special case which must was a special case which must not be repeated elsewhere. In his first assertion of prime ministerial authority over economic policy. Mr De Mita warned that "what we have accepted with this contract will not lead to

gross domestic product (real eco-nomic growth plus inflation). "The Government clearly reaffirms that what has happened in the school sector is not repeatable in other sectors," he added.

Mr De Mita issued his public warning in a speech to the retailers' association in the wake of growing criticism of the three-wear nay deal which awarded year pay deal which awarded rises of more than 50 per cent at a cost of L5,600bn (£2,43bn). Mili-

Confindustria, Italy's top business organisation, claims that it undermines the Government's about 10,000 warheads, including those on sea-launched cruise mis-siles," he said. "But the world general economic policy, while union representatives of private sector workers are warning of rank and file discontent at the Containing public sector sala-ries was central to the Govern-

The school issue was "atypi-cal" because the cost of the deal

ment's economic strategy had been breached even before it had

tain, the economy will not be left

ungoverned," he added.

• The Prime Minister's hope vote on Tuesday which would have brought forward the debate over the Fife from its scheduled

### Trial of Turkish **Communists** adiourned

THE TRIAL of two Turkish Communist leaders, due to have got under way yesterday, was adjourned until June 17 in a surprise move by the Ankara state security court.
Hundreds of sympathizers, for-

By Jim Bodgener in Ankara

eign parliamentarians and human rights activists had gathered at the courthouse for a trial which is being seen an important test case for human rights, and possibly the strongest challenge yet to Turkey's 65-years old legis-lation proscribing communism. Mr Haydar Kutiu and Mr Nihat Sargin, leaders respectively of the Turkish Communist and Turkish Workers' parties, were arrested last November when returning from self-imposed exile to merge their two parties prior to the general elections at the end of the month.

They have been charged under Laws 141 and 142 of the penal code with attempting to create Marxist-Leninist order and foment class struggle. The state prosecutor has asked for jul sen-tences of 66 1/2 years each, although in theory, the charges could carry the death sentence.

FINANCIAL TIMES

# **Dutch** avoid coalition

health row By Laura Raum in The Hague

THE DUTCH Government appeared to be stepping back from a confrontation over health care reform last night by temporarily patching over differences within the ruling

During a parliamentary debate last night, the govern-ing Christian Democrats and Liberals were expected to halt their bitter feuding over a proposed national health insurance scheme. However, a bat-tle over the level of health insurance premiums may

resume next week.
Relations between the Chris tian Democrats and the Liberals, their junior partners, remained more seriously strained than at any time in

the past six years. Mr Rund Lubbers, the Chris-tian Democrat Prime Minister, has accused the Liberals of "political vandalism" and Mr Joris Voorhoeve, parliamentary leader of the Liberals, has retorted that the Prime Minister is "chasing a chimera." Neither Mr Lubbers nor Mr

Voorhoeve seems particularly eager for early elections, although the Prime Minister is thought to want them some time before they are scheduled

It was Mr Lubbers who unexpectedly precipitated the confrontation with the rightof-centre Liberals. He was fur-ous at recent suggestions by the Liberals that he was the source of leaked information on plans to scrap an invest-ment subsidy programme. The leak allowed companies to apply for as much as Fl 100m (£29m) in subsidies at the last

Now half way through his second term, Mr Lubbers wants to reassert his power. He has grown increasingly irritated by a series of cabinet rows over education, police and European Community

 A small anti-apartheld group said on Tuesday that it had broken into the offices of a Datch shipping agents in Zaan-dam and stolen documents on imports of South African coal, Reuters reports from Amster-

The "Split Apartheid" group said it had stolen the docu-ments from Combined Amsterdam Shipping Agencies, in which Royal Dutch/Shell has an indirect holding, claiming they showed where the booming imports of South African coal via Amsterdam were actu-

ally going.
Shell has been the focal point of a violent anti-spart-beid campaign in the Netherlands and scores of petrol sta-tions owned by Shell have been attacked in recent months in protest against the oll group's presence in South

Split Apartheid claimed Dutch companies were actively helping South Africa beat coal import boycotts in France and

AFTER MONTHS of diplomatic prosperous parts of the problem thing will be the same, except

close to agreement.

The stakes are high since definition will identify those regions which will benefit from the dotagricultural fund. Although the bling by 1993 of what Brussels size of the funds has grown calls the structural funds.

The real test of whether the weighed the resources available

defining the poorer parts of the Meanwhile, the Commission At the same time, the countries European Community, the for- has three funds theoretically at eign ministers of the Twelve look its disposal to counter the wide steep declines in industrial employment - notably the UK, France, Belgium and now West Germany - are bidding hard to make sure that they get a slice of

money will be spent more effect to deal with it. On average, tively, however, will come with money from the funds represents the implementation of the reform less than 10 per cent of that spent

the funds destined for such areas.
In addition, the UK wants help for its inner cities.
Mr Jacques Delors, Commission president, perhaps as surprised as enveloped that he than the Commission simply sub-

beginning of next year.

Some observers believe that Mr Jacques Delors, Commission president, wants Brussels to have much more say in deciding

cies of national government spending in the regions will have more effect than the funds in the more effect than the funds in the longer term in transferring by national governments on a secured agreement to the dou-resources from the richer to the vast array of schemes to improve bling of the funds by 1993, wants the economies of their regions. The funds will, however, become increasingly important as governments cut back on the cluded an agreement with the grants that they give for regional West German Government to cut development. Eighty per cent of back on the proportion of the country which is eligible to has been earmarked for the less' receive regional and industrial developed regions - this compares aid and to reduce the actual with 70 per cent in the past, Taking the three funds together, these regions have received only about 56 per cent.

tion is creeping up again - mainly because of restructuring about 56 per cent.

Special funds for the Mediterranean areas and for Portugal have mission is reasonably satisfied also been set up to ease their that a start has been made in this adjustment towards the compleadjustment towards the comple-tion of the internal market. But highly sensitive area. In the last tion of the internal market. But few weeks, a deal has been struck the Greeks and Portuguese, in with the Italian Government over particular, will be paying close the southern area of Mezzogiorno attention to see that the promised ised bias in the structural limits towards their countries will in

Brussels to have much more say in deciding where and how the money should be spent. He also wants a substantial amount of money to be set aside for speed-ing up development in rural areas hit by changes in the common agricultural policy.

Everybody, including ministers, has agreed that the effectiveness of the funds has been hampered by the fact that there has been too little money, too many projects and too little co-or-dination between the funds with other sources of finance such as loans from the European Invest-

seen mainly as a means of reimmented recently: "Everything bursing the national exchequers will be changed so that every

# Czechoslovakia's economic troubles mount

the southern area of Mezzogiczno
– for long considered a sacred
cow in Italian regional policy –

which will reduce aid to the more

belighing South Africa beat coal import boycotts in France and Denmark,

Correction

Norway defence

IN our edition of June 6, it was reported that expenditure on equipment during the 1989-93 defence plan would fall. Expenditure during the previous five year plan was NKr20bn (£1.8bn) and according to the Defence Ministry is expected to rise to about NKr27bn.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA is facing a wourable", the radio reported. The economy was characterised by low efficiency, a poor industrial structure, imbalanced supply and demand for consumer durables and "everyday products" is not therefore, has ordered a 2 per cent increase in products in short supply and set aside scarce hard currency to import consumer (£4.8bn), twice last year's figure. Among the 30 industrial companies with the greatest losses were the two largest Czechoslovak about NKr27bn.

CZECHOSLOVAKIA is facing a vourable", the radio reported.

continued to accumulate unsold stocks that their wage funds will by the end of this year the number reduced. Bank officials are to ber of employees in federal be reduced. Bank officials are to discuss introducing consolidation programmes in companies with from the present 21,000.

Compounding Czechoslovakia's problems.

Compounding Czechoslovakia's problems, a serious drought has taken took a heavy toll of agriculture.

companies producing 19 per cent of Czechoslovakia's industrial output were included in an experiment giving them greater inde-pendence to decide on production and making them self-financing. By 1991 all state companies are to be included in the reform, while

The Czechoslovak State Bank the role of central planning is to has warned companies which be reduced. The Government has said that

> Czechoslovakia has Eastern Europe's lowest per capita hard currency debt but this has been at the cost of operating plant and equipment 30 per cent longer than in Western industrial coun-

THE ELITE of Western Europe looks, thinks and feels like an increasingly homogeneous group. But the national and tribal emotions which have riven the continent for centuries are not entirely extinguished, as West Germany, host to the European Football Championships, will bear witness over

the next three weeks. With perhaps 100,000 partisan young fans from the eight competing countries milling around the eight cities where matches are being played, ugly scenes are inevitable.

The preparation of the West German police has been characteristically thorough - in Stuttgart they have been planning for two years - and a hlon-

the Belgian police at Heysel three years ago is hard to imagine.

But outside the stadiums, in the city centre bars and red light districts, the police cannot prevent plenty of glass splintering.
The English, with a meagre 8,000 -

including, in spite of the stringent sieving process, about 500 hard-core hooligans - are not just the most feared but also probably the most vul-nerable. The horrified attention they have attracted recently will ensure brisk treatment for even the best behaved English fans.

They are, for example, banned from some of the make-shift camp sites.

der on the scale of that managed by And the constant characterisation of the English as dangerous sub-humans will encourage pre-emptive attacks by other groups of fans, notably the Germans and Dutch (who also have a reputation for violence and will be 22,000-

BY DAVID GOODHART IN BONN

Perhaps the English deserve it. Certainly the hard-core, some of whom have reportedly been lying low on the continent since last month's "friendly against the Swiss, will be trying des-perately to outwit the police to justify their reputation as the toughest and wiliest of European hooligans.

And these people are not, generally. dim-witted lumpen-proletarians as some West German sociologists, wheeled out over the past few weeks, have implied. The "hard men" are often a lot older than the teenage hooligan image suggests and hold-down well-paid, even middle-class, jobs. They are attracted to the simplici-

politics often thrown in) and the sheer thrill of belonging to the most reviled group in the land. Many of them also have a military background - some will no doubt be meeting up with old pals among the 1,000 fans expected from the British

Army of the Rhine - which makes the

ties of the cult of violence (with racist

game against Ireland this Sunday a possible trouble-spot, although the England-Netherlands game next Wednesday is the real worry.

The West German press, and public opinion, has actually been far more sanguine about the arrival of the

English fans than supposedly informed opinion in the UK. Veteran football writer Brian Glanville is predicting deaths in Düsseldorf at the game against the Netherlands, and the arrest of the whole Bristol Rovers youth team in Mannheim last month - after an evening in a disco was more heavily reported in the British media than the West German. Faith in the efficiency of the West

German police, which will supposedly match the fans man for man at key matches, has something to do with the more relaxed atmosphere here.

Also, protected from the excesses of the British press, the burghers of Dus-seldor's old city only have their recol-

lections of the last English visit to go on. And on that occasion, in spite of some boisterous behaviour and a few arrests, there was no serious trouble. The characteristic tone of the German coverage, in the Frankfurter Rundschau for example, has been sad-ness that England "which once gave this great game to the world . . .etc" can now only offer the leading hooli-

# Published by the Finnacial Times (Europe) Lett., Frankfier Branch, repri-sented by E. Hugo, Frankfiert/Maik, and, as members of the Board of Direc-tors, F. Barlow, E.A.F. McClest. G.T.S. Dames, M.C. Gorman, D.E.F. Palmer, London. Printer: Prankfurier Societaets-Druccherel-Gahill, Frank-furt/Main, Responsible officer: G.D. Owen, Financial Times, Bracken Hosse, Camon Street, London ECSF 48Y. O The Financial Times Ltd, 1908.

FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. 190640, published duly except Sandays and holidays. US subscription races \$265.00 per susua. Second-chait postupe and in New York NY and at additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER, sent address change for FINANCIAL TIMES, 14 East 60th Street, New York NY 10022

# W Germany prepares its defences against English soccer horde

### **AMERICAN NEWS**

# US study warns of race for control of space

IF THE US deploys the Strategic would create a new generation of Defence Initiative anti-missile weapons aimed to knock out the system, the Soviet Union would be forced to respond. This would lead to a race between the superpowers for control of outer space, a US Congressional report said.
The Office of Technology
Assessment (OTA), concluding a

two-year study of President Ron-ald Reagan's SDI, said it was by no means clear that the US

the in total per course would be to course would be to from the firm of the course would be to the course would be to the course would be to the course which to be to the course which the cours

then, claims the steer, claims the the Government country policy, significant are warment of the content are warment are content are warment are content are conte

to hear sector a public sector a public sector a public sector a can be described and described and

the cost of the zero on the case of the language.

ther decline as

the that the page

"Contastic figns whose bandled de-

impact this k

ion to Liothna do to brincom

(eschi taubaci dei

35 Would not

iers it wa **esafa** 

minute and description

mit Mitch wer

and Mr De Mina

STATE NOW COME BY BE

printer will not be b

au Minerale b

a programme per over the risks

garding and b

A sam in the R

grantings:

ter namenty c

constant a pref

an ulahi

Lowered the C

, justa ila s**ik**i

of Turbi

unists

goder in Adas

gran Turklati

dur to Kerk to to day to the day of the first

THE THE PART OF TH

A strategy .

ned

41.15

an k has rake 📮

developed before the

would emerge the winner from such a struggle.

The Soviet Union is developing its own anti-missile defence system, but recent US assessments of a stagnant Soviet economy sprease that the cost of keeping suggest that the cost of keeping pace with the American effort

would be considerable.

space-based weapons and sensors which would make up the SDI.

The study said that, despite five years and \$12 bn of scientific research, many questions remained about SDI's ultimate goal of providing a full-proof defence against a ballistic attack. There was a "significant proba-

bility of catastrophic failure" the first time SDI was used in a real war because of defects in the computer software needed to operate the space weapons and sensors, the OTA report said.

Despite the pessimistic tone of its report, the study did not make any firm recommendations. It The OTA report says Moscow also said that the type of first-would probably focus on how to phase system envisaged by the destroy the US system, rather Reagan Administration could be than seek to duplicate it. This ready within the next 15 years.

### Hopes remain for signing of Nicaragua peace treaty

AS THE SANDINISTAS and Con- that negotiations had moved off tras entered the second day of subject of political change, and talks yesterday their spokesmen on to other less crucial issues, were keeping alive prospects for such as the modus operandi of

Mr Manuel Espinoza, San-dinista Minister of Information, said that "substantive advances"

The impression left was that had been made in negotiations on the outstanding obstacles to what political changes the Con-agreement on the venue for dis-tras are demanding as a quid pro cussion, and timing of, political quo for laying down their arms. change had been mostly resolved.

Mr Bosco Matamoros, a Contra This is important, as observers spokesman, back-pedalled on that here agree that the remaining assessment preferring instead to points of the armistice proposal say there had been a deepening are mostly less problematic techof the issues" between the two nicalities.

belligerents. This does not, however, mean Mr Matamoros said it was "far an armistice is certain. While the fetched to state that the Contra Contras arrived Tuesday declar-

some sort of accord being signed the ceasefire zones into which the Contra will withdraw, once

were ready to sign an accord", ing this fourth meeting to be with two days of talks to go.

But both spokesmen confirmed of war might not end quickly.

### Santiago reacts angrily to US criticism of regime

CHILEAN AUTHORITIES have restored angrily to a US State Department declaration criticising the decision by General later this year.

Augusto Pinochet's military The state of emergency, which, regime to renew the state of was renewed for another 90 days, gives the Pinochet regime

that the Reagan Administration internal security matters and to was "concerned and deeply disap-pointed" by the move, and urged and assembly.

emergency on May 31. gives the Pinochet regime
The State Department had said broader powers to deal with

### Chilean trade surplus shows sharp improvement By Mary Helen Spooner in Santiago

whole of 1987.

The central bank reported exports worth \$2,370.1m and imports worth \$1,422.6m. Copper exports, which account for over one-third of Chile's export earnings, increased by 76 per cent, although the volume of Chilean copper exported decreased by 29

CHILE's trade surplus jumped to tural and industrial products, \$947m during the first four reported a 30.7 per cent jump durmonths of this year, a figure ing the first four months of this equivalent to 77 per cent of its \$1,229.4m trade surplus for the Economy Minister Manuel Con-

cha said authorities were not considering a revaluation of the considering a revaluation of the Chilean peso, currently set at 246 still. Tanner is a Democrat and, if you want the authority are watching a real considering a real

Remours of such a move began circulating earlier this week as Chile's legal parallel market rate for the peso, which had been running at more than 20 per cent above the official rate, began Non-copper exports, including above the official other minerals, fishmeal, agriculmoving downwards.

### **Phantom** of the TV takes lead

By Jurek Martin in Los Angeles

LIFE IMITATES art, right? Or is it the other way around? Whichever is reality, if such exists, is it always possible to tell the difference?

The latest twist in the age-old conundrum suggests not. A political "poll" on presidential aspirants was released in Los Angeles on Monday night. It covered upwards of 40,000 peo-ple – statistically, if not scien-tifically, a very significant number - and produced the following results.

Mr George Bush got 22 per cent, Rev Jesse Jackson 21 per cent and Mr Michael Dukakis 19 per cent. All three were left wal-lowing in the wake of Jack Tanner, far ahead with 38 per cent - not bad for a figment of

anner certainly looks like a presidential candidate. He is definitely handsome, in the John Kennedy-Gary Hart mould and, with an unerring knack for platitude, he talks like one, too. He has been seen on the campaign trail half-a-dozen times this year, some-times conversing with his times conversing with his three remaining "rivals", as well as with those who have since left the race. One of them, Mr Bruce Babbitt, has even given him advice.

However, Tanner is the actor Michael Murphy and the words that come out of his mouth and the situations he finds himself in are the products of the fertile minds of Garry Trudeau, the cartoonist and satirist who produces the Doonesbury comic strip, and Robert Alt-man, the film director.

lis adventures have taken him from New Hampshire, where he "finished fourth", through Super Tuesday (a good third) to California. He is, of course, a Democrat. Mr Trudeau has inside knowledge of his party.

The half-hour episodes are being shown on HBO, the cable TV network normally devoted to films. A compilation of the first three appeared recently on UK ercial television.

commercial television.
There is a beguiling air of reality
to the programme. The instalment on Monday was mostly
devoted to a Los Angeles celebrity fund-raiser, but it also contained a fine passage in which
a Tanner staff member was persuaded not to reveal that the divorced candidate was having an affair with a leading light on the Dukakis campaign. Best of all, though, is its depic-tion of how campaigns work and how candidates are to use the vernacular, "imaged." One told him he can release inhibi-

tions and be more forceful by pressing a tension knot in his stomach. Sad to tell, because the script is exquisite and Michael Murphy's performance apt to the nth degree, the programme is not drawing too well. One the-ory is that it is so close to life that people turn on their TVs. think they are watching a real

if you put his votes with those of Rev Jackson and Mr Dukakis, then Mr Bush's 22 per cent does not look too good. But neither does Mr Dukakis's 19 per cent — unless, in the end, he gets the endorsement of Jack Tanner.

This FIM 8,500 million

While in the present state of the offshore and deep sea mining industries it could be regarded as a product waiting for the tide to turn, the company's three-man subsea research vessel represents the state of the art in its field.

Incorporating a totally new high-strength cast and hydraulics developed by Rauma-Repola's metallurgists and engsubmersible will perform working functions 6,000 metres down, deeper than any before it.

Since 1972, Rauma-Repola has built 21 oil drilling units in all, with the last eight of them turnkey deliveries. And it can claim the distinction of having supplied more exploration rigs to the North Sea than any other company, as well as having developed a large rig that will stand up to the most severe conditions and put in more operating hours than any other.

In the manufacture of the Herculean rockcrushing machines used to provide hardcore for new roads and railway construction and for building foundations, the group holds Europe's number one position, with operations in France and Britain. The mobile version was just one of Rauma-Repola's pioneering ideas.

Such transportable workhorses are increas-ingly in demand as natural gravel resources dwindle and quarrying invokes the wrath of environmen-talists. And as they utilise the very stone removed in clearing a path, they are seen today as a sensible answer to some of the problems of heavy-load road transport associated with civil engineering.

# (A) RAUMA-REPOLA

Snellmaninkatu 13, PL203, 00171 Helsinki Telephone: (+358 0) 182 81 Telex: 124514 rrhki sf Telefax (+ 358 0) 608 580, 182 8219

A special correspondent explores how Chileans, Chinese and Soviet scientists coexist

# Cold War thaws in Antarctic outposts

ANTARCTICA, the iclest and least known continent, is gradule as known continent, is gradule a region was virtually unexplored 1985. Dr Qin Dahe, officer in mer, which accommodates 40 until the early part of this centrury, when Ernest Shackleton, the which accommodates 40 the configuration of South Pole; Amundsen was the first on 14 December, 1911.

The spectre of the unknown continues to inspire scientists and adventurerers to challenge the frozen south, following the trail blazed by these early explor-

ers. There are still reminders of the treacherous early years of discov-ery, termed the "heroic age" of Antarctic exploration. At almost every research station in the region, a cross has been erected to mark the travails of a fallen countryman. The antarctic, now home to about 1,000 people in winter and triple that number in summer, is not taken lightly by those familiar with the capricious and severe nature of the environment.

The most densely populated area of the Antarctic is still King George Island in the South Shetland group. All of the research stations are similar collections of bright-coloured container build-ings, scattered over the rocky ter-rain and connected by sagging

electrical wires.

gravelly surface stretching down glacier formation. Dr Dahe now leads the contingent of 16 scientists who study a range of meteorological and seismic phenomena.

Great Wall is located on Max
Great wall is located on Maxwell Bay, and is part of a shoremaintaining contact with family.

lining group that includes the The Soviets do not use the post
Chileans, the Soviets, the East service, as there is no official recGermans and the Uruguayans.

Germans and the Uruguayans.

The sense of community in both in Chile by Moscow.

Survival and recreation is strong.

Each year there is a football Chilean complex by a mere 20 championship, played on one of metres, the Soviet Bellingshauthe three small, shoreline football sen Station celebrated its 20th "fields," which the Chileans have anniversary on the 24th of Febru-won for the past few years. Dr Rurik Galkin, "same The Chilean Station, Teniente name as the first caar he is Marsh, is the largest and most quick to add, oversees operations controversial in the area. It is the at the base.

lifeline for mail, with regular There are 25 people working flights during the summer through the winter at Bellingmonths from Punta Arenas, shausen, this number includes located about 950 kilometres to the two East German scientists the north on the tip of South who work in a small lab on the America.

Chile claims this region of the Galkin is an old hand in the polar Antarctic as its sovereign terri-regions, including time spent tory, and maintains a colony of with the US at the Amundsen-12 families this year to reaffirm Scott South Pole Station in 1978. this claim. There are 26 children The beauty and vastness of the

with vehicle maintenance and tions unique environment.

Stations. The congestion of Maxwell Bay seems far away; across the clear, silvery water rise high, snow-covered hills. The Polish station is named for the Polish meteorologist who in 1887 was among the first to spend a winter in the Antarctic.

Arktowski is surrounded by several sites of special scientific interest, a designation obtained to preserve the natural environ-ment for study.

One of the two native vascular plants, deschampsia antarctica, grows here in abundance. Large clumps of the bright green grass are a striking contract in the

this claim. There are 36 children The beauty and vastness of the living at the base, and on a warm Antarctic has an incredible draw, bearty hill, but the small piles of although an day, they ride bikes through the scientists are eager to work in muddy streets to the container the area and co-operative processing in 1976.

Gentoo penquin nests cover a Antarctic. The beauty and vastness of the living at the base, and on a warm Antarctic has an incredible draw, bearby hill, but the small piles of although an environment, muddy streets to the container the area and co-operative processing in 1976.

similar tasks. According to Dr Galkin, There is good coopera-tion between all the bases on the Island. There is at least one mete-Meteorological studies dominate research on King George island, we help one another in all orologist at every station, and the questions." The common bond is collected data is transferred to the challenge and love of the the World Meteorological Center unique environment.

On the other side of the island
lies Admiralty Bay, site of the
Polish Henryk Arktowski and
On the other side of the island
similar research with monitoring devices often only metres apart. Brazilian Commandante Ferraz But the consensus of the scientists at work in the area is that the more data, the better, even if the results collected are identical

There are efforts to stop this community from expanding. Untreated sewage is dumped into the bays, potentially causing a decrease in the oxygen level and the subsequent death of plant and animal life. When South Korea arrived in November to search for a building site, they recieved stiff oppostion to locating in a heavily populated area. The result was the establishment of the King Sejong Station seven miles east of Maxwell Bay;

activity spells trouble for the Antarctic. There is a paradox: although an extremely harsh environment, the Antarctic is

ADVERTISEMENT

### inland in the EC supermarket

### Rauma-Repola: Divestment and focusing are keys to planned expansion

By Victor Thorne, Helsinki

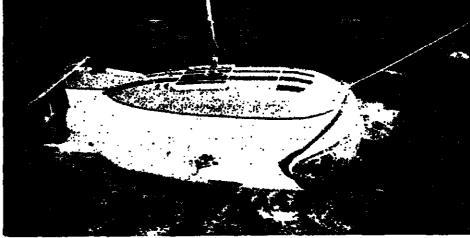
Figuring among the top twenty companies in any market is not how Finnish forest industry and metals conglomerate Rauma-Repola likes to see itself. For Chief Executive Officer Tauno Matomäki, nothing short of a place in the first three will do.

To this end, the group is preparing for a large-scale programme of focusing its energies on those key areas in which it excels and divesting itself of as much as hali its present numi of business segments, while retaining the commercial security of a degree of diversity.

Shipbuilding marine technology, mechanical engineering, chemical wood processing, mechanical woodworking, packaging and services...The company's spectrum of well established activities, experience and skills is wide indeed.

Establishment tradition for their own sake, however, cut no ice with this go-ahead enterprise. Rauma-Repola by no means lives in the past: it pours substantial funds into R&D in certain sectors to maintain its technological lead. But it does have some solid past achievements to build on.

(£1.150m) turnover concern has worked its way into some prominent positions in European and global markets and has earned a first-class reputation for the intelligent application of advanced technology.



Rauma-Repola's deep sea research vessels: demonstrating convincingly that, deep down, there is more to high-tech than just silicon chips

significant growth can give in return, potential, it does derive an Rauma-Repola owns important benefit from its 160,000 hectares of forest manufacturing operations in western Finland from in this respect: as a spare which it derives 15% of its parts supplier to crushing timber supplies for sawplant operators world-wide, its reputation is one of quality and reliability.

Where forest machines employing what is known as the "Scandinavian method" are concerned. Rauma-Repola is world leader, holding between 50 and 60% of the Nordic market alone. In this sector also, the company has a firm presence on the EC manufacturing scene with facilities in France as well as in Finland and Sweden.

It is another sector that harvests. offers growth prospects.
These special machines uproot trees, lop off their branches and cut them into tailor-made log lengths at phenomenal speed — with less manpower and, being lighter and wheeled rather than tracked, less damage to the forest floor. Says Tauno Matomāki

"This is an area of significant potential. The Scandinavian method should appeal to more and more forest industry companies in the United States and Europe... Companies bent on harnessing automation rather than employing expensive labour in rather harsh conditions, and conscious of the havoc heavy caterpillar-tracked vehicles can wreak in the

If there is something forward sector rather than one of what it needs and what it sales network. owns milling and pulp, with virtually all the remainder brought in from Finnish

> On balance, and with painstaking sylvicultural management, the company

> > Packaging is a prime growth area

reforests faster than it

"There are bigger companies in Finland, and especially Sweden," Matomäki points out. "But we thrive in this competitive field by concentrating on large market niches and areas where special qualities of pulp and paper are demanded for specific purposes.

"Where we score is in certain surface coated papers and in special grades of newsprint. We're aiming for higher and higher qualities and getting away from the bulk end of the market.

"In release papers, we hold a 40% market share in Europe, with Lohja Papers and the UK subsidiary, Sterling Coated Materials Ltd. doing well and looking down,"

Although the company regards the crushing the Finn knows more than business as a rock-solid anyone else, it is the forest: globally through our own

With the acquisition of Rosenlew's business, Rauma-Repola's turnover in this expansive sector reached some FIM 600 million (£90m). Manufacturing operations are carried out not only in Finland but in Britain and the United States. Today, the packaging field is seen as one of the company's key growth areas.

Matomäki confides: "We're conducting an in-depth survey to determine whether we should move deeper into Europe on the packaging side, perhaps by acquiring a substantial concern in the European Community.

"As for the capital required for such a move, we'll be building up our financial resources by divesting about half of the 30 or so business segments we operate in at present and focusing more determinedly on those key growth areas. That should improve our capital structure significantly, and improve our position on the Helsinki and London stock markets.

"As for 1992...Well, we have first-class products and applied technology to trade on, and we're moving into the EC countries quite purposefully. We're also preparing our strategy so that we will still be able to meet our goal of being at the top in our markets when the EC barriers come

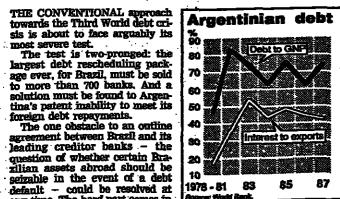
### Stephen Fidler on the latest twists in Latin America's debt crisis Double test for bankers

sis is about to face arguably its most severe test.

seizable in the event of a debt

President Raul Alfonsin, whose country has fallen behind on interest payments to hanks, has heightened the temperature of the Laks with a call for a more the banks should be as flexible as radical approach to reducing his country's debt burden. He has

resisted pressure for a moratorium on debt repayments. In the run-up to the Argentine presiden-tial elections next June, Mr Anto-Argentina will be the first benefit



cial bank creditors.

On Tuesday, a proposal for a discipline as concerted new lending and its leading banks conclude than Argentina starts talking to its bank ments as a key issue in the electric discipline as concerted new lending and it may not be recognisations between Brazil and its leading banks conclude than Argentina starts talking to its bank ments as a key issue in the electric discipline as concerted new lending and it may not be recognisations between Brazil and its leading and

the talks with a call for a more the banks should be as heating as radical approach to reducing his country's debt burden. He has tina's needs. The country simply they could count towards income rate to 4 per cent annually for this year, and most expect a new vides for banks to receive part of three years. loan of \$2bn will be needed.

chairman of Citicorp said this

ciary of an important new option for a rescheduling package — the capitalisation of interest. Instead capitalisation of interest. Instead of making new loans, many banks — particularly those in continental Europe which have already made hig provisions in case of loan losses — want the choice of being able to stack up umpaid interest as capital.

One of the advantages of interest capitalisation to banks is that it ensures a proportional sharing

it ensures a proportional sharing of the burdens among creditors according to current interest due, rather than the historical exposure which is the basis for new money packages.
"Its potential drawbacks include the possibility that it

default — could be resolved at any time. The hard part comes in selling the deal, which includes new money of \$5.20n and a 20-year rescheduling of \$62bn of presidential contender, is talking existing debt, to all its commer-of a moratorium.

On The deal which includes include the possibility that it could become unlateral rather than negotiated, it is not necessarily subject to the same policy discipline as concerted new lend-On Tuesday, a proposal for a discipline as concerted new lend-

There is clearly an element of Such a solution was "not going say 4 per cent - and to capitalise domestic politics to the call from Mr Alfonsin, who has hitherto very difficult," Mr John Reed, resisted presente for a moreto. lisappointing of the large debtor

# Gandhi warns of danger if Kabul falls to radicals

BY DAVID GOODHART IN BONN

MR RAJIV GANDHI, India's "fanatical and fundamentalist Prime Minister, yesterday accused Pakistan of being the largest supporter of terrorism in the world and warned of the dangers of a fanatical Islamic take-over in Afghanistan.

His comments, which came a press conference at the end of a three day tour of West Germany, are bound to strain further the already poor relations between India and Pakistan.

Mr Gandhi claimed that in the four years since he came to power India had presented Pakis-tan with more than 20 proposals for improving relations which had received little response. Pakistan has demonstrated two things very clearly - its inten-tions with its nuclear weapons programme and its support for terrorism. Pakistan is today per-haps the largest supporter of ter-rorism in the world," he said. India has long believed that Pakistan supports and trains militant Sikhs just over the Puniab border, it is now also accusing the Pakistan Government of not adhering to the Geneva accord on the future of Afghanistan by allowing Afghan rebel activities on its territory and the transfer of rebel weapons into Afghan-

far-reaching repercussions in other parts of the world." Pakistan supports the Mujahi-deen, all of whose factions are

seeking an Islamic state. The Indian Prime Minister also The Indian Prime Minister also stressed again that India's non-nuclear policy was conditional upon the behaviour of Pakistan. "If Pakistan does have nuclear weapons and we feel it threatens us then we must look at our options again," he said. But he added: "We have demonstrated our will not to make nuclear weapons, although we have had weapons, although we have had the capacity for some time. We are very clear that we do not want to go down that road." Mr Gandhi is leaving West Germany with the promise of DM660m (\$386m) towards the modernisation of the major steel complex at Rourkela. Half will come from the Government and half in credits from the Kreditan-

stalt für Wiederaufbau Bank.

THE SRI LANKAN Govern ment has dispatched at least country's southern province to maintain order during district council elections this week Mr Gandhi warned that the police said yesterday, AP reports real danger in Afghanistan is a from Colombo.

### South Africa "stayaway" ends after three days

SOUTH AFRICA'S longest mass union also asked Mr Pietie Du work "stayaway" drew to an end Plessis, the Minister of Manlast night with signs that Cosapower, to submit the amended tu the country's biggest trade union federation, was shifting Organisation (ILO) for its judgunion federation, was shifting towards a less confrontational

approach with employers. This emerged from a Cosatu letter to the employers organisa-tion Saccola noting that "it appears we share certain beliefs" and proposing the creation of a

The stayaway, which was as much a political protest against government gags on 17 antiapartheid opposition groups, including the United Democratic Front (UDF), as against the new labour laws, demonstrated the special panel.

This, Cosatu suggested, should and community organisations to be chaired by a judge who would mobilise, or intimidate, between examine proposed changes to the 1.5m and 2.5 m black workers in labour relations act which it support of their demands, despite claims curb union rights. The the state of emergency.

### Korean opposition asks for delay to border march

the country.

The proposed meeting, to be attended by 13 student leaders, has sparked strong criticism from the Government of President Rob Tae Woo, which has reportedly stationed 50,000 riot police near the border to turn the students

away. North Korea has said it also planned to send a delegation of 13 students to the border. Friday marks the anniversary of street any meeting between North and demonstrations in the South last South was a matter for the Seoul

SOUTH KOREA'S three main torship and the reunification of opposition leaders yesterday the divided country.

Since the opposition parties student plan to march to the North Korean border tomorrow National Assembly, which also for a meeting with their counter-parts from the Communist half of the country. Holds its opening session tomor-row, students have focused atten-tion on the reunification issue.

Demonstrations have taken an increasingly anti-American tone. US officials turned away a group of students who arrived at the main US military base in Seoul last weekend to ask permission to hold the border meeting. Many of the 40,000 US troops in South Korea are stationed in the border zone, but the officials said

# Land reform bill presents Manila a tough challenge

mented.

The bill has glaring holes, mostly concerned with how it will be funded, and requires a degree of political will the country's bureaucrats have never dissovernment.

Such a government would be the worst possible situation for our region. It would have far-reaching repercusions in other parts of the world."

The stream of the world." the means of production," said Senator Heherson Alvarez, the bill's chief sponsor. For once, we will be sending the message to the countryside and the (commu-

bulk of larger estates.

It aims to transfer more than Mrs Aquino yesterday wel5m hectares to more than 2m comed the bill and called for its farm workers and tenants over early implementation. She is the next decade. Within four expected to sign it before travel-years 20 per cent of the 1.8m hect-ling to Geneva next week for an area of privately held land should International Labour Organisahave been transfered, leaving their owners with a maximum of their owners with a maximum of made clear to the large landso bectares. After ten years all owner block in the House of Repland owners will hold a maximum of five hectares plus three sign the bill before she left in hectares for each of their chillored to convince increasingly

THE APPROVAL of a land reform bill by both houses of the Philippine Congress yesterday is seen by many as presenting the best opportunity yet to undermine the 19-year communist instruction of large estates, such as the 6,000-hectare sugar ment is prepared to make massive social changes." The bill has glaring holes, mostly concerned with how it mostly concerned w

ports the policy.

which land he can retain and the method of land valuation based

recognition and that MPs were "folsting a grand deception" on the people. Peasant leaders were caught off balance by the speed land for banana, pineapple, and for banana, pineapple, the House reversed its opposition and voted 152 to 20 in favour of the ten-year period, ownership of the bill.

They criticised provisions and that MPs were caught of the face of it, multinational Nearly 40 per cent of this is compensation for landlords, which leased land for banana, pineapple, foreign aid donors have refused to finance.

The Government hopes to finance the programme with money recovered by the Presidential Commission on Good Governal Commission Commission on Good Governal Commission on Good Governal Commission on Good Governal Commission They criticised provisions time have a share of profits. For-allowing the landlord to decide eign companies will then lease which land he can retain and the directly from the workers' co-op-

eratives, analysts said.

sceptical aid donors that she supports the policy.

pay for the land. They also said have already promised to take upports the policy.

pay for the land allowance for land arms against what they say is that the land allowance for land. owners' children will mean that land confiscation. But the main owners' children will mean that land confiscation. But the main three quarters of private land headache for the Government is three quarters of private land headache for the Government is three quarters of private land headache for the Government is three quarters of private land headache for the Government is three quarters of private land headache for the Government is finding finance for the provision of farm credit and seed contends is no more than 10 per control and that MPs were folsting a grand decention on the face of it multipational land confiscation. But the main headache for the Government is finding finance for the government is finding finance for the government is three quarters of private land headache for the Government is finding finance for the government is finding finding finance for the government is finding finance for the government

ment, which is tracking assets allegedly stolen by deposed Presi-dent Ferdinand Marcos, and from the privatisation of government-

Some intransigent landlords

### **India** tries to clear area around Sikh temple

By John Elliott in New Delhi

start clearing an area up to 300 metre wide around the Golden Temple in Amritsar - used as an armed for-tress twice in the last four years by extremist Sikhs - ran into problems yesterday when bazaar stall holders staged protests, including Sikh prayer meetings, to block demolition work.

Last month army comman dos cleared the temple com-plex of extremists in a ten-day slege. This led to an increa siege. This fed to an increase in violence elsewhere in the Punjab where over 1,300 people have already been killed this year. The temple action has also brought about a political impasse among Sikh leaders which has blocked government moves on the overall ment moves on the overall Punjab crisis.

mistically calling the proposed clearing of the area round the temple a "beautification" pro-gramme. It involves demolish-ing hundreds of bazaar shops and stalls, located in a network of narrow lanes twisting round the temple perimeter, which sell food, religious momentos, clothes and other

These lanes and buildings were used by extremists before an army attack in 1984 and again in the past year to turn the temple into a heavily armed fortress. The Govern-ment wants initially to move 10,000 people and clear a 30 metre corridor around the temple, and later to widen this in three stages by next June to a 300-metre wide landscaped open area. An underground bazar is included in the plans which are estimated to cost Rsl.1bn (£45m).

Yesterday's protests appeared mainly to involve arguments about compensa-

arguments about compensa-tion and alternative accommo-

The political impasse has stemmed from the Sikhs' main stemmed from the Sikhs' main lay organisation, the Shiro-mani Gurdwara Parbandhak Ccommittee, dismissing the religion's five head priests. The five include Mr Jasbir Singh Rode, who was trying to organise a peace deal for the Government with militants prepared to give up demands for an independent Sikh coun-try called Khalistan.

### Victor Mallet reports on a sharp change of tactics in Addis Ababa's war with the north Mengistu develops a thirst for battle

THE RESPONSE of Ethiopians to the urgent call of the motherland is, if we are to believe the govern-ment newspaper, nothing less than "spontaneous and supremely and genuinely patri-otic."

One soldier was said to have left home eagerly for the war front the day after his wedding, while an Addis Ababa abattoir worker abandoned his father's funeral "to join other comrades" (he was eloquently quoted as say-ing) "in the decisive confronta-tion with the agents of wanton The

All this has come as something of a surprise to the inhabitants of the Ethiopian capital, not only because their thirst for battle has been exaggerated transparently, but also because a few weeks ago the war hardly existed at all as a subject for public discussion. There were just a few bandits in the north.

The mood changed sharply at the end of March when President Mengistu Haile Mariam told the nation that the Revolutionary Army was engaged in a life and death struggle against separatist guerrillas in Eritrea and rebels in

Everything to the war front" became the new slogan. The rebels had to be crushed and every citizen would be involved. Each for the worker now pays a twelfth of his wages in war levies and busi- Seni nesses are taxed according to

administrators in Eritrea and Tigre and established a no-man's land along Eritrea's coast and its

border with Sudan.
One does not have to look far to find reasons for Mr Mengistu's sudden emphasis on the war. Since February the Ethiopian military, sub-Saharan Africa's largest standing army, has suffered a series of humiliating defeats at the hands of the Eritrean People's Liberation Front and the Tigre People's Liberation

The Eritrean separatists, who have been fighting since 1961 routed the army at Afabet in March and are more active than at any time in the past 10 years. Most of the north is out of government control.

Everyone has been affected. Up to 2m northerners, many of them cut off from food aid by the fight-ing, again face the prospect of famine. Young conscripts from the south are hauled off to the

Mr Mengistu himself has made peace hurriedly with Somalia to release thousands of his troops for the north. He is also making overtures to Sudan, which allows the TPLF and the EPLF to operate from its territory and suffers in turn from Ethiopian support for the Sudan People's Liberation

Senior Soviet diplomats, including Mr Anatoly Adamishin and Mr Karen Brutents, have in May Mr Mengistu declared a paid visits to Mr Mengistu and state of emergency in the north, apparently promised immediate

DIROUTI7 ETHIOPIA

military support while insisting on a negotiated peace settlement in the longer term. Scheduled Soviet arms shipments were brought forward to cope with the crisis, but the talks with the Soviets were not publicised in the official Ethiopian media.

For foreign donors to Ethiopia the most pressing concern is the fate of the hungry. Plenty of emergency food aid, about 13m tonnes, has been pledged and will keep Ethiopia going well into next year. Logistics are already a headache and one food ship had to wait 38 days to unload at the congested port of Assab.

More serious is the impact of the recent fighting on distribu-tion inland and the Government's refusal to allow aid into areas outside its control. In April the

gramme in Addis Ababa. "Donors had responded generously and the distributions, especially in Eritrea and Tigre, started early. Then things started taking a turn for the worse."

A few of the donors are convinced that Mr Mengistu, known for his ruthlessness, is deliberately trying to starve out the rural supporters of the EPLF and the TPLF in the absence of for-eign observers. Others believe that he has simply given the war priority over everything, includ-ing famine relief.

Whatever the interpretation, the figures speak for themselves. Between 2m and 3m people are at risk in the north after a poor harvest. Not more than Im are being fed from the government side and probably a few hundred thousand are being supplied with food trucked into rebel areas from Sudan. "There must be large numbers of people by any large numbers of people by any calculation that are not being reached," says Mr Morton.

So far there has been no mass migration of hungry peasants

authorities ordered most expatri-ate relief workers out of the have got their sums right, people north, souring relations with have probably survived on denors who want to monitor food dwindling stocks and could start denors who want to monitor food handouts and ensure they are not diverted to the military.

Government is making contingency plans to shelter an extra "In November we were all 150,000 people in Mekelle, the rather optimistic," says Mr David capital of Tigre and the only Morton of the World Food Programme in Addis Ababa. "Donors overrun by the rebels.

Outwardly Mr Mengistu remains confident. Western diplomats say he has successfully exploited a vein of nationalism and anti-Eritrean sentiment among the Ambara peasantry of central Ethiopia. No Ethiopian government, regardless of ideol-ogy, is likely to give up its coast-line to an independent Eritrea.

At the same time no Ethiopian government is likely to win the war on the battlefield. Army morale is at a low ebb and Mi Mengistu seems to be partially to blame. Shortly before the Afabet debacle in March he purged the Afabet command, ordering the execution of a general and demoralising the officer corps.

Squeezed by the Soviets, attacked by rebels, criticised by western donors and shackled by an economy run on Stalinist lines
- the autocratic Mr Mengistu is - the autocratic Mr Mengistii is under considerable pressure. He is not likely to have forgotten that the overthrow in 1974 of his predecessor, the Emperor Haile Selassie, was hastened by one of Ethiopia's notorious famines

### Bank of Japan calls for maintained growth rate

BY CARLA RAPOPORT IN TOKYO

JAPAN'S accelerated rate of eco-basis. nomic expansion must not be allowed to slow down, according to the Bank of Japan.

In its annual review of monetary and economic developments, the BoJ states: "There is a good possibility that the present expansionary phase of the econ-omy will continue for some time; it is the responsibility of Japan

as a nation with a large external surplus to ensure that it does." Japan's economy is currently growing faster than at any time in the past ten years, thanks to at the peak, that the strong consumer spending, heavy capital investment, benefits of the stronger yen, and strong fiscal stimulation. In the first half

Japan's policy of economic Japan's poincy of economic stimulation, which is simed at restructuring the Japanese economy toward demand-led domestic expansion, "must be sustained over the long term in order to secure the changes which are now under way," according to the Rol's report.

the BoJ's report.
Three factors, however, are vital to maintaining Japan's eco-nomic growth. These are the continned lack of price inflation, sta-ble exchange rates and stability in the world financial markets. The BoJ said it is relatively optimistic about the prospects for all

The BoJ noted that Japan mus work harder at opening its domestic markets further so that cheaper imports will help keep of this year, analysis expect the domestic markets real GNP growth rate to be at cheaper imports least 5 per cent on an annualised inflation at bay.

# Tokyo rejects aid-defence link

JAPANESE Foreign Ministry officials have sharply criticised Mr Frank Carlucci, the US Defence Secretary, for suggesting that distribution of Japan's foreign aid should be influenced by Western alliance strategic considerations.

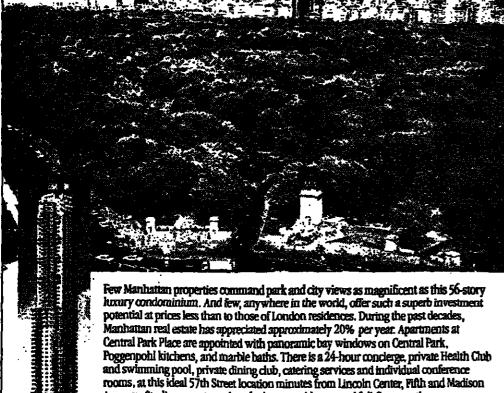
Officials said yesterday that it would become politically difficult to maintain aid budgets if the Japanese people believed the funds were being spent with strategic considerations in mind.

Under the Japanese postwar constitution, the country renounced the right of beligerency, and the Japanese people remain very sensitive about security alliances or any overseas five-year aid growth plan at the US did not view aid as part of the remain very sensitive about security alliances or any overseas

constitution, the country renounced the right of beliger-ency, and the Japanese people remain very sensitive about security alliances or any overseas strategic activity.

On Monday, Mr Carlucci, visiting Tokyo following the Moscow Japan National Press Club that Japan should expand its eco-

# WILLIAM ZECKENDORF PRESENTS THE NOW-AND-FOREVER-CORNER-ON-CENTRAL PARK VIEW



priced from \$260,000 to \$4,000,000. For information on this exceptional residence, call Manhattan Marketing, Inc. at (212) 246-6300. Telex 910-250-8601. Telecopier (212) 459-9145. Sales Office 301 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y. 10019. Brokers invited.

CENTRAL PARK PLACE Where Central Park South meets Central Park West. Sponsor: Columbus Circle Development Co. The complete offering terms are in an offering plan available from the sponsor.

Avenues. Studios, one, two, three bedroom residences and full-floor penthouses are

### JORDAN URGES ARAB SUMMIT NOT TO LIMIT ITS OPTIONS

# Hussein pleads for realism

RING HUSSEIN of Jordan yester-day pleaded with his fellow Arab leaders not to limit his options in leaders not to limit his options in seeking to advance the Middle East peace process by making unrealistic demands at their extraordinary summit meeting on the Palestine issue in Algiars. In a long and anguished speech to the summit, the Jordanian monarch sought to fend off accusations that he has tried to bypass the Palestine Liberation Organisation and that he has territorial designs of his own on the Israeli occupied West Bank. He also harshly criticised Washington's Middle East policy and asked the wealthy Arab states to boost financial aid to Jordan and Syria to stave off an impending economic crisis. impending economic crisis.

Making a strong pitch for realism at a gathering which is showing signs of intoxication with rhetorical statements of support for the six month Palestinian comments about his US ally following in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, the King said: "We will not help it (the uprising) attain its objectives by merely singing its praises. Rather, it should be used as a pressure point within unified Arab political steps or initiatives unless there has been a recent eruption in the region tak-Making a strong pitch for real-



King Hussein speaks to Shelkh Zaid of the UAE

under PLO rule, a goal vehe- ations on interim Palestinian mently opposed by both the US antonomy

antonomy
King Hussein's speech'
amounted in part to an attempt
to mend fences with the PLO
leadership, with which he has
been estranged since the collapse
of negotiations to set up a joint
Jordanian-Palestinian delegation
for peace talks in February, 1986.
The king indicated that he still
hellowed a Jordanian-Palestinian believed a Jordanian-Palestinian King Hussein's speech highlighted the problems which the uprising has created for moderate Arab states that are keen on maintaining a dialogue with the US to foster negotiations to resolve the Arab-Israel conflict.

Jordan is coming under particularly heavy pressure this week from militants who see the uprising as the read in creation of an international conference under the uprising as the read in creation of an international conference under does not lead to the most feasible outcome of any international conference but he added: "If my fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state as a precondition to be the most feasible outcome of any international conference but he added: "If my fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state as a precondition to the fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state as a precondition to the fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state as a precondition to the fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state as a precondition to the fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state as a precondition to the fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent Palestinian state as a precondition to the fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independent palestinian state as a precondition to the fellow Arab leaders, together with the FLO find it necessary and useful to agree to the establishment of an independen federation to be the most feasible ing as the road to creation of an United Nations auspices as a pre-independent Palestinian state lude to direct Arab-Israeli negoti-fer with them."

# Former minister defends Pakistan over Afghan treaty by Christina LAMB IN ISLAMABAD

MR ZAIN NOORANI, former Foreign Minister of Pakistan – widely credited for facilitating the Geneva accord on withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan – has spoken out against the increasing number of claims that Pakistan is violating the agreement.

The army and political parties are the only

supplying the resistance".
Yesterday in their strongest

Yesterday in their strongest worded statement to date on Afghanistan, the opposition MRD India remained unfriendly the alliance accused President Zia tul-Haq of trying to sabotage the accord by continuing to support the resistance.

Although arms trucks have been seen crossing the border

Mr Noorani stressed that while India remained unfriendly the army must stay at the helm of the country's affairs. "Pakistan is surrounded on at least two borders by hostile countries which have infiltrated our provinces with agents who have been

been seen crossing the border since the agreement came into force on May 15, Mr Noorani claims that up to his dismissal on May 29 Pakistan had stopped supplying the Mujahadeen. "Any arms which have crossed the border must have been the residue."

He believes that Gen Zia will keep his promise of holding elections. "1988 is not 1977. People

the agreement.

"People tend to forget that the Geneva accord includes an undertaking of symmetry by the supertaking of symm to act as a bridge between the civilian administration and the armed forces."

May 29 Pakistan had stopped supplying the Mujahadeen. "Any arms which have crossed the border must have been the resistance moving supplies over from trihal areas which are not under our control."

He believes that the resistance moving supplies over from trihal areas which are not under our control."

He believes that Gen Zia will keep his promise of holding elections. "1988 is not 1977. People were taken by surprise once. I very much doubt they would accept a repetition." Although expressing confidence of victory for his Moslem League party. Mr Noorani advocates, an electoral alliance with the opposition Pakistan Peoples Party. "The Moslem League should ally with all parties who believe in the ideology of Pakistan as one nation."

, jest fyldis 🍧

and and a

the condition of a co

# There keeping a close eye on more than 300,000 overseas customers. Our scrutiny is

intense: every market influence is systematically examined.

We scan our own extensive database - a process which usually tells us all we need to know.

If necessary, however, we can consult our world-wide network of intelligence agencies. British embassies too.

Indeed, using our underwriters' first-hand market experience, we're in an excellent position to make a swift analysis. Most decisions take less than 24 hours.

If you'd like us to quote on a prospective customer, the number to call is 0789 415909.



CHINESE students staged a sym bolic sit-in for democracy yester-day near Tiananmen Square of police and tough warnings from the official press which accused protest organisers of

devising a "reactionary plot." About 20 students began a sit-in just outside the square, which was sealed off as the likely target, but police moved in quickly to disperse the swelling group. After much pushing and shoving, police drove vehicles into the mass to clear protesters.

Students had been told by official newspapers that a protest would threaten "unity and stability", and posters approved by Chinese authorities and warning against a demonstration were plastered over protest posters at Peking University urging students to take to the streets.

When police ordered the sitting

students to move, one shouted:
"We don't even have the right to come here to talk to people." A bold second-year Peking Univer-sity student later addressed a small gathering, and asked: "Why can't we elect our lead-ers?". He called for unofficial newspapers and suggested that a human rights journal be opened. After a series of student dem-

onstrations in late 1986 and early last year, the communist party turned on itself, launched a campaign against western influence and sacked Hu Yaobang, the general-secretary, as well as several ministers alleged to have failed to contain that influence.

The leadership took few chances yesterday, as police lined dom. the huge square in the early afternoon before the sit-in was scheduled to begin, and dozens of value of a protest, with some plainclothes officers took photoplainclothes officers took photo-graphs of students, who were told to "keep moving" and were stopped from forming large



here. It's very risky," an engi-neering student from Peking Uni-versity said. A 21-year-old woman from the Peking Teachers' College said she was prepared to join a protest but not prepared to start one: "I believe in this cause. I think we should have more free-

Early yesterday morning, about 1,000 students debated the

Owning a home, long condemned as an ugly example of happy, the Government has bourgeois materialism, has sud-introduced a housing subsidy of introduced in every Chinese city. purchase fund. Mao Chengbao, a Feng, who works in a local director of the Yantai housing party office, claims to have few reform office, admits that "people

worker, who must produce a the reform and to "seek truth deposit of 10,000 yuan. from facts," the party slogan of the present. worker, who must produce a

bought a four-roomed, concrete-floored apartment in the north-ern coastal city of Yantai, the mild-mannered cadre is in the front line of China's real estate revolution.

Outside Apartment in Make buying a borne an attractive proposition. From three cents per square metre per month, rentals have jumped to 40 cents per square metre, a painful increase when inflation is already 11 per cent and rissing. To keep the masses in Yantai

denly become Communist Party 23.5 yuan for every 100 yuan policy and Yantai is experimentearned by workers, a subsidy ing with controversial property that can only be used to pay rent reforms that will inevitably be or deposited in a special housing party office, claims to have lew retern unite, admits that people fears that the housing policy will are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family increase," but says the reform apartment will be evidence of his political mistakes: "I am easy at heart. I think this new policy is introduction in other cities.

Teasonable and profitable."

Having become a model for the since the experiment became the country. Vantai cannot be a since the experiment became a since the country. The country is a since the experiment became a since the country vantai cannot be a since the experiment became a since the country vantai cannot be a since the experiment became are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and that the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the family are afraid of the cost of living again change and the living a

reasonable and profitable."

Having become a model for the Since the experiment began rest of the country, Yantai cannine months ago, 4,000 families not afford to fail. Zhao Ziyang, have applied to buy a home and the Communist Party General 130 apartments have been sold. Secretary, made a symbolic stop most priced at around 30,000 in the city on May Day and about yuan (24,450), about 30 years' sai-ary for the average urban country have visited to research

FENG YUQING is an unlikely increase in state housing rentals tive ideological matter. An apartrevolutionary, but having just designed to make buying a home ment or courtyard house can be bought a four-roomed, concrete an attractive proposition. From purchased in Yantai, but the land remains state property.

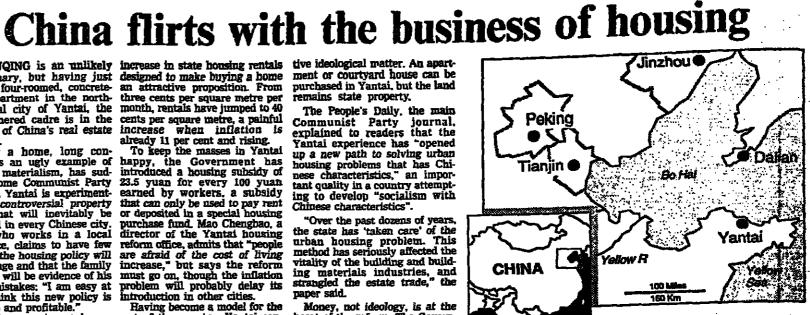
Robert Thomson recently in Yantai reports on a home purchase experiment

The People's Daily, the main Communist Party journal, explained to readers that the up a new path to solving urban housing problems that has Chi-nese characteristics," an important quality in a country attempting to develop "socialism with

"Over the past dozens of years the state has 'taken care' of the urban housing problem. This method has seriously affected the vitality of the building and building materials industries, and strangled the estate trade," the paper said.

Money, not ideology, is at the heart of the reform. The Government, estimating that 32 per cent of urban families have serious housing problems, claims that it cannot afford to build enough homes to satisfy demand and also wants to soak up excess consumer funds now fuelling infla-

"Instead of spending money on urgently needed houses, people



buy refrigerators, washing machines, and colour televisions, resulting in the emergence of this

washing principle of their reform is "pay televisions, more for more and better hous-ing," but a Shanghai resident omplained to the People's Daily resulting in the emergence of this or that craza. Despite a per capita or that craza. Despite a per capita complained to the People's Daily complained to the People's Daily complained to the People's Daily that "housing is a form of welfare and not a business," and warned that socialist China "should not blindly follow the high-rest polyantal officials say the guiding countries".

# Lake's legend and ecology divide Israelis

lands the early Jewish pioneers toes.
encountered as they attempted to More important, it was occupyestablish farming communities ing what was thought to be valu-on this inhospitable land is near able arable land for the incoming

building whose desirability still operation is challenging the goes unquestioned. It became an accepted wisdom head-on. Not article of faith of Zionism.

The biggest project of its kind was the draining of Hula Lake, a tions, but he has called for part large, reed-filled expanse of fresh of the lake to be refilled.

"make a clear distinction FOR ISRAELIS, the draining of lake was, unfortunately, a breed-between right and wrong".

FOR ISRAELIS, the draining of lake was, unfortunately, a breed-between right and wrong".

Along with making the desert Thirty years after the lake dis-bloom, the action was one of appeared, one of those involved those heroic steps of nation as a young man in the original

biologist and director of a local natural history museum. "So, since the land is not profitable, flooding it again and turning it into a recreation area to bring in the tourists is the best solution. The upper Galilee region, north of the Sea of Galilee, is already

one of Israel's most popular tour ist destinations. On summer weekends, its nature reserves are overflowing with families from Tel Aviv and Jerusalem looking to cool off among its streams and

member of Kibbutz Dan, a nearby commune, the exposed peat never proved satisfactory for fuel or fertiliser, and has become a breeding ground for rodents. Worse, the land is steadily sinking. Within 20 years it could be back under the water table level of its own volition. As for those much feared mosquitoes, they were all wiped out by 1948, three years before the drainage work began, he claimed.

According to Mr Lev-Ari, a

work began, he claimed.

All this would simply be another development-ideology-turns-full-circle-in-the-clarity-of-hindsight story if it were not for

Andrew Whitley in Jerusalem reports on how hindsight is revealing that a 30 year-old project to eliminate malaria mosquitoes may have to be reversed to

prevent the land the ideological element

Tampering with ingrained national myths is a risky busi-ness, as the reaction Mr Lev-Ari's proposal has generated from other local residents demon-strates. Scoffing at the idea of remining the lake as expensive and impractical, Mr Moshe Meron of the Upper Galilee Council argued that with irrigation two thirds of the lake's original area has already been turned into

low priority to the issue and allocating such a miserly budget to resolving the difficulties, he said; an authentically Israeli

Less dismissive was Professor Tommy Berman, a member of the Kinneret (Galilee) Commission and head of a fresh water research laboratory. "Originally the drainage work was extremely beneficial," he observed. "It made the development of settlements feasible and opened up profitable economic possibilities."

Conflicting Government sym-cies had created a bureaucratic

tangle over the entire question.
But he could envisage the day
when there would be no other
solution available for the problematic area other than to let the leke return.

Campaigning for the return of the age old wetlands, a migrating On the other side of the fence are some of the most powerful Zionist bodies, quasi-governmen-

ment was broadcast over loud-policy and destroying unity and "There are too many police speakers and warned students to stability". Cookson has a way with castings

between right and wrong".

Fresh posters soon appeared with messages condemning the

"action committee", an unidentified group of students organising the protest. One poster claimed

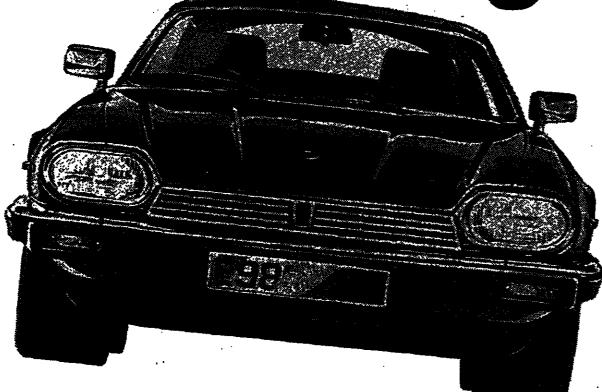
that the "action committee is no

longer in existence" because

based on the present situation,

The Peking Daily yesterday accused a "tiny minority" of "poisoning the people's minds, openly opposing the party's leadership, slandering the reform and open

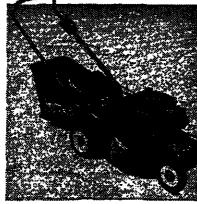
no action can happen".

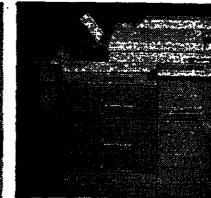


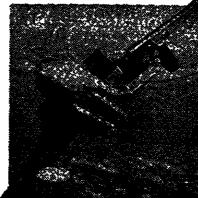
It's called expertise. Backed by massive investment in modern technology, Cookson companies are supplying complex diecast components to the world's leading automotive, domestic and business appliance manufacturers, as well as special castings for aerospace and defence.

For these and many other products, Cookson is acknowledged and respected as the specialist supplier of technology based materials and components needed by virtually every industry and the Group is well known to investors for its impressive track record.











For further information about Cookson, please write to: Corporate Relations Department, Cookson Group plc, 14 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7AT

# Portman Interest Rates

From 10th June 1988 the rates of interest payable on Portman investment accounts will be as follows:

		Gross Equivalent
•	Net %	(at 25% tax)
Gold Seal Shares (3rd Issue)*		
£20,000+	7.30%	9.73%
£2,000-£19,999	7.10%	9.47%
Premium-Plus Shares		
£20,000+5	6.75%	9.00%
£5,000-£19,9995	6.35%	8.47%
£1-£4,999	6.00%	8.00%·
Flexi-Plus Shares		
£20,000+*	6.50%	8.67%
£5,000-£19,999*	6.00%	8.00%
£500-£4,999	5.50%	7.33%
£1-£499	3.50%	4.67%
International Accounts	paid gross	9.25%
Charities Account	paid gross	9.25%
Companies Account	6.56%	<b>8.75%</b>
Young Generation Club	5.75% <u></u>	7.67%
Regular Savings Shares	5.50%	7.33%
Ordinary Shares	3.50%	4.67%

hly interest is available at 0.25% below the rates quitly interest is available at the same rate.

The net rate of interest on all other current and discontinued investment accounts will be reduced by 0.50% from 10th June 1988. Full details of our complete investment range are available from any Portman branch or the address below.

se, Richmond Hill, FREEPOST, Bournemouth BH2 6TB. Building Societies' Association. Assets exceed £600 millic



Take a large measure of Beefeater Gin and add it to the juice of a freshly squeezed lemon and one teaspoonful of sugar. Pour into the tallest glass you can find, add chilled soda water and don't forget the ice. Add a dash of Angostura Bitters, stir (slightly) and several a slice of lemon, Cheers!

For a recipe leaflet which further demonstrates the excellence and versatility of Beefeater Gin why hot write to James Burrough, Beefeater House, Moniford Place, Kennington Lane London SE11 5DP England



# Japan should back free trade says Takeshita

sibility to the world economy, Mr Nobora Takeshita, the Japanese

prime minister, said yesterday. Answering European calls on Japan to increase its low level of imports, Mr Takeshita said: "I believe it is possible to formulate of the so-called newly industria-ultimately a consensus among lised countries, as well as macrothe Japanese people" about economic co-ordination, Third bringing down import barriers. In talks with the EC Commis-

sion, he promised to make the change in the alcohol tax (which bears particularly heavily on imported spirits such as Scotch

their reform a pre-ere and better to Shanghai rest to the People's ke is a form of the homes, and

in consulted in the property of the property o

y to the issue of the difficulties of the diff

desive was Pro-

nan, a membrat dalilee) Commis of a fresh se auratory, "Other work was sme the observed." He ment of some

orent of settles

Covernment a the entire que d cavisage the

aniable for the R

other than to be

ing for the return

actionds, a mice

the Society for

. Attire in Soci

her side of the le

the most post ine gitasi gordner ine raich as be le

Fund and be

<u>ites</u>

yest ment

u-valent 🗣 , S = (3X)

¥ +

Time Milita

effect.
Winding up his second European trip in a month - both dominated by trade issues - the prime minister commented that ton exempts assembly inside the Community. The EC's "screwdriver" regulation exempts assembly operations from such duties, properties of level Rummean

open to the outside world, but Mr
Takeshita declined to say how
seriously he took this assurance
that the Community would not
50 per cent.

JAPAN "should carry the farmer put a higher protectionist fence of free trade" as its major respon- around its more integrated inter-

> The Japanese leader spelled out the points he wanted to raise at the forthcoming summit of major industrialised countries. These included a plea on behalf World debt and the Gatt trade

• The European Commission yesterday launched an investiga-tion into allegations that two Japanese bearings makers have been side-stepping a 1985 EC dumping duty on complete bearings by increasing the export to Europe of bearing parts for assembly inside the Community.

"open markets bring affluence to operations from such duties, proall involved", whether as exporter or importer.

The EC Commission had told him that the European market of 330m consumers would remain Bearing Manufacturers Associa-Soviet gas exports had increased more than 20-fold in the past 15 years and now go to 13 countries. Western Europe imports 60bn cu ft of Soviet gas

> tures, almost everything was negotiable except the provision that the Soviet Union retain at least 51 per cent ownership.

wants joint

gasfield

ventures

from Washington.

Earlier he said that the 1986 radiation leak at the Chernobyl nuclear power plant has prompted increased use of gas

Soviet Union David Owen reports on the mutual dependence of powerful neighbours C & W aims

# Canada looks to US for oil capital

oil and gas, uranium or electricity. By some estimates, it will be importing 50-70 per cent of its oil by the end of the millenium – up THE Soviet Union is discussing collaboration with US and other foreign interests to develop natu

from about 25 per cent at present. Canada, which has all of these commodities in abundance, needs ral gasfields in its Arctic and Sib erian regions, according to Mr Victor Chernomyrdin, Soviet Gas to attract large amounts of capi-tal investment if it is to develop the increasingly remote or hard-Joint venture agreements "are to extract oil and gas resources and fund the James Bay-type works." He declined to identify potential foreign partners, saying hydro-electricity megaprojects, on which its future as a major energy exporter depends. premature disclosure could upset

Trade in energy goods is one area covered by the still-to-be-rat-ified US-Canada free trade agree-ment where the best interests of both signatories appear largely to

and other fuels to make electric Where better for the US to meet its growing energy import requirements in a volatile world The experience of Chernoby "made it necessary somewhat to limit the production of electricity at nuclear power plants," and than in friendly adjacent Canada? Subsidiaries of the major US oil companies are already among Canada's largest publicly-traded other kinds of power stations had corporations.

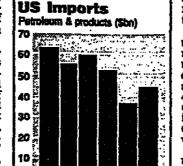
From the Canadian viewpoint.

how better to attract capital to its Arctic and east coast oil and gas discoveries and to the fiedgeling

THE US faces a future of confidence that long-term trading increased dependence on foreign relationships will not be disenergy - whether in the form of rupted" and "reduce the risk of energy projects."

If these comparatively highcost frontier and oil sands resources are not developed Canada may, like its powerful southern neighbour, find itself becoming more dependent on ofl imports in the not too distant future. At 730.8m cubic metres. viable end-1986 reserves represented little more than 10 years' annual output. More importantly, according to one report, "the rate of finding and developing conven-tional crude oil reserves is averaging only about half the rate of production." Marketable natural gas reserves stand at about 23 times annual production.

furthering bilateral trade and investment, the energy-related undertakings of the free trade agreement are aimed primarily at agreement are amen primarily at institutionalising the deregulated environment of the past three years. The deal "does not represent a significant departure from present policies," according to Mr Marcel Masse, Canadian Energy how better to attract capital to its Marcel Masse, Canadian Energy Arctic and east coast oil and gas Minister. "A great deal of what discoveries and to the fledgeling the agreement calls for in terms oil sands industry than by of energy transfer was already obtaining greater security of occurring," concurs Mr Robert access to the vast and thirsty US Blair, chairman of Nova, the



energy trade between the two countries has risen to more than C\$13bn (£5.8bn), with Canada growing into the US market's largest single supplier of crude oil and refined petroleum products. All told, Canada presently supplies about 5 per cent of US oil needs, 6 per cent of its gas and 2 per cent of its electricity.

1982 83 84 85 86 87

Under the terms of the deal the two sides undertake not to impose export taxes on energy goods - unless such taxes are also imposed on domestic consumers. They have also agreed that should energy exports be

as had prevailed during the 36 months prior to the imposition of

the new measure. Canada's access to Alaskan oil, meanwhile, will continue to be restricted to a maximum entitle-ment of 50,000 barrels per day. conditional on the oil being Philippine telecommunications shipped to Canada via one of the 48 contiguous states. The Canadian Government's target of achieving 50 per cent domestic own-ership of its oil and gas industry would remain in place.

market for Canada in return for more assured access to stable behind most of the oil-related provisions is to forestall any possible revival of the Trudeau gov-ernment's Canadian National

Energy Program of 1980.

The programme, conceived at a time of rapidly escalating oil prices, was a bold attempt to boost Canadian ownership of the self-industry and garner a greater links with telephone operators in Hong Kong. Singapore and Taiwan.

Digitel has a paid-up capital of before the self-industry and garner a greater links with telephone operators in Hong Kong. Singapore and taiwan. oil industry and garner a greater share of industry revenues. It necessitated an unprecedented degree of federal government intervention in the market, 57,000 new domestic telephone including the fixing of a domestic lines but says it is mainly inter-oil price well below soaring world ested in expanding its share of

Mr Brian Mulropey's Conserva-

# at Manila telecoms market

By Richard Gourley in Manife

CABLE & Wireless has formed a new company to break into the market - in effect a monopoly of Philippine Long Distance Tele-

The company, Digitel Telecommunications Philippines has a The trade-off, in a nutshell, is pending application with the more assured access to the US Philippine Congress for a franchise to operate as a public utility. The company is owned 40 per Canadian supplies for the US. cent by C & W and 60 per cent by But the tacit (and mutual) desire Pilipino investors.

C & W already has a major interest in Eastern Telecommuni cations Philippines, which has links with telephone operators in

The company plans to provide profitable international traffic by cutting rates by 15-20 per cent.

The grant of a franchise is far from certain. The success of C &

### Hammer seeks China and Taiwan barter deal BY BOB KING IN TAIPEI

DR ARMAND HAMMER, chair- tonnes of coal worth \$621m from man of Occidental Petroleum of the US, Australia, and South the US, has proposed that Taiwan Africa. China, in turn, could use enter into a barber arrangement Taiwan has surprisingly not rejected outright.

Arrica China, in turin, count the arrangement Taiwanese cement in accelerating construction projects there.

Arrica China, in turin, count the ing construction projects there.

Arrica China, in turin, count the ing construction projects there.

Arrica China, in turin, count the ing construction projects there.

Arrica China, in turin, count the ing construction projects there.

Arrica China, in turin, count the ing construction projects there.

Arrica China, in turin, count the ing construction projects there.

Arrica China, in turin, count the ing construction projects there.

Taiwan unit of the state of the year worth of coal for as long as 10 years, while Taiwan would ship the same value of cement to

The transactions would be conducted through Occidental's offices overseas, and would thus Company-which consumes more technically count as indirect than half the island's coal trade, on which Taiwan still imports - expressed reservations insists in any dealings with about purchases of Chinese com-

rials. Last year, it purchased 14m party next month.

The proposed agreement, modifies, Premier Yu Kuo-hwa model that Taiwan's policies which Dr Hammer outlined to the mainland are changing the mainland are changing. These changes may be institutionalised during the 13th conjugate of the ruling Nationalist party next month.

from a joint venture it operates in Shanxi Province, at \$34-\$36 a tonne - about the same price as South African coal, but far less than the \$42-\$46 a tonne Taiwan is now paying for coal from the US and Australia, which together provide an estimated 85 per cent of imports.

While officials of the Economic Ministry and the Taiwan Power

### India may cut \$1.5bn jet trainer contract

A MAJOR international defence into the Indian defence market contract costing up to \$1.50n! with an offer of its \$-5 aircraft.

(£83an) for an Indian air force jet trainer, which the government advanced versions of India's has been planning for more than existing MiG-21 with two-seater variations.

This is on soft financing terms

This is as a result of possible within the two countries overall curbs on growth in the country's rupee-based countertrade defence spending which accounts arrangements, which makes it for almost 20 per cent of India's

The jet trainer project could Opponents argue that the MiG-ventually cost more than \$1.5hm 21s are not sufficiently sophisti-and has attracted bids from the cated for Indian Air Force needs and has attracted bids from the UK, US, France, the Soviet Union and that they would be more and, it is believed, Czechoslo-expensive to operate. The proposals include — But they concede that financial progressive manufacture of the constraints might force India to plane in India.

f major civil as well as defence the Soviet Union is producing outracts.

Negotiations have also been hit by a slow-down in decision-making at top levels in the government following corruption allegations last year over Indian contracts for guns from Sweden and submarines from West Germany.

Northrop is believed to have offered to move its F-5 production line-from the US to India which could then be geared for export if india is prepared to abandon its cracified to be for 90-100 trainers, but a few months ago this came down to about 80 for budgetary reasons, although the initial figure could double over 10 years if there is sufficient finance.

The British Aerospace Hawk

Rolls-Royce Adour engine which powers the British Lawk is being made for the British Aerospace laguar at Bangalore.

Northrop is believed to have offered to move its F-5 production line-from the US to India which could then be geared for export if hidia is prepared to abandon its traditional refusal to export lethal defence equipment.

India is wary, however, of relymator in the US to India which could then be geared for export if hidia is prepared to abandon its traditional refusal to export lethal defence equipment.

India is wary, however, of relymator in the US to India which could then be geared for export if hidia is prepared to abandon its traditional refusal to export lethal defence equipment.

India is wary, however, of relymator in the US to India which could then be geared for export if hidis is prepared to abandon its traditional refusal to export lethal defence equipment.

India is wary, however, of relymator in the US to India which could then be geared for export if hidis is prepared to abandon its traditional refusal to export lethal defence equipment.

India is wary, however, of relymator in the US to India which could then be geared for export if hidis is prepared to abandon its traditional refusal to export lethal defence equipment.

India is wary, however, of relymator in the US to India which could then be geared for export if hidis is prepared to abandon its traditional refusal to export lethal The British Aerospace Hawk

This is on soft financing term the most attractive bid commer

The Indian Air Force argues it aircraft as a stop gap.

urgently needs the trainer to Both Soviet and British bidders replace ageing Soviet MIG-21s have an advantage because they are already manufacturing But India is facing a serious Indian Air Force fighters at the shortage of foreign exchange, country's government-owned which is affecting a large number. Of major civil as well as defence. The Soviet Union is producted

Other countries competing for The British Aerospace nawk of the Franco-German Alpha jet indian air force orders also argue have been front-runners for that the US may in the long term about two years.

Northrop of the US recently over its technological developstepped up its attempts to break ments.

### Mitsubishi likely to signfighter contract soon'

GENERAL Dynamics Corp has pate as the prime contractor selected Mitsubishi as its repre- Other details were not available. sentative in Japan for the new FS-X support fighter programme. Dynamics and Mitsubishi are Reuter reports from Tokyo. likely to sign a contract by the The new fighter for Japan's end of the month. Defence Agency is based on the

Industry officials said General end of the month.

F-16 aircraft made by General Developing the FS-X will cost Dynamics, the company said, an estimated Y160bn-Y170bn Japanese industry will partici- (£892m-£735m).



# What Holst did for the planets we're doing for the office.



In the same way that different sections of an orchestra play different melodies as part of a perfectly orchestrated whole, so each company department can now have individual information systems that are at one with corporate strategy and objectives.

At ICL, we call this concept The Orchestrated Office. ICL's office and departmental systems are designed to deliver true competitive advantage to each and every department in your organisation.

Specialist applications and sophisticated office functions are combined to provide a level of information that will enhance the quality of service you can give to your

To hear more about a whole new way to conduct your business, call Patricia Leigh on 01-785 2060 or complete the coupon and send it to ICL Infopoint, Bridge House North, Putney Bridge, Fulham, SW6 3JX.

It could be the start of a truly great performance.

To ICL: I'd like to hear more about the Orchestrated Office. Please ser	nd me a brochure.
Name	Address
Position	Postcode FT9/6 We should be talking to each other
Business Tel. No.	ICLISAMEMBER OF THE STC PLC GROUP

# **Financial Controller**

**North London** 

c.£23,000 + Car

Our client, a £25m turnover, market leading manufacturer and distributor of specialist consumer products, is seeking to recruit a Financial Controller for its Head Office in North London.

Reporting to the Financial Director, you will be joining the company at an important stage in its development. Your primary responsibility will be for the financial accounting function of the company, involving the management of fifteen staff in the day to day running of a complex financial operation.

You should be a qualified accountant with good management and communication skills developed in a

MANAGEMENT SELECTION

high volume manufacturing and distribution company. Age will not be a limiting factor, more importantly you will demonstrate a committed and organised approach.

Please apply in confidence enclosing your Curriculum Vitae and daytime telephone number, quoting Ref: 244, to Barry Ollier BA, ACA, Whitehead Rice, 295 Regent Street, London W1R 8JH.

Nhitehead Rice

# **Management Accountant** - UK Operations

### Horsham, West Sussex Package c.£25,000

Sun Alliance is one of the United Kingdom's largest composite insurance groups with a world-wide premium income of nearly £3 billion and a pre-tax profit of over £170m. We are committed to profitable growth in the dynamic financial services sector supported by major investment in new technology.

The Home Division, with a turnover of £1.3 billion, is currently seeking a qualified accountant with good post qualification experience for the senior role of Management Accountant, based at our modern Head Office in Horsbarn. The successful candidate will be responsible for all aspects of the preparation of the financial and management accounts of this business area within a small

Shigh

Laura Ashley Limited, International designers,

manufacturers and retailers of garments and home

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER Up to £25,000 + Car

Reporting to the Production Director (Garments) the successful candidate will be responsible for ensuring

overall financial control of the Garment Division

with major emphasis on evaluation of strategic

Responsible for a small team of accountants,

candidates must have strong inter personal skills and

the ability to quickly become a major contributor for

Aged between 28-35 he/she will be a fully qualified

ICMA/ACCA with experience of working in a fast

MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANTS Up to £18,000 + Car (2 Posts)

moving commercial or production environment.

manufacturing base.

business opportunities.

the management of the Division.

furnishings have the following accountancy opportunities within its NEWTOWN, MID WALES

professional accounting team. The ability to analyse and interpret a wide range of results and to communicate them effectively to senior management is essential.

We are offering a package of circa £25,000, together with an excellent range of large company benefits including medical cover, share option scheme and relocation assistance, where appropriate. Future career

In the first instance please send a full CV to: W P Amy, FCA, Accounting Services Manager, Sun Alliance Insurance Group, Stane Court, North Street, Horsham, West





# **FINANCE DIRECTOR**

**Telford** 

(Designate)

To £25.000 + car

This opportunity arises due to internal promotion in a subsidiary of a £375 million turnover international group. Supplying the catering and vending industries, this food processing

+ substantial potential

company has sales in excess of £10 million and employs about 100 people. Reporting to the Managing Director and controlling aix staff, the Finance Director (Designate) will be responsible for all finance, D.P. and general administration functions. The successful candidate will participate actively, as a member of a small management team, in making business decisions affecting the company's profitability and future development but must also be willing to get involved in detailed work and adopt a shirt-

Applicants must be qualified accountants whose manufacturing industry experience, preferably gained in a batch production environment, should include both standard costing and product profitability reporting. Exposure to the food, packaging or FMCG industries would be an advantage.

Relocation expenses will be paid where appropriate. Attractive additional benefits will apply on achieving full board status in about one year and this expanding group offers ample scope for further career development.

Please send a comprehensive career résumé including salary history and day-time telephone number, quoting ref: 2931 to Graham Perkins, Executive Selection Division.

### **△Touche Ross**

Thavies Inn House, 3/4 Holborn Circus, London ECIN 2HB, Telephone: 01-353 7361.

### Successful candidates will report to the Financial Controller and be responsible for the preparation and presentation of accurate and timely management accounts. A good knowledge of standard costing systems is desirable as well as experience in a computerised accounting environment.

Candidates aged between 23-30 should be fully qualified ICMA/ACCA with 2/3 years post qualification experience in a commercial/production environment.

The above positions have been created due to rapid growth in the Company's manufacturing operation. Successful candidates will join a young professional team which is highly motivated to provide the necessary accounting service to the Company's on-going expansion. Career development opportunities are exceptional.

> To apply please submit a fully CV to: Neil Huxtable, Personnel Manager Laura Ashley Limited, St David's House NEWTOWN, Powys SY16 1RB Tel No: (0686) 24448

### CONTRACT FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT

Rough Trade Distribution, an independent record distributor, urgently requires an experienced qualified accountant to head it's accounting functions for up to 6 months. The person will be responsible for the management of the Financial Services Department of 15 people using p.c. based accounting systems.

During the period of this contract it will be necessary to review the procedures and controls for the production of the accounts and to recommend and, on approval, carry through the improvements to the systems. Close supervision of the department managers will be an essential feature of the position. Payment to the right individual will be £2100 per month.

Write to: Peter Rafferty. ROUGH TRADE DISTRIBUTION LTD. 61-71 COLLIER STREET, LONDON N1 8BE

MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Rural South Wales c.£25,000+car

Our client, a successful and expanding European-owned manufacturing company, supplies high quality components to the motor industry both in the UK and overseas.

The director of finance will report to the UK chief executive and will be responsible for a staff of about twelve. Substantial expansion of computer facilities is envisaged and the person appointed will take a key responsibility for this. Continual refinement of costing and management reporting procedures is required as is the control of capital expenditure relative to the company's expansion. The role will incorporate that of company secretary.

Applicants must be qualified accountants who have gained controllership or directorship experience in expanding manufacturing environments. Relocation assistance will be provided if necessary.

Please send brief personal and career details to Douglas G Mizon quoting reference F/358/M.

Ernst & Whinney

Executive Recruitment Services Becket House, 1 Lambeth Palace Road, London SE1 7EU.

### Financial Director

Designate

c£30,000 + car

Our client is a British marketing driven healthcare business. operating on an international basis. They seek to appoint a Finance Director to their progressive management team.

Cambridge

Grp/Management Acct - LUTON Age 25-35 - Qual. - £24,000 + CAR

Asst/Financial Manager - CITY Age 24-30 Qual £21,000+CAR

lanagement Accountant - CITY Age 24-30 Qual. £ £23,000

Cost Accountant - DAGENHAM

Age to 30 - Part/Qual. - £17,000

Accountant - SUTTON Legal exp. essential - c £23,000

Phone 01-242-1168 (24 Hrs)

01-242-1140 JOHNSWOOD FARRER

26-29 St. Cross Street, London ECIN 8UH (AGY)

**Appointments** 

Advertising

Also

Appears on

**Pages** 

12 & 15 - 22

The business is expanding rapidly from its own research and development base through strongly developed marketing and commercial strategies. The company is a pic and is institutionally funded. Due to the rapid growth rate of the business a public quotation is a major expectation during the next 2 - 3 years.

Working closely with the Chief Executive the appointee will be commercially responsible for all aspects of financial and statutory reporting. Key activities will include corporate financing, business strategy product licencing and patent Probably aged 30 to 40 and graduate, candidates should be qualified accountants with five years financial management experience, gained in small to medium sized companies preferably with manufacturing, research & development activities. A successful track record demonstrating strong management, commercial and personal presentation skills

in addition to an excellent salary there is a performance in addroon to an excellent salary there is a performance bonus and a stock option opportunity. Pull executive benefits are offered as are relocation expenses where appropriate. To discuss the position in greater detail, please contact John Sheidrake on Cambridge (0223) 313791 or write enclosing full career details to John Sheidrake Associates. Hall Keepers House, 42 Castle Street, Cambridge CB3 OAL

Iohn Sheldrake Associates

Executive Selection & Search

### INTERNATIONAL BANKING SECTOR ACCOUNTANTS RING FOR FURTHER DETAILS



### See your way clear to Senior Financial Management

DEPUTY FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

City

to £45,000 + car + benefits

Environment

◆ Age to 35 ◆ Excellent Career ◆ Dynamic International **Prospects** 

An unique opportunity has arisen to join a major International Bank heading-up the dynamic areas of MIS and New Product Development.

entially a good technician, you will be an excellent con delegate effectively and bring out the best in staff at all levels. Twenty-five staff will report directly but as Deputy for the Financial Controller, the appointee will motivate and control forty others. You should be capable of assuming the full responsibilities of the more senior role in due course, so evidence of strategic thinking is essential.

Suitable applicants will be bright ACAs, and natural leaders, with strong interpersonal skills. A diplomatic personality and the commitment to succeed will guarantee fast-track career progression.

Applicants must have knowledge of Wholesale Banking gained in either line accounting or in an audit capacity.

Written applications, enclosing up-to-date CV, should be submitted in strict confidence to Malcohn Edgell BSc, FCA or Colin Vasey BSc at 410 Strand, London WC2R oNS quoting reference 2179.

### FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS LONDON - BIRMINGHAM - LIVERPOOL - MANCHESTER - ABERDEEN - EDINBURGH - GLASGOW

DOUGLAS LLAMBIAS ASSOCIATES LIMITED, 410 STRAND, LONDON WCZR ONS TELEPHONE: 01-836 9501\_

# Financial **Accounting Manager**

An influential role with outstanding prospects

South West

£20,000

This is a truly exceptional opportunity to progress your career rapidly with a leading company committed to market domination throug a determined policy of growth and acquisition.

Continuation of a highly impressive record of recent growth has produced an urgent need to strengthen the finance function through the appointment of a Financial Accounting Measure atment of a Financial Accounting Manager. appointment of a Financat Accounting statement You will manage the work of the general accounting team and your responsibilities will include the preparation of management accounts and completion of financial reports to strict deadlines. Much of your contact will be with

operational management at a very senior level, and varied "sharp-end" exposure will be gained in a company where the accounting function has considerable strength and influence. A qualified accountant aged 28-35, you are

carrently a junior manager with a repo audit company; have previously left a professional practice and are now looking for your next career move; or have gained extensive financial

accounting experience within a fast-moving, modern company. Whatever your background, you are a highly achievement oriented leader able to get results through the organisation and motivation of

a team.

In addition to a competitive remandation package, including relocation to an attractive part of the UK, you will benefit from outstanding promotion prospects. Fourse growth will create significant opportunities in financial accounting and general insurem management and a subscipated that appointment to a Financial Director role within the company or its parent group will be your next move. In addition, there will be scope to progress into general management within a company that has a high proportion of accountancy-trained senior management.

if you genuinely feel you are of the high calibre we are seeking, please telephone for an application form or send your cy quoting application form or send your even.

Ref: 2312/TG/FT to Teny Galvin,

PA Personnel Services at the additional below.

PA Personnel Services

Executive Recruitment - Human Resource Commit

Suite 5, St Brandon's House, 29 Great Goorge Street, Reistol BSi 5QL ...

### UK NEWS - REGIONAL TRENDS

# Pay gap highlights north-south split Scotland has

FRESH EVIDENCE of social divisions within the UK is offered in the latest edition of the Govern-rient's Regional Trends, pub-

+ car

agement imposies strong strong son skills

ornance carathe s where al please i3791 or

heldrale

OR

T.

ent

LER

nefits

ional

acading-np

জ্বাদে আৰ্

mare will ag the full

Leed will

TANTS AS

215 GWS

THE CONTROL OF THE CO

The publication, an annual digest compiled by the Central Statistical Office, illustrates variations in income and lifestyle but makes clear that they exist within regions as well.

Reports by Alan Pike Social Affairs Correspondent

Average weekly household

Towards a Single Europe estay 20 July 1988

or write to her at: iracken House

**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

Ratio of GDP per head 1976 86 95.6 91.9 (a) Morth 95.6 91.9 (b) Yorks & Humber 94.0 93.2 North West 96.4 93.5 East Midlands 96.0 96.1 (3) West Midlands 98.1 90.6 (a) East Anglia 94.7 100.8 South East 112.2 117.5 South West 90.8 96.1 Scotlend 98.6 93.5 89.6 85.7 Wales Northern treland 81.0 69.5 UNITED KINGDOM = 100

income in the south-east was £269 in 1985-86, compared with £187 in per 1,000 births in Oxfordshire. the northern region at the other In all regions the figures rise, end of the scale. Levels of house in most cases sharply, for births hold expenditure were £202 a in the unskilled social classes. In week in the south-east compared Yorkshire and Humberside the rate is 16.3 per cent per 1,000 live births for children of unskilled with £145 in the north. The £82 difference in weekly fathers, and in the west midlands household income between the

15.4 per cent

south-east and the north compares with a difference of only £43 in 1980-81. Those figures are not a simple illustration of the much dis-Perinatal mortality rates - the cussed north-south divide. The deaths of infants within a week of birth, which is often taken as a south-east is overwhelmingly the most prosperous region and, with measure of deprivation - vary considerably between the 30 per cent of the total population within its boundaries, it lifts many of the national average fig-The south-west and south-east ures with which other regions

have the lowest rates - 8.6 per cent and 8.9 per cent per 1,000 live births - while the figure are compared. south-east have pay levels or social problems that compare with those of the traditional rises to 11.6 per cent in Northern Ireland and 11.5 per cent in the west Midlands. That compares industrial areas. Average wages £18.50 with a rate of only 6.8 per cent

on the Isle of Wight, for example, are below the level for Northern

Women's pay remains lower than that of men in all regions, although, as with wages in gen-eral, it is highest in the south-east. More than half the women in full-time work in East Anglia and Northern Ireland earned less than £100 per week in April 1987.

Self-employment has continued

to grow as a source of income in all regions except Scotland.

The south-west has seen the fastest recent growth in the self-employed. By last year 13.6 per cent of the region's working population was self-employed and it shared, with East Anglia, the lowest unemployment rate. The north made the lowest proportionate contribution to self-employment.

During the 1980s the south-east and East Anglia have experienced above-average growth in GDP per head of population and Regional Trends points to wide variations in GDP per head within and between regions. It varies from 144 per cent of the UK average in Greater London to 70 per cent of the average in Mid-

Cigarette smoking has been declining throughout the country and the greatest reductions have taken place in Wales, the south-east, the north west and the east But some of the London bor-oughs and other parts of the south-east have pay levels or was in Scotland, the north and

Regional Trends 23, HMSO.

### Births outside marriage rise best class

### ratios

THE LOWEST proportion of school leavers entering full-time education came from the north (21 per cent) and Yorkshire and Humberside (24 per cent) in 1985-86. Thatcom pared with 35 per cent in the south-west, and about 31 per cent in the south-east and

Scotland had the highest proportion of public-sector primary and secondary schools with fewer than 50 pupils - 22 per cent of the total in 1986-87. Pupil-teacher ratios were also lower in Scotland than else-where in the UK.

The biggest recent regional rises in crimes of robbery have been in the north-west and the west midlands. The rate of offences reported to the police rose in all regions between 1981 and 1986.

Drug offences grew through-out the country during the same period with the rate of persons found guilty or cantioned for them incre all regions except East Anglia,

Almost 75 per cent of households in the south-east and south-west had the regular use of at least one car in 1985, compared with 62 per cent in Great Britain as a whole. In the south-east, 26 per cent of households had the use of two or more vehicles compared with 17 per cent in Great Britain as a whole.

### WALES HAS, with the exception that many unmarried mothers. Not surprisingly, Dorset has

of the Campania region of Italy. the lowest road accident rate in Europe. Its police forces clear up the highest proportion of offences in Britain and it has a larger percentage of children under five attending school than any of the English regions.

English regions.

Is that proof that good examples of socially responsible over five years.

Wales, with a rise of 85 per considering the per cent, making it the fastest-proportion of births outside marginal proportion in the UK apart from East Anglia. ilant policing contribute to road safety? Perhaps. Or perhaps not. The only certain connection between the three is that all appear in Regional Trends.

As Mr Tom Griffin, the volume's editor, commented yester-day, Regional Trends contains enough information to give some support to almost any theory or explanation likely to be

However, used properly, the publication, which draws together information from a wide range of official sources, is of invaluable assistance to academics, market researchers and others concerned with charting patterns of change in Britain.

Regional Trends is a follow-up Central Statistical Office's overall snapshot of contemporary life, and it fleshes out at a more local level some of the broad developments identified in Social Trends.

Social Trends in January is a - reflects its popularity as a sharp growth in the number of retirement centre, with the penchildren born to unmarried parsioner population rising to 25.1 are more likely to own a home ents (although there is evidence per cent in Dorset.

relationships).

which the UK average - 211 of every 1,000 live births are outside marriage. But there has been an exceptionally large increase in

riage - a significant pointer to from East Anglia. changes in traditional notions of As well its lar 1986. However, within regions, some far higher rates can be

detected. In the London borough of Lambeth, nearly half of all births clusion too readily. were outside marriage in 1986 (453 per 1,000), an increase from people will go to great lengths to 353 per 1,000 over five years.

The neighbouring borough of Southwark was close behind, with 420 births per 1,000 outside.

However, marriage, for the lirst or subsequent times, is not affluence, such as ownership of consumer goods, also have to be consumer goods. the highest proportion of remar-riages as a percentage of total

pensioners. The south-west's large populaments identified in Social Trends.

One of the most striking recent changes disclosed in this year's an element of the total compared with any other region.

England, Wales, Scotland and the striking recent for the UK as a whole to the striking recent for the UK as a whole to the striking recent for the UK as a whole to the striking recent for the UK as a whole to the striking recent for the UK as a whole to the striking recent for the UK as a whole to the striking recent for the UK as a whole to the striking recent for the total compared with any other region. cent of the total compared with
8.1 per cent for the UK as a whole
- reflects its popularity as a Northern Ireland have all

and fathers live together in stable the lowest birth rate and, apart from East Sussex and the Isle of Wales is almost exactly in line Wight, the highest death rate in

the proportion of such births in to grow. It is estimated that by

As well its large number of elderly residents, the south-west England, with a rate of 266 births per 1,000 outside marriage in highest proportion of old cars. Car ownership is sometimes treated as a measure of affluence.

but Mr Griffin gives a warning of the dangers of drawing that con-In rural areas, he says, many own a car because it is some

urban areas is lower than might be expected.

times the only means of trans-port, while car ownership in

The south-west of England has treated with caution.
the highest proportion of remarmarriages - about 30 per cent. It in the UK and families there also has the largest proportion of spend the most on durable goods - yet proportionally fewer households in the south-east

computer than a dishwasher.

# **PRICE WATERHOUSE** and the FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCE ORGANISATION

11-13.HJIY - 12-14 SEPTEMBER - 17-19 OCTOBER - 7.9 NOVEMBER - 7.9 DECEMBER

The risks involved in trading often complex instruments in the capital markets are very clear and the events of last Autumn make the problems even more immediate. In these workshops a panel of Price Waterhouse and banking industry experts examines the risks and explains how they can be managed successfully. Speakers will be drawn from a panel including:

:	Pirsence Director Seles Bank Corporation International Ltd.	Director Morgan Grenieli & Co Limited
	Grakers Simister General Manager, Treasury Nortura Bank International pic	Paul Hanbury Wilson Assistant Namager Baring Brothers & Co Limited
	Keetin Lee Assistant Director, Treesury and Trading Group Baring Brothers & Columbed	Michael Hompstond Assistant Director EU International Limited
٠.	Bob Feller Director, Capital Markets Charterhouse Bank Limited	Richard Kilsby Managing Director Capital Mariets Charteshouse Bank Limited
	± 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	·. ·
		. • .

Price Waterhouse



FINANCIAL TIMES
CONFERENCE ORGANISATION

ip: Financial Tin London SW1Y4	nes Conference Organisation, 126 Jermyn Street, 1UJ Tel: 01-925 2323 Telenc27347 FTCONFG Fanc 01-925 2125
	me further details on the Capital Markets Workshop
UNE	
OSITION	
OMPANY -	
ADDRESS -	
·	
	TELFX

### **ALUMINIUM**

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

26th October 1988

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

> Anthony G. Hayes e≡ 021-454-0922

or write to him at:

Financial Times George House George Road Edgbaston

Birmingham B15 1PG

FINANCIALTIMES



# Made in Hong Kong

The future of Hong Kong is in its youth. A new generation who will continue to shape what has become one of the world's most dynamic economic forces. Because in Hong Kong today, they are the single greatest natural resource.

And no matter where their futures take them, through the ranks of business or the corridors of power, no other company will be as directly involved in every facet of their lives as Hutchison Whampoa.

For more information on the strength and depth of our local and international capabilities, please contact us directly.

Hutchison Whampoa. Part of today's world.

**Hutchison Whampoa Limited** 



UK: The Lord Derwent L.V.O., 9 Queen Street, London, W1X 7PH, Fax: 01-491-0872 HK: W. Shurniak, Hutchison House, 22/F, Hong Kong, Fax: 852-5-8100705

PRODUCERS NEVER tire of reminding us that if all the gold mined since the beginning of time could be put together in one lump it would make a cube measuring only 16 metres on each

But gold production is increas-ing at such a pace that they will soon have to do their calculations all over again. Since 1980, when 950 tonnes of gold was mined, annual production has risen by half to about 1,380 tonnes last year and many forecasters expect the total to reach 1,500 tonnes in

the early 1990s.
Gold is subject to the normal influences of supply and demand as the price - which in the cur-rent decade has been as high as \$850 a troy ounce in 1980 and down to \$284.25 an ounce in 1985

With this in mind, more than 70 producers from seven countries have banded together and are providing \$65m a year to promote their product through a Geneva-based organisation called the World Gold Council.

While the budget is large it is by no means large enough to allow the council to promote gold in all its forms in all the world's

So some extensive market research has been carried out to establish how the cash can best

The opportunity for a fundamental re-think arose because just over a year ago the organisa-tion which previously carried the burden of promoting gold round the world, the International Gold Corporation (Intergold), was wound-up and replaced by the council. The move reflected the relative decline of South Africa's importance as a gold producer as output in countries such as Australia, Canada and the US grew rapidly. Intergold had been

financed by the South African Chamber of Mines. Research to establish how the new organisation could best use the available money showed that resources should be concentrated primarily on promoting gold jewellery - but only in six major markets (the US, Japan, West Germany, France, Italy, and the

UK) and Switzerland.
Promoting gold as an investment in the US, West Germany and Japan, should also pay big dividends, the research showed. The council therefore rationalised its organisation and stopped promoting jewellery in 11 minor markets. It cut the number of offices to nine (Hong Kong, Tokyo, London, Milan, Munich, Paris, New York, Rio de Janeiro and the headquarters in Geneva) by closing down in Brussels, Barcelona and Johannesbourg and

reduced its staff to 135. According to Elliott "Chick" Hood, chief executive of the counGold markets

# Making a play for the jewellery trade

Ken Gooding on the aims of the newly-formed World Gold Council

\$4.5m which can be spent more

effectively.

That is particularly true for the \$45bn a year jewellery sector where gold has some catching up to do. In the 1970s jewellery was the cornerstone of the gold market, taking 60 per cent of all the metal produced. But that cornerstone has been enoting. Invallent stone has been eroding. Jewellery is now taking less than half. "Jewellery offers potential because in all major countries:

gold jewellery is growing at a slower rate than income spent on non-essentials," says Hood. Mar-kets which offer particular scope for boosting sales of gold for jew-ellery are the US and Japan. Judicious promotion could add 89 tonnes to the 211 tonnes sold to the jewellery trade in the US in 1986, while in Japan research shows the growth potential is 60 more tonnes on top of the current 90 tonnes used.

In contrast, research shows that only 58 tonnes could be expected to be added to the 135 tonnes presently consumed in the four major West European coun-

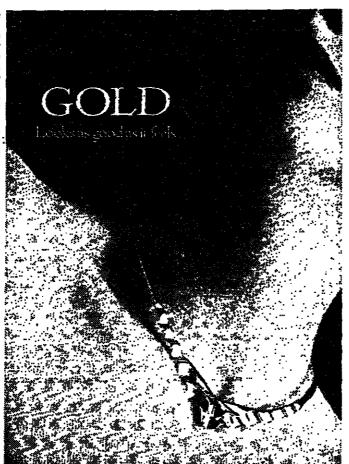
So promotion of jewellery will get \$31m of the council's available cash this year. This includes some \$3m for television advertising in the US.

The council's jewellery division works mainly with the jewellery trade and industry. By doing so it is able to coordinate consumer promotion and stimulate increased direct involvement by the trade in special projects. The council can also more easily monitor consumer and trade develop- ellery Fair at which manufactur-

aspect of this approach is that it Every year since it started in 1983 enables the council to increase the Fair has attracted 15,000 buyenables the council to increase the Fair has attracted 15,000 puythe amount of money available ers. In the first year orders taken by getting the trade and industry accounted for 10 per cent of all to contribute. This year various Japan's gold jewellery sales.

That percentage has dropped That percentage has dropped companies have guaranteed to provide another \$30m for gold wellery promotional projects.

getting this support because the Today it buys 90 tonnes. lewellery companies have seen what success its predecessor, investment in Japan ranks even intergold, had in promoting gold higher in the council's list of iewellery in Japan.



ers can exhibit only if their prod-Perhaps the most important ucts achieved certain standards.

an annual 38 tonnes of gold in Hood believes the council is jewellery in the early 1980s.

However, promoting gold as an financial priorities and it has pro-

the current price so that over a as educating mining companies period, say ten years, he has put world wide so that they undertogether that big lump of gold he stand they are in the gold busi-

The council has given help with the formulation of gold they have produced it accumulation plans not only in
Japan, where a gold bullion mered home partly by the use of
dealer has launched one, but also
in Europe. Eight West German the Western world's gold mining in Europe. Eight West German the Western world's gold mining and three Swiss banks now have industry has an annual turnover such schemes which have of about \$10bn. Spending this dready have attracted more than year on exploration alone by the 10,000 investors.

Winfried Kilp, who is responsi-ble for the council's investment major production areas. division, which receives about 26 Intergold helped Japanese jew-moted schemes such as gold per cent of the available funds, get, which should help the bring ellers to improve the design and accumulation plans which enable quality of their products and an investor to commit regular then started the Japan Gold Jew-monthly payments to buy gold at any investment product must fit new gold.

the new technology being used by financial institutions, must make training and information available for sales people and offer incentives at the retail level. The consumer must also be made aware of the product and told

aware of the product and told where to buy it.

"In the US we have to re-package gold to make it fit the new electronic systems", Kilp points out. "Brokers must be able to bring up on their screens details of gold investment packages. The

council is working on that".

A common thread to the council's spending in the investment sector is that the money is all going into areas where the results can be easily measured.

The market for gold bullion coins, which the council is heavily involved in the develo-pingt and promoting, is a case in point. The use of gold in coins has fallen from an annual 250m tonnes to 100m tonnes following the demise of the South African Krugerrand, killed off when sanc-

tions were imposed by the US and Japan in 1984. A number of minis have been attempting to fill the gap ~ three new gold bullion coins were launched in 1987 alone - "and we had to run with the ball", Kilp insists. "We feel we can help revive the coin market by offering consultancy services to the mints and bring sales back to the

200 tonnes a year level."

The council is also looking at ways it can involve itself in the European Community harmonisation process, particularly in view of the different approaches to gold coin investment. For example, the UK and West Ger-many charge VAT on the coins but Italy does not. In France VAT is paid when the coin is re-sold.
"But," says Kilp, "there is a limit to what we can achieve in the coin sector. Getting private funds into gold is the key to a really hig expansion in gold as an

Meanwhile, Hood believes the council's major achievement in its first year has been to win the full support of its members. "The World Gold Council sees its job ness and they need to care about what happens to the gold when

gold miners is conservatively estimated at \$1.1bn in the four

That means the council's bud-

# gets the special treatment

Philip Rawstorne on a developing trend in job advertising

RECRUITMENT advertising agencies in the UK are now advertising for more staff ing nationwide.

According to the Institute of Practitioners in Advertis-ing(IPA), nearly £470m was spent on job advertising in newspapers and trade press in the UK last year. It estimates that at least another £30m was spent on radio, television, ester, and transport advertis-

The Advertising Association estimates that the value of recruitment advertising in newspapers, at £364m, was up 32.3 per cent in real terms on

Hand in hand with this growth has been an incres specialisation of advertising. "Greater pressure to identify ple at all levels has led to the development of recruitment advertising into a highly sophisticated activity," says David Wheeler, director general of the IPA.

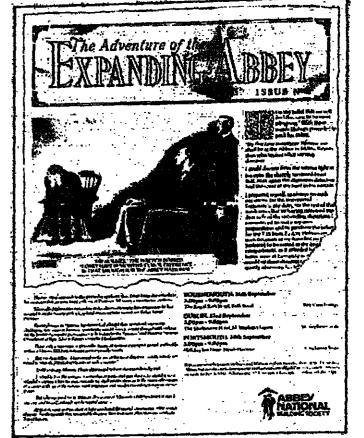
"In many instances it is beginning to converge with what is generally known as corporate advertising. It is just as important, if not more so, to get over the ethos, objectives and flavour of an organisation to would-be employees as it is to impress customers and

"The emphasis today is on image-building and corporate

projection." Nick Holker, a director of MSL Advertising, part of the Seatchi & Seatchi group, says: Three or four years ago, the recruitment business lagged well behind what was happen-ing in consumer advertising. Now we are engaged in some highly sophisticated cam-

Some of the most creative dvertisements are to be seen in the most competitive recruitment fields - areas of skills shortages such as data

MSL won a gold in the 1987



Express Newspapers recruit-ment advertising awards for an advertisement for computer staff for LLoyds Bank. It was a difficult brief. Lloyds did not want to be named in the advertisement, or even have the City mentioned, lest it should stimulate even tougher competition for recruits. But it did want the advertising to convey a general sense of banking pro-

The result was an advertise ment illustrated with photographs of pebbles - "From the stones and pebbles early man used both to calculate and to esent his wealth, there is a straight line of development straight line of development through to the highly sophisti-cated systems today employed within the financial services sector....." Holker says; "It worked very well, and that's near important A margitiment very important. A recruitment ad's success or failure is known immediately."

To recruit data processors for Abbey National, MSL devised another award-winning series of advertisements (pictured) using the building society's Baker Street address as the basis for a spoof Sher-lock Holmes Adventure of the Expanding Abbey. "This, my dear fellow, is the Abbey's second mainframe update within the past four years. Proof, if such were needed, that the company's exceptional business expansion has been very much systems led."

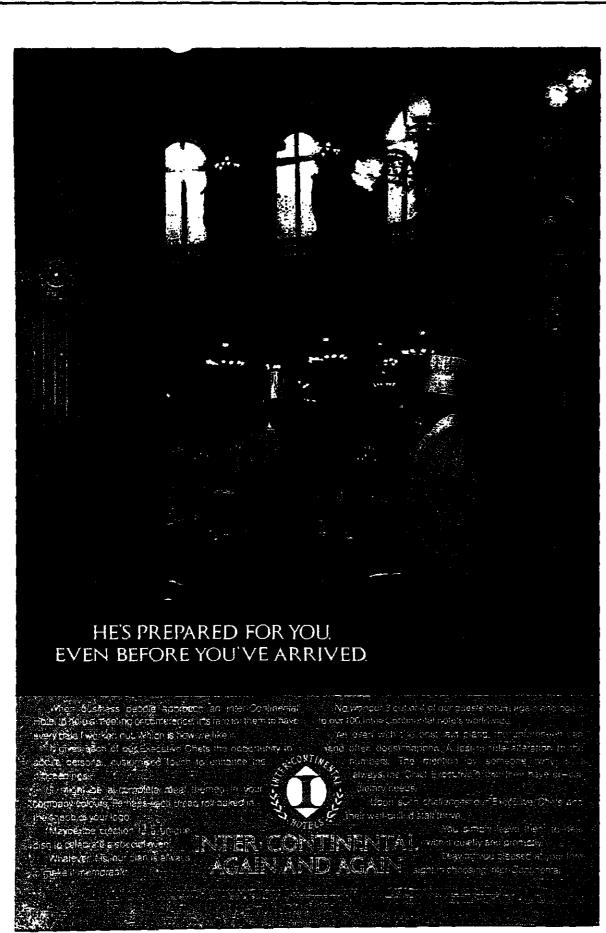
Holker says: "You cannot do that sort of thing to recruit, say, a clinical research scientist for Giaxo." But newspaper recruitment advertisements are becoming more eye catching and colourful. "Two or three years ago, we were doing maybe four colour ads a year," says Holker. "Now it's four or five a week."

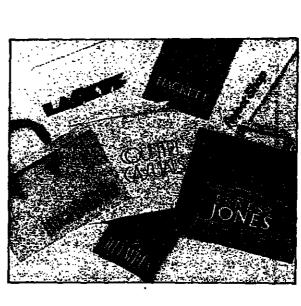
And some advertisements are spreading outside the tra-ditional recruitment pages. "After all, only the people actually looking for a job go through the recruitment pages. We have been experi-menting to see if we can catch more casual readers in the colour supplements, and tempt them to move."

Television is still rarely used for recruitment - though the Army favours it. But radio is "a great medium", says

MSL has also used posters to great effect to recruit both, staff and enstomers for new Sainsbury stores; and direct mail to target university grad-

"Our market," says Holke: "now covers all media, all industries."





# TFS: helping to increase retail profits

Sales to overseus tourists, worth billions of pounds every year, are highly profitable to retailers, and the VAT refund service provided by TFS for the UK retail trade is warmly

TFS invests heavily in promotional activities abroad. often in conjunction with the BTA, designed to attract greater numbers of visitors to Britain. Similar campaigns in this country remind them of our efficient VAT refund service, and direct them to shops and stores in which it is available.

The TFS service is completely free of charge to retailers, and has shown itself able to increase profitable export sales. There are individual documented examples among our clients who have recorded increases in VAT refundable sales of typically 20 - 25%, and in at least one case 100%, after introducing the TFS system. a mejor Britisk industry.

For further information on how tax free shopping be the UK retail trade, call us on (01) 785 3277, for us on (01) 785 7410, or write to Lars Welinder Tourist Tax Free Shopping Limited, Europa House 266 Upper Rickmand Road, Lendon SW15 6TQ.

Tourist Tax Free Shopping Europe's Largest VAT Refund Service



# EVER THOUGHT OF STARTING YOUR OWN BUSINESS AS A SECOND CAREER, TALK TO US like many a senior manager, you probably sense the need for a change of direction. A challenge that goes beyond IDCT merely repeating past success. There are, of course, numerous routes open to you. Either starting your own business. Or buying one. Or even arranging a buy-out. INVESTORS IN INDUSTRY Whichever you take, you should beat a path to our door. Since 1982, we've contributed finance to over 1,600 new businesses, providing £64 million for 274 start-ups in the last year alone. In our experience, those with a proven track record in management are the most likely to succeed. Once we've helped them get their show on the road.

path to our door. Since 1932, we've contributed finance follows for the state of th

31 GROUP PLC, 91 WATERLOO ROAD, LONDON SEI 8XP. TEL: 01 928 7822. FRANKFURT AM MAÎN, TEL: 6974 0835. PARIS, TEL: 464 09999, BOSTON, MA, TEL: 617 542 8560. NEWPORT BEACH. CA. TEL: 714 720 1421.

Paul Abrahams reports on the new services available to the public through advances in digital telephone technology

# The computer which can understand you

ask questions of computers and latest machines can provide every year for the past eight receive the answers by telephone, many more services. thanks to advances in digital storage techniques and voice rec-

managing director of Telecom becoming big business. Estimates Potential, one of the service pro- of turnover for 0898 premium serviders. "There is no need to

could become as important as the printing press," says Jeff Wilson, managing director of Hampshirebased Telsis, one of the leading UK manufacturers of voice publishing technology. Wilson says that premium ser-

vices now available are a quantum leap from the talking clock telephone which users in Europe and North America have been

consulting for years.
"The market really began to expand rapidly with the introduction of intelligent digital systems," says David Wade, group manager at Marconi means the computer can recognise a key word from the caller and give an appropriate response. The technology which made this leap possible sprang from

 Direct dial interface (DDI) which allows different services to be given over the same line. Previously, services using answering machines could only provide one line for each message. Now, one digital system with DDI, operating say 60 lines, can supply any of 1,000 messages over them. Digital storage of the human

voice and advances in software, which dispense with tape recordings and enable the computer to edit words to form sentences that answer the particular query.

• Multiple frequency and voice recognition, which allow interaction between the caller and the

The advantages of the new digital equipment are considerable," says Wade. "Machines with

A NEW INDUSTRY is being created by digital technology – ciently than earlier systems, such as those which proliferated in the Members of the public can now US in the early 1980s." And the

many more services.

Although there are no published details about the size of ognition.

"The technology effectively using digital technology, analysts provides user friendly access to databases and information by the telephone," says Peter McCarthy,

Technology effectively using digital technology, analysts are convinced that it is expanding a superior of the provided that it is expanding to the provided that it is expanded to the

vices in the UK are as high as £100m a year for some 150m calls. understand computers - you given a year for some 150m calls. Just dial a number and speak."

"As a mechanism for imparting information, voice publishing called La Kiosque Telephonique, was used 160m times, providing a revenue of FFr1.37bn (£130m). The revenue is divided between the telephone companies and the service providers.

Analysts believe that growth in premium services is attractive to telecommunication companies not only because it generates more calls, but also because it creates usage outside peak hours, smoothing out traffic and provid-ing more efficient use of plant. Although figures are hard to come by, it appears that the ser-vice-supplying companies — of which there are more than 60 in

mation service provided by Financial Times Business Infor-mation, has traded profitably from its first day of operation.

The range of services generating that income is wide. Telephone users can access sports reports, share prices, rock music and advice on health for both

humans and animals.

However, the possibility of interaction provided by touchtone, or multi-frequency, telephones and voice recognition has opened up other markets for the information providers. These include:
Closed user groups, for which

subscribers pay a fee in addition to the normal premium rate. Typically, these services provide information about the form of racehorses, supplied by trainers. One such scheme, which has a membership of 2,000, charges a £650 fee for the index containing the numbers needed to gain information about particular

• Career lines, which provide access to databases of informaspeech and information systems the UK – are also benefiting tion about jobs. Once listeners division in Portsmouth. This from the expansion in services. Peter McCarthy, managing they want to apply, they can give



Wendy Shone, editor of FT Cityline, operating the Marconi

their name, address and telephone number to the machine, that speech independent technol-Tapes of the replies are then pro-vided each day to the relevant voices is difficult, particularly in

 Interactive adventure games, which allow players to act out roles of characters in fantasy or detective stories. The game provides players with a number of accents which provides a reasonchoices - given through either ably large vocabulary and 90 per touch-tone buttons or voice recount reliability. It is believed that ognition - which affect the way the game proceeds. The words Clydesdale banks are about to the player wants to use have to launch a service offering bank be recorded at the beginning of account information.

The main UK manufacturers of that the growth of the premium the digital equipment used for voice publication, Marconi — a subsidiary of GEC — and Telsis, believe that speech independent technology, which does not require the pre-recording of difficult to hold back because of words will onen an significant the regulations governing free.

Jeff Wilson at Telsis explains the UK where there are so many

ing network services at British

"The 976 premium services in

the States got off to a bad start.
Pornography assumed such
importance that it tainted the
system in the eyes of the popula-

tion. Major players began to pull out," he explains.

However, analysts point out that the development of premium rate systems depends upon the attitudes of the national telecom-

munications companies. They also argue that BT has succeeded in controlling the problem.

agreed to end a telephone confer-ence system called Talkabout,

which was aimed at teenagers

and caused complaints because

BT has also been willing to cut

the service providers, found all

their services suspended after there were complaints about the

antics of "Nina the nurse". This

sort of sanction is particularly effective given the profits involved in 1986, for example,

one company made £5m. The French PTT is considering legis-lation to control pornographic

services provided on its Kiosque

Analysts believe that measures

Analysis believe that ineasures such as these will allow the market to develop rapidly. The Netherlands has recently introduced a service and Australia is to launch one later this year.

ended in July.

Telecom (BT).

the National Westminster and

Nevertheless, there are worries

words, will open up significant the regulations governing free-markets. dom of speech," admits Terry youngsters were running up huge bills. A similar system offered by the PTT in France, called Teleconvivialité, is to be

tem can handle a maximum of 40 calls simultaneously but

However, the future of Televox is overshadowed not only by the commercial uncertain ties surrounding any new business, but also by an unresolved legal dispute with Oracle. Teleyox recently won a High Court injunction compelling Oracle to transmit its signals but the case has yet to come to trial.

Clive Cookson

# about 'progress'

Japanese doubts

While the Japanese are relatively self-effacing about their efforts in technology, Americans enorts in technology, American are more likely to regard them-selves as leaders. Both countries, it appears, share a common dis-dain for UK performance.

effects.

While 79 per cent of those polled in the US reckoned technology would have a positive impact on working conditions, only 40 per cent in Japan agreed with this proposition. Eleven per cent in the US said it would have a negative effect, compared with 21 per cent in Japan.

ZI per cent in Japan.

Both BT and the French PTT 21 per cent in Japan.

As to people's enjoyment of the respondents in the US poll said technology would help in this regard, while the figure for Japan was 46 per cent. A quarter of the men and women in the US survey said specific programmes.

Soviet Union and France came out less favourably in technology on the savourably in technological progress would are withdrawing services which might have affected the reputa-tion of premium rate services. BT technological progress would have a positive influence on moral values, in contrast to just 5

per cent in Japan. Only 47 per cent of the Japa-nese sample thought science and technology had scope for making work more interesting, and 73 per cent said automation would elimoff the telephone lines of suppli-ers of salacious material. Com-munications and Media, one of mate more jobs than it would create. The figures for the US were 71 per cent and 44 per cent

> tion in areas such as construc-tion of nuclear plants and drug development. Nearly four fifths were insufficient, compared with 38 per cent in the US. Some two fifths believed there was insufficient control of genetic engineering, in contrast to one in five in the US.
>
> The data are contained in a 353-page volume, Science and Engineering Indicators, 1987; available from National Science Foundation, Washington DC 20550. of their sample said government regulations in food additives were insufficient, compared with

People were also asked how

terparts in the US. They also of Japan in basic science, with 23 want more government regulation to shield them from the per cent saying it was behind, more than 50 per cent believed the US was absend of West Gertal advance. many, Britain and France. They were more sanguine.

however, about Japan's efforts in civilian and industrial technology - 66 per cent thought their country was behind Japan.
There was less of a tendency to

if appears, share a common disdain for UK performance.

These conclusions arise from a group of international opinion polls, the results of which have been summarised by the National Science Foundation, a US Government agency.

The polls reveal that the Japanese, who are generally thought to be in the vanguard of technological progress, are by no means happy about the perceived effects.

While 79 per cent of those of the areas surveyed industrial technological capabilities, the UK came bottom with France) in each of the areas surveyed industrial technology.

Only 21 per cent of people in the Japanese survey said they would support work aimed at discovering intelligent beings in space, compared with a figure of 64 per cent in the US. More than half the US sample wanted to see work aimed at creating new kinds of plant or animal life, while the figure for Japan was only 10 per cent.

71 per cent and 44 per cent respectively.

The Japanese were more likely than their US counterparts to want more government regulation in areas such as construction of nuclear plants and drug with 68 per cent in the US sur-

Peter Marsh

# Calling up information on the television

A NEW service which combines voice publishing with teletext — the provision of information via television broadcasts - has just been launched by a small Cambridge company, McCallum Televox. It is intended to be a medium for advertising holidays, houses, cars and jobs.

Users of the Televox service need only have a telephone and a television set equipped to receive teletext. Five million such sets are already installed in the UK.

A subscriber calls the Televox Centre in Cambridge on an

0896 number, for which he pays 25p or 38p per minute, depend-ing on the time of day. The voice recognition equipment, which is manufactured by Votan in the US, asks him first to repeat six control words so as to get used to his pronuncia-tion. He then uses simple com-binations of these words to select pages of text from a potentially large database.

Televox already has 50 advertisers and 400 pages of advertis-ing and the target is to build up to 4,500 pages by the end of the first year. The company hopes to receive 2m calls from subscribers in the first year and 45m in the second.

The pages of text are broad-cast by the Independent Broadcasting Authority's transmitters, using the facilities of the IBA's Oracle teletext service. Televox uses part of the space reserved for subscription tele-text services aimed at special groups. Malcolm McConachie, anaging director of Televox, says that on average there is a four second delay between requesting a page on the tele-phone and seeing it appear on

At present the Televox sys-

McConachie says its capacity could be increased substan-





When you're travelling it's reassuring to know you can rely on a perfectly coordinated flight schedule. Carefully devised to allow for time differences at each destination, with

no-wait connections, at convenient times. Ensuring you can make the most of your day. Only a truly international airline can make this possible. And if that airline can also offer

you the warmth and hospitality of the Spanish sun, you should have no doubts as to which way to fly.

# **BP** and Texaco lift petrol price, others to follow

BY STEVEN BUTLER

BRITISH PETROLEUM raised petrol prices by a sp a gallon yes-terday morning. Texaco followed in the afternoon with a 3.7p increase and other oil companies were expected to announce similar moves in the coming days. BP, Britain's third largest petrol retailer, said the increase was prompted by rising prices on the Rottendam gasoline spot market and by fierce price competition domestically, which had resulted in the company losing money on petrol sales.

BP's maximum price for four star petrol (high octane) rose to 179.9p a gallon from midnight last night, while Texaco said its prices for similar fuel would average 174p from tonight.

Mobil is expected to announce

a decision on prices today. Shell said it would take no immediate action but added that it welcomed the price increase and believed the BP move was inade-quate. Esso, Britain's biggest retailer, made no comment. This latest round of general price increases, the first in 18

months, comes in the midst of an start of the year, buoyant inquiry into petrol retailing by a demand for gasoline in the US select Trade and industry Committee in the House of Commons.

Yesterday, oil industry execu-

turbed two weeks ago when the ship of companies is increasingly Committee took the unusual step irrelevant.

sion. Texaco said it had taken its decision independently and others stressed that they were reacting to identical market conditions that had steeply eroded

Spot prices for prompt deliv-ery, premium gasoline in north west Europe have risen from \$169 a tonne on April 1 to \$196 a tonne

prices.

Although sterling crude oil prices have been weak since the start of the year, buoyant demand for gasoline in the US and Europe has taken supplies a "little England" mentality and out of the spot market and said that the nationality of con-

### ICI to shed 550 jobs in fertiliser division

BY ANDREW TAYLOR

IMPERIAL Chemical Industries, Britain's biggest chemicals com-pany, yesterday announced plans to cut 550 jobs in its loss-making UK fertiliser operations. It years ago it made a trading profit blamed plant closures on falling demand from farmers and overca-

pacity at fertiliser companies in Britain and overseas.

The cost of the closures and redundancies of \$44m will be included in the group's 1968 accounts as an extraordinary item. The company also intends to spend about £30m over the next three years improving the efficiency of its remaining Nitram (ammonium nitrate) and

compound fertiliser plants.
The group said the cuts were needed to bring the fertiliser division's capacity into line with demand. It follows redundancies at Norsk Hydro and UKF, the sec-ond and third largest UK fertil-

ICI is Britain's biggest fertiliser

capital punishment are one of the rituals of parliamentary life. Their outcomes are wholly predictable with restoration being defeated by more than 100 votasfollowing speeches which tend to be rambling and lacklustre. Tuesday's debate, ending with a 341 to 218 margin against capital punishment, was no exception. The poor quality of the conclusion.

debate reflected the certainty of the conclusion.

Yet the final vote did provide a revealing insight into the chang-ing nature of the Conservative Party. At one level it confirmed how Mrs Thatcher's views in favour of restoration do not hold sway on free votes and moral issues. Not only did the Cahinet vote 2-to-1 against capital punish-ment but so did both Mr Peter Brooke, the Conservative Party

Since then demand for chemical fertilisers has fallen away as farmers have become more efficient. The fertiliser industry fears that farming output may be reduced in future, as a result of measures to control European Community spending on agricul-ture. There is also growing con-

cern about the environmental effects of chemicals in fertilisers. ICI, announcing its first quar-ter results at the end of April, gave a warning that the wet start to the year had restricted demand for fertilisess and that prices had remained unsatisfac-tory amid severe competition.

The job losses will occur during the next 2% years at the Barton and Beverley plants on Hum-berside on the north-east coast,

Vote against hanging takes on

strong element of ritualism

HOUSE of Commons debates on capital punishment are one of the rituals of parliamentary life. Their outcomes are wholly predictable with restoration being defeated by more than 100 votesfollowing speeches which tend to be rambling and lacklustre.

Tuesday's debate, ending with a 341 to 218 margin against capital punishment, was no exception. The poor quality of the debate reflected the certainty of

at selection conferences of potential parliamentary candidates.

Some of the younger Tory MPs who spoke on Tuesday offered a definition of their role closer to Mr Tony Benn's than the party's traditional Burkean view of the independent representative (already somewhat qualified given the power of the party's parliamentary managers).

Mr Tony Desire the question of the debates are not just a pointiess ritual. As Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary, noted in one of the few high-quality contributions on Tuesday, these debates "may deflect our attention and energies from the real; issues of how to check and reverse the general rise in violent crime which has continued since the mid-1950s."

### MPs back decision not to refer Nestlé bid

By Peter Riddell, Political Editor

MR KENNETH Clarke, the Indus-try Minister, yesterday addressed tives were privately nervous that their actions would be seen as a demonstration of collusion on prices.

The privately nervous that try Minister, yesterday andresses their actions would be seen as a demonstration of collusion on prices.

The privately nervous that try Minister, yesterday andresses their particular of the privately andresses their privately nervous that try Minister, yesterday andresses their actions would be seen as a demonstration of collusion on prices.

the managing director of Shell lors of the Monopolies and Mergers Commission.

The Government had a comfortable majority of 98 at the end of a half-day debate on the Government's decision not to refer the hid by Nestle' of Switzerland for the Rowntree confectionery group to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission. Tory MPs abstained, mainly members from Yorkshire constituencies near the Rowntree head-

quarters.
The opposition Labour spoke men, Mr Bryan Gould and Mr Tony Blair, and several Tory MPs warned that the Rowntree deci-sion could open the way for a wave of takeovers by foreign yesterday. RP said UK pump companies. They cited, in partic-prices were now running about ular, Cadbury Schweppes (in 10 per cent below Rotterdam spot which General Cinema of the US

> panies was becoming "increas-ingly irrelevant in modern trad-ing conditions." Arguing about the nationality of a company was

chauvinistic nonsense.' He defended the operation of the capital market in which the free flow of capital determined the best use of resources and

Mr Bryan Gould, Labour's trade and industry spokesman, accused the Government of "a derelicton of duty" by putting "buge numbers of British companies at risk " Mr Malcolm Bruce, the Social

and Liberal Democrat industry spokesman, called for changes in

hear the company's Bournville plant, who warned that Britain faced the possibility of losing ownership of almost the entire chocolate-confectionery industry.

cials of Rowntree unions, the GMB general union, the TGWU general union and Usdaw the retail and distribution union, yes-terday called on the company to half the domestic market. Last Leith in Scotland, Severnside seek guarantees on future year the group's fertiliser divinear Bristol and at Billingham on employment levels in talks with sion made a trading loss of 24m, Teesside in the north-east.

# Amstrad-Murdoch alliance aims at Europe

Europeans will be able to view up announced that his company to four more television channels would simultaneously start produced that his company to four more television channels would simultaneously start produced that his company to four more television channels would simultaneously start produced that his company to four more television channels would simultaneously start produced that his company the confined to four more television channels would simultaneously start produced that his company the confined to four more television channels would simultaneously start produced that his company the confined to four more television channels would simultaneously start produced the channels will be confined to the UK, while its news and evaluation to the UK, while its news and evaluation to the UK, while its news and evaluation between Mr Rupert Mursup Mr Alam Sugar Market and Mr Alam Sugar Mr Murdoch said that Sky doch and Mr Alan Sugar.

At a joint press conference in in diameter, will retail for £199.

London yesterday, Mr Murdoch There will be an additional installation charge of about £40, but no subscription charge. medium-powered satellite, which

Although Mr Murdoch and Mr medium-powered sateinte, which is to be kunched in November.
Mr Sugar, chairman of Sugar have dovetailed their blans, the UK consumer electronics company, who Mr Murtoch and Mr Murtoch a

narket, where demand is expected to be strongest.

The only multilingual channel will be Sky's sports channel, Eurosport, and there could be problems in getting even this off the ground. Screensport, a rival sports channel owned by WH Smith, has brought an anti-com-petition action before the European Commission against Euros-

Sky's feature film channel, on

Mr Murdoch said that Sky would be regulated by Britain's Cable Authority. However, it had agreed voluntarily also to abide by the standards on sex and violence which are being developed by Britain's new Broadcasting

Mr Murdoch, however, refu to be drawn on the editorial pol-ley of Sky's news channel, which

is to be modelled on the US's Cable News Network.

Hugo Dixon examines the latest bid for the satellite TV market

# Potentially lethal pre-emptive strike

THE SATELLITE television alli- date yet. nursing painful wounds.

Comparing the forthcoming for the UK.

battle to that between Sony and Amstrad expects to have sold

Matsushita for dominance of the 1m dishes in Britain by the end

make life difficult for Mr Mur-broadcasting standard. BSB and doch's main competitors - British the Maxwell consortium are plan-

doch's four Sky TV channels by available in large quantities until paying £200 (about \$360) for a next year. Second, the cost of receiving dish made by Amstrad. adding such a decoding device to This compares with about £1,000 satellite receiving equipment is for the present generation of expected to double the price to receiving dishes and probably the consumer.

ance between Mr Rupert Mur-doch and Mr Alan Sugar, Amstrad/Murdoch attack is in unveiled yesterday, has launched the UK, where the bulk of its a war over technical broadcast-ing standards which seems likely However, Sky plans to broadcastto leave some of the participants to Europe, using a slightly differ-nursing painful wounds.

video recorder market in the of 1989, and a further 1m annuvinceo recorder market in the or ises, and a littles im ambiearly 1960s, Mr Sugar, chairman ally thereafter. The company has
of Amstrad, the consumer electronics company, said: "The person that sold more - the person
consumer electronics retailer,
that promoted more - was the
winner in the end."

The Murdoch-Sugar alliance is lower cost and earlier start by essentially a pre-emptive strike taking the controversial decision on the British satellite TV mar- to transmit Sky's programmes in ket, which seems intended to PAL, the existing European

Satellite Broadcasting and a conning to transmit in D-Mac, a sortium consisting of Mr Robert more sophisticated standard.

Maxwell, British Telecom and There are two problems with There are two problems with D-Mac. First, the microchips The battle will be fought in the needed to decode signals sent in areas of price and speed. Viewers D-Mac and convert them to the will be able to receive Mr Mur- present PAL standard will not be

spokesman, called for changes in mergers policy to shift the onus of proof in merger decisions so that gains for the consumer interest would have to be proved.

The position of Cadbury Schweppes was highlighted by Mr Denis Howell, Tory and Labour MPs respectively from next that it plans to start broadcasting will be adaptable to receive before the end of next year. The D-Mac, it remains to be seen Maxwell consortium has no firm whether consumers will be pre-



Rupert Murdoch at yesterday's launch of the new consortium

pared to pay the extra cost. Analysts said that BSB was likely to be worst hit by Mr Mur-doch's aggressive move. One posdoch's aggressive move. One possibility is that the rival consortiums might switch to PAL temporarily. There have been indications that the Maxwell is not, however, possible with the grouping may be reconsidering along these lines.

BSB, however, seems to be sticking to its gums. It also denied that Mr Murdoch's decision would cause it any problems in completing a £400m financial package planned for next year.

tive strike, there are three major question marks hanging over his

 Will the Astra satellite be successfully launched in November? Amstrad is safe from this worry because Astra and Mr Murdoch have indemnified it against a failed launch.

• Will Sky TV be able to get good quality programmes? W.H. Smith has already challenged Sky's planned Eurosport channel through the European Commis sion on the grounds that its alternative Screensport channel is being unfairly denied access to

There could also be problems gaining the rights to broadcast enough feature films, because many have already been sold to continental cable TV channels. Can satellite TV be a commercial success if it is free?

Mr Murdoch said that he could earn enough revenue from advertising once there were 3m-5m British homes with dishes and that he expected to achieve this critical mass within three years.

CIT Research, the specialist communications analyst, is there-Murdoch has dealt with the competition and built up a sufficient viewing base, he will turn to December. fore predicting that, once Mr

### SE agrees procedure to select chairman

By Clive Wolman

THE STOCK Exchange Council has this week approved a secre-tive and tortuous procedure for ensuring the "emergence" of a suitable new chairman to replace from Sir Nicholas Goodison within the next month, three months before the official elections are due to be held.

With due deference for Stock Exchange tradition, the procedure will feature soundings by two scrutineers followed by a postal ballot of Council members, followed in turn by several rounds of on-the-spot Council ballots, held one immediately after the other until the chairman emerges, Vatican-style. The pro-cedure is thought to be the brain-child of Sir Nicholas and Mr Martin Fidler, the Stock Exchange

secretary. The purpose of the procedure is The purpose of the procedure is to avoid anything as vulgar as an election contest, let alone a public campaign, and to reassure candidates that they will suffer no embarrasament if they lose, because nobody is supposed to know that they stood in the first place, not even the electors.

The first stage, to be held in a few days towards the and of

few days towards the end of June, will be supervised by the two scrutineers, both Council members, who are Mr Graham Kennedy and the Honourable Nicholas Assheton.

The two men will speak to all members of the Council about their own aspirations and their opinions of the capabilities of the others and of possible outsiders.

As a result of their soundings, they will post to Council mem-bers a list of 10 or so possible candidates and ask each one to select five.
Shortly afterwards, the 35

Council members will meet to be informed of the five candidates who received the most votes and their views on whether they wish to stand. Voting between the five will then take place.

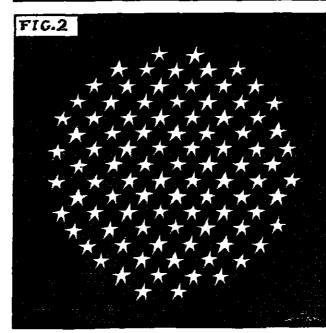
The outside world will then be informed that a new chairman designate has emerged who will

### THE WAY YOU SEE EUROPE DEPENDS ON WHO YOU ARE.

From the outside, Europe can be seen simply as an emerging political entity (see fig.1). But as most businessmen know, on the inside it's a vibrant economic



community packed with places generating a lot of business (see fig. 2). So if you fly for business we think you should fly with people who fly for the businessman: Air France, With 94 destinations in Europe alone we not only regularly go where everybody else does, but also to places nobody gives a second thought to, until they have to go there. In fact, we fly to more cities in Europe than any other airline. And if that isn't enough incentive for you to fly with us, fly with us for our service. You'll find that it also rates a few stars.



# WHERE'S YOUR FLEET GOING?

issues. Not only did the Cabinet vote 2-to-1 against capital punishment but so did both Mr Peter Brooke, the Conservative Party Chairman, and Mr Cranley Onslow, the chairman of the 1922 committee of Tory members.

However, the figures illustrate how Conservative MPs have become steadily more Thatcherite in their views on moral issues like capital punishment. Among those Tory MPs elected before the 1979 general election, the



Over 30 years in the driving seat. Services Ltd.

THE FINE ART ## OF FLYING AIR FRANCE

# Accountancy Personnel Placing Accountants First



### **FINANCE DIRECTOR**

YOUNG A.C.A.

£30,000+Car+Benefits

The legal profession is undergoing a period of dramatic change, extending its sphere of influence throughout the business world.

More importantly, as a key member of a talented executive team, you will be instrumental in the development of financial strategy and corporate planning by demonstrating the ability to innovate and contribute both intellectually and commercially.

succeed at the highest level. REF: KB.

For further details plea 49 King Street, ter M2 7AY Tel: 061-834 9733

Our client, one of the leading commercial firms in the North West, is at the forefront of this development, playing a pro-active role both within industry and the City. Your brief will be to contribute to the maximisation of commercial opportunities for the firm in this exciting new environment. Acting at partner level you will be responsible for the effective control of the finance function including the further improvement of computerised management reporting systems.

This position represents a unique opportunity for an exceptional young Chartered Accountant with the intellect, business acumen and commercial flair to

### NAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT Major Service Group with an impressive record of growth seeks as a recently qualified graduate Accountant (28-29) to join its small

a recently quantied gramme Accountant (20-29) to join as small Head Office function. The position is primarily project based and is seen as a fast track entry point into the organisation. The role will involve performance reviews, pre and post-acquisition work, as well as the identification and resolution of key business problems. There will be significant exposure to the Main Board and senior divisional management.

### COUNTANT - RETAIL

Our Client is a major British retailer with a multi billion pound turnover and a reputation for quality and service. The environment is demanding and the emphasis is upon the achievement of results. A young newly qualified Accountent, with highly deschoed interpersonal and presentation skills, is currently being sought to provide the financial expertise for a project which will aim to develop, for one major market sector, a strategy identifying the nacessary resources required to create a competitive, cort effective distribution network for the 1990's. Recent and future developments will ensure considerable acope for rapid career moreasion.

Contact London Office a

### INANCE MANAGER

Our Client, a rapidly expanding division of a major stavice suggestion, seeks a dynamic ACA to beed up its accounting function. Separating to the Group Finance Director, you will be responsible for business planning and strategy, as well as the day to day management of a team of over 20 staff. Your brief will also include homestic actions of the day long to the day to day management of a team of over 20 staff. Your brief will also sel firm and possess at least 3 years experience with rward thinking service organisation. A sound busin nd first class communication skills are also essential

### Contact Birmingham Office

London: Walter House, Bedford Street, 418 The Strand London WCZR OPT: Telephone: 01-836 3545. hirmingham: Kensington House, Suffulk Street irmingham B1 1LN. Telephone: 021-643 1663.

# Financial Controller

to £28,000 + car + benefits

North West

This is a key influential appointment in the finance function of a mejor market leading service industry company that is part of a blue chip British owned international group. You will be responsible to the Finance Director for all financial/accounting metters concerned with the management of the UK operation; with the accent on developing and maintaining financial control in this rapidly expanding high

wolume business. As a qualified accountant aged 30–40, you must be able to demonstrate an innovative approach to the development of integrated computerised information-systems as well

as having a flair for team leadership. For an experienced and creative accountant this is an exceptional accounting to contribute to streamlining the control of, and influencing the growth of, this progressive busine Excellent career prospects exist within the Group. Relocation assistance will be provided where appropriate. Candidates who meet this exacting specification should write in confidence with full c.v. and salary details quoting reference AR/140 to Brett Bull,

Merch Consulting Group, 33 King Street Manchester M2 6AA.

CONSULTING GROUP

SOUTHAMPTON INSTITUTE OF HIGHER EDUCATION

# Finance and Services Manager Salary circa £30,000 pa.

The institute will, on the 1st April 1989, be established as a corporate body

responsible for the management of its total resources. Before that date the Governors are seeking to appoint a person to be responsible to the Principal for the development and management of Financial,

Personnel and Estate Services. The person appointed will have had significant financial management experience, gained in a commercial environment, be a qualified Accountant with

For further details of this post apply to Mr. J.W. Longden, The Principal, Southampton Institute of Higher Education, East Park Terrace, Southampton,

Closing date for applications is monday 20th June 1988.

# Government 'will not curb | Degree council to access to consumer credit'

Francis Maude, minister for cor-

porate affairs. Mr Maude told a conference in London that it would be wrong to impose restrictions on credit in order to protect a small proportion of borrowers from the conse-quences of their own decisions. Regulations would be tight-

ened, however, to ensure that borrowers were fully aware of both the costs and possible conse-quences of credit agreements, he said. The key to more responsible borrowing and lending was to provide better information about credit and to educate borrowers.

"Credit offers great benefits for age rates shown in advertisments the vast majority of consumers for credit facilities. for whom it is a servant and not Under the proposed changes. Citizens Advice Bureaux have a master, and it gives people the expected to take effect at the end "risen astronomically".

GOVERNMENT action to restrict freedom and flexibility to manage of the year, the advertised cost of the availability of consumer credit their financial affairs in the way was ruled out yesterday by Mr that suits them best," he said.

ing signs" that consumers were being more more selective about credit terms and that competition in interest rates was starting to become a reality. Mr Maude was speaking at a

"cards on the table" conference organised by the Money Manage-ment Council, a charity promoting public information on personal finance, and Lovell White Durrant, the City law firm.

posing that advertisments for secured loans will have to con-tain a clear indication that the loan is secured on the borrower's home which might be at risk in the event of default.

Barlier. Mr Peter Warburton, economist at Shearson Lehman Hutton, the securities house, said consumer debt totalled about £250bn. Of this, at least half was accounted for by mortgages.

The Department of Trade and Industry was revising rules about the calculation of annual percentage rates shown in advertisments for credit facilities.

However, there were problems for some individuals. Reposse-sions of building society mortages had risen sharply and debt-related problems referred to

urge language study in business courses

BY DAVID THOMAS, EDUCATION CORRESPONDENT

THE COUNCIL for National Academic Awards, responsible for advice is likely to be influential.

Mr Ken Bromfield, CNAA assistant registrar for business that all business students should study a foreign language as part of the preparation for the internal European market in 1952.

It also plans to recommend in business as the common internal common internal in business as the common internal commo

THE COUNCIL for National Acaticular components in degrees, its

It also plans to recommend that business students on sandwich courses should spend at least part of their time on an analysis of their time of their time on an analysis of their time of their t verseas secondment. to advise colleges to equip stu-the CNAA monitors 130 busi-dents to cope with certain stainness-related degree courses in 120 polytechnics and colleges. These courses include business studies, accounting and secretarial

all business students are taught While the CNAA cannot about the business environment instruct colleges to include par- in key countries.

# City companies win community aid awards

BY HAZEL DUFFY

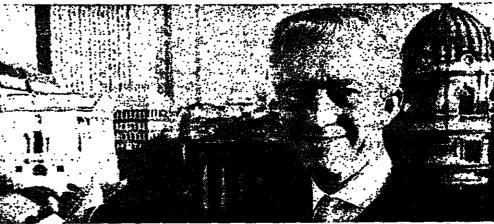
EAST LONDON schools, rented nousing on the City of London's fringes and Brixton workshops all figured prominently yesterday when the Lord Mayor of London presented the first Dragon Awards for business involvement in the community.

The awards, small statuettes modelled on the City's heraldic dragon, were introduced by the previous Lord Mayor of London, Sir David Rowe-Ham, to draw attention to the efforts of some companies to help the less privileged. Prizewinners received their trophies at a banquet last night at Mansion House, the Lord Mayor's traditional residence. Forty schemes were submitted

from companies either based in the City or with some connection there. They represented private investment in community proects of more than £15m. that City companies can make, Senior managers were involved offices and word processors. With The winners came from Whit- and which made an impact on in several of the schemes. Mr support from the Manpower Serjects of more than £15m. bread, Mercury Asset Management, Halifax Building Society, Barclays Bank and the Forbes

Business in the Community. (BiC) which administers the Nicholas Goodison, chairman of awards, says the judges "wanted the Stock Exchange; Sir Hector a balanced portfolio, which Laing chairman of RiC; and Mr

Trust set up by Mr Forbes Camp-



Sir Greville Spratt, one of the panel of judges, against the City of Lo showed genuine innovation, Geoffrey Owen, editor of the fund. The Forbes Trust put in a which reflected well on the role financial Times.

Senior managers were involved offices and word processors. With

word-process

Amir Bhatia, of the Forbes Trust vices Commission and Project noted that postgraduate students Fullemploy, it hopes to service all needed to have their academic universities in the next five The judges were Sir Greville
Spratt, Lord Mayor of London;
Mr Robin Leigh-Pemberton, Governor of the Bank of England; Sir

under that postgrantage students needed to have their academic work typed cheaply. He matched the need with that of unemployed youngsters in the East End of youngsters in the East End of . Mercury Asset Management

> ing skills. The result was Project Edu-

London to receive training in

wanted to help young people to start businesses and guide them

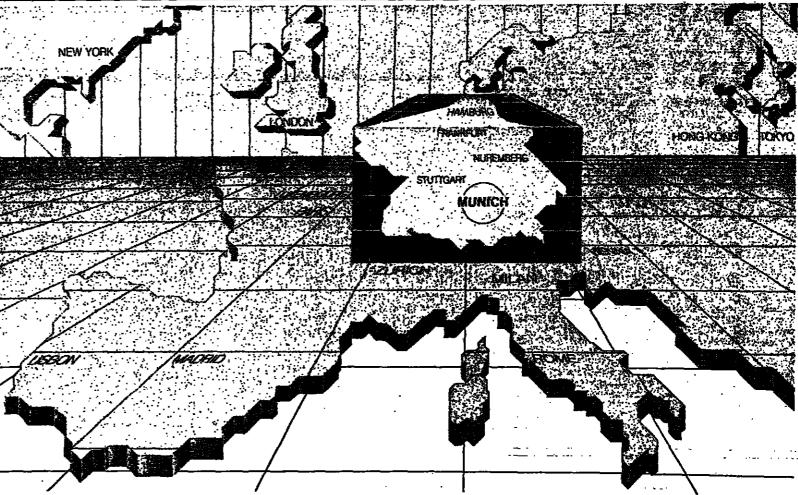
stration that the City ethos can

work elsewhere. Talks with the South London Business initiative, set up by the private sector to co-ordinate activities in this part of London, led to workshops in Brixton Road for under-25s being identified as a suitable project. Mercury has committed £50,000 funding for each of the next four years.

Whitbread, the brewers, concentrated on education. The emphasis in the East London Compact, which involves the Inner London Education Authority, the London Enterprise Agency, and employers, is on closing drawing together schools and husinesses' perception of education, said to Mr Freddie Jarvis, the East London Compact er seconded by Whitbread.

Barciays Bank is encouraging young people to contribute to their local communities through Youth Action. Last year, it gave 5350,000 to 30 projects submitted by groups of youths, themselves often from disadvantaged areas and backgrounds, who had

thought up schemes.
Halifax Building Society has pioneered ways of funding development of affordable housing.



# YPO-LAN

Touthern Germany is one of Europe's fastest Ogrowing regions, its economy fueled primarily by enormous progress in advanced technologyrelated industries and services.

This is Hypo-Land, home of Munich-based I Hypo-Bank which operates Southern Germany's largest branch network and offers banks the scope and quality of correspondent facilities you would expect from Germany's oldest joint-stock bank with total assets exceeding DM 126 billion.

Typo-Bank is equipped with state-of-the-art technical capabilities to provide instant access to intimate local market expertise built up over

150 years of activity. Our comprehensive services to banks range from routine transactions such as payments and collections and L/C's to industrial sector analyses, lock box systems and sound advice on new business potential.

Nounded in 1835 by King Ludwig I of Bavaria. I Hypo-Bank has a service tradition of royal client treatment and mutually rewarding correspondent banking relationships. For complete information on Hypo-Bank's problem-solving approach to correspondent banking and how we can help you in Hypo-Land, get in touch with our office nearest you, or with us at Theatinerstrasse 11, D-8000 Munich 2 Telephone (089) 2366-1, Telex 52865-35.

CORRESPONDENT BANKING IN THE FINEST ROYAL TRADITION



### **UK NEWS**

# CBI says more mergers will help UK to compete

BY RICHARD EVANS

rses

to City others

to South Lode iver set up by to to co-ordinate in Brixton But ing identified at it. Mercury to 1000 funding by four years, or reducation to contraction to contraction to contraction to contraction to contraction to contraction to the brown to contraction to the contraction to th

refuration to the East Long to involves the ducation Andre don Enterpre

mployers. Be to acther school by Predde la ondon Company by White

IS CHOOLINE .. contribute

minutes through

ottis, themselve alvantiged are

ing Society b of sunding dens

THE GOVERNMENT was urged yesterday by Sir Trevor Hold-sworth, president of the employ-ers' organisation, the Confedera-tion of British Industry, to promote through its merger policy the creation of more UK industrial giants to compete on

"We need a competition policy which does not frustrate Britain's need for the creation of more internationally competitive, very large, product and market orien-tated companies comparable to the giants of the US and Japan," Sir Trevor said in his first major speech since being elected CBI president

He argued that mergers were most successful in the long term where people came together in the same field. Competition pol-icy had been a barrier – and not only in Britain – because it took too narrow, and usually a nation-

too narrow, and usually a nationalistic view of the market.

"You and up with the contradiction that if you know something about the business you want to acquire, you are not allowed to acquire it. Only if you do not know anything about it are you allowed to buy it," Sir Trevor said at the CBI's south east region annual dinner in Surrey.

This had happened in the US to avoid anti-trust legislation in the 1950s and 1960s, when huge conglomerates were spawned, but hardly any had survived. "Most the American situation where there some under and been tro-there some under and oil put ing. have gone under and been tro-ken up and their parts distrib-uted to others in the same busi-



facturing sector played in provid-ing internationally tradeable goods. It provided a greater export contribution than bank-

turing sector shrink too far to provide capacity for correcting their deficit, even though the dolbesses. It is a long and painful their deficit, even though the dway to get the right results."

Sir Trever also emphasised the for exporting," he warned.

### Co-op bank emerges as first potential suitor for Girobank

BY DAVID BARCHARD AND IAN HAMILTON FAZEY

POTENTIAL BUDDERS for Giro-bank, the post office banking sub-sidiary which is to be sold by buying Girobank. auction this autumn, were slow to emerge yeaterday, with the exception of the Co-operative Bank which said that it was Unity Trust, another trade union

e ngmes. The City of London was generally cautions about prospects for Communications Workers. The the Girobank sale. "I doubt that UCW, which represents 165,000 many financial institutions post office workers, said yester-

"We shall be extremely wary of for the last six months. it." he said, listing several features of Girobank which could Girobank have also tak deter potential purchasers. These included its small market base, its lack of infrastructure, its small volume of corporate lead-ing and its lack of a branch network its banking is done over Britain's 20,000 Post Office count-

One foreign banker said that he believed that many foreign institutions, especially the Japa-nese banks would be put off by what he called Girobank's downitself out yesterday saying that it retailers.

buying Girobank.
However, the Co-op Bank, a
co-operative bank sponsored by sponsored bank, were actively considering buying Girobank with the backing of the Union of would be interested in it, be they day that it had been negotiating British or foreign," said one bank a management-union buy out analyst. with the Girobank management

> Talks between Co-op Bank and Girobank have also taken place recently but were described yesterday as "friendly but unsubstantive."

> Co-op Bank, which processes cheques for Girobank in the clearing system and has a rela-tively limited branch, looks like the most natural partner for Girobank to emerge so far.

Both banks claim to have an innnovative attitude to retail banking, and while the Girobank what he called Girobank's downmarket image, "Status is very
important for Japanese banks
and I do not see any major Japanese bank wanting to enter the
UK market in this way." he said.
The Bank of Scotland, thought
by some to be a possible contender to buy Girobank, ruled
treef out meeters are said.

The said of Scotland in thought
by some to be a possible contender to buy Girobank, ruled
treef out meeters are said.

To celebrate the centenary of the Financial Times, the Hyde Park Hotel will be giving away throughout the month of June a complimentary glass of pink Champagne to all readers of the Financial Times when dining at the Hotel's Cavalry Grill. To qualify for this special offer take a copy of that day's FT to the Hyde Park Hotel's Cavalry Grill Bar and you will be served a chilled glass of Laurent Perrier FT centenary pink Champagne.





Brochure available

Tel: 01-723 7976 and 6 Erskine Road, London, NW3

Tel: 01-722 4902

# Scottish unions query coal imports policy

Computer error weaves web of confusion

BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

taxpayer of the South of Scotland power stations. Electricity Board's strategy of importing foreign coal.

coal imports are uneconomic and that the policy is one of "brink-manship" in the SSEB's dispute over coal prices with British Coal. It is seeking an assessment by the House of Commons Public Accounts Committee

The two state-owned bodies are involved in delicate negotiations on the price of future coal sup-plies to Scottish power stations.

WHAT A tangled web a com-puter network can weave. Not

only are the great majority of British households unaware of

their total weekly expenditure

but Government computers

have got it it wrong as well.

Owing to "the discovery of a

fault in one of the computer programs" (a mistake), the Department of Employment has had to revise its latest esti-

mates of the pattern of con-

manes of the pattern of tun-namer spending.

The Employment Gazette, the department's official jour-nal published yesterday, shows

THE SCOTTISH Trades Union station on the Firth of Forth on operation was not economic. the cost of operating its coal-fired Congress yesterday called for an the east coast of Scotland, the Because the ports used are small power stations. He has repeatedly investigation into the cost to the smallest of its three coal-burning and not fitted for bulk handling.

mporting foreign coal.

The first shipments arrived from Rotterdam at the ports of Grangemouth and Burntisland coal imports on the structure of the structure o on the Firth of Forth last month and the STUC claims that some 25,000 tonnes have already been imported.

It said yesterday that a 25,000 tonne shipment was en route from the US and that a bulk carrier was currently bringing 50,000 tonnes of coal to Scotland from Though the SSEB has argued

But while talks continue, the that foreign coal is considerably man, has stated that he intends enables it to export the power SSEB is importing foreign coal to cheaper than that from British to bring in 1m tonnes of foreign thus generated to England on a burn in the Kincardine power Coal, the STUC claimed that the coal this year in order to reduce profitable basis.

the average household did not

the average household did not spend £185.02 a week in 1986.

They did not spend 7.8 per cent of their outgoings on clothing and footwear. Nor did the average household have a weekly income of £233.68.

Neither is it the first time the descriptions in the computation of the description of £230.00.

the department's computers have spouled spurious statis-

In December, it admitted

that a programming mistake meant it had been underesti-

mating the retail price index
- from which the inflation.
rate is taken - for 15 months.

the coal is being imported in uneconomically small shipments and both unloading and transport costs are high. The Kincardine power station was inefficient and obsolete, it said.

THe SSEB has agreed not to burn foreign coal at its two larger in early July. the 45m tonnes to The SSEB refused to discuss bought last year.

the allegations yesterday or comment on coal shipments. But Mr Donald Miller, the board's chair-

That slip was estimated to have cost more than £100m in

compensation to recipients of state benefits and other index-

linked payment.

The latest error means the average household is precisely 56.92 worse off than they pre-

viously thought.

Family expenditure surveys are used to calculate weights for the retail price index. But the department said the mistake would have no impact on the state would have no impact of the state would have no impact on the state would have not impact on the state would have not impact on the state w

the official inflation rate. It

was a completely separate and original mistake for which

prices if it wants to continue supplying the SSEB.

Power industry sources say that the SSEB and British Coal are coming nearer agreement in their negotiations. The SSER is apparently prepared to buy 2.5m and more efficient coal burning at the prices it is currently pay plants, Longannet and Cockenzie, ing the for supplies. But this for a three-month period ending in early July.

the 4.5m tonnes which the SSEB

The SSEB is saying that if it is to buy more supplies from British Coal it must be at a price which

there was no easy explanation

"It was just one of those

The error arose because indi-

things. It just happened," said

viduals' spending on business expenses was incorrectly

included. There was also some double counting of purchases

under credit arrangements.
Income data used in the survey was not affected by this

alip but a subsequent correc-tion has been included in the

revised results. The effect was

# Report finds raised leukaemia incidence near nuclear plant

THE NUMBER of young people who have suffered from cancer of chance effects cannot ever be the bone marrow (leukaemia) completely ruled out, we are near Britain's nuclear reprocessing plant at Dounreay, in Scot-land, is higher than national rates, an authoritative report published yesterday has said.

The report finds no evidence to that the sample is too small show a statistically clear difference.

in the Environment under the chairmanship of Professor Martin Bobrow, says more research is needed to establish the cause of the higher incidence.

The committee and the committee also from Doumneau are the committee also from Doumneau are the committee.

the difference was not statistically significant.
However, when account was taken of two other cases of leu-kaemia that were incorrectly diagnosed at the time, the committee believed that an excess of the disease had occurred.

The committee says: "Although mindful that a raised incidence of this disease at these ages has been reported near Sellatield (in Cumbria), the only other nuclear

reprocessing plant in the UK.
"Notwithstanding the differconnect the higher incidence of ences between the sites and their leukaemia to radioactive discurrending areas and local circharges from the plant and notes cumstances, the fact that there is clear evidence of an excess incistatistically clear difference.

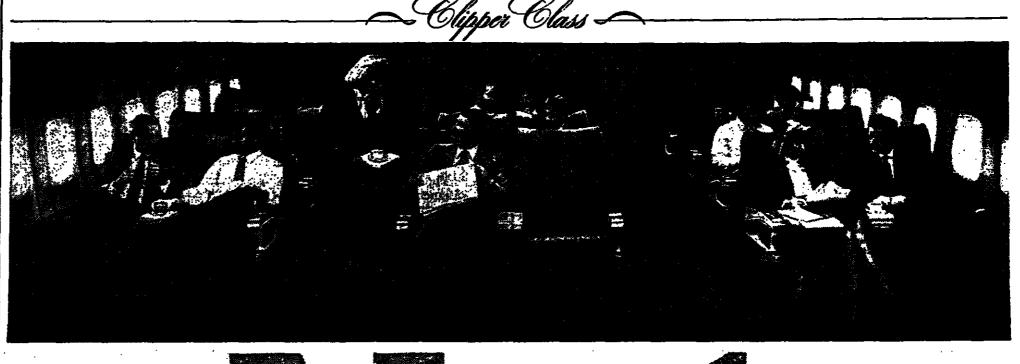
dence of lenkaemia in young peoThe report, by the Committee ple in the areas around both sites makes it less likely that these are

the higher incidence.

The committee says that six an overestimate. That reprecases of leukaemia were registered among people below the age of 24 within a 25 km radius of by the population including back-Dounreay between 1968 and 1984. ground radiation from the sun.

That was twice the number of cases that would be expected on the basis of national rates, but because the sample was so small, ground radiation, would only rep resent one case among the 450 young people in Thurso between 1950 and 1984.

in a comment on the report yesterday, the UK Atomic Energy Authority, which runs Donnreay, sald it supported the proposal for further research.



# makes business more of a pleasure. ere number one across the Atlantic.

The minute you arrive at Heathrow, business travel is easier with Pan Am.

As a Clipper® Class passenger, you have 7 days free car parking and valet service. (Pan Am was the first and is still the only airline to offer this free service.) You speed through departure with our round trip, advance boarding pass and seat assignment.

On board, stretch out on your wide, six-across, Clipper Class seat.

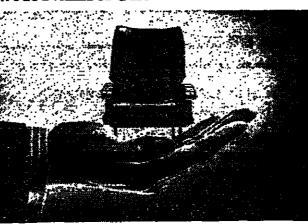
Arriving is made easy too: with two days free Alamo car hire at all our major US destinations (excluding New York).

In New York, Pan Am's Worldport® is the only terminal with all domestic and international connections under one roof.

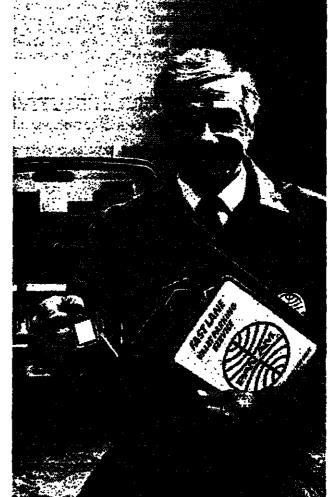
Manhattan? Take a free chauffeur driven limousine.

Coming back, we even provide you with your own Private Terminal at JFK.

At Pan Am, we've put the pleasure back into flying on business. That's why we're Number One!



YOUR EAVOURITE SEAT, IN ADVANCE.



Number One Across The Atlantic.

### **CORPORATE PLANNING ACQUISITION REVIEW**

£25-30,000 + expensed car **MBA or CA** 

Strategic growth is being pursued by our client, a Canadian conglomerate which is now creating a European Business headquarters in the UK from which to expand its corporate investment in Europe.

We are recruiting a high calibre Business Graduate or Chartered Accountant who can apply a logical analytical approach to the research required into targeted potential acquisitions. This is a new appointment to a small European Executive team, a high profile role working alongside the Director of Acquisitions and Corporate Planning.

Recent acquisitions have been made in the UK and current projects include the integration of Group acquisitions into the UK business framework. There are opportunities for involvement in Western Europe and it is essential that the candidate appointed has the mobility and adaptability to undertake UK and international travel.

Candidates should be 24 - 30, with a command of spoken French, and have 2 years' minimum corporate planning experience gained in an international business or professional practice.

The position may be based at the Hertfordshire office of a UK subsidiary or located in the Central London area. Relocation expenses will be met should a move of house be necessary.

Please write in confidence (quoting Ref: F7264) or telephone:

J R Adcock, Clark Whitehill Consultants Limited, 25 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3LN



Clark Whitehill Consultants Executive Selection

# Corporate Tax Specialist

Salary £24-£30k plus Excellent benefits including car

We are a highly successful international firm of Chartered Accountants whose fee income green by over 26% last year

An important area in which this growth has occurred has been in insurance business which offers a wide range of challenging problems in all areas of corporate and partnership tax. We are looking for a candidate experienced in all aspects of business taxation, not necessarily in insurance, to strengthen

our Insurance Tax Group.

This Group deals with one particular industry but its work is stimulating and rewarding and not in any way restrictively specialist. The insurance industry is a very personal one and our clients, who are primarily underwriting agents and insurance brokers, need advisers who can communicate effectively, have the ability to solve complex technical problems and can recognise the wider commercial

We are therefore seeking someone who we would expect to be a qualified account two years' post qualification corporate tax experience who is interested in people and who has good inter-personal skills. The position offers excellent opportunities for further progression.

If you would like to be considered for this important post, please send a resume of your career achievements to-date to Jane E. Wright, Senior Recruitment Officer, Spicer & Oppenheim, Friary Court, 65 Crutched Friars, London EC3N 2NP.



SPICER & OPPENHEIM A MEMBER OF SPICER & OPPENHEIM INTERNATIONAL

# Group Accountant

Neg. package to £30,000 + Car Kent

Our Client, a fast moving and innovative Group with extensive automotive interests, are currently seeking a self-motivated and ambitious Accountant to supervise and co-ordinate all the Group's financial activities. They have shown significant growth and diversification over the past five years and are looking for a commercially aware ACA/ACCA to take a full part in planning and implementing further developments.

The Group Accountant will be accountable to the Finance Director for all financial and management accounting functions relating to the Group and its subsidiaries and divisions. This includes budgeting, budgetary control, financial control, management

reporting, taxation and financial planning.

Candidates, aged 28-38 must be qualified Chartered or Certified Accountants with an energetic and entrepreneurial outlook. Previous experience in a fast moving commercial or manufacturing environment is essential, combined with some knowledge of corporate tax and computerised accounting systems.

Interested candidates should send a detailed CV, including current salary to Carol Jardine at Spicers Executive Selection, 13 Bruton Street, London W1X 7AH, quoting reference number LM036.



SPICERS EXECUTIVE SELECTION MEMBER OF SPICER & OPPENHEIM INTERNATIONAL

### **GROUP FINANCE DIRECTOR**

### Kent/London £35,000 + expensed car

Our client is a dynamic and highly acquisitive private company which is currently stengthening its executive team with a view to flotation in 1989.

The business has expanded rapidly in the UK and Europe through recent acquisitions and by organic growth in the range of security services it offers to industrial/commercial customers.

The Finance Director will play a leading part in building this emergent group into a major international business in its field through developing effective financial strategy and negotiating further acquisitions.

The candidate appointed will set high personal goals which include being an influential executive in an integrated European (and possible worldwide) business.

Candidates will be Chartered Accountants (aged 30-38) from an international plc background, and already in a senior financial management appointment. Previous experience of acquisition work is important and command of a European language will be preferable.

The remuneration package is in line with the seniority of this appointment and will include an executive car (fully expensed), and a share option

Please write in confidence with full career details and present remuneration (quoting reference F7260) to:

> Clark Whitehill Consultants Limited 25 New Street Square, London, EC4A 3LN

Clark Whitehill Consultants Executive Selection

# Financial Accountant

Kent

to £20,000 + benefits + relocation

Our client is part of a major multinational group. It is a young and dynamic company at the forefront of developments in the highly specialised field of Fragrances and Flavours. Operations are based in 26 worldwide locations, and current annual sales are in the region of £400 million. The position is based in the growth area of East Kent.

The Financial Accountant will be responsible for supervising 20 financial staff on a day-to-day basis as well as assessing capital investment, and participating in various aspects of departmental planning at Management level.

The ideal candidate will be a young ACA/ACCA/CIMA with previous knowledge or experience of large company systems (this may have been gained in a public practice environment). A strong personality is essential, as is a flair for man management.

Prospects within the company are excellent, and as part of a major group, there will be opportunities for progression to wider financial or commercial management roles in the UK or overseas.

To obtain further information please send a CV to Elizabeth Lang, or telephone her on 01-353 1244. Ludgate House, 107-111 Fleet Street, London EC4A 2AB

### ASA International

Senior Accountant

Central London £Neg Package A hugely successful property company with a growing international perspective, requires a young commercially aware ACA aged 25-30 to join a young and enthusiastic management team. Initially involved with financial accounting and implementation of new systems the successful candidate would expect to progress rapidly in the group. You should be able to relate to a wide range of people at all levels. The package will reflect the importance of the position and the degree of responsibility required.

Contact Susan Fernandes, Alan Boyd, or Brian Ingram at 70-71 New Bond Street, London W1Y 9DE or phone 01 629 3555.

Head Office Role

M4/M25 Axis
£23,000 Neg + BMW

Two young, high calibre Accountants, required to join an aggressive Head Office team for international division of feading US company. Initial roles will involve financial and management accounting, budgetary analysis and forecasts. Super entry into the international arena, this high powered fast moving environment offers excellent exposure and unlimited career prospects for a ACA/ACCA/CIMA with ability to work effectively in a close lost streamlined team.

Contact Ronnie Sulf or Celia Hanson at 42 Queen Street, Maidenhead Berks SL6 1JE. Phone 0628 785152.



### FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

(Director Designate) PUBLIC COMPANY -SURBITON

c.£45,000 FCA ONLY (28-35)

Our Company, listed as 23rd in the 200 fastest growing UK Public Companies, has become the leading wholesaler distributor of Micros & computer peripherais.

We are seeking an energetic responsible personality to join a highly successful and proven management team.

The present high growth of the Company has elevated the present F.D. into an overall management role, creating a vacancy for a suitable replacement.

The position covers the usual financial disciplines along with responsibility for the continuing improvement and implementation of internal management systems. The successful candidate will possess and have demonstrated a very high level of commercial awareness in addition to the ususal expected skills.

C.V.'s in strict confidence to:

A.L. Bowen (FCA)

Northamber pic Lion Park Avenue, Chessington, Surrey, KT9 1SU

# **Financial** Controller

### Up to £35,000 package City

Our client, a small, long established private banking and investment management group, is looking for a qualified accountant to head its accounts and administration functions and to implement development plans and strategy.

The post calls for sound practical accounting experience in the City financial sector, mature judgement and reliability. The range of important internal and external contacts especially regulatory bodies requires good personal presentation and

Please apply in writing, quoting reference FTI5, and enclosing a full CV, daytime telephone number and details of current earnings, to: Trevor Austin, Executive Recruitment Division, Binder Hamlyn Management Consultants, 8 St Bride Street, London EC4A 4DA.

BinderHamlyn :

MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

Recruitment and Personnel Services. The above survey due to be published on Wednesday 22nd June 1988 will now be appearing on Wednesday 29th June.

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

Paul Maraviglia or Patrick Williams 01-248 8000 ext 4676 or 3694

or write to: Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street London, EC4P 4BY

**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

### Management Accounting Manager

c£25,000 + car + benefits

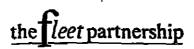
Essex

This is a newly created appointment in the Unit Trust Management Company of a leading Fund Management Group.

Reporting to the Finance Director, responsibilities will be to lead the development of procedures and systems which analyse the Company's financial and business performance by function, product, trust and client.

Candidates will have an accounting qualification and at least 3 years relevant experience in a financial services organisation, ideally a Unit Trust or Investment related business. Expertise in the use of PC spreadsheets is essential.

In complete confidence please contact Marion Bean.



Financial Recruitment Consultants, 37/41 Bedford Row, London WC1R 4JH. 01-831 1101 (24 hours)

### JAMES MARTIN ASSOCIATES

### Financial Accountant

c. £22,000 + Car

We are one of the computer industry's fastest-growing international companies. You will join a dynamic finance team at the group's headquarters.

You will take responsibility for:

\* Financial accounting for the group's parent company Consolidation and liaison with overseas subsidiaries

\* Detailed input to tax and treasury planning

\* Excellent career prospects

We offer:

\* An environment in which you can really contribute \* Above average benefits package (car, pension, bonus, insurances, etc)

This is an exciting opportunity for a young versatile.

Chartered Accoutant to join a fast-growing group with expansive corporate finance plans. Send ev to: Tom Underhill, Group Finance Director, James Martin Associates Plc, James Martin House, Littleton Road, Ashford, Middlesex TW15 1TZ.

Amsterdam, Bermuda, Brussels, Chicago, Dublin, Hambury London, Nottingham, Paris, Washington

### **Andrew Clements**

If the South Bank "Endgames" tained the sense of imploded celebration had justified itself in no other way, Tuesday night's London Sinfonietta programme swould have offered reason enough for its existence. It consisted of three of this century's single sforzando must carry the massailable masterwiseas all of unassailable masterpieces, all of expressive weight for which an them indisputably late works, earlier requiem composer might and all delivered here with easily have mustered a full set-immaculate incisiveness under piece chous. David Atherton.

the 200 npanies olegale

mputer

ergetic)

a highly igement

of the

ent F.D.

nt role suitable

financial

bility for

int and agement ! date will

d a very eness in

i skills.

ate banking

coking for a

gend adminvolopment

or, malure

importati

migulatory

station and

:c FT15, and

aurober and

POT AUSIA

er Hamyl

cet, London

ONSULIABLE

ryices.

्यं ला

155

4.5

Griffiths's programme note seems to have become the pre-emphasised, the Canticles is ferred version, with all songs in about the simple fact of coming Russian translation; the terms with it, not at all about not ideally dark-toned enough bereavement, and so offers a but alive to every dramatic detail was joined as soloist by bereavement, and so offers a nerveless objectivity that is echoed in Shostakovich's profoundly disturbing sequence of settings. The work which prefaced them was "late" in another sense: Webern's Op.30 Variations are not at all valedictory; though sustained them as an horrific they were to be followed only by the second Cantata in his output there is no sense of summing up, merely a comprehensive demonstrate. Isherwood, underpinmerely a comprehensive demon-stration of the refinement and

Shostakovich's Fourteenth is The thematic link between now almost 20 years old, yet Stravinsky's Requiem Canticles becomes no easier to assimilate, and Shostakovich's Fourteenth while its implications remain as Symphony is clear enough: both refractory to everyday experience face death unblinkingly. As Paul as ever, it was sung in what can be comed to the manner of the company presence. Isherwood, underpin-ned by Atherton's careful terrac coherence of his late serial technique.

The work was laid out by Atherton with exemplary clarity and with its echoes of Shostakovich's finesse, properties which he own Fifth Symphony, even more applied with equal accuracy to intensely Mahlerian than usual the Requiem Canticles and its It's hard to conjure a bleaker conallusive skein of back-references cert pairing than of these two to earlier phases of Stravinsky's works but here, in such unconcareer. The London Sinfometta promising performances, they Chorus and soloists Jean Rigby became a searingly memorable and Nicholas Isherwood sus-

### Young Writers/Theatre Upstairs

### **Michael Coveney**

This annual event in the Royal inter-criting characters slipping Court's upstairs theatre has easily from monologue to dia-become an invaluable item on the calendar since its initiation in Finally, The Burrow by Han-1973, mainly due to the vitality of the young talent involved and are in Drama and English at East

Pinter or Bond. But there are no light and immediately opens out routine photocopies this year, into some extraordinary farcical With varying degrees of success, hybrid derived from the chil-

Asian teenaged girl sidesteps her good life propounded by a passparents' decree of an arranged marriage by tracking down the lee to off-set the tunnel vision of 
English girlfriend who has had a 
child by her proposed husband. The composition is brusque and cinematic; amazing how the screen tricks of jump-cut and assimilated by the new televi-sion-watching generation. A din-ner scene for the two families is mimed as a commentary on Lalita's determination to make her

own choices. Mohair by Jonathan Harvey (19 years old, second year Psy-chology and Education student at Hull University) is a more complexly structured piece about another sort of folled rumance, but this time between two lovers on the same side of the fence. This is a compressed Ulster trag-This is a compressed Ulster trag-edy triggered by a chance meet-ing in a toy factory, where Hilary has taken her father's old ventral-oquist's dimmiy to be repaired. She has a mentally retarded brother in tow. The apprentice, Paul, is a disadvantaged orphan who resorts to a hideous murder in order to try and impress in order to try and impress Hilary. She in turn is abused by her drunken father. The convergent stories are strikingly

partly thanks to the continued Anglia University) is a delightful, support, since 1984, of Rank wacky domestic fantasy contacted on the back of Kafka's In past years I have noted the results of budding playwrights is opened by the paranoid defension have overdosed on Beckett, sive rabbit (Dona Croil) in a spotthe three plays bear witness to dren's television programme each writer's unsulfied, refresh- Rainbow and one of those pop-ing belief that the theatre is a interior paintings by Richard place where anything can hap Hamilton showing the ideal fam-pen. If y up to its neck in consumer Laltin's Way by Soraya Jintan detritus and household appli-(19 years old, studying for Alev-ances. Tracksuits and special els in St Alban's) tells how an offers abound, as do visions of



Dona Croll and Paul Bhattachariee in "The Burrow" exploded in a sequence for five ...

# by Steven Williams, of himself seated beside Anne Cundell, which was commended by the judges "Double Portrait"

The John Player Portrait Award/William Packer

# Broadened visions

receives £8,000 in cash and a commers of the Award.

Inssion from the Gallery, worth

Never mind: the portrait

£2,000, to paint a portrait for its requires the close consideration of the model, and not merely as a

dar. Though other prize exhibitions have caught it up and even in the nature of the constituency outstripped it in recent years in that the Portrait Award has cultimonetary terms, it has, if any vated over the years. There is no thing, gained in prestige as the doubt that the money it offers thing, gained in prestige as the doubt that the money it offers quality of the work it attracts has has concentrated many minds, been confirmed and consolidated, but it remains impressive that For the great thing about the although it has attracted many Portrait Award is that it really artists who would anyway have has changed both the general set themselves up in the nar-critical view taken of the portrait rower field of soi-disont portrait as a legitimate subject for the painters, so many more have is perhaps more important, the trait as simply another interest view taken by so many younger and opportunity artists of the wider restaution.

have come at a better time. The experience was that the standard figure and the head had been a at the winning end very soon central study in the old British reached an admirably high level art schools right up to their dis-across a wide range of pictorial solution in the early 1960s. Even possibilities. To look back across southon in the early isols. Even possimines to how back as test then, a curious prejudice had past winners and runners up its grown up against the portrait as be clear there is no such thing as such as being somehow comprosa John Player type of painting mised, unserious, academic, That such a standard should

Yesterday the 59 paintings that above all unmodern; and with the reached the final stage of the 9th subsequent banishment of the annual John Player Portrait, life model from the studios, even Award, chosen from an initial the technical experience of study entry of well above 700, went on was dismissed. It is by no mere show at the National Portrait chance that Scotland, where that Gallery (until September 4). older order with its strong techni-Allan Ramsay, a young Scottish cal bias proved more resilient in painter two years out of Glasgow the face of academic fashion, has School of Art, is the winner of supplied so strong an entry over the competition, for which he the years, and at least three win-

contemporary collection. of the model, and not merely as a lit is a bandsome award by any model but as a unique and indimeasure and one of the major vidual presence. What better disevents in the British art calencipline can an artist so readily vidual presence. What better discontrive for himself? The proof is

This year, for the first time since 1982, I was not parti pris. The stimulus could hardly not a member of the jury. My

no surprise, but even more grati-fying has been the growing strength of the show throughout, which this year is impressively apparent. There is no less variety than before, but there is rather less idiosyncracy, which one may regret — and certainly less that is doubtful or lucky to be included, which is not to be regretted at all.

As a veteran of the event, privy to the mysteries of the system and the vagaries of a large jury, I and the vagaries of a large jury, I feel free to mark my own card without taking anything from Ramsay, whose large self-portrait is a worthy winner. But I was also most impressed by the large seated figure of Seamus Reaney. by Peter Edwards, an ambitious essay in the grand manner which took the third prize. And Steven Williams was unlucky to be merely commended by the jury for his "Double Portrait," of himself sested beside Anne Cundell the most strongly drawn and intensely realised, almost Freudesque – one cannot say Freudimages in the show.

Other paintings, large and small, that I liked particularly are by Denis Hanslip, Mark Carr, Fred Crayk, Hester Cordwell, Michael Clark, Helen Jago, Per Parkes, Emily Patrick, Jean-Paul Tibbles, Terence Wilson-Fletcher and Joanna Wright. My only grouse with the whole thing is that I do feel it is now time to ease the age-limit up a bit from the present level set at forty.

### Richard Fairman

Songmaker's Almanac/Wigmore Hall

Apart from Prince Albert there by Loewe, an interesting choice ill-fated Tudor and Stuart ques are not many royal figures who have successfully committed themselves to music. In devising a programme of music and read-ings devoted to "Monarchs and the Muse" for the Songmakers' Almanac recital on Tuesday, Gra-ham Johnson had originally intended to build it around songs by royal hands, but he found there was precious little to

choose from. Even as subjects for songs, roywhich the natestic outpourings of a King Philip or Boris Godu-nov are out of place. It is probably no coincidence that the most

ally popular here.

The picture of Napoleon in "Die nächtliche Heerschau," mar-shalling his troops for a midnight parade on the Elysian fields, is oewe at his most typically atmospheric. This is story-telling that as to catch the audience in its thrall and the Songmakers had fielded a outgoing interpreter in alty do not put in many appearances. The Lied is a comparances. The Lied is a comparance inject a sense of excitement, well tively private and humble art, in supported by Johnson as accomthe baritone Henry Herford to panist at his most dramatically intense.

Otherwise the royal figures that turn up most often are those

both for their directly royal (or imperial) subjects and the chance Stuart songs are possibly heard more often than their musica invention might seem to invite, but they received a fresh and affecting performance here from the mezzo, Catherine Robbin: a well-schooled, youthful voice, interestingly dark in the lower

Schoenberg's "Jane Grey," from an unexpected source, is a strange find in basically the same historical vein. The soprano Nancy Argenta then followed that with a beautifully poised account of Ravel's delicate lade de la reine morte" and the Queen of the Fairies in Mendels-sohn's "Neue Liebe" – a typical pointed items in the programme favourite tragic heroines of Songmakers gloss on what might were a couple of full-scale ballads romantic literature, Britain's have been an uninspiring theme.

### Macbeth/Covent Garden

### **Max Loppert**

Verdi longed for performances of ment in the earlier operas. steme – the fusing of dramatic – tempo choice, rhythmic articutant musical impulses into a single theatrical entity – would be this conductor takes is part of a complete with chilled sideways the working principle. The Royal larger plan, and it is executed musical entity – would be this conductor takes is part of a complete with chilled sideways smiles, slow arm rotations, and, while realize that goal: Elijah and style, carefully directed woluptuousness of power in "La Moshinsky's production at a many and a style, carefully directed the language of the role is ambitious, smiles, slow arm rotations, and, while she tastes to herself the moshinsky's production at a many and a style, carefully directed the role is ambitious. his works in which the tutt'in-Moshinsky's production, at once energy, instinctive support of luce langue" a sly self-hugging. A starkly grandiose and superficial, solo voices, and total mastery of final paring-down of detail is starkly grandiose and superficial solo voices, and total mastery of final paring-down of detail is shirks any such unification of orchestra and chorus (singing wanted; but I'd rather a singer purpose (even when ably with rare vigour and solidity). showed too much dramatic ambirehearsed by Jeremy Sutcliffe), The particular tinta of this opera, tinta to the too little.

But in most other respects has given in many a long season.
And, indeed, there was a single
dominant intelligence overseeing it, as there is whenever Edward it, as there is whenever Edward exultant vocal freedom. Note for Downes is given charge of this opera at Covent Garden. Mr top D flat) and phrase for phrase, Downes is not a showy conductor Elizabeth Connell's is the most (which is perhaps why his gifts are too little exploited); he feels I have heard in the opera house, no need of the slam-bang, the sprays of sweat and steam, that absolute and thrilling confidence in its revenue and thrilling confidence in its revenue and the stress of the stress of

The particular tinta of this opera, tion than too little. and the acting styles of the principals have not been tuned to complement and play off each other to the full.

The particular anize of this operat, and the acting styles of the principals have not been tuned to complement and play off each obviously holds a strong imagination of the full.

The particular anize of this operat, and the to find the full of the full of the principal for the contrast of hard Gwynne Howell, new to Bandard of the contrast of hard con

immature Verdians deem neces-in its carrying and cutting power, sary for the generation of excite-in its wide range of colour and

dynamics (Miss Connell hasn't Every interpretative decision hit this sort of vocal stride here

his baton an uneven Verdi opera. sited for his aria); Dennis Tuesday's was as powerful a is made to seem one of the hand. O'Neill's Macduff is familiar, Verdi performance as the house ful of essential Verdi master well-routined, and strongly sung pieces.
The production has a new leading soprano, and rejoices in her mimetic Italian manner the tenor has made his own. The performance is crowned by the exultant vocal freedom. Note for note (apart from a missing final) note (apart from a missing final haps a shade more loosely knit in top D flat) and phrase for phrase, tone than in the past, but even Elizabeth Connell's is the most subtler in his fusion of word and cleanly and brilliantly sung Lady line, his translation of Verdi score-markings into vocal perceptions of character. This is a Macbeth - and a Macbeth - in which the company can take justifiable pride.



### Elizabeth Connell and Renato Bruson

### Paul Driver

Postcard from Morocco/King's College

The American composer Dominic Argento's sixth opera, Postcord from Morocco (1971) was given on Tuesday in the New Theatre at King's College by Morley Opera as part of the London International Opera Pestival, and proved a zestful if slightly beffling affair. creates a single situtation - the waiting-room of a station in Morocco from which at least seven characters with their luggage are trying to depart. Each produces from his luggage the secret, so to speak, of his life, or at least his fantasy life; a great

leal of zany inter-personal rela tionship is the result.

Much of the latter seemed arbitrary flurries of action, conve nient song-and-dance routines, or gymnastical formations using the only constituent of the set, a shiny bench. Sometimes one could follow the (always fluently staged) movement-sequences: at the beginning, for instance, when

two oversized schoolboys — inci-dental characters — pretend they are sailing at sea, and the rest of the cast joins them in a nautical improvisation complete with eches from the pit orchestra of The Fluina Dutcha

When one could not easily follow what was happening, the

Professor Sahatino Moscati and sponsored by the Accademia dei Lincei in Rome, the exhibition has been given a highly theatrical presentation by the architect, Gae Aulenti, and the 750-page extallegue, published by Bompiani, is excellent. Until Nov 6.

Venice, Fondazione Cini (Isola di S. Giorgio). Paolo Veronese, An intelligently-presented exhibition to mark the fourth centenary of his death, two-thirds of which is devoted to his preparatory studies for his major works in Venice. The last few rooms contain 22 paintings, including several masterpieces lexit by US and European Museums. Until July 10.

Rooms, Ex Stabilimento Peroni. Menrice Sendak. Imaginatively presented exhibition originally shown at

ented exhibition originally shown at the children's Book Fair in Paris, o

original drawings and vastly enlarged reproduction from some of the American author-illustrator's best-known works. There are somes from Where The Wild Things are,

izzione Cini (Isola di S.

June 3-9

stage-patterns nevertheless had ton Atkinson). Argento's score is an elegance and absurdist wit a brilliant concoction — operatic which reminded me of the madparody, cabaret music, and a flex-cap music-theatre of Maurizio ibly dissonant middle-style. I particularly liked the Straussian pastional stimulus of deadpan lines singers (Lucia Gomez-Santana argent has " "A Wilstill Thomass" and January Methyllians and January and January Methyllians and January Meth

too long an evening, and a cer-Robert Torday as a Puppet Maker tain amount of poignant feeling had an easy grace in his brief was generated, as by the Lady appearance; Stuart Hutchinson with a Cake Box's aria (sung by conducted with effective force; Sarah Vivian) or the long solo of and the director was Nicholas the Man with a Paint Box (Lyn-Till.

corner here," of Virgil Thomson's and Jonathan Nott) floated in t\_ Carol It was, by a hairsbreadth, not some stordy coloratura singing

### Financial Times centenary photographic exhibition at Lloyd's

The Financial Times centenary June 15 from 6.00 to 7.30pm. For photographic exhibition is at the tickets (maximum two per per-Lloyd's of London visitors gales on) send a stamped addressed lery, Lime Street, EC3 until July envelope to: Miss K Chandaria, Press Office, Financial Times There will be a private viewing Bracken House, 10 Cannon for FT readers on Wednesday, Street, London, ECAP 4BY.

# Saleroom/Susan Moore

# High prices for antiquities

Christie's unearthed an unexpect-collection at Mentmore, was edly rich pot of gold at its antio-bought in at £38,000. The same edly rich pot of gold at its antiquities sales yesterday. The Greek and Roman pieces amassed from the late 1930s onwards by the Swedish industrialist Henning Swedish industriants nemmas
Throne-Horst, warranting a separate catalogue, drew buyers and
realised amazing prizes. All but
0.8 per cent of the 47 lots were
sold for a total of £645,335.
At the centre of the collection

was a superb group of Attic vases, of very high quality and largely good condition. Well-painted Attic vases with a good provenance are all too rarely seen on the market. One particu-larly widely-published black-figure oinochoe, decorated with Odysseus and the Sirens, a rare cene in Greek Art until the Hellenistic age, sold for five times the estimate and made the top

An attractive red-figure kylix, decorated with a frieze of naked figures and palmettes by The H.P. Painter," and estimated at £25-35,000, changed hands at £77,000. Other Attic pieces sold in the region of £50,000. The other great success of the sale was a colossal gilded bronze head of the

proved less of a success with a

fate awaited the a rare Laconian krater, and the most important pieces of jewellery - Merovingian silver-gilt fibulae or brooches – although a single but rare Greek earring made the astonishing sum of £18.700 (estimate £5-8.000). The session also contained the 24 ancient Egyptian artefacts col-lected by Rudolf Valentino's second wife, Natasha Rambova. These sold for £35,179, a magnesite marble group statue of Isis and Harpocrates reaching the

on Tuesday, but still managed to claim a world record for an American literary work sold at auction. The first edition of "Tamerlane, and other Poems," written in 1821-22 when Poe was 12 or 13, was suppressed, inexpli-cably, soon after publication in 1827. It was bought by an American collector for \$198,000 or £108,256.

# Arts guide

LONDON

The Royal Academy, Ceranne: The Early Years 1859-72. A concentrated and illuminating study of the forma-tive period of one of the seminal tive period of one of the seminal figures of the modern movement. Although Cesame came to greatness in his middle and later years, his early period is now revealed in all its complexity and contradictory quality, with many great works to set among the youthal experiments and failures. Each August 21.

The Royal Academy Summer Exhibition in an unknoken sequence and still the largest open exhibition of current painting, sculpture, prints and architecture in the world. With 1,251 exhibits chosen from a submission of something above 12,000, the show is a little smaller than usual, but as dense and bizarre as ever. Daily until August 7.

Barbtean Art Gallery, Art or Nature. A thorough survey of French Pho-

A thorough survey of French Photography in the 20th century as part of the images de France Festival. The exhibition is especially strong in the attention it gives to the great individual photographers of the period, such Kertess, Cartier-Bresson, Brussal and Atget. Ends July 17

son, present and Arget, ishde July
17.
The Hayward Gallery has two concurrent exhibitions. Angry Penguins is
a faschnating study of a group of
young painters active in Melhourne
during and just after the Second
World War, Sydney Noken, Arthur
Boyd, John Perceval and Albert
Tucker are all shown in impressive
depth. The second, of paintings from
the Phillips Collection in Washington, is an enthralling selection from
one of the great private collections
of modern times. Its scope extends
from El Greco, to Francis Bacon,
but its great strength is in Impressionism and Post-Impressionism—

Benoir and Cezanne, Braque and Picesso, Bonnard and Matisse Both shows run until August 14.

British Museum, Uktyce — Images of Unknown Japan. This large exhibition of exquisite quality uses work by the greatest masters of the wood-block print to expose the magical "Floating World" of pleasure and the senses that was the city of Rda (nodern Tokyo) in the time of the Shoguns. The period covered runs from the 1600s until the 160s, when Japan was closed to the outside world. Until August 14.

National Portrait Gallery, Paologzi Portraits. A small but intriguing Amount Foresat Gallery, Faducial Portraits. A small but intriguing show of recent work on a subject that has fascinated the Scottish sculptor, Eduardo Paolozzi, through-out his long international career. Of particular interest are the self-por-

### NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam, Tropenmoseum. The arts and crafts of Indonesia, illustrated Amsterdam, Tropenmessum. The arts and crafts of indonesta, finistrated with more than 500 objects in bronze, bamboo, textiles and precious metals spenming 2000 years of cultural history. Ends August 21.

Amsterdam, Rijksmuseum. Two hundred of the printroom's finest 15th and 16th century ornamental prints, with designs for jewellery, weapons and furniture. Ends June 19.

Amsterdam, Rijksmuseum (rear entrance). Divine Bronzes (some no more than 5cm high) Hustrate the stylistic development of Indo-Javanese religious images from the 7th to the 16th centuries. Ends July 31.

Amsterdam, Jewish Historical Museum. To calebrate the 40th emi-wersary of the founding of the state of Israel, an exhibition devoted to the theme of light in Jewish ritual, with lamps and menorahs specially the theme of light m Jewish must, with lamps and menorals specially commissioned from modern Israeli and Dutch artists. Ends June 12.

Austicidam, Vondelkerk. The life and work of the Canadian pianist Glenn Gould in an exhibition which includes acreenings of some video

### **PARIS**

Galérie Schmit. French masters of the Salárie Schmit. French masters of the 19th and 20th century. The discreetily inxurious, three-storey gallery plays host, yet again, to an enhibition spanning a period rich with creativity and diversity. There is a darkly romantic portrait by Delacroix and an almost abstract Nicolas de Stael landscape. There is a rare Pissarro portrait of his son, Lucien, seated against a window and an early Picasso scena in 2 resand an early Picasso scena in 2 restaurant. 396, Rue Saint-Honoré (42.60.36.36). Closed Sundays and

(42.50.36.36). Closed Sundays and hunchtime. Ends July 15. Galkite D'Art Saint Honoré. A vast allegory of war and peace painted in the stalier of Han Brueghel the cider forms a Striking centreplece of an exhibition of Flemish Masterpleces. 287, Ene Saint-Honoré (42.60.15.03). Closed Sat, Sun, and hunchtimes. Ends June 15. Pavillon Des Arts. The magnificence of silversmiths' work in India during the reign of the Moghula testifies to their love of luxury, Everyday utensilis are chiselled and adorned with filigree open-work as day attensing are consensus and adomed with filigree open-work as richly as coremonial objects and armour. 101, Rue Rambuteau (42.33.82.50). Closed Mondays and

(42.33.82.50). Closed Mondays and holidays. Ends July 17. Galerie Odermatt-Cezeau. Guillaumin's deep blue of the Mediterransen framed by green pine trees and orange earth entices the passer-by into an eclectic exhibition of some: 50 works by the masters of the 19th and 20th century. Monet is there with a Giverny landscape, and an unusually structured Bonnard projects a colourful view of Saint-Tropez through a gap between two tall buildings. 85 bis., Rue Faubourg Saint-Honort (42.65.92.59). Ends July 30.

### VIENNA WASHINGTON

Austrian Museum of Applied Arts, Kunst und Revolution. A rare opportunity to see, under one roof, an exciting burst of creativity by An extension burst of creativity by Russian and Soviet artists between 1910 and 1932. The exhibition con-veys the sense of energy of the suprematist movement (1913-1915), the include group of artists based in Moscow (1920-1924) and the con-tractivities (series 1920a) which were

Moscow (120-1924) and the con-structivists (early 1930s) which were all eventually suppressed by Stalin. Closes June 15. Kunstlerhaus, Public spirit and pro-test. Biedermeier and Vormarz in Vienus 1815-1848. This is a large and attractive exhibition which evokes the typically Vienna bourgeois men-tality. The sense of interior design, especially furniture, during this especially furniture, during this period is well-conveyed. Ends June tathaus, Wien 1938. Vienna's city hall

is commemorating the Anschluss, the German annexation of Austria in 1938, with a large and courageous exhibition which shows how Austrians reacted to Hitler's march into Vienna and the eclipse and eventual destruction of the Jewish culture. Ends June 30.

### **NEW YORK**

American Craft Museum. An ambi-tious show that traces the history of American architecture back to the turn of the century and emphasizes the work of artists like Tiffany, Lawrie and Louise Nevelson who Lawrie and Louise neversion who were commissioned to add art to the architecture. Ends Sept 4.

Pierpont Morgan Library. Over 300 items from the life and art of Beatrix Potter show the evolution of the artist and her work. Included are the illustrated letter, discovered only months ago, to Noel Moore that became the basis of Peter Rabbit and the entire sequence of 22 watercolours from The Tailor of Gloucester. Ends Aug. 21

WASHINGTON

National Gallary. The human figure
in early Greek art is the subject of
67 sculptures and pieces of paintedpottery, starting in the 5th and 5th
centuries BC and ending with the
naturalism perfected in the 5th century BC. Ends June 12.

National Gallery. To mark the 35th
anniversary of the first Swedish colcopy in North America, a royal treasury covering four Swedish monarchs in the 16th and 17th centuries
shows Sweden as a respendant and

shows Sweden as a resplendent and aggressive world power through objects and 100 paintings on loan from the Royal Treasury, the national museum and the royal col-lections. East Wing. Ends Sept 5.

### **CHICAGO**

Art Institute. A centenary retrospec-tive of the work of Georgia O'Keele evokes the world of flowers and shalls in the huninous light of New Mexico. Ends June 26.

### TOKYO Tokyo National Museum, Ucno, Art Treasures of Ancient Egypt. The for-

Treasures of Ancient Egypt. The for-mal, hieratic art of Egypt is not to everyome's taste, and works often appeal more for their associations with the cult of death or for their lavish use of gold and other pre-cious materials. This exhibition gathers important pieces from col-lections in East Germany. Closed Mondays, Ends June 12. Mondays, Ends June 12.

### ITALY

Venice, Palazzo Grassi. The Phoeni cians. The fourth major exhibition cians. The fourth insign exhibition at Fiat's imposing art centre on the Grand Canal attempts to give a complete picture of this extraordinary people who dominated trade in the Mediterranean for over 1,000 years before their capital, Carthage, was finally destroyed by the Romans in 146 BC. Organised by

### Outside Over There, giving a dis-turbing picture of self-reliant chil-dren in a world where parents are either absent or just incompetent (Via Reagio Emilia 54). Ends June

**WEST GERMANY** 

WEST GERMANY

Cologue. Romisch-Germanisches
Museum Caesar's Glass. This erhibition is the most important display
of Roman glass ever staged. The
show is a joint project between the
Corning Museum of glass, New
York, the British Museum, London,
and the Romisch-Germanisches
Museum in Cologue. The exhibition
is sponsored by Olivetti and runs
until August 38.
Cologue, Museum Ludwig. Picasae in

Cologne, Museum Ludwig. Picasso in the second World War. 120 paintings, drawings and sculptures cover-ing the period from 1938 to 1946, showing the painter's influence on artistic life after the war. Bischofi-gartenstrasse 1. Ends June 16. price of £132,000.

bearded emperor Antoninus Pius, possibly Roman and dated around AD 160. This piece, formerly in the Hirsh collection and also well known, went for £99,000 (estimate £40-60,000). The morning's main sale

number of the most interesting pieces unsold. A heavily restored but beautiful Roman marble statue of Venus Euplaea (2nd Century AD), possibly excavated by Gavin Hamilton at Ostia in 1775, and later in the Rothschild highest price of 26,600. The sale totalled £454,322, with 72 per cent A recently discovered early copy of the first edition of the first book by Edgar Allan Poe – dubbed "the black tulip of Ameri-can book collecting" – disappointed Sotheby's by selling below the estimate in New York

The response to the catalogue's invitation to secure "a truly significant collection of 20th century literary papers" produced a record price for a manuscript of the work of a living American author. An agent for an anonymous buyer paid \$66,000 (£36,085) for the archive of manuscripts, typescripts, galleys and corre-spondence relating to Saul Bellow's "Mr Sammler's Planet."

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4 P48Y Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4. Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Thursday June 9 1988

# Reviving the rental market

enced a more severe or prolonged decline than that of private rented housing in the UK. Before the First World War the sector accounted for more than 90 per cent of all homes; today its share is down to a mere 8 per cent. The Thatcher Government, after years of concentrating on the promotion of home ownership, is belatedly trying to do something to revive the market. The Housing Bill, which lifts rent controls on new lettings and aims to restrict further the role of local authorities as providers of housing, today reaches its report stage in the House of Commons. The legislation should not be underestimated, but it seems unlikely to transform the characthe housing market; indeed, some pressure groups, such as Shelter, say it will do nothing to stem the decline of private rented housing.

Critics point out, with some justice, that the future of private rented accommodation cannot be secured merely by giving land-lords the right to charge higher rents on new lettings, which in any case constitute only a small proportion of the total market. On the one hand, measures have to be taken to ensure that ten-ants can afford the higher rents: on the other, the Government must ensure that reasonable rents provide a return that is competitive with that available in the house purchase market. If the first condition is not satisfied, the result of deregulation will be increased homelessness, which is already a serious problem in Lon-don and some other cities. If the second is not met, easier eviction rules will merely result in more formerly tenanted housing being put up for sale.

### **Precedents**

If past precedents are any guide, the Government is unlikely to do enough to ensure that private rented accommodation is affordable. Housing benefit has been cut eight times since 1983; the budget was reduced by more than £600m in April as part of Mr John Moore's social security reforms. In the judgment of many independent welfare If past precedents are any many independent welfare redirects them where they are groups, the present subsidies are genuinely needed. The revival of inadequate to meet current needs; how then will they cope with the be achieved at little net cost if escalation of rents that is likely only the Government were preto follow deregulation? The scale pared to target its housing subst-of the potential problem is daunt-dies more accurately.

FEW MARKETS have experi-enced a more severe or prolonged holds, 75 per cent of those in rented accommodation, already receive some kind of subsidy. Millions have been housed at below-market prices for decades; ministers have to accept that it will be costly to undo the dam-

> are two possibilities: offer special subsidies to the suppliers of rented accommodation or reduce the attractiveness of the alternative, which is owner-occupation.
> The Government, regrettably, is
> taking the former route. As the
> Chancellor announced in the Budget, the special concessions available under the business expansion scheme are to be made available for investment in prop-

The braver and more rational course would be to accept that the special subsidies for home ownership have long outlived their usefulness. The concessions are helping to fuel unhealthy speculation in housing as a financial investment and have encouraged a spread in ownership, espe-cially among the young, that is economically inefficient: labour mobility between north and nal capital mobility between north and south, for example, has been greatly impaired. The reliefs are looking ever more outrageous. The Government must examine aftesh the case for either plassing the case of t out mortgage interest subsidies or taxing the imputed income from home ownership. It should also consider extending capital gains tax to principal residences—after all many people have - after all many people have seen their salaries dwarfed by their gains from the house price

the private rented market could

to strip President Zia of the post

slowing down the move to democ-

racy. One was rising lawlessness and Mr Junejo's failure to restore order in both Sind and Baluchis-

tan. Another was the scale of cor-

ruption within parliament itself.
A third was the economic crisis,

planning to avoid.

calling for austerity measures of the sort which Mr Junejo, never a popular leader, was clearly

The onus now falls squarely on

accounting for 70 per cent of the budget, the budget deficit reach-ing 9 per cent of gross domestic product, and a hopelessly narrow tax base, an unpopular budget

The constitution allows Presi-

# **Democracy test** for Pakistan

THE ALMOST universally hostile reaction to President Zia ul-Haq's has differed with President Zia sudden decision to sack his over defence and economic poli-Prime Minister, Cabinet and the cles; they argued furiously over entire National Assembly of the form of inquiry to follow the Pakistan shows how little prog-ress he has made in convincing the world of his intentions to steer Pakistan back towards

democracy.

President Zia can argue powerfully in defence of his actions Afghanistan. under Pakistan's constitution, particularly as the country is still in the tricky transition between to strip President Zia of the provided to be military dictatorship and full decisive. But other features of life decisive.

### Opposition

But his defence would be worthless once he exceeded both the letter and spirit of Pakistan's existing constitution. This requires him to announce elections within 90 days of dissolution — that is, by August 29. Although election day could technically be any time after the announcement, a prolonged delay would reinforce the argument that President Zia remains the same autocratic general who Budget seized power in 1977.

The opposition parties have President Zia. First, he must proalways demanded that partybased elections should be held cial year ends on June 30. With rather than the non-party elec-tions favoured by President Zia. accounting for 70 per cent of the Although party elections would indeed be preferable and more obviously representative, there are growing indications that the are growing indications that the opposition parties would now with increased taxes and lower participate fully in any type of public expenditure seems mandageneral election, the overriding tory. This is especially important tory. President Zia would be unwise to withdrawal from Afghanistan.

ignore.

The events leading to President

Zia's recent actions are worth
recalling. After eight years of

The standard irom Algannistan.

Withurawai irom Algannistan.

The 3.5m Afghan refugees in Pakistan may be slow to return home before it is clear that the Soviet occupation will not be martial law the president replaced by civil war. The peace appeared to be beginning the ful settlement and feeding of this slow transition back to democracy – about seven and half significant and largely unsung years later than he originally achievement by President Zia promised – when he called non-party elections in 1985 and nomi-infusions of cash from the US. nated Mr Mohammad Khan Junejo, an uncharismatic figure, as Prime Minister while retaining only four months in the absence the crucial post of chief of staff for himself.

This perhaps is the strongest

dent Zia's determination to make assembly in place.

Clive Wolman explains the background to the Barlow Clowes liquidation

A PURGE of the more dubious investment firms was widely expected once the new investor protection organisations were given their enforcement powers under the Financial Services Act

six weeks ago.

But the swift action taken by the Securities and Investments Board to close and liquidate the Board to close and liquidate the Barlow Clowes management firms, which have taken in about \$185m from 18,400 investors, has exceeded all expectations. The SIB action against the UK company — which led to similar moves to wind up its Gibraltarian associate on Tuesday — is the outcome of a six-month investigation by two inspectors appointed by the Department of Trade and Industry.

The malpractice and suspected fraud within the Barlow Clowes companies appears to have been primarily at the expense of the clients of the Gibraltar fund who invested more than £130m with the company. Both the UK and The second problem is how to make rented accommodation a more attractive proposition for landlords, without risking aky-high rents. In theory, there are two possibilities: offer special subsidies to the suppliers of subsidies to the suppliers of claimed were mainly government. gilt-edged securities. It is not clear how such high rates could be achieved particularly as the funds were subject to high management charges of 1.5 per cent

per year. Mr Peter Clowes, who heads the Barlow Clowes companies, has said that such returns were achieved through the consistent exploitation of anomalies in the prices of gilt-edged stock, which was made possible by the range and sophistication of his company's statistical data hase. In pany's statistical data base. In particular some of the money was invested in those gilts which was invested in those gins which pay out particularly high rates of interest. These have, however, a declining capital value as their redemption date approaches and this inevitably would have made it difficult to repay in full the value of the investors' origi-

In spite of these problems, the UK fund appears to be solvent or at worst to have a deficiency in assets of only about £1.5m compared with investors' claims of about £52m. But the evidence collected by the DTI inspectors per-suaded the SIB of the risk that the assets of the UK fund had the assets of the UK fund had been topped up by the removal of many other gilt-edged unit trusts assets, including, apparently many other gilt-edged unit trusts assets, including, apparently many other gilt-edged unit trusts assets, including, apparently number of the payments into the day of the payments in fund. Some of the payments into and out of the UK fund, in particand out of the UK fund, in particular to Jersey, from where most of Barlow Clowes's Gibraltar of the assets of the Gibraltar fund are thought to be managed, and

\$1.4m to £1.5m. But the shortfall was made up by a payment of "uncertain nature and source" of

fim.

Barlow Clowes's underlying problem has been that its growth in the early 1980s was built on its use of a tax avoidance trading ents how much it was taking in scheme called "bond-washing."

This artificially converted income from clients' gilt portio-



# Regulators hit hard and fast

on Barlow Clowes's Gibraltar fund appears to have been based on its well publicised suggestion that the returns would be forced assets no longer exist.

Why did the regulatory authorities fail to take action against the company until the longer exist. are thought to be managed, and to Geneva, from where payment that the returns would be free of income early last year, income tax for UK residents, hovember? Since early last year, income tax for UK residents, the inspectors (and, since April, which is disputed by the Inland Revenue. This was why the inspectors (and, since April, the inspectors was far less than its heavy oper-ating costs (including salaries to its 30 staff and five directors) of Inland Revenue. The documents presented by

the SIB to the court suggested that Barlow Clowes's record keeping was severely deficient and subject to falsification, and that the firm concealed from clilios into capital gains which were assurance that all the money in between 150 and 200. Although subject to low, or zero, tax. How-

Angst-free.

Sausage and egg

ever the stratagem was blocked by the 1985 Finance Act and since then the company has failed to find a new niche to allow it to compete with the many other viltadeed unit trusts.

ments) Act. But even the pre-1987 powers were sufficient for the DTI to have mounted a far-reaching probe of Barlow Clowes and, on the evidence which has now come to light, to have removed its licence to deal in securities or to have wound it up. The weakness lay more in the

limited resources of the DTI and the lack of aggressiveness and experience of its staff. The SIB staff is now being built up to between 150 and 200. Although

been much worse." In fact the DTI has already Commission on a case low Clowes. So far the arrangements made

next five years.

down as chairman nine days ago, failed to persuade enough City institutions to second their most talented staff to the SIB for two or three years; there are hopes that his successor. Mr David Walker, will be more persuasive. In addition, the five self-regula-tory organisations under the SIB have large staffs to monitor their members' compliance with the new rules.

The most important improve ment in the new regime is the introduction of a compensation scheme which will reimburse investors for 100 per cent of their losses up to £30,000 and 90 per cent of their losses for the next £20,000. However the scheme will take effect only in late August and will cover only authorised UK firms.

rules were vaguer and the record-keeping requirements and monitoring less stringent. The main criticism of the DTI was that it was slow to act

One comfort for investors in the present case is that Mr Clowes was prepared on Monday to confront and answer questions from a group of 70 financial advisers who had directed their clients into his funds. However his answers were evasive, particularly on the whereabouts of the Gibraltar fund's assets.

His Gibraltar clients are in a relatively weak position. Their investments were placed over-seas in a jurisdiction which has

The action taken to wind up Barlow Clowes International in the Gibraltar courts and to appoint a provisional liquidator. Ernst and Whinney, was possible because, at least, Gibraltar has a form of companies law based on 1929 UK legislation. According to one regulatory official: "For the last three weeks we've been comlast three weeks, we've been com-plaining how difficult it is to do have previously been considered have previously been considered too complex for scientific analy-sis for example the weather or somewhere like the Netherlands the rhythms of the human heart. Antilles, matters would have

igned an ambitious exchange of signed an ambitious exchange of information and co-operation agreement with the US regulatory authorities which, it hopes, will be the model for future agreements with other countries. This would, for example, allow the DTI to work as a team with the US Securities and Exchange Commission on a case like Bar-

with the Japanese have been much more restricted. The position with other European Com-munity countries — and Gibral-tar — should improve over the

But those investors lured into sending their money to compa-nies based in Caribbean, Central American and South Pacific tax havens are likely to suffer from many more Barlow Clowes-like



Chaos:

Making a New Science

By James Gieick Heinemann; £12.95

Under the old regime which has just ended, licensed dealers and other firms which were not the desire to bring order to the bound by any specific investor-protection legislation had much more scope for misusing investors funds — partly because the rules were wagner and the human comprehension.

either too small of too large too human comprehension.

Physicists and mathematicians have concentrated on two extremes: sorting out the subatomic building blocks of matter, and tracing the growth of the universe over a period of billions of years and distances of millions of light, years. For chemists and of light-years. For chemists and biologists the main excitement has been at the molecular level yet how many people can vis-ualise a molecule?

Over the last decade, however, a science has arisen which brings a new order to recognisable events taking place in the world around us. Its practitioners have called the science "chaos" in a deliberate attempt to make it investments were placed overseas in a jurisdiction which has no investor protection legislation. Gibraltar has provided the setting for frauds against British investors in the past. In 1982, the Signal Life insurance company collapsed, leaving its customers to discover that their £7m of investments had gone into worthless assets.

The action taken to wind up Barlow Clowes International in the Gibraltar courts and to expend a provisional liquidator.

suppose if the fund had been sis, for example the weather or The first concept underlying chaos theory is the "Butterfly

chaos theory is the "Butterny Effect" of, more prosaically, "sensitive dependence on initial conditions." It seems that for many natural systems, tiny differences in input quickly become huge differences in output. To give a farfetched example from Gleick's book, the fluttering of a butterily's wings in Peking today could cause a storm over New York The first impact of chaos the

ory was to destroy confidence in the possibility of making accurate long-range weather forecasts. According to the chaologists it is impossible to predict the weather more than a week or so ahead, even with the most powerful and best programmed supercomputers. The Butterfly Effect means that small gaps in the network of observations from the world meteorological network inevitably multiply into a destructive cascade of errors and uncertainties.

More constructive applications of chaos soon appeared, revealing the order bidden in systems that had seemed hopelessly disorhad seemed dopelessly disor-dered. The most powerful con-cept, invented in the 1970s by Benoit Mandelbrot, a mathemati-cal researcher at IRM, was the "fractal" — a fragmented shape whose structure remains the same however much you blow it up or scale it down in size.

Fractal geometry turns out to be an invaluable tool for analys-ing many irregular shapes in ing many arregular snapes in nature. The oil industry employs hundreds of scientists to work on fractal phenomena, particularly the diffusion of oil through frac-tured rock. Fractals found their most whimsical application in Hollymand to greate amazingly Hollywood, to create amazingly realistic landscapes for special

realistic landscapes for special effects in films.

Gleick, a New York Times journalist, uses a biographical technique to tell the story of chaos. He describes the personal characteristics and experiences of some of the key figures, at the same of the key figures, at the same time as explaining their scientific work. The result is highly readable and, according to scientists who know the field well, impressively accurate both in its science and its background colour. (Inevision of the second colour colours) sively accurate both in its science and its background colour. (inevi-tably, though, the tone is wrong in some details. For example Gleick calls Reading, England, "a small college town" – a descrip-tion that even Reading's admir-ers would have to admit is over-romants.)

The book is far from being a complete account of chaos. Gleick fails to mention important work on chaotic chemical reactions, perhaps because he could not find a co-operative chemist to

provide the personal colour required for his style. Gleick does mention - but very much underplays — the vital role played by Soviet mathematicians in the development of chaos theory. One of the saddest little stories in the book is about an international conference in East Berlin, at which a frustrated, gesticulating A. N. Sarkovskii tried to tell the American chaos nigneer James Yorke that chaos pioneer James Yorke that he had done the same work years

In fact the blossoming of chaos in the West during the late 1970s and 1980s bewildered many Russian mathematicians because much of the Western research inadvertently duplicated work already done in the Soviet Union. Let us hope that glasnost will help to break down the still formidable communications gap between Soviet and Western sci-

The practical applications of chaos are now growing fast. It has important implications for medicine, and the rhythms of the human heart are proving a par-ticularly fruitful subject for chaologists. The worst type of chaotic behaviour in the heart, known as ventricular fibrillation, kills hundreds of thousands of people a year, the heart muscles suddenly stop beating periodi-cally and instead writhe in an unco-ordinated way like a bag of worms, unable to pump blood. Chaos experts are now designing improved defibrillators to restore the heart's normal rhythm with a

joit of electricity. Sadly, attempts to apply chaos theory to the social sciences and economics have so far proved much less successful. Analysis has not shown hidden order in the random and unpredictable movements of commodity or stock market prices. Most financial systems are apparently cha-otic in the everyday rather than the scientific sense of the word.

Clive Cookson

ø

### Germany needs economists

■ West Germany's five economic institutes, which play a seminal role in the shaping of samuel dent, to the nost of Figure 1. out the Geneva negotiations to secure a Soviet withdrawal from role in the shaping of economic opinion in the country, are facing Mr Junejo's mistake has been over-confidence. The careless plot an unprecedented reshuffle.

Best known for their twice yearly joint reports on the econ-omy, the institutes occupy dis-tinctive political positions in the in Pakistan were already promptions in the ing President Zia to consider debate over economic policy. Four of them are now actually or mminently headless: Hamburg, Berlin, Essen and Kiel At Kiel Professor Herbert

Giersch retires early next year, having established the institute as the most outspoken advocate of greater liberalisation and deregulation. The victory of the Social Democrats in the Schleswig-Holstein elections last month

- Kiel is the capital of the state - suggests that his successor might have a different leaning.

Presidents of the institutes are

Presidents of the institutes are selected by a governing body composed of representatives of the State and Federal Government, the local University and the institute itself. The new SPD administration in Kiel does not therefore have a free hand – and would not want to appear politically too perfess – but it probacally too partisan — but it proba-bly can block the appointment of the free market Professor Jurgen Donges, Kiel's current number

Other names mentioned for Kiel include Professor Reimut Jochimsen, the SPD economics minister in North Rhine Westphalia, and Professor Helmut Hesse, who has just become President of the Lower Saxony State

The man who may

There is some anxiety in the German economic establishment. which means the older genera-tion, that the selections will become politicised and that there are not enough suitable younger candidates capable of combining academic excellence with mana-

set to replace the retiring Professor Hans Karl Schneider at January 1 that will make Elliott Essen. Yet following yesterday's one of the masters of Morgan's



**OBSERVER** 

The latest record attempts released by the Guiness Book of Records include the largest omelette, using 60,000 eggs and 500kgs of cheese, which is to be made in Kuala Lumpur on Sun-Closer to home is the 12-milelong sausage, which is being attempted in Dudley, West Mid-

lands, in 10 days' time. The largest cabbage is a 118 lb specimen grown in East Woodyates, Wiltshire.

The longest ride in armour 200 miles from Westminster, taking in Canterbury - planned by
two Maidstone men, Derek Ward
and Gary Bourne, is something of

a pseudo-record because both admit that some knights in medieval times must have ridden fur-Thomas Litz, a teacher from Zug in Switzerland, has finally returned Mark Johnson's home

work to him after 21 years.

The man who may soon hold the key to the future of Morgan Grenfell, the merchant bank, is a 55-year-old weekend farmer from Surrey with a passion for horses. He suffers, at the moment, from gout brought on by a hip replace-

ment operation.

Roger Elliott is chairman-elect of Willis Faber, the grandest gerial skill.

Professor Horst Siebert looks Lloyd's of London. it owns 20.7



lestiny at a time when the bank

is surrounded by takeover specu-lation, with Goldman Sachs rumoured as a possible bidder. This is not a natural role for Elliott, a quintessential Lloyd's man, schooled mainly in marine insurance until he joined Willis's aviation side in 1979. He arrived at the group in 1950, after the 1945 Labour Covernment nationalised Pickford's, the removal firm, which until then had been run by his family. The young Roger was sent to Willis in 1950 for work experience. in Willis, he will lead a group

with long-cherished business ties to insurance institutions including Johnson & Higgins, the private New York insurance broker, and the huge Tokyo Marine and Fire Insurance Company, which reinsures itself in London against catastrophes.

Where will he take the group? Not into more acquisitions like its troubled takeover last year of rival broker Stewart Wrightson. "I can't see any territory in the world where we don't have excellent contacts," says Elliott.
With regard to Morgan, Willis acknowledges that its traditional hour ahead.

And the second s

ties to the bank have weakened somewhat - especially since Morgan will probably need to raise new capital to fund expansion. But one difficulty outsiders in the Lloyd's community see Willis facing is that it would have a tough job finding somewhere to reinvest perhaps £100m of proceeds from the sale.

### Life of Keynes

The Institute of Economic Affairs has produced an hour long video on the life, ideas and legacy of John Maynard Keynes. Only towards the end does a touch of polemicism creep in. It comes from Sir Alan Walters, and it is a companies advisor to one-time economics adviser to Margaret Thatcher. The only country in which Keynesian principles were fully

tried was Britain, Walters explains, and look what hap-pened. The US did not really take Reynes on board till the 1960s, and "from then on the story gets sadder." The West Germans never took any notice of him, nor did the newly industrialised countries and "the Japanese didn't seem to have heard of

Milton Friedman is rather kinder. He says that Keynes had a "very bad influence on the intellectual community" because he persuaded it that problems could be solved by governments, and persuaded governments that they ought to appoint intellectuals to do so. Friedman adds, however, that Keynes caused everyone to look at problems through differ-

It occurred to me afterwards that the life would make a good musical: Cambridge, Bloomsbury Washington and Whitehall. As somebody has already written: In Washington Lord Halifax once whispered to Lord Keynes, They have all the money bags, But we have all the brains.

### Cartesian

A reader points out that the sign seen in a French cafe -Four o'clock tea à cinq heures is entirely logical. France is an

# **Grundig versus** other business dictation systems? it's one-sided.

Reliable professional dictation systems can reduce costs by 30%. Why choose Grundig? Grundig's famous moving indexed 'Steno-cassette' provides 30 minutes one sided Its minuted index - correction indicator shows precisely the

Quality tape reproduces superior sound. Capstan-drive prevents voice distortion.

This unique German engineering is also present in Grundig office and pocket machines. For a lifetime's service. reply today.

GRUNDIG **BUSINESS** 

	Legate ten use nec assemirables of cardital intrinsi	u olemi	15.	
NAME		-		
POSMON	L			-
COMPAN				
ADORESS	•			
				·

TELEPHONE Grunding Business Systems, Sales and Service Support, Mill Road, Russby, Warwickshire CV21 1PR Tel: 0788 77155 **ECONOMIC VIEWPOINT: Samuel Brittan** 

# Civil war among the monetarists

DURING the long period when the price of gold was held by central banks at \$35 per ounce, a notable paradox was pro-pounded by Dr Zijlstra, a famous Gov-ernor of the Netherlands Central Bank

nettre apiete

Appende test

A

or fork Tomas

a history of de

the story of de

the story of de

the probable

the pr

e for from the recount of the recount of the recount of the record of th

nus style.

In an annon

underplays

od by Sorieta

the develope

One of the se

in the book ke

ional conferen

ional conferen

culating A R

the same with

disting the least disting the least wildcred many

maticians be

Western me

in the Some Ethat glarge;

k down the ed

monunication;

ाटः वस्ति प्रस्काः

thal application on granes k

ad the chycles of

t are proving a

The worst to

amour in the E

១៨ ជា**រៀត អ៊ីមិនី** ends of thousant the heart me they beating ps. ा राज्य कार्यक

arci way like ak Die je pump 🛭

15 JUNE 1888

deberifiators to R

ar and chythos 20:20.

empts to apply

and the second

have en 笛子

encreated AP

un hicken st

al common

t pare Met are appears!

everytay rate:

· 中心可能。 live Cods

tation

THE COSTS

ars precisely the

्राधा संसर

DIG

is thereigh

tuttul subjer

If the world's monetary authorities were sure that the price of gold would never be raised above \$35 they would hever he raised above \$35 they would dump their gold straight away. If they were sure that it would indeed be raised, they would immediately exercise their their existing rights to convert their dollar holdings into gold at the expense of the US Treasury, whose gold stocks would be quirkly drained. The somewhat precarious equilibrium that existed under the Bretton Woods system depended on the existence of some uncertainty about the gold price, so that central banks neither wished to dump all their existing told stocks now content all their existing gold stocks nor convert all their dollar

goni stocks not convert all their dollar reserves into gold.

There is a similar paradox about the efforts of the UK Treasury and Bank of England to preserve a reasonably stable rate of exchange for sterling against the D-Mark, yet maintain a level of interest rates which at the short end are now 5 percentage points above German rates.

man rates.

The existence of this differential depends on there being doubt about the likely movement of sterling, with a not too alarming downside risk.

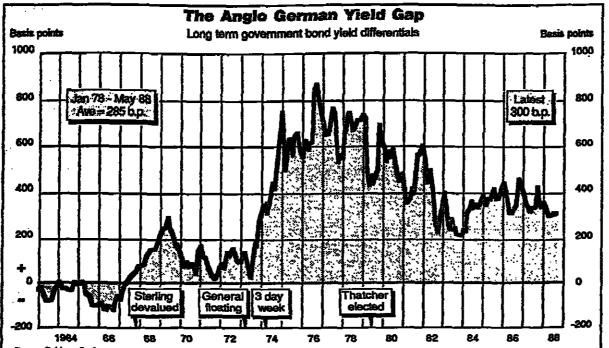
If the financial markets were sure that sterling could be held at its pres-ent level, there would be no point in holding footloose funds in Germany, Switzerland, Japan, or other hard money countries when they could be earning far more in Britain. If, on the other hand, they were convinced that the pound would drop steeply, there would be a sterling crisis on our hands. and it would take much more than 81/4

per cent base rates to stem it. Similar remarks apply even more strongly to the four percentage points differential between French and Ger-man short-term interest rates.

What, then, changed over the last couple of weeks to weaken sterling and provide British policy makers with a chance to try to combine higher interest rates with non-escalating sterling?

The effect of the tightening of Fed policy, combined with the earlier cuts in UK interest rates, has been almost to eliminate the interest differential in favour of sterling over the dollar. But as the D-Mark is for once at the bottom end of the Group of Seven range against the dollar - with thus some muside potential - the net effect of weakening sterling against the dollar is to weaken it against the Mark as well.

This is not a conjuncture on which to rely for more than a very short while. The Anglo-German short-term interest rate differential implies a central expec-tation that sterling will fall by 5 per cent per annum against the Mark. A better idea of longer term expectations



can be obtained from the differential between British and German bond rates. This and is now at around 3

percentage points.

If the German inflation rate is put at 1 per cent, the underlying British infla-tion rate would then be around 4 per cent - or a little more if one is pessi-mistic about price trends in non-traded services; and the short-term interest rate differential too would have to finc triate on either side of 3 percentage points. This means that the current short-term differential of 5 per cent would still be at the upper end of the likely range, despite the Bank of England's evident wish that it should

be yet higher. Thus the present combination of exchange rate and interest rate objectives is not durable.

The conclusion to which I keep returning is that if we want to approach the German rate of inflation, we will have eventually to live German-style interest rates; and that goes for countries already in the EMS even more. The other side of the coin is that more. The other side of the coin is that if people believed we could achieve German inflation rates and not depreciate against the Mark in the longer term, German-style nominal interest rates would no longer seem so low in real terms and thus would be less alarming to the Bank of England.

Meanwhile, it is worth noting the civil war that has broken out among those domestic monetarists who would like to conduct policy with little attention

is closely related to the credit growth about which the City really worries.
One example is provided by Tim Congdon and Peter Warburton of Shearson Lehman, who predict inflation rising next year to 9 per cent despite the cushion of a £12bn current account deficit in 1989 - both due to Nigel Lawson's

monetary adventurism". At the other extreme come Kent Mat-

Demand growth has been transformed, not into inflation, but into a current account deficit.

thews and Patrick Minford in the Liverpool Quarterly Economic Bulletin, who might be termed the "new monetar-ists". They believe that the behaviour of credit, or bank and building society deposits, reflects the portfolio choice of the private sector in a decontrolled environment and is of no ultimate inflationary impact. If private citizens both borrow more and bold more on deposit, they are simply taking advan-tage of a liberalised financial system to arrange their assets and liabilities. The new monetarists have taken to heart the strictures against the Fried-

manites for advocating in money and banking the fine-tuning controls they abhor everywhere else. Running in their favour is the fact that bank and At one extreme are those who go by the movement of broad money, which at around 20 per cent per annum throughout the 1980s while inflation first fell dramatically and has since

remained at around 4 per cent.

The weakest aspect of the new monetarists is their positive belief about what does determine inflation. Currency or "MO" is said to be "the only

The attraction of the M0, which consists of cash in the hands of the public plus the operational deposits of the banks and the Bank of England, is that it is all "outside money". By this they mean that it consists of private sector assets which do not have any counter-

valling liabilities within that sector. In fact, 95 per cent of M0 consists of cash in the hands of the public. But even if one believes that the price level can ultimately be controlled by controlling cash, one comes up against the fact that the Government does not determine the amount of currency in circulation. If people want to hold more bank notes they go to the banks to draw some. Holdings of cash can be influenced only indirectly by the normal weapons of interest rate, fiscal and exchange rate policy, which influence

the general level of spending.
A paper by the Treasury's Chief Economic Adviser, Sir Terence Burns\*, argues for M0 on the much less funda mental grounds that it is a "reasonably good short leading indicator of Nomina GDP." But what are we to make of the facts that: a) the present 5.9 per cent six monthly annualised growth rate of M0 is slightly above the official 1 to 5 per cent target range, yet b) it is below last autumn's rate and that in addition: c)

sury? The answer is that we need to look at so many other things as to cast doubt on M0's special target status. Burns is pretty broad-minded over

what he does in fact look at: "Narrow money, broad money - including the growth of credit - the exchange rate and to some extent other asset prices. But the weight given to these factors has changed from time to time; and a considerable element of judgment has been required."

A similarly eclectic approach is taken by Gavyn Davies in the June Goldman Sachs UK Economic Analyst, who goes back to more traditional indicators such as import costs, pay deals, consumer spending and so on.

Some of these indicators have been showing even more buoyant demand

growth than before. Retail sales estimates have been readjusted upwards and show an annualised growth of 6 per and show an annualised growth of 6 per cent both on a quarterly and yearly basis. Pay deals are nearly 1 per cent higher than a year ago. House price inflation is increasing, and bank and building society credit growth at an annualised rate has been edging up from below 20 per cent a year ago to

nearly 25 per cent in the last quarter.
According to Davies, domestic
demand has been growing from 5 to 6
per cent per annum in real terms, compared with a long-term, sustainable. growth rate not much above 3 per cent. But this demand growth has been transformed, not into inflation, but into a current account deficit, which he expects to reach £8bn in 1989.

if the current account delicit, which is known to be exaggerated by the offi-cial figures, can be financed from overseas, it is not necessarily catastrophic. A redeeming feature of the even larger payments gap forecast by Shearson is that it is associated with the largest investment boom since 1964.

The balance of payments can, how-ever, only act as a safety valve, so long as sterling is maintained and that the financial and labour markets believe that the Government will tighten monetary policy enough to prevent major depreciation not merely now nor in 1989, but for several years to come.

But having seen sterling rise against the Chancellor's wishes, the markets may reasonably be sceptical that he or his successor will be able to prevent it from falling. The only way to restore credibility is now nothing short of full EMS membership, which would require Mr Lawson and Sir Geoffrey Howe to make it a joint resignation issue on their part. If they do not, the Prime Minister may be right about their fitness to succeed her.

\* Sir Terence Burns: The UK Govern-

ment's Financial Strategy, in Keynes and Economic Policy: The Relevance of the General Theory After Fifty Years, ed. Eltis and Sinclair, (Macmillan, forth-

### Lombard

# The high cost of multi-unionism

BY PHILIP BASSETT

convulsed by the issue of single-union, strike-free deals. Employ-ers look on eagerly as the unions tear themselves apart over sin-gle-union deals by expelling from the TUC the EETFU (electricians) union), which has promoted them. For both employers and unions, single-union deals are the flavour of the year, never mind

Yet the number of single-union deals in the UK is still very small. No fully accurate measure-ment exists, but it is clear that by a huge margin multi-union arrangements outnumber singlemion deals on unionised sites.

Virtually everyone involved in British industrial relations agrees that where a new company wants a union agreement at all (and most do not) it wants a singleunion deal. They are also agreed that these deals, by simplifying bargaining and communication arrangements, can give employ-ers which have them a competitive advantage.

The difference among unions over the issue - despite the action likely against the EETPU - is largely one of degree. By and large, the principal competing unions in the private sector, which are the real focus of industrial relations change in the 1990s, are all broadly in agreement that single-union deals form the strategy to pursue. But what about the multi-

union employer? The major unions in the UK - the TGWU (transport workers), the AEU 1981. (engineering), the GMB (general) union and the EETPU - are now all ready to fight each other to be allowed to offer advantageous nies with which they have largely never had any kind of bargaining relationship in the past and which have often never employed any of their members.

TRADE UNIONS in the UK are collecting their members' sub-convulsed by the issue of single-scriptions on their behalf. Their thanks is to suffer competitive disadvantage as the unions offer to companies with which they have had no relationship the very provisions they deny to multi-union companies.

Earlier this year, both the TGWU and the AEU led a strike against Ford's flexibility and pay proposals, yet both unions com-peted openly for the fully flexible. single-union deal which the AEU eventually secured with the newcomer Nissan and which gives the Japanese company a substantial advantage over its rivals.

How long can unions maintain this dual-track approach, which is often to the disadvantage of indigenous long-standing companies and beneficial to foreign owned newcomers? How long will long-established multi-union companies be prepared to toler-

It is all but impossible at present for established multi-union companies to reorganise them-Barely a handful have managed to do so. Operationally, it is easier for companies to de unionise: to achieve the flexibility offered by single-union operation by stripping out the unions altogether.

Though the number of cases of union derecognition is small at present, it is growing - and is already, in half the time, mere than the number of strike-free, single-union deals which have been signed since they started in

The immediate challenge for British trade unions is to resolve representation arrangements to new, often foreign-owned, companies with which they are advantage of multi-microtive disadvantage of multi-microtive

Trade unions in the UK have to come to terms with it for their own sake, and because of the union companies which have for years maintained unionised relationships. They have employed tionships. They have employed the prospect of an increase in the the unions' members, recognised 40 or so de-unionisation cases as them, bargained with them, paid British employers decide they for their day-to-day existence by can wait no longer for the unions giving shop stewards paid time to reform their bargaining off for their activities and kept arrangements — and do it for the unions going financially by them.

### **Never believe an** advertisement

From Mr Douglas Dunbar. Sir. Max Find tant Converts" (June 2), on the benefits or otherwise of publicity brochures to the legal profession, reminds me of one of the tenets of the classical education I was fortunate enough to enjoy: never read advertising matter — or if, inadverteatly, your eye is drawn to some such material, then certainly never believe it.

tainty hever believe it.

This sage advice has saved me
from much intellectual offence,
diversion of purpose and wasted
time — the latter particularly applicable to full-page advertisements which carry only very few
words or the mere squiggle of a
word. Hoarding of such land is
encouraged by the absence of
thinking that, while the agencies
may have excelled themselves in
selling the space to their clients,
their convertiers have been their copywriters have been to the unremitting increase in unable to extend even their human demands on land area unable to extend even their until the site is sold for a fat profit.

In my experience, on matters

### Letters to the Editor Making a living from

### Too easy to speculate in land

From Miss Josephine Houes,

There is no cash cost, because In my experience, on matters of any importance personal rates are not levied on vacant to the cost of building and to the cost of building and

from Miss Josephine Hoyes.

burden is shifted on to other not the case in a number of proland. It is madness that this antivincial firms.

Letters, June 6) asks why social hearding of land has the

Sir, Josephine Mernane land it is madness that this antivincial firms.

(Letters, June 6) asks why, despite the need for housing, there are acres of derelict land all the way from New Cross to London Bridge. One may well ask not only in relation to housing, but to urban land uses in general.

Publicly owned derelict land is a special problem; I confine myself here to land privately owned. Hoarding of such land is encouraged by the absence of amnual cash cost. It is therefore easy to speculate by keeping a stite idle while prices rise, thanks to the unremitting increase in human demands on land area.

I sunpose we fall into Lex's "tea and sympathy" category. For tea and sympathy - no their optimum lawful planning that the tax is related to their optimum lawful planning that to urban land uses in general to their optimum lawful planning that tax net, the tax would encourage the best use of land within the planning laws, instead of rewarding speculation. The green belt would be safer and, incidentally, the rates burden would be more fairly spread.

So far as efficient use of housing, there are acres of derelict land all tis madness that this antivincial firms.

I suppose we fall into Lex's "tea and sympathy" category. For tea and sympathy - no theary no there are acres of the sites on an imputed rent basis related to their optimum lawful planning think) - no fees. We also maintain one of the lowest minimum commissions in the country. On Big Bang day we brought our scale rate of commissions down and they are still there.

We learnt many years ago, like other provincial firms, the technique of making a living from those whom Lex calls not-sortch in give contents and they are still there.

So far as efficient use of housing, increase in human demands on land area.

### the not-so-rich

From Mr J.A.W. Collins. Sir, Lex's comment on private that those clients who manage to find advice will either find it

move in precisely the wrong are getting a good-value service. direction. Rates, being a composite tax on sites and buildings, are J.A.W. Collins,

better than nothing. However, Redmanne Bentley, they add to the cost of building Merton House,

If intended for publication, letters to the Editor should include, where possible, a day-time telephone number.

# WERINGS . HOME FURNISHINGS · CERAMICS GLA

# COLOROLL GROUP PLC

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT OF RESULTS YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 1988

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	1988 <b>Sm</b>	1988 % INCREASE
SALES	257.6	+ 124%
PRE-TAX PROFIT	26.1	+ 153 %
EARNINGS PER SHARE	20.8p	+ 26 %
DIVIDENDS PER SHARE (NET) Interim Final	2.64p 3.96p 6.60p	+ 15%

"I am delighted to report yet another record year for your Group. The current year has started well and we look forward to another year of significant progress. We are already embarked on the task of assimilating John Crowther Group plc." JOHN ASHCROFT Chairman 8 June 1988

THE CONTENTS OF THIS STATEMENT, FOR WRICH THE DIRECTORS OF COLORDLL CROUP PLC ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE, HAVE BEEN APPROVED FOR THE PURPOSES OF SECTION 57 OF THE FIRANCIAL SERVICES ACT 1986 BY BINDER HANLEN AS AN AUTHORISED PERSON.

### Argument and counter argument for tax on the market value of housing

Sir, Let me reply to those who have criticised (May 17) my arguments for a tax on the market value of housing integrated into the inland Revenue's income tax base (May 11).

Mr Hunt claims the only reason for higher house prices in the south east of the UK is the current strength of economic activity there. Our research (with Anthony Murphy, financed by the Economic and Social Research Council) suggests that while this is an element, it is less important than national housing while this is an element, it is less important than national housing demand factors: the growth of income relative to the stock of housing; the expansion of real liquidity and the availability of credit, demographic factors; and after-tax interest rates relative to recent house price appreciation, which households tend to extrapolate.

There seems little doubt that housing supply is less elastic in

housing supply is less elastic in fits are spendable now. This is the south east, so that an expanone reason for increasing concern sion in national demand drives in the financial markets over the

Mr Hunt sees the tax I have proposed as adding to the cost of living. If the revenue from it is similar to that from domestic rates on owner occupiers, it is hard to see how it can increase the cost of living compared with the status quo. In fact, the reverse is true. As recent research by Professor Gordon Hughes and by Peter Spencer of Credit Suisse First Boston indi-cates, the abolition of domestic

up not only house prices but even house price/earnings ratios in the south east compared with My former colleague Michael However, he is not alone in

Since the expansion of the intand Revenue's tax base would make it possible to raise income tax allowances, this would ensure that, unlike under domestic tax land values. I see two problems with this. One is that the basis for annually updatable land the land to land the me more than it does him.

whether anyone has ever told me about mortgage repayments and upkeep. Has anyone ever told him shout home are ver told him about house price apprecia- John Muellbauer, tion as an element in the real Nuffield College, spending power of owner occupi- Oxford

boom.

My former colleague Michael
Ball neglects an absolutely vital
part of my proposal: integration
with income tax. Under my proposal, 2 to 3 per cent of the
annually indexed market value
would be added to other income.
Since the expansion of the inland
Bevenue's tay hase would make.

I have the most sympathy with I have the most sympathy with

rates, widows with low cash incomes would not be paying the tax. Moreover it would be possible to give a separate tax allowance for the imputed income from housing. His alternative, a house sales tax, effectively increasing stamp duty has an effect on mobility which worries me more than it does him. tem that would be required, in Mr Bingley (facetiously) asks

### Too soon to count chickens

### Sited through a train window

the blight caused by planning Peter Hadley, and possession politics. The London Docklands Development Cor. 70 Houses Lane, poration may not be a paragon, Kenley, Surrey

but it has provided the means for From Mr B.D. Yates. From Mr Peter Hadley.

Sir Josephine Mernane's observation (Letters, June 6) reflects

but it has provided the means for 15,000 homes to be built on London's most neglected sites.

Sir, Articles recently referred concerned with recreation on the to suppliers being awarded contracts for Fawley "B" coal fired ranged against them, power station. GEC and others B.D. Yates, should not count their chickens Hampshire County Council too early. The public enguiry will Winchester

not take place until 1989. Those

# FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday June 9 1988

Parker Pen

reads the

writing on

London's

By Christopher Parkes in London

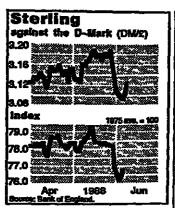
market wall

instrument manufacturer, scrapped its London Stock Exchange flotation plans yester-

day - the day it was due to announce full details of its offer

for sale. The embarrassing cancellation followed a dispute between Par-





### **Sterling** shows fresh signs of strength

By Simon Holberton in London

STERLING showed signs of renewed strength in London yesterday and closed higher against major currencies for the first time in almost a

Elsewhere in Europe, the dollar was also firm on foreign

dollar was also firm on foreign exchanges before today's release in Washington of seasonally adjusted US trade figures for 1986, 1987 and the first quarter of this year.

Sterling weakened slightly towards the end of trading in London and this, together with a solid rise on Wall Street, helped the FT-SE 100 Share Index to end 8 points up at 1,828,2 and the FT Ordinary Share Index to close 10.1 better at 1,455.2.

At 2pm on Wall Street, the

at 1,435.2. At 2pm on Wall Street, the Dow Jones Industrial Average stood 35.56 points higher at 2,090.15 on the back of better bond prices and a belief that the inflation threat to the US

the inflation threat to the US was receding.

Sterling closed 1% plennigs higher at DM3.1250 and fractionally higher against the dollar at \$1.8180. The Bank of England's trade-weighted sterling index closed 0.2 points higher at 76.7.

Market engrature were qui-

Market operators were qui-etly optimistic about the out-look for sterling. Foreign favourable interest differentials were re-established against the yen and the D-Mark following the rise in UK base rates to 812 per cent

The Treasury, however, remains cautiously confident that a repetition of sterling's strength can be avoided, given the shock speculators received last week when the pound fell

steeply. The D-Mark was weak against most major currencies yesterday, falling against the dollar and the yen as well as

expressed concern recently over the weakness of the sold dollars to Support its currency. Earlier this week the central bank said it had reduced its dollar holdings by \$2bn in May and had con-

Currency markets are expected to be relatively quiet today ahead of the US Commerce sonally adjusted trade figures. In London, the dollar closed at DM1.7185 compared with DML7150 on Tuesday and at Y125.25 compared with

Correncies, Page 31

Continued from Page 1 closest political friend, Mr John Sasso.

inn sasso. His skill on television, born

of his experience some years ago as a television show host, has been a valuable asset and

when he gets into debates with

from the mistakes of other Democratic candidates.

Although a north easterner from liberal Massachusetts, he

**World Weather** 

# IBM applies to join rivals' software standards group

est computer manufacturer, has applied to join the X/Open group, a consortium which includes some of its fiercest rivals and which is attempting to establish

cause of expense and resentment

among business computer users.

The application to X/Open software standards, especially for group are Groupe Bull, Digital excepted – represents a significant change of policy for IBM, which has rejected several invita-

fied with the need for open stan-dards throughout the computer turer, to secure their own, propri-

which is attempting to establish basic rules for developing computers software.

The group aims to enable customers to run the same applications programs on computers from different makers. The lack of such a facility is a serious mens and Nixdorf of West Gerexists over IBM's intentions in the standard.

Both AT&T and Sun are memformation of the Open Software Both many and Groupe Bull of France the standards arena

INTERNATIONAL Business tions to join the four-year-old IBM and its collaborators to Machines (IBM), the world's largest computer manufacturer, has applied to join the X/Open group. It is the latest in a series of communications conglomerate, and Sun Microsystems, an etary Unix system as the world

# US set to press allies to bear greater share of defence burden

den, and prospects for new East-west negotiations on conven-question.

Carrington, the outgoing Secretary General.

It follows last week's briefing that a mandate for a new set of the peotiating calendar, against on the results of the Moscow summit by Mr George Shultz, the Summer.

US Secretary of State, to the North Atlantic Council in Brushigh profile given in the Moscow summit to the human rights of the foreign ministers were present. With a pause in the momentum of nuclear arms reduction talks, insisted that no new talks can provide opportunities for discustances on sion of recent developments in

tional arms cuts are expected to
dominate talks between alliance
foreign ministers in Madrid today
and tomorrow.

Lord Carrington said at a premeeting news conference yesterday that each country knew
where it stood in the league table

The burden-sharing issue, in on Security and Co-operation in and other regional issues in which the US Administration Europe — now in Vien-which the Soviet Union may be faces a strong congressional camna — where the Mutual and Bilat-changing its approach, officials paign, has already been discussed eral Force Reduction negotiations said.

US PRESSURE on allies to shoul- at defence minister level, but the covering central Europe have der more of the Nato defence bur-foreign ministers are expected to been stumbling along for 15

Lord Carrington said the man-date for new talks did not depend on Nato's current study of a "comprehensive concept" of arms control. The concept is seen in The Madrid meeting will be the of Nato contributors.

West Germany as a way of bringlast one presided over by Lord

T think we can all do more, ing the short-range nuclear weapcarrington, the outgoing Secreand some can do more, more one not covered by the intermedi-

today's meeting is expected to take place without advances on sion of recent developments in focus on other issues.

Luman rights at the Conference Eastern Europe and Afghanistan,

# Swift bank project delayed

international electronic commu-nications system which is the Swift I to the vastly more power-chief conduit for the transmis- ful and sophisticated Swift II, or sion of payments messages amounce a further delay.
between the world's banks, is it would be the fourth time in still troubled by computer soft-ware problems and is unlikely to meet its promised delivery date. The board is expected to issue now tooks tankery. Swift users that swift continues to cope sage countries – are reported to be "frustrated and annoyed" by the delay on a project which is already more than two years behind schedule.

Suggestions that proposals had already more than two years behind schedule.

It software project and start from both software and managerial different proposals for the continues of the proposals had seen imperative since 1985, but the development of Swift II has been hindered by both software and managerial different proposals for the continues of the rising volume of message system can handle.

Replacement of the 10-year-old technology has been imperative since 1985, but the development of Swift II has been hindered by the software and managerial different proposals had been made to abandon the Swift.

Worldwide Interbank Financial authorities.

Late last year Swift manage a statement today setting out a ment said banks would be able to new timetable for the cutover move to the much-needed new window and detailing a parcel of system in early 1989, a date which contingency measures to ensure now looks unlikely. Swift users that Swift continues to cope with

A £400m (\$725m) project to in Brussels this week to decide Vice-President, said yesterday upgrade the Swift network, an whether to attempt to meet the that the delays were being caused by the complexity of ensuring that the new software, which is being completed in the US at Culpepper, Virginia, would provide the same level of security and reliability that customers had come to expect from Swift L

Swift has proved a major suc-cess within the banking commu-nity. It is now handling over one million payments messages a day, close to the maximum the system can handle.

The board of Swift (Society for scratch were denied by the Swift ficulties. The computers themanthorities. selves, provided by Unisys, have Mr Peter Drummond, Swift not been part of the problem.

### Blast causes US rocket fuel shortage

about a shortage of solid fuel year. vital to US space, military and

has cleverly avoided making specific promises which would make him vulnerable to the

charge levelled for example at Vice President Walter Mon-dale, the party's candidate in 1984, that he is a prisoner of his party's special interest

oups. He has also had his share of

luck. The strong challenge from Rev Jesse Jackson, not only helped to keep the race for the Democratic nomination

alive and therefore the Gover-

A HUGE explosion that destroyed that the shortage will not delay ets and main weapons systems. a rocket fuel plant in Nevada last the return to space of its Shuttle, After the accident on May 5, month has left US Administrance of the contemporary officials deeply concerned fear it will curtail flights next neering & Production's facilities,

nox's name before the public, in addition, since Mr Jackson is to the left of the party, it

being tagged as a Massachu-setts liberal.

even though he will continue

to try, was evidenced on Tuesday night. In a television interview Gov

Dukakis responded to the Vice President's jibes about his lib-

eral stances by scoffing that "this crowd in the White House isn't conservative."

When asked to say how he backed up his claim to be more conservative than Mr Bush, he

added with reference to his

years as Governor of Massa-

chusetts: "Balancing budgets for one. I was taught that a conservative paid his bills."

in the next few weeks, how-

ever, Gov Dukakis's political skills will be severely tested. Mr Jackson remains a politi-

cal leader who will need to be

treated with care. Not only has he won respect for himself by

running a mature campaign in

which he articulated more

compellingly than his rivals

some of the social issues which

may help to win the election in

That Vice President Bush will have some trouble planing the label "liberal" on him,

year. Nasa officials said there was
The Defence Department is enough fuel to supply the space
also concerned about fuel availprogramme. However, the Nev-A House Oversight and Investigations Sub-committee was to unmanned substitute for the about safety, has shut down open hearings yesterday on the Shuttle, which the air force has Kerr-McGee's plant, which is the imminent shortage. Officials of scheduled for an initial launch only other producer of ammothe National Aeronautics and this autumn. It also needs fuel mum perchlorate, the oxidising Space Administration contend for its Delta 2 space-launch rock- agent needed for the rocket fuel.

Competence the key to the Dukakis campaign November for his party, he is unchallenged as the spokes-man for black voters, a Demoit is certainly no rockler than the ground Vice-President

Bush must cover. Polls show that not only is cratic constituency in November's election. In shaping the party's politi-cal platform Gov Dukakis will thus have to make some concession to the powerful block of Jackson delegates in the convention hall in Atlanta next month, but they will have to be concessions which will

not anger the party's conserva-tive wing.

Mr Jackson, by indicating that he will focus on such issues as the party's rules and US policy towards South Africa, and by his choice of mainstream Democrats to manage his role in the convention, seems to be signalling once again that he is not

looking for confrontation with the party's standard bearer. A key decision will be Gov Dukakis's selection of vicepresidential running mate. His choice will have to be acceptable to Mr Jackson if he is to throw himself into the cam-paign and mobilise the black constituency on Gov Dukakis's

But if Gov Dukakis has some difficult political terrain to traverse in the next few weeks.

failing to retain the support ne failing to retain the support of blue collar Democrats who voted in 1980 and 1984 for Ronald Reagan, a "gencer gap" has also opened up with women finding the Vice President far less attractive as a candidate than Gov Dukakis.

Moreover Mr Bush is still struggling with the diffemit

struggling with the difficult task which has bedevilled presidential bids by sitting Vice Presidents in the past, that of both carving out for himself a separate political identity

He took another stab at this earlier in the week when he positioned himself to the right of the President on US/Soviet relations by publicly questionment of the Soviet Union which President Reagan has en offering in the wake of the Moscow summit.

Mr Bush can, however, con-sole himself with the thought that the election is not until November and most voters will not begin to focus on the two candidates until the Presidential campaign begins in ear-

# THE LEX COLUMN

# Parker's blot on the City

day's last-minute decision to pull the Parker Pen flotation — irrec-oncilable differences over price looks so ludicrous that it tempts one to seek a more sophisticated explanation. Perhaps something nasty turned up in the figures to blight the pre-flotation profits forecast, or maybe a tall dark bidden arrested of the pre-flotation of the pre-flotation profits forecast, or maybe at tall dark bidden arrested of the pre-flotation profits.

the merchant bank, and Cazanove, the stockbroker – and the investors which helped fund the company's \$70m management buy-out from its US owners in January 1982. der appeared out of nowhere at the last possible moment. Any number of intricate theories can be advanced, but the truth seems to be closer to farce than conspiracy. Somehow, the various parties involved did not buy-out from its US owners in January 1986.

The advisers had warned the backers that, given the present fragility of the stock market, they could not expect a flotation share price of more than 150p, which would have valued Parker at about £139m (\$252m). Mr Jacques Margry, chief executive, said yesterday. various parties involved did not get around to discussing a price for the issue until two days before impact day; and when they did, they found that the greed of Parker's venture capitalist backers could not be reconciled with the meanness of cazenove's and Lazard's valuation.

The stars of the star of th

terday.
From that point, in present

the prospect of earnings dilution

seeking a share price of around 170p and a market capitalisation of £155m. of around a point on the advisers' At that level they hoped for the about re-capitalising the com-pany, and promising sheepishly not to trouble the market with its

price to rise to 185p or 190p in early trading.

Because of the wide differences, the negotiators failed to round up from investors the min-

imum 25 per cent of shares necesimum 25 per cent of shares necessary for a full Stock Exchange listing. "The board's decision to cancel was totally unanimous," said Mr John Moulton of Schroder Ventures, which led the buy-out investment group.

"We have seen this sort of thing before," a representative of one of Parker's backers said yesterday. Companies had lost their nerve at the last moment or

nerve at the last moment or bankers and brokers raised expectations during the "beauty parades" usual when private advisers, and then lowered them sharply when impact day so long as it is confined to ana-

approached. Cazenove and Lazard were appointed last summer in the ady days before the October stock markets crash.

Anong the options now being considered, it is believed, is the possible sale of the company, although Parker's brand strength and cash-generating abilities make recapitalisation a more

Mr Margry gave a hint of his personal views when he said at the time of the initial announceover three weeks ago, that he would put forward "as little as possible" of his personal holding.
The move was designed mainly to give Parker's principal backers a valuation of their holdings and

a possible exit route. The best course now is to do nothing," he said yesterday. The flotation plan was in limbo, and the company was looking at alternatives which included a future flotation attempt when the

market was more stable. Lazard and Cazenove would remain as Parker's advisers. In the meantime the company would continue as before, and Mr Margry said he expected no probtions should the opportunity

# International Share price relative to the FT-A AII-Share index

From that point, in present market conditions, the after-market price could have been expected to rise to about 160p.

Some of the backers, which include Chemical Equity of the US, Bankers Trust, the Electra Investment Trust and Pkr Associates, representing the interests of the founding Parker family, were seeking a share price of around a stage of around a point on the advisers when the founding the formula of around a point on the advisers when the two — a difference of around a point on the advisers when the two — a difference of around a point on the advisers when the two — a difference of around a point on the advisers when the two — a difference of around a point on the advisers when the two — a difference of around a point on the advisers when the two — a difference of the second that they could sell a quarter of the is all about higher growth in the company today for nearly as long term and improving the quality of earnings. In particular the strategic acquisition of Octupate the two— a difference of the proving the mounts of the strategic acquisition of Octupate the two— a difference of the proving the mounts of the strategic acquisition of Octupate the two— a difference of the proving the mounts of the strategic acquisition of Octupate the two— a difference of the proving the mounts of the strategic acquisition of Octupate the two— a difference of the proving the mounts of the proving the mean that it should be given the prospective p/e of 11 - proved full benefit of the doubt, more not susceptible to negotiation.

Parker was left muttering see Reed become a fully fledged publishing company before pass-

ing judgement.
The immediate problem for the not to trouble the market with its flotation ambitious for some time to come. Cazenove and Lazard, growth may slacken temporarily for their part, were clearly from the recent 25 per cent per peeved that decades of market annum or so, but that nobody expertise had been challenged by knows by how much. Timing, a bunch of upstart venture capitalists. While it is difficult to Reed chooses to spend its near decide which side ended up to the control of the capital of the control of the c tinction should probably go to of £255m this year, a pie of 12
Parker which, after all, paid £½m would seem to get the measure of in fees for the honour.

both the eventual promise and of slightly slower growth in the

The near five per cent fall in Reed's share price yesterday sug-**J.Rothschild** 

lysts' circulars. But when the company itself makes the unsurprising admission that its move
out of low-rated packaging into
more highly rated publishing will fate of LF Rothschild, the Wall average foreign exchange dealer, involve some dilution, perverse Street securities firm, to sense there is a danger that the argu-investors seem not to like it at that J.Rothschild Holdings made ments for sterling being weaker

decline in the investment trust decline in the investment trust sector – its investment record is hard to fault. Nevertheless, the group has come to be valued on a par with a rather dull investment trust, but without any of the latter's tax advantages.

Rothschild's solution to its dilemma – splitting itself into an investment trust and an investment dealing company – is a

ment dealing company - is a clever compromise, and a reminder that there are still plenty of ways that the sleepy investment trust industry can shake itself up, if it so wished. RIT Capital partners, which will be similar to the old RIT, will have all the tax advantages of an investment trust, plus the added bonus of a £100m convertible which can be used to circumvent which can be used to the transfer the restrictions on investment trusts buying back their own shares. This should prevent RIT moving to a substantial discount to its fl asset value, while the substantial yield on the rest of the breiness plus the continuing the business, plus the continuing ability to buy back shares, explains the 7p rise in the

It is all very well for currency traders to talk of the 3 piennig bounce in sterling over the last two days as "technical" — a simple consequence of cross positions against the D-Mark being unwound. Yet the fact remains that the moustant is a large one that the movement is a large one by ordinary standards, and has pushed sterling up to DM3.1250, just a plennig and a half short of DM3.14, which prompted a cut in interest rates barely a month

nation may be less fatuous than it sounds. When the dollar is par-alysed by the prospect of next week's trade figures, it is natural that sterling should see the most of any weakness in the D-Mark. Probably, there is nothing more One has only to look at the and merely marks a move within the right decision to exit the are forgotten as quickly as the There were other things in an financial services arena when it reverse arguments were cast apparently more than respectable did. It has always been far better aside just a week ago. Whatever 29 per cent rise in profits that at doing deals than managing the official disputes about the use failed to please. Disposal gains of people, and as yesterday's preliming figures and inary figures amply demonsing, yo-yo-ing base rates can suit an unexpectedly low tax charge strated — net assets rose by 6.5 no one save the newspapers which corrections are recommendations. made the earnings figures look per cent against a 12.5 per cent which carry the advertisements.

### **HEAD FOR** HAMPSHIRE ~A STEP IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION

"More office fo	or your money" – w	ben you step u	P SOUT	ПНАМР	TON
Ask the Hampsl	strative centre in Sou nire Development As	sociation		17	
	independent study b and Associates on So		त	#	7
"property costs are considerably	in South Hampshire	READING			
those current in London or the T	central	£18		1	
Valley."		SQ			
*Source; Debenham Towas & Chimocha	TOWERHAMLETS				
Office Rent and Roses 1987		- N. C.			
THECTY					
£66				EL.	
Sati					
				且	10 to
الله الدين (100 Miles) الله الدين (100 Miles)		وريد والأفادا			
TM	. Cal. C 0 7	-1 J			

Please send me a Post this coupon 13 Clifton Road,	copy of the Coopers & Lybr to: The Hampshire Develop Winchester, Hampshire SO2	and report. ment Association, 2 5BS or call Winche	ster (0962) 56060.
Name Position	<del></del> _	<del></del>	-4700
Company		a	PATRICE !
Address		<i>y</i>	A SOCIETATION AS A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE
			Jack .
Postcode	Telephone	FT9/6	

presidents, as members of the board of managing directors.

acquired Continental in 1986.

executive vice president of the American arm and also a director of Kleinwort Benson Ltd., the parent company in London. From 1975 to May this year, Mr Reis was a managing director of Morgan Stanley, a major New York-based international investment bank which he joined 22 years ago. He headed part of its capital markets group from 1975 to 1980, and became a senior member of its mergers and acquisitions (M & A) group in 1981.

He worked on many of Morgan Stanley's significant M & A transactions, including the acquisition of Conoco by DuPont and take-over of Donaldson Lufkin Jen-rette by Equitable Life. He has also had much experience working with UK firms such as British Petroleum, BTR, Commercial Union, and Smith and Nephew. wide reputation, capital base and In 1985, Mr Reis was selected to head Morgan Stanley's insurance

head Morgan Stanley's insurance group, a post he held until taking sabbatical leave last August. He then served as the Morris Visit-ing Professor of Business Administration at the Darden School of the University of Virginia for the 1987-88 academic year.

ny itself into and an investment of a investme

the 3 plenns gover the ba awal - a size

of cross pesi D-Mark being to fact remains

and has

ip to DMarsa

a half short of

ampled a cut is andy a most

traders' entas fatuous than

he dollar is par

respect of new

TO HE HATTER

ild on the mos

in the D-Mark

ng s latest ree

: a more with

entircies. Gid

is chan of pr

Achinge desk

, and Whater er alanti theis

to target 🗯 a rates cut 🕏

alterina mode

2 PAR A

34**1**23

that the sp g being water quickly as to als were co



Mr Judson P. Reis

Mr Nigel MacEwan, Kleinwort Benson Inc. president, said: "We are delighted to have a senior banker of Jud's calibre and expe-

rience joining our firm."

"Coming to Kleinwort Benson is the best of both worlds," said Mr Rels. "It is an opportunity to lead and grow a tightly focused client-oriented investment banking group in an entrepreneurial environment, while environment. environment, while enjoying the advantages of Kleinwort's world-

THE supervisory board of Amsterdam-Rotterdam (Amro) Bank, the Netherlands' second present senior executive vice

### **Brambles Industries** elects new chairman

The appointments will be effect AUSTRALIAN-based Brambles tive from a date to be determined later. Also, Mr H. Heemskerk, 45. Industries, the diversified transport, industrial services and secuand Mr W.G. Jiskoot, 37, are seing promoted to senior execurity concern, has elected Mr Alan W. Coates as the new chairman,

tive vice presidents from execu-tive vice presidents. Mr G.E. Loudon has resigned His appointment follows the retirement of Mr Oliver J. Richfrom June 1 as a member of Amro's board of managing direc-tors in order to settle in Great ter, 67, in accordance with the company's rules regarding the retiring age for the chairman. Mr Richter will remain on the board Britain and join Midland Bank, one of the Big Four UK banks, in London as an executive director. as deputy chairman.

Mr Richter, a member of the AMEV, a major international insurance and financial services 113 years old Brambles concern since 1965, became chairman in October, 1982, after a distingroup based in the Netherlands, guished record of management has appointed as chairman of its executive board Mr J.L.M. Barwith the company. He was responsible for taking Brambles offshore in the 1970s telds, succeeding Mr F. Roos, who

Mr Bartelds, 42, has been with AMEV since 1967. In 1979, he became head of the economic when he established the Chep pallet and specialised container hire services in Europe. During his period as chairman, Mr Rich-ter presided over the most dradepartment, and in 1983 was made general manager of AMEV Nederland. He joined the execu-tive board last October. matic period of expansion in the company's history.

Mr Coates, 63, joined the Brambles board in August, 1986, after retiring as chief executive of the \* \* \*
THE Commercial Bank of Kuwait

has named Mr Warren A. Schad senior vice president and chief manager of its New York branch AMP Society. He was elected dep-uty chairman shortly afterwards. He was previously general He is a director of Chase AMP manager of the US division of Bank, CRA, CSR, Pacific Dunlop, Continental Bank of Canada in Mitsubishi Motors Australia, and largest bank, has decided to New York, and then vice presi-appoint Mr R.W.J. Groenink, 38, dent, mergers and acquisitions, chief commissioner of the Over-and Mr R.W.F. van Tets, 41, at after Lloyds Merchant Bank seas Telecommunications Com-

### PaineWebber names co-directors for corporate finance

THE US PaineWebber Group, largest banking corporation in parent of PaineWebber Inc., a the region. This follows legisla-leading Wall Street and interna-tive changes which came into tional securities concern, has effect on April 1. named managing directors Mr
Robert Pangia and Mr Arthur
Sharples co-directors of its corporate finance section.

Dr Garnaut, a Western Australian, has been Ambassador to China for three years, during which time a major expansion

Their new duties were previously the responsibility of Mr tralian economic relations has John F. Perkowski Jr., former taken place. Before that, he was director of investment banking senior economic adviser to the who has resigned to become a Prime Minister. general partner of Kinge Subot-

Mr Pangia, 36, was previously managing director in charge of PaineWebber's Industrial Group with responsibility for new busi-ness development. Before joining PaineWebber in April last year, he was a managing director with Drexel Burnham Lambert. From 1977 to 1986, he worked in corpo-rate finance at Kidder Peabody. Mr Sharples, 42, has been headng the firm's Private Placement

ing director of private place-ments at Merrill Lynch, which he joined in 1977. Prior to that, he was a vice president at Citibank, tis A. Hessler, a senior vice presi-FORMER Australian Ambassador

to China Dr Ross Garnaut has been appointed chairman of the staff groups, replaces Mr Edwin Western Australia State-owned P. Gilbert, who has resigned to Rural and Industries Bank, the pursue other interests.

and diversification of Sino-Aus-

State Premier Mr Peter Dowdnick Perkowski and Co., an ing said that Dr Garnaut is an investment partnership formed by Metromedia. ing said that Dr Garnaut is an investment partnership formed outstanding Australian who would continue to make a great outstanding Australian who would continue to make a great contribution to society through his role as chairman of the R and I Bank. "Dr Garnaut's international experience and understanding of the importance of economic development would be extremely valuable to Western

The Bank, Mr Dowding added. represents an extremely impor-tant asset of Western Australia that is contributing much to the Group. He moved to PaineWeb-ber in 1986 from a post of manage.

UNISYS, the world's second largest computer group, has named as chief financial officer Mr Curdent of the company. Mr Hessler, who retains

responsibility for the corporate

MERCHANT BANK CORPORATE FINANCE EXECUTIVE £27 TO £30,000 + MORTGAGE AND CAR.

Your role will be totally project based, involving all aspects of chent Your role will be tolarly holder based, involving all aspects of chemical megotiations and advice, money raising, mergers, acquisitions and Stock Eachange listings both full and USM, with future secondment to New York, Paris or Hong Kong. You should be qualified ACA, two years PQE up to Manager level, ideally with corporate finance or

> MERCHANT BANK P.A. TO THE GROUP F.D. MIN £25,000+ NEG + CAR.

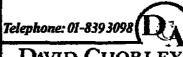
A unique opportunity for all round assignment based involvement within one of the most prestigious Merchant banks. This is viewed as an exceptionally high profile role, your brief including such areas at acquisition reviews, disposals, financial planning and business analysis in a totally ad hoc capacity. You should be ACA, up to 18 months PQE and expecting a high level of non-accounting tasks prior to your assuming a senior management role in around two years. Renumeration entirely negotiable.

YOUNG FINANCIAL CONTROLLER c£25,000 + CAR

Reporting to the General Manager, you will take full responsibility to the finance function of this substantial records marketing group. You should be qualified, aged to 30 and seeking a key decision making role in a highly commercial and fast moving environment. Previous experience gained within a marketing or FMCG group would be ideal.

STRATEGIC ANALYSIS - RETAILING CENTRAL LONDON

lewly created position within a highly acquisitive market leading group and which possesses an increasingly diverse product base. Your brief will be to assess the financial impact of new acquisitions on corporate planning and product marketing strategy. Aged mid to late twenties, you should have proven analytical skills obtained within an aggressive, highly



Estate House, 130 Jerman St

DAVID CHORLEY ASSOCIATES

### **Accountancy Appointments**

# Finance Director

Leading International Investment Banking and Securities Group

c£80,000 package plus benefits

A major reorganisation within this global financial services group has created a new opportunity for a strategically minded Finance Director capable of establishing and moulding

a restructured UK Finance Division. For this key role what will be highly outstanding management style (results orientated) and broad

business experience at a senior level in a blue chip multinational corporate. At this level, personal skills of leadership. drive and clear communication are

The attractive compensation package will include a high basic salary, bonus

valued are: excellent accounting skills, element and full director level benefits. This is a career opportunity offering

ample scope for further personal

development

Please write in confidence with full CV stating current salary and benefits, and quoting reference MCS/1048 to: Michael Madgwick

**Executive Selection Division Management Consultants** No. 1 London Bridge London SE1 9QL

Price Waterhouse



ESTATES MANAGER

(FINANCE)

c £18,000 p.a.

Progressive PLC are looking for an enthusiastic Manager to co-ordinate on-site managers and assume control of C3m + rents.

Experience of computerised management systems and the ability to work to deadlines,

reporting directly to the Board.

Please phone Mike Morell of Meridian Accountancy on 01-225-1555

# **Finance Director**

Package to £30,000 + car

Our client is a successful and expanding manufacturer and marketer of a broad range of high quality electrical products. The Company has grown rapidly since a management buyout to become a market leader with a turnover in excess of £7 million. New strategic initiatives have been designed to take advantage of the excellent product base and to grow

through both acquisition and increased market share. Reporting to the Managing Director, the Finance Director will have complete responsibility for all the financial affairs of the company. Particular commercial emphasis will be placed on the production and critical analysis of management and financial information, strategic plans, budgets and forecasts In addition there will be responsibility for managing the accounting team, treasury and taxation matters. Plus, importance will be placed on developing the computerised systems and controls to meet current and future business

### Pembrokeshire Coast, West Wales

Candidates will be qualified accountants, probably aged in their 30s, with a strong finance background gained in a manufacturing company. You must have well rounded accounting skills, combined with the ability to enhance computer based systems and controls. Your approach to management must be flexible and results oriented with the levels of commitment and determination needed to generate

This is an excellent opportunity to make a major contribution to the direction of a young expanding company, in return a results oriented package is offered plus the prospect of equity participation.

Please apply in confidence giving concise caree personal and salary details to:-Judith Richardson ER 104, Arthur Young Corporate Resourcing, Citadei House, 5-11 Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1DH.

MERCHANT BANK W1 £15-£19,000 Neg

Well-established small multi-faceted merchant bank seek a Financial Project Manager.

You will be reporting directly to the Board Directors on all financial matters relating to project financial and account-ing records and input required

Preferably under 30 you should be at least part-qualified and computer literature. Experience of financial services sector

on 01-629 7262

on structure and assignm

**Arthur Young Corporate Resourcing** 

A MEMBER OF ARTHUR YOUNG INTERNATIONAL

# Audit Manager

City
Salary circa £30,000 plus excellent
benefits package

Our client, a substantial international business in the food industry, is seeking to recruit an Audit Manager for its UK Headquarters. The position would suit a Chartered Accountant who can offer varied experience of internal/external audit functions, as well as a thorough knowledge of computerised systems. In addition, experience of operational audits would be an

We are looking for an individual who can demonstrate flexibility, who s good inter-personal skills and is keen to develop his career as part of a

There are significant opportunities, within the next two to three years, for further advancement to operational Finance Director status. This is a senior position offering a competitive salary within a forward thinking,

international organisation.

Candidates should write, enclosing a current CV, with details of remuneration to: The Welbeck Group Ltd., Panton House, 25 Haymarket, London SW1Y 4EN.

# **Credit Management**

. . . Young professional for the retail sector c £24,000

Our client is one of the UK's leading retail organisations, with a reputation for innovation and profitability. Arising from continuing growth and the introduction of new such continuing grown and the introduction new purposes ventures, a credit management/debt recovery specialist is now required. Responsibility will be to review existing policies and procedures, and to develop and introduce even more advanced systems. You are likely to be 30-35, a graduate and/or professionally

qualified (e.g. Accounting) with some years experience in this field. You must have systems experience and a knowledge of the latest techniques (e.g. points rating). A first class track record, together with the individual qualities to succeed in a dynamic retail environment, are essential. There are outstanding opportunities for are essential. There are outstanding opportunities for further development, subject to performance. Location: North West. The remuneration package includes an attractive salary, pension scheme, and life assurance, private health cover and relocation costs where

If you have the drive, commitment and experience necessary to make a significant impact in this area, please write to: Richard Crosby, Executive Search and Selection, P-E Inbucon Ltd, 212 Washway Road, Sale, Cheshire M33 1RN, with a comprehensive CV, or telephone 061-962 8366 for an Application Form quoting Ref. B403L

P-E Inbucon

### The home of dright ideas

FINANCE DIRECTOR c.£37,000 + Car + Benefits North West London

Our client, William Levene Ltd, is a growing and profitable company involved in the marketing and distribution of a wide range of consumer goods. The present management has achieved a strong market presence and their plans for the future involve further significant expansion. The new F.D. will st engthen the management team by providing effective financial plannin; and control.

This position : an exciting opportunity for a Chartered Accountant with strong tec inical accounting skills and experience of systems development with a has the personal credibility to liaise effectively with the company's outside financial advisers. It will appeal to candidates aged 30-40 who are currently working in a consumer goods or product led organisation either as an F.D. or No 2 in their department and who are capable of making a real contribution to the business.

For further details please contact the company's recruitment consultant, Sue Handley Jones, on (01) 583 0073

16-18 NEW BRIDGE ST, LONDON EC4V 6AU.

or (047) 483 2156 (evenings and weekends) or send her a detailed career history.

BADENOCH & CLARK

RECRUITMENT SPECIALISTS

# Marketing Officer

The London Branch of a leading Arab Bank requires an individual to market a broad range of Bank services to individuals and corporates both in the UK and overseas.

Fluency in English and Arabic, both written and spoken, is a prerequisite to this position together with appropriate banking background or an ability to demonstrate sound commercial experience.

> Candidates with suitable qualifications and experience should apply in writing to: PO Box A0910, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4B9.

### 

### **YOUNG FINANCE** CONTROLLER

LONDON, CITY - £20,000, CAR Our client, a specialist research based

marketing consultancy has achieved significant growth and repeat business through its portfolio of blue chip clients. Continuing success has resulted in

an opportunity for an ambitious and enthusiastic professional to become a key member of its management team. In addition to full responsibility for all day to day accounting, the role will also

encompass the provision of management and financial information, and the establishment of effective control procedures. There will be particular emphasis on profitability forecasting and financial analysis.

Candidates will be newly qualified accountants, able to adopt a flexible. sleeves up approach. They will also be pro-active and confident in the knowledge that their contribution will be an important factor in the future growth of the company.

Please telephone or send your curriculum vitae to A. E. Coxen, CKL Accountancy Limited, 299 Oxford Street, London W1R 1LA, telephone 01-409 0695/01-493 0553.



# Group Accountant

c.£25,000 + Car

This vacancy is at the corporate centre of a blue chip international plc expanding

its already extensive interests by a programme of strategic acquisitions.

Responsibilities will include group statutory accounting and consolidation;
work on acquisitions and divestments; provision of guidance on technical financial accounting issues; and further refinement of advanced computer based consolidation and accounting systems which are at the forefront of current practice. In addition there will be the opportunity to gain experience of North

American accounting requirements.

Applicants should be Chartered Accountants with a minimum of 2 years post qualification experience including large company consolidations. Entry to the Group at this level is a recognised springboard for career progression into other areas of financial management. The corporate centre is located near the Essex section of the M25.

Margaret Mitchell Mason & Nurse Associates 5a Station Road, Egham Surrey TW209LD. Tel: 0784 71255

Offices in London, Birmingham and Egham

Relocation expenses will be available where appropriate.
Please reply in confidence quoting Ref: E129 to:

Mason & Nurse Selection & Search APPOINTMENTS

**ADVERTISING** 

For further information call 01-248 8000

> Tessa Taylor ext 3351

**Deirdre Venables** ext 4177

Paul Maraviglia ext 4676

Elizabeth Rowan ext 3456

Patrick Williams ext 3694

### CAPITAL RADIG 95.8 FM in stereo/1548 AM

# FINANCE DIRECTOR

negotiable c.£50-60,000 + benefits

Capital Radio plc is the UK's largest independent radio company. In recent years is has experienced strong growth in profits and is becoming an increasingly diverse communications group following a number of acquisitions and new ventures. Early in 1987 the Group secured a listing on the London Stock Exchange, and in that year it made pre tax profits of £3.9m on a turnover of £22.3m. Last month it announced half year profits of £3m.

The current Finance Director is leaving Capital Radio at the end of its financial year (September 1988) and the company is seeking to appoint a successor to start around that time. The individual will be expected to play a key role in the strategic development of the company working within a small management team at Board

level. The post will also call for a high degree of flexibility and readiness to become involved in routine accounting matters. Candidates should be chartered accountants. Previous industry sector experience is not essential but candidates should have an enthusiasm and capacity for working in a fast moving and changing environment, and possess the personal skills to establish good relationships with a wide range of individuals, Several years' post qualification experience at a senior level in business is a prerequisite, as is the knowledge and authority to liaise effectively with financial institutions and professional

Please write in confidence enclosing career details, quoting ref. C8249, to Valerie

### **KPMG** Peat Marwick McLintock

c£19-23,000+Benefits

**Executive Selection and Search** 9 Creed Lane, London EC4V 5BR

# **OUTSTANDING ACAs** FOR STRATEGY **ONSULTING**

McKinsey & Company, the foremost international strategy consulting firm, seeks to recruit outstanding men and women for its expanding London office.

You will be aged between 27 and 32 and have a record of distinctive achievement with a top international accountancy firm, and perhaps subsequently with a blue chip bank or industrial company. Professional experience should include demonstrable success in audit, tax or consultancy. Experience of special investigations or corporate finance will be a distinct advantage.

In addition to your ACA you must have exceptional academic qualifications and proven leadership ability. You should have the maturity and poise to interact with chief executives of major corporations.

Although you will have excellent prospects where you are, your interests and ambitions will lie in general management and in developing and implementing business strategies.

McKinsey offers the prospect of highly stimulating work in a range of industries, and the opportunity to acquire international experience and general management skills. The potential for advancement, personal satisfaction and financial reward are outstanding and will reflect the calibre of the individuals that we seek.

If you are interested in becoming a strategy consultant with McKinsey, and consider that you have the necessary qualifications, please send your curriculum vitae to Peter Foy, Managing Director, McKinsey & Company, 74 St James's Street, London SW1A 1PS quoting reference FT/96.

Your application will, of course, be treated in the strictest confidence.

McKinsey & Company

# Capital Markets

Our client, a major European investment bank with offices in Europe, USA and the Far East, currently has the following opportunities for ambitious, recently

qualified accountants. Group Accounting -

To be part of a qualified specialist team responsible for ali group management accounts and general reporting.

Technology Accounting - To work as an accountant in the Technology Department with specific responsibility for budgets and control of both capital and revenue expenditure.

Company Secretarial --

To assist the Group Financial Controller in carrying out his company secretarial duties, and in developing accounting controls.

developing.

worldwide Internal Audit Department. Due to the client's flexibility of approach there is scope for successful candidates to use their full potential in developing these roles, and to build a wide knowledge of capital markets products.

Career prospects and direction are based purely on ability. aptitude and personal motivation.

The ideal candidate will probably be a graduate, have a large firm background, be able to meet tight deadlines and have sufficient confidence to communicate effectively at

Our client seeks candidates with strong personal characteristics to fit in with the profit-orientated style. Each candidate will be considered for all four positions above unless we are specifically notified otherwise.

والمراجعة القلفية المنابقة المهامينيون فعلنا أيت الماكات المارات المارات المارات s is a challenge which you feel at contact Diane Forrester ACA on 01-831-2000 or write to her at Michael Page Partnership, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

# FINANCIAL CONTROLLER



Yellow Pages Sales Ltd., is a wholly owned subsidiary of British Telecom pic, and is permanently contracted to sell advertising within Yellow Pages and Business Pages. It has enjoyed consistent and impressive growth in highly competitive markets and has significant potential for expansion. This complex business employs around 600 people and has a cohesive management team which includes the Financial Controller.

The position carries responsibility for financial control and accounting with the support of 25 staff. However, the focus will be on making a proactive contribution to the management process. You will be expected to provide meaningful management information and advise on the financial implications of commercial options, as well as managing the provision of Central Services.

**Berks** 

Candidates must be qualified accountants, probably aged between 28 and 35. Your experience should include progress within a large company and ideally, exposure to a sales oriented operating unit environment. On a personal level you should have good interpersonal skills, initiative and commercial

The position commands a competitive salary, executive car and the benefits normally given at this

Please write in confidence with concise career, personal and salary details, quoting Ref. L356 to:

Egor International Ltd., Metro House, 58 St James's Street, London SW1A 1LD. Tel: 01-629 8070

Great Britain - Belgium - France - Germany - Italy - Portugal - Spain

### **ASSISTANT GROUP CONTROLLER**

### **Thames Valley**

c£30,000 + car

CHIC

4

MAN

LY C

A major British plc, our client is at the forefront of technology worldwide in a number of fields. Recent acquisitions have significantly increased the scope and impact of the group and it is committed to further expansion, both organically and by further acquisitions.

This is an important head office position. Working closely with the Group Controller, you will manage a small team producing management and statutory accounts and ad hoc financial reports. Keeping abreast of accounting standards and legislation you will guide and advise commercially minded subsidiary company controllers in order to maintain the high quality of reporting within the group, both at home and

Applicants should be qualified accountants aged late 20s/early 30s, computer literate with strong technical skills gained at managerial level in the profession or in commerce. Success in this position will create further opportunities either at head office or subsidiary level. Assistance will be given to relocate to this attractive area which is within easy travelling distance of

Please write with full career details or telephone David Tod BSc FCA

quoting reference D/731/BF.

LLOYD MANAGEMENT Selection Consultants 125 High Holborn London WC1V 6QA 01-405/3499

# FINANCE MANAGER

### High growth Company

This high profile expanding financial services group is a leader in its competitive consumer markets. Its growth and success can be attributed to innovation and excellence in servicing client needs. A young company, it has exciting plans to capitalise on its strong position including acquisitions and diversification.

Reporting to the Finance Director, this broadly based position has responsibility for financial control in the London based operating unit and a substantial Central Services Group. You will work closely with other functional managers to evaluate business performance and manage a small team. Responsibilities at a group level will include statutory accounting, asset management, taxation and a variety of projects.

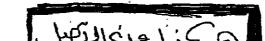
### Up to £35,000 + car + bonus

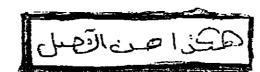
Candidates should be qualified accountants aged between 30 and 35, with a track record of progression in a commercial environment. Good interpersonal skills will enable you to work effectively with other functional managers. Professionalism, assertiveness and initiative will ensure your success in this stimulating

Please reply in confidence giving concise career, personal and salary details to Heather Male, quoting Ref L353 at:

Egor International Ltd., Metro House, 58 St James's Street, London SW1A 1LD, Tel: 01-629 8070

Great Britain · Balgium · France · Germany · Italy · Portugal · Spain







### **♦ Leisure Sector**

- Business Input at Board level
- ◆ Market leader
- Growth through

diversification

**♦** International Exposure

# **Financial Controller**

Up to £30,000 + car + share options West London

As a positive, action-oriented Accountant you will play a key role in guiding the growth and development of this major supplier of computer technology and services to the entertainment world.

As well as developing and marketing turnkey mini-computer ticketing and accounting systems, Space Time Systems operates First Call, a 24 hour 7 day a week credit card booking service for theatres, concert halls and cinemas. Launched two years ago First Call is already one of London's biggest ticket retailers.

You will be responsible for developing the accounting function, treasury management, computerised financial systems, cash and credit control. This is the number one finance position in the Group and increasingly you will be expected to contribute significantly at Board level to management, strategic and business issues.

You should be a qualified Accountant, probably aged 28-35, with several years post qualification experience. An excellent motivator and organiser, you should also demonstrate strong systems skills and a keen appreciation and ability to capitalise on

Interested applicants should write in strict confidence enclosing an up to date CV to Pippa Curtis, Douglas Llambias Associates, 410 Strand, London WC2R oNS, quoting ref 2190.

FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS OUGLAS (ME)

LONDON - BIRMINGHAM LIVERPOOL MANCHESTER ABERDEEN - EDINBURGH GLASGOW DOUGLAS LLAMBIAS ASSOCIATES LIMITED, 410 STRAND, LONDON WC2R ONS TELEPHONE: 01-836 9501

**Appointments** 

Advertising

Appears on

Wednesday

and

Thursday

£47 s.c.c

**Premium** 

**Positions** 

£57 s.c.c.

# London Docklands

# **Financial Controller**

Up to: £31,000 + Car Scheme

The London Docklands Development Corporation is engaged in the most significant and successful regeneration project in Europe and the Corporation's Financial Team are very much part of the central decision-making process. The regeneration task involves the attraction of private investment alongside an extensive and directly funded project programme of land reclamation, infrastructure and environmental works and community and business support.

Reporting to the Deputy Chief Executive/Director of Finance & Administration, this senior management position has day to day operational control of all aspects of the Corporation's financial management. This includes the financial and management accounts and information systems, together with financial and economic analysis. Key aspects of the role will be the detailing and management of all financial controls and regulations, the preparation, with the Director, of the Corporation's Annual Report and Accounts, as well as the broad general requirements of advising the Director in the strategic and disciplined planning and deployment of the Corporation's

The ideal candidate will be a chartered or public finance accountant with substantial post-qualification expenence and with proven managerial skills; expenence in the profession or property or construction sectors will be an advantage.

Candidates should send their C.V. to: David Lowman, Head of Personnel & Administration, London Docklands Development Corporation, Unit A, Great Eastern Enterprise, Miliharbour, London E14 9TJ. Applications will be reviewed on Monday, 27th June, 1988.

An Equal Opportunity Employer.

### **SENIOR ACCOUNTANT NORTH WEST**

Private Health Scheme + Pension + Car Scheme The Head Office of a billion pound, multi-national group of companies with offices in Europe, USA, South America, Africa and Australia, seeks to appoint a Senior Accountant who will become an important member of a team servicing the main board on special projects including acquisitions and divestments. Other key

Statutory financial reports •

· Prior

Shop.

S. Polity

2000.3

iffe y and

it ely at

-: to

1 (0.5) יקורו י

. ....

Sec. 18

กนร

 $^{2D_{1}B_{1}a}$ 

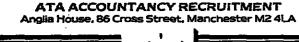
44.5

3"11

Regular management reporting • Corporate planning Occasional international travel will be required. To qualify for this excellent opportunity you will need to be a fully qualified A.C.A. with a minimum of two years post qualification experience, not necessarily in

In return, you will be offered a salary of £18,000, car scheme, private health scheme, pension and other large company benefits.

For more details and to arrange an interview contact ANDREW KIRK on 061 832 5856.





**Property PLC** Central London \$22,000 (car negotiable

Accountant

Our client is the property company of an innovative group comprising several household names. Operating as an autonomous, commercial business with a capital base approaching £1 billion, it is involved in a range of retail property and development ventures. Expansion has created the need for a computer literate, qualified accountant to undertake a variety of project work before

moving into a line role within 12 months. This is a high profile position in a pressurised environment and if you communicate effectively and think creatively this dynamic group offers fast-track career prospects.

Contact Vivienne Hines at Rochester Recruitment Limited, Moor House, London Wall, London EC2Y 5ET or telephone on 01-256 5611



International Search & Selection

# THE FRONT LINE...

Business Analysis Manager £35,000 + car

...an apt description, when you consider the products of my brand-leading City client. In competitive markets, brand leaders only remain so through aggressive marketing, committed management and effective financial strategy. The last mentioned is where you come in.

A graduate accountant, aged 30-38, with international line experience, you will work closely with the Managing Director of a £100m Division. Key tasks include business plans, budget monitoring, capex appraisals, acquisition studies and the ongoing provision of commercial/financial management advice. To apply, please write to me, Kiran Cartner, enclosing a C.V. or telephone for further information, in either case quoting ref. 5100.

EXECUTIVE CONNECTIONS

RECRUITMENT SELECTION & ADVERTISIN

### A direct line to the executive shortlist

and success, processesses.

Interface not only provides causes advice, but also a usique service to bridge the cretical gap between counselling and the right job. Why waste time and money on unproductive letters?

Interface clients do not need to find or apply for appointments. Over 50 tulktme staff with over 5,000 unadvertised vacancies p.a., énable interface to offer the only confidential Executive placement service. What is each unproductive day costing you?



FOR ACCOUNTANTS

### Arraember of the Career Development & Outplacement Division Landbour House, 19 Channy Cross Road, London WC2H OES.

# Hoggett Bowers

Group Financial Controller

Food Industry

North West, c £27,500, Car, Excellent Benefits

North West, c £27,500, Car, Excellent Benefits

The major division of a rapidly expanding £250m turnover UK plc is looking for a Group Financial Controller to be responsible for all financial aspects of the 5 diverse Companies operating within this division. Reporting to the Group Commercial Director, the principle role is to improve the financial and reporting procedures of the division which accounts for over 60% of group turnover. Particular emphasis is on strong financial and cash control as well as reviewing existing computerised accounting and management information systems. Candidates, aged 28-35 will be highly qualified accountants who will currently be operating as senior finance executives in a £50m plus manufacturing environment preferably with experience of food manufacturing. Strong man management and communication skills supported by technical shility and a high degree of business acumen are the essential qualities required to succeed in this challenging new appointment which offers genuine prospects of rapid promotion. The remuneration package is excellent and relocation expenses will be paid if appropriate.

Mrs. J. Cull, Hoggett Bowers plc., St. James's Court. 30 Brown Street,
MANCHESTER, M2 2JF, 061-832 3500. Ref. M16028/FT.

### Financial Controller

**Retail Sector** Birmingham,

Up To £25,000, Exceptional Bonus Potential, Car

An operating company within Hanson plc group, this £60m turnover retailing business is a UK market leader in its specialised field. A first class financial controller is required, at a time of progressive change, to take full control of the financial function and contribute at senior level to the strategic running of the business. Responsibilities cover the submission and analysis of management accounts, cash flow management, financial planning and budget co-ordination, systems development and the key interface role with the parent company. Candidates, qualified accountants, will be proven financial managers, who can demonstrate broad pased commercial skills. Future prospects within the group are second to none. BIRMINGRAM, B15 1JD, 021-455 7575. Ref: N13075/FT.

### Financial Number One

Manufacturing/Engineering Sector South West Midlands, To £25,000, Car, Benefits

A highly successful member of an international group; the company is a market leader in its specialised field. In this position you will report to the Administrative Director, and will be a key member of the Senior Management Team supporting the manufacturing operations in the UK by the provisions of a Professional Management and Financial Accounting function. You should be a qualified accountant, preferably accountant, preferably accounting function to a business related support with the support of the support and rmancial Accounting function. You should be a qualified accountant, preferably ACMA with a degree or equivalent qualification in a business related subject and will be in your mid 30's or older. You must have more than five years experience in a manufacturing/engineering environment in a multi-unit organisation and a sound understanding of computerised financial accounting systems is essential. Employment terms are excellent and include a company car, private health care and family, pension and health screening. A relocation package is available where applicable.

applicable. C. Pritchard, Hoggett Bowers plc, 13 Frederick Road, Edghaston, BIRMINGHAM, B15 1JD. 021-455 7575. Ref. B16042/FT.

### Chief Accountant

Take This Motor Car Distributor Into The Top Ten West Sussex, To £25,000, Car, Benefits

A commitment to quality products and new product launches will enable this A commitment to quality products and new product launches will enable this marketing orientated company to achieve its declared intention to be one of the top 10 car companies in the UK by the 1990's. The business currently turns over £40m and is a subsidiary of a leading British plc. Reporting to the Financial Controller you will be responsible for providing accurate, regular and up-to-date financial information on all aspects of the company's operations. In this highly visible role, you will be required to assist in the preparation of medium and long term corporate plans, carry out financial investigations and project appraisals, and provide leadership and direction to the finance function. Aged 25-40 with a recognised accounting qualification, you should have at least 5 years experience gained in a professionally managed company. Your experience of computerised accounting systems and Lotus modelling must be complemented with the ability, flair and commitment to develop and improve existing accounting procedures in order to handle the growth in business. If you are detarmined, able to work to tight deadlines and ambitious, the Group offers excellent career prospects, an attractive range of benefits, and relocation assistance if appropriate. appropriate.

R.J. Simpson, Hoggett Bowers plc, George V Place. 4 Thames Avenue, WiNDSOR, SL4 1QP, 9783-850851. Ref: W17025/FT.

Group Management Accountant

Food Industry

North East, To \$20,000, Car, Profit Share

North East, To \$20,000, Car, Profit Share

As a direct result of its dedication to quality and imnovation. The Derwent Valley Food Group Ltd, manufacturer of the highly respected Philess Fogg range of snack products, is undoubtedly one of the UK's outstanding successes. Already recognised as a leader in their field both nationally and internationally, they now require a dynamic individual to play a key role in their planned programme of profitable expansion. Reporting to the Main Board, you will be responsible for providing guidance in the strategic development of the company by actively maintaining and developing a financial framework in which key group decisions can be effectively made. Aged under 35 and a qualified accountant, you will have previously held full accountability for the provision of financial information and reports and be experienced in the implementation and growth of computerised systems. In addition, you must also possess the necessary level of commercial acumen and creative flair which would allow you to flourish in this challenging and stimulating high profile role. Prospects for career advancement in this expanding organisation are excellent. D.R. Davidson, Hoggett Bowers plc, 4 Mosley Street.

NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE, NET 1DE, 091-232 7455. Ref. N15053/FT.

These positions are open to male or female candidates. Please telephone for a Personal History Form to the relevant office, quoting the appropriate reference.

# FINANCIAL

(DIRECTOR DESIGNATE)

**Greater Manchester** Age 28/35

Our client is a high-profile, dynamic consumer durables company that has achieved a £40 m+ turnover within an impressive timescale. Their unique blend of design flair, marketing expertise and outstanding service has earned them the No. 1 position within their industry

£30/35.000 + exec. car + benefits

Their plans to thrust forward to their next stage of development will demand improved financial controls throughout the organisation. This new position will spearhead that programme. You will introduce fresh ideas, install and overhaul systems, establish accounting disciplines and train staff towards better performance within their particular roles. You will be supported by a team of experienced managers and almost 50 personnel. Bringing profit responsibility to a national network of 30 branch offices will be an early priority.

This position suits a qualified accountant with a very successful career record and experience in a demanding, sales-driven environment, Energy, commercial alertness and a positive, articulate manner are the personal qualities that match the company culture. Working closely with the Chief Executive you will expect to make a major impact on the business and justify your own Board appointment before too long. Please apply to Dudley Harrop at our Manchester office quoting reference MBSS.



Eagle Buildings, 64 Cross Street, Manchester M2 4JQ Tel: 061-834 0618

Trident House, 31-33 Dale Street, Liverpool L2 2HF Tel: 051-236 9373

# CORPORATE TAX

*Up to £20,000* 

Edinburgh

Christian Salvesen is a British-based international company with a particularly successful diverse range of business

Continued growth and future development plans have created a requirement for an ambitious Tax Accountant to join our Corporate Treasury

Department Your initial responsibilities will cover a wide range of tax matters involving our UK companies and we expect you to progress rapidly to supervisory

responsibility for a number of European subsidiary companies.

A graduate accountant, you should have around two years corporate tax background ideally gained in a major company, where your commercial acumen and above average communication skills will have been well developed. Salary is negotiable up to £20,000

and the normal large company benefits include worthwhile relocation assistance to Edinburgh. Please send a full CV to: M. C. Barrie,



**Christian Salvesen PLC** 50 East Fettes Avenue,

# FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

### **GROUP PENSIONS DEPARTMENT**

London to £30,000 + Car + attractive benefits

Our client is a major international public company. It is part of a fast expanding communications group which is already one of the front runners in most of its chosen

The Group Pensions Department provides a professional in-house pensions management service to operating companies, several of which have been only recently acquired. With some 25,000 employees and pensioners now currently participating in various group schemes, has come the need to improve and develop the department's financial and management accounting controls: hence the creation of this new position.

The role will require an adaptable and flexible approach, bands-on involvement, the ability to liaise effectively with senior management and trustees and the character to impose effective professional management and disciplines.

The appointee is likely to be an ACCA/ACMA with at least two years' post qualification experience and an appropriate record of successful problem solving. Previous responsibility for pensions management accounting and investment accounting is desirable but not essential. Please write, in confidence, enclosing full career details and quoting ref. P1503, to

Mike Blanckenhagen.

Accountance

**Appointments** 

Also

Appear

on

**Pages** 

10, 11 & 12

# Financial Controller

### **Berkshire**

### £30,000 + bonus + car

Our client is a successful, professional legal firm with six offices located within the Thames Valley. The organisation covers a wide range of principally commercial work, not only within the region but also throughout the UK.

Reporting to, and working very much with, the Partners, a Financial Controller is now sought to manage the total financial and administrative function. This is considered to be a key role and, as such, the new Controller will assist in determining and effecting the future direction and expansion of the firm.

Candidates, age indicator 35-45, should be chartered accountants who can bring not only sound professionalism to the business but also the ability to manage

a team of eight staff, improve computerisation and reporting methods and possess the strength of personality to work alongside the Partners participating in the growth of the business.

Please telephone or write enclosing full curriculum vitue quoting

ref: 219 to: Philip Cartwright FCMA, 97 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6JE

Tel: 01-839 4572



FINANCIAL SELECTION AND SEARCH

### **KPMG** Peat Marwick McLintock

**Executive Selection and Search** 9 Creed Lane, London EC4V 5BR

# Finance Manager

### North Cambridgeshire

Our Client is a dynamic and highly profitable £200m turnover subsidiary of a prestigious international group. The company is an acknowledged market leader in the manufacture of "high tech" electronic equipment

They now wish to appoint a Finance Manager at their largest manufacturing site. The successful candidate will report to the General Manager and have control of 17 staff. Responsibilities will include the management of the accounts function and development of manufacturing information systems. There will also be a requirement to make occasional visits to the USA. The role forms a key part of a small management team who are expected to make a significant contribution to the continuing rapid growth of the company.

c£27,000 + Car

Candidates will be Qualified Accountants, preferably CIMA, aged between 30-38 with a strong manufacturing background. Mature interpersonal communications skills are vital as is the ability to manage within a rapidly changing environment.

This role represents an outstanding career opportunity with an acquisitive group and includes an attractive salary package plus a fully expensed car, profit related bonus, private health care, pension and relocation package where applicable.

Interested candidates should write to Tony Hodgins ACA, Executive Division, Michael Page Partnership, Bennetts Court, 6 Bennetts Hill, Birmingham B2 5ST, enclosing a comprehensive CV.

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

# Head of Corporate Finance

eastern electricity

Participate in Privatisation

**Ipswich** c£36,000 + car + benefits

Following Government initiatives, Eastern Electricity is scheduled for privatisation with its associated flotation within the next 2 years.

Eastern Electricity is the largest electricity distributor in England and Wales, servicing nearly 3 million customers and with a turnover exceeding £1.3 billion. As such, the demands and challenge being placed on management now call for a Head of Corporate Finance.

Reporting to the Director of Finance, the role will include responsibility for statutory accounting, financial forecasting and modelling, taxation and

insurance. Of importance also will be the management of change in terms of practices and procedures and a significant contribution to other privatisation issues.

Candidates should be aged 35 + and

in a senior accounting role is essential and this should have been gained within a medium/large company (ideally public) with sophisticated computerised systems. Those with experience in a

be qualified accountants. Experience

large scale utility supply company will be of particular interest. Personal characteristics should include commitment, energy and flair, plus

the determination to succeed. Compensation and benefits will be excellent and relocation will, if appropriate, be provided.

Price Waterhouse are advising Eastern Electricity on this appointment and applications will be treated confidentially, but will be discussed with our client. Please send a full CV quoting reference MCS/3005 to Janet Stockton

Executive Selection Division Price Waterhouse Management Consultants No. 1 London Bridge London SE19QL

Price Waterhouse



# **CORPORATE PLANNING** MANAGER

c.£35.000 + Substantial Bonus + Car

Central London Our Client is a major public Group with an impressive record of innovation, growth and profitability. An exceptional opportunity exists to play a crucial role in the strategic development of this successful Group.

The Corporate Planning Manager will be involved in formulating corporate strategy and both identifying and evaluating business development

The long range planning process embraces both financial and marketing strategy whilst specific project-related investigations, acquisition evaluation, financial structuring and feasibility studies will require close collaboration with other Group functions.

You will find a demanding and stimulating environment requiring a high standard of commercial judgement and analytical ability. Suitable candidates, preferably graduates aged late 20's -early 30's, will possess a formal accounting qualification or a finance oriented MBA and offer experience within the centre of a large Group, preferably FMCG. Candidates should have had previous involvement in the development of overall business strategy.

Please apply directly to Jeff Grout at Robert Half, Freepost, Walter House, Bedford Street, 418 The Strand, London WC2R OBR. Telephone 01-836 3545, evenings 01-948 4712.

Financial Recruitment Specialists London · Birmingham · Windsor · Manchester

# **Fast-track Accountant**

c. £25,000 + car

As a high achieving individual with an impeccable pedigree in financial accounting, you will find no strategy. Toshiba will look to you to play a key role in shortage of opportunities in today's market. Very driving the department forward. Your career few, however, will hold the kind of promise progression will be a direct result of your input. associated with Toshiba's highly respected name.

Continual development means that Toshiba (U.K.) Ltd now seeks a new head for its Financial Accounting function. It is an opportunity for you to take a high profile role, leading and motivating a small team. Your enthusiastic and open style will reflect the strongly supportive and positive team attitude which characterises Toshiba.

The business philosophies are progressive in terms

ACA, with 2-3 years' experience in the well-managed accounts department of a large organisation, supervising a small team. Systems experience will, of course, be essential. If you have the right blend of professional competence, drive and management abilities, please write - in confidence - to Nigel Bates FCA,

You will be a qualified accountant, ideally a graduate



MSL International (UK) Ltd. 32 Aybrook Street, London WIM 31L. Offices in Europe, the Americas, Australasia and Asia Pacific.



FKB Group plc

# **Divisional Financial Controller**

West London

to £26,000 + BMW 325i + Bonus

FKB is a highly successful and expanding group of companies operating at the forefront of the sales promotion and marketing fields. This impressive growth is continuing both organically and by acquisition, including recent major acquisitions in the United States.

They are currently seeking a young ambitious individual to be

\* providing support and advice to the directors of several of the operating companies, through continuous communication and attendance at management meetings;

\* monitoring and reviewing all financial aspects of these operating companies; performing ad hoc projects relating to the Group's future expansion, e.g. acquisition studies

The successful applicant will be an ACA in their 20's, with at The successful applicant will be an ALA in their 20.5, with at least 2 years' post qualification experience preferably in a "hands on role" in industry/commerce. It is also essential that he/she will possess outstanding communication skills and excellent commercial awareness, as the role will encompass extensive involvement with highly motivated, entrepreneurial In return, FKB offer an excellent remuneration package

including an executive car, discretionary bonus and share options. More importantly, the future prospects within the Group are second to none, both in the UK and overseas. If you are interested in this challenging role, please send your comprehensive curriculum vitae to Paul MacIldowie ACA, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, or telephone him on 01-831 2000 quoting ref. 513.

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham

Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

# Management & Systems Accountant

Tax free salary

Our client, an affiliate to a major U.S. oil corporation, has an opportunity for a Management and Systems Accountant to join its operation in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia.

Reporting to the Controller/Accounting Manager you will have a major role in maintaining and developing the company's computer based financial systems. You will also be responsible for the supply of monthly and quarterly management accounts, budgets and reports and assist in the preparation of the annual

Ideally a graduate, you should have at least two years' post qualification experience with a large commercial organisation and a thorough knowledge of computerised systems. Highly self-motivated, you will possess excellent analytical skills.

The attractive remuneration package comprises:

Saudi Arabia

Tax free salary One year renewable contract

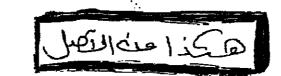
31 days home leave with air fares paid Free furnished, air conditioned housing Car purchase scheme Free medical cover

(01-256 6925

evenings/

weekends).

in the first instance, please write in confidence with a full e.v., quoting reference 672/NJB/88, to: Nigel Bastow, Austin Knight Selection, 17 St Helen's Place, London EC3A 6AS. Or telephone him on 01-437 9261.



Herts.

£30-35K+Executive Car+Equity

Our client, a private company, has achieved excellent success since its inception in 1982 in the field of office communications equipment. Recent acquisitive growth has created a group of five companies with a turnover of £6m and employing 100 people. The group is now structured to generate inherent organic growth opportunities for expansion following an initial period of consolidation.

The group has now identified the need to appoint it's first Group Finance Director – initially on a designane basis – to manage, control and instil financial discipline into the commercial direction of the company. Reporting to the Managing Director, you will be responsible for a small team covering the full finance function – monthly accounts. cash management, financial planning, MIS, and banking elations. The main thrust of the role being the provision of imely relevant management information together with very

broad business advice and guidance in formulating company policy. You will be a graduate chartered accountant aged 28-33 with several years' commercial experience in the service inclustry following a Top 10" public practice training. Essential qualities include strength of character, enthusiasm and commitment, together with excellent communication skills and a "hands on", "shirt sleeves", style of management. An inclination towards the entrepreneur and willing to take calculated risks would be particularly attractive Our client needs a special person - in return they offer total invo

in the business and the rewards to go with it-Can you match them? If so please submit your CV to: Wayne Thomas, Michael Page Partnership, Executive Division, Kingsbury House, 6 Sheet Str

Windsor SL4 IBG. Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmin Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

# Financial Management Consultants

Operating at peak performance - or do you need a more stimulating environment?

> London based c £40,000 & car

If, as a Financial Manager or Senior Consultant with a winning track record, you are looking for a more challenging environment to build on your consultancy skills, Price Waterhouse could provide the perfect arena.

⊞S Will

क्षमा, प्र

/ssing

ied

Cussed

a full CV

:05to

BA

, uni

1.15

ושיות

) and c

3. POS

4.00

A S

171.4

in a fine t

India Nada

pointmen

We are a premier league international business advisory and management consultancy organisation, providing independent advice and assistance to a broad range of companies across all industry sectors.

Whether your colours have been won on major projects in industry or with a large consultancy firm, we can offer the highest level of professional

support and training to give you an extra edge. Furthermore you can expect due recognition and reward for your

As a leading player in the field of Financial Management Consultancy, we conduct a wide range of assignments including: financial strategy and planning: profit improvement and cost reduction; development and implementation of financial systems.

Experience in one or more of the above is essential. However, in addition to sound technical ability, we require strong interpersonal skills and the initiative and energy to make things

High performers, aged 30-40, with previous experience of consultancy, you will have achieved excellence in strategic or operational financial roles and have implemented projects whilst acting in a line management capacity.

ffyou are flexible and capable of leading consultancy teams, winning credibility with a wide client audience, as well as thriving in individual events, please write in confidence, with full career and salary details quoting MCS/8902 to: Jane Comben Price Water Sement Consultants No. 1 London Bridge

Price Waterhouse



# Finance Director (Packaging Industry)

West Country

to £40,000 + Car

London SEI 9QL

Our client is a major subsidiary within a nationally known packaging Group. This profitable and acquisitive division, based in the West Country, needs a strong Finance Director to exercise sound financial controls and assist in

Reporting to the Divisional Managing Director, the successful candidate will be responsible for all statutory Accounting requirements, the development of Computerised Management information and will be expected to contribute to the implementation of strategic

business objectives, including acquisitions. Chartered Accountants, aged between 35 and 45 are invited to apply and must be able to demonstrate excellent

technical and communication skills. The ability to function

effectively and innovatively in a challenging environment is considered as important as the working knowledge of information technology.

The excellent remuneration package will include a fully expensed executive car, top hat pension scheme, Health Insurance, profit related bonus, and relocation assistance if considered acceptance. assistance if considered necessary.

Interested candidates should send a comprehensive

curriculum vitae including details of current salary and a day time telephone number, quoting reference LM041 to Andrew Sales FCCA at Spicers Executive Selection, 13 Bruton Street, London W1X 7AH.



SPICERS EXECUTIVE SELECTION A MEMBER OF SPICER & OPPENHEIM INTERNATIONAL

# MONEY MATTERS

**South West London** 

c. £25K + Car + Excellent Benefits

As one of Britain's leading financial services organisations, this rapidly expanding company's business is

As a result, their financial professionals are literally the lynchpin of their business performance. In order to strengthen an already powerful management team, they are currently seeking a qualified accountant to examine all aspects of their business from a financial standpoint.

You should have the ability to work effectively in a pressurised environment – satisfying ambitious targets – together with substantial business acumen and an entrepreneurial approach to managing business issues. A good systems and analytical background is essential.

Working closely with the Financial Controller, your varied portfolio of responsibilities will include:-

☐ Systems review and enhancement ☐ Investment appraisals

☐ High profile line management ☐ Company performance analysis

in return, you will receive a highly competitive salary, executive car and a comprehensive range of valuable benefits, including share options, non-contributory pension and life assurance schemes. Prospects for career development are virtually unlimited in view of the company's expansion.



Please write, enclosing full CV, quoting Ref. A150, to Simon Hewltt or Mark Norton at Mervyn Hughes International Ltd., Management Recruitment Consultants, 63 Mansell Street, London El 8AN. Telephone: 01-488 4114.

# **European Treasury** and Finance Manager

Central London

Up to £35,000+Bonus+Car

With a worldwide turnover of over £300 million, our client is one of the leading manufacturing companies in its sector. The company is one whose recent growth has been dramatic, and future plans are impressive based on strategic acquisition

Treasury and Financial Management in this environment is, of course key to their expansion and this European role will provide the successful candidate with unrivalled personal

Co-ordination of all European treasury, accounting tax and statutory financial reporting provides the basis of the responsibilities. However, there will also be involvement with special projects including mergers and acquisitions.

To make the most of this highly autonomous role within a decentralised Group, you must be a Chartered Accountant with a substantial corporate treasury background. Anyone under 30 will probably not have the necessary experience or manurity.

To find out more about this exciting opportunity please telephone Tony Martin on 01-831 2000, or write to him

enclosing a comprehensive curriculum vitae and daytime telephone number to the Executive Division, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH, quoting reference 514.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

# Group Financial Controller Director level position

c£30 - £35,000 + carSouth West London

Crown Agents provide procurement, financial and technical support services to over 100 overseas governments and over 300 public authorities and international bodies. The organisation is self financing from fees and charges, and is responsible for procurement contracts with a gross value in excess of £150 million and managing principals' funds in excess of \$2.5 billion.

They are currently seeking a commercial and business minded financial executive for this key appointment. Reporting to the Managing Director, and responsible for a department of 45, one of the attractions of the role is its unusual

breadth of activities. As well as having overall responsibility for the finances and financial control of Crown Agents, the successful applicant will have responsibility for the financial management of four subsidiary and three associated companies. The emphasis over the last year has been on computerisation, and the completion of this project will allow further developments of management information systems. There is the opportunity for some overseas travel.

Applicants should be qualified Accountants with significant experience in a senior financial role within a computerised environment. Age is not a limiting factor, but it is

unlikely that those under 35 will have the necessary experience. Equally important is the maturity and confidence to deal with a wide range of financial and non-financial contacts at board level, and on an international Applications will be discussed with

the client prior to initial interview. Please write enclosing a full CV and salary details quoting reference MCS/3006 to Janet Stockton **Executive Selection Division** Price Waterhouse Management Consultants

No. 1 London Bridge

London SE1 9QL

Price Waterhouse



# FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS MANAGER

London c.£32,000 + car

The exceptional growth record of our client – a prestigious financial services firm – has led to a progressive expansion and restructuring of its finance function.

As a member of the senior financial management, the chief task of the appointee to this newly created role will be guiding and monitoring the efforts of the middle management team in meeting deadlines and ensuring high quality output. Setting timetables, determining deadlines and reviewing working methods will be demanding responsibilities in a constantly

changing environment.

Probably 40+, the successful candidate will be a professionally qualified accountant offering substantial management experience in large company environments and able to demonstrate an enquiring mind, the capacity to master detail under pressure and the ability to lead and develop sizeable staff

Please send full career details, in confidence, quoting reference P1414/2, to Mike Blanckenhagen.



### **KPMG** Peat Marwick McLintock

Executive Selection and Search Creed Lane, London EC4V 5BR



# **Financial Director**

c.£26,000+car

K.Y.Y.N.H.U.G.A.H.K

Engineering

London area

Our client, the subsidiary of a well known plc, manufactures a wide range of products for a variety of process industries both in the UK and overseas. An energetic financial executive is now required to head up the accounting function within this subsidiary company. Reporting to the MD, the person appointed will need to review and upgrade the existing systems and procedures, improve financial disciplines and advise the Board on strategic financial planning. Aged 30 to 55, candidates should be ACMA or ACCA with at least five years experience in financial management, ideally in the engineering industry.

They must be thoroughly versed in the preparation and interpretation of financial and management accounts, and have detailed experience of standard costing, cash and credit control, systems development and computers. The ideal candidate will have a proven track record in financial control and innovation, coupled with good all round commercial acumen. The remuneration package includes a company car, a pension scheme and medical insurance. Please write or telephone for an application form or send a detailed CV to D. J. Dewhirst at the address

below, quoting Ref: PBM/2288/DJD.

PA Personnel Services

Executive Recruitment · Human Resource Consultancy

6 Highfield Road, Edgbaston, Birmingham B15 3DJ Tel: 021-454 5791

### Finance director

Management buy-out c£37,500 + car + equity participation



With substantial institutional backing, our clients, based in Northamptonshire, have recently completed their management buy-out of this £25 million manufacturer of computer sub-systems, sold through subsidiary companies to the defence and industrial sectors in the UK, USA and Europe. The aim is to obtain a Stock Exchange

As one of the executive members of the Board, you will make a vigorous contribution to both the commercial and the financial direction of the company at a vital time in its development. An early task will be to assess and adapt the financial systems needed to support management decision-making.

A qualified accountant, probably in your late thirties, you must have a strongly commercial outlook and the stature and personal skills to win acceptance for your ideas. Experience in management information and integrated financial systems gained at a senior level in a manufacturing environment is essential, together with foreign exchange management and contract costing and negotiation. Knowledge of US business practice would be an advantage.

This is an exciting opportunity to be instrumental in the development of a venture where the reward for success will be substantial capital growth. There is, in addition, a generous package of benefits.

Résumés, including daytime telephone number, to Daphne Silvester, quoting

Coopers Lybrand Executive Coopers & Lybrand Executive Selection Limited

Selection | Shelley House 3 Noble Street

### **CIGNA**

### **CORPORATE AUDIT MANAGER**

Maidstone

c£30,000 + Car & Benefits

The CIGNA Companies are one of the world's largest providers of insurance and financial services to businesses and individuals. CIGNA's Corporate Audit Department is seeking to appoint a highly motivated professional as Corporate Audit Manager for the U.K. and Europe.

This position reports to the Director, Corporate Audit in Maidstone: as the successful applicant, you will be expected to succeed to this position within a short timeframe. Immediately, you will undertake a monitoring role on all aspects of CIGNA's business in the U.K. and Europe, including data processing systems, underwriting, claims and investment operations and assist in the development of planning and strategies for Corporate Audit activities.

You will be a qualified accountant with at least seven years of operational and financial experience preferably gained with one of the major auditing firms. You will also need excellent verbal and written communication skills, experience in managing a team of professional staff as well as tact and integrity. Knowledge of a second European language and of U.S. GAAP is desirable.

A full C.V. should be sent in confidence to:

The Manager, Human Resources, CIGNA Services U.K. Limited, Kent House, Lower Stone Street, Maidstone, Kent ME15 6LT.



### SENIOR BUSINESS ANALYST

CITY

£35,000 PACKAGE

A major US securities house is seeking a qualified accountant (aged 27-32) possessing an analytical background gained within a large corporate, management consultancy or ideally the financial service sector.

Working within a constantly changing environment your role will encompass a creative approach to improving budgeting forecasting and management reporting. You will be involved in preparing projects relating to new business products, and systems development in conjunction with Head Office.

Ref:AMF 1148

To find out more about this position, or the range of opportunities currently available, please write to or telephone Management Personnel on:- 01-256 5041 (24 hours).

Management Personnel, 25 City Road LONDON ECIY 1AA



# Audit & Special Projects

# Manager and Team

c.£30,000 + carc.£25,000 + car

Based at the corporate centre of a £1.1 billion turnover group in the electronics industry, this small purposeful team is tasked with a series of priority and varied projects. With the underlying focus on significant development of financial procedures and controls there is a need for practical solutions and advice across a diverse range of financial and

The Manager will be an experienced senior accountant confident in the ability to establish a powerful audit and projects ethic within a substantial international enterprise. Age is less relevant to this appointment than a vigorous and proactive management style and evidence of the personal potential to progress further in the organisation. Ref: E126

The support team will consist of young qualified accountants with some post qualification experience of large scale audit or investigative work. A creative approach to problem solving in a commercial environment and the determination to be of real influence are essential. Age guide 26-30.

The positions will be based in the Thomes Valley with relocation expenses available where appropriate.

Please reply in confidence quoting the relevant reference to:

Margaret Mitchell -Mason & Nurse Associates 5a Station Road, Egham Surrey TW209LD. Tel: 0784 71255

Mason & Nurse Selection & Search

### A.C.A. **Package** c £25,000

This very successful team of bond traders (part of a top ranking city based bank) has an exciting opportunity for a recently

qualified accountant. Please call:

Meridian Recruitment Consultants 25 Museum Street, WC1 01 255 1555

### Systems Audit Manager c€25,000+Car+Bank Benefits City

We are acting on behalf of a major North American Bank, which is established in the City and throughout Europe.

Due to internal promotion, there is currently an opening in the EDP audit department. This position will give exposure to a wide range of development projects, both in London and Europe, hence giving the individual a high profile throughout the bank.

There is a scope for career progression within audit and other operational areas, once the successful candidate has a proven track record.

Ideally applicants will be qualified accountants who are independent and self motivated with previous experience of EDP systems, and a keen interest in a career within financial services.

If you have the drive and ambition to meet this challenge, please contact Diane Forrester ACA on 01-831 2000 or write to her at

Michael Page Partnership, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

### Merseyside Improved Houses\_

management and a further 3,000 in Runcom New Town under negotiation. A staff of 280 deal with finance, development (including architects) and housing management from 6 offices on Merseyside. Capital spending of approximately £15m pa and revenue income of £10m pa is managed by 30 accounts and computer staff. Following the resignation of Miss Fran Button to join a Housing Association

### DIRECTOR OF FINANCE c £30,000 + car

A top flight accountant is needed for this unparalleled and exciting challenge.

The successful applicant will be professionally qualified and may have a degree. He or she will be an exceptional manager with the ability to maximise the use of our computer as a management tool, friendly with a sense of humour, able to motivate staff and achieve objectives, contribute to corporate management and relate well to a wide variety of people. He or she will be a non-smoker.

The Director of Finance will be part of a Directorate team developing the association's policies and planning its growth in a professional way. The Housing Bill progressing through Parliament foresees a substantial transfer to private finance for the funding of housing associations, therefore the ability to raise large sums of private money is essential.

We positively welcome applications from suitably qualified or experienced people regardless of sex, race, disability or marital status. All suitably qualified job applicants with disabilities are guaranteed an interview for the post.

Application forms and full job description from: Barry Natton, FCIOS FIH FBIM, Chief Executive, Merseyside Improved Houses, 46 Wavertree Road, Liverpool L? 1PH Completed forms to be returned by 27 June 1988

# **BUSINESS** CONSULTANCY

Package up to £25K + car

This is an exceptional opportunity for newly/recently qualified Accountants or MBAs in the Head Office of one of the ÛK's most acquisitive companies.

Based in rural Buckinghamshire, the company's major activities are in specialist manufacturing, merchanting and distribution with subsidiaries worldwide. This position has a high profile within the Group, dealing with all aspects of business development, post acquisition investigations and operational review.

Candidates should have the potential to progress to Finance Director of one of the company's subsidiaries. Excellent technical skills are a pre-requisite combined with commercial awareness and an assertive yet diplomatic personality. A certain amount of worldwide travel is a feature of the position.

Interested candidates should write to Deborah Sherry at Douglas Llambias Associates, 410 Strand, London WC2R oNS quoting reference 2177.



FINANCIAL & MANAGEMENT RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS LONDON - BIRMINGHAM - LIVERPOOL MANCHESTER - ABERDEEN - EDINBURGH GLASGOW

DOUGLAS LLAMBIAS ASSOCIATES LIMITED, 410 STRAND, LONDON WC2R ONS

# **Financial Controller**

Hampshire/Surrey Borders Our client, Chaussures Ravel Ltd., is a £40 million

turnover household-name retailing subsidiary of one of the UK's leading footwear groups. Ravel has long been the Group's high profile fashion business, offering a range which combines mass market appeal with designer flair.

Internal promotion has created an opportunity for a Financial Controller to assume responsibility for the Company's finance and administration functions. Reporting to the Managing Director, and supervising 20 staff, you will be responsible for the production of management information, budgeting, planning and forecasting and annual accounts. You will

£25,000 + Bonus + Car also be expected to become fully involved in all aspects of

the Company's affairs as a senior member of the Management Team. Candidates, aged 27-35, should be qualified accountants

with demonstrable man management and technical skills. a strong personal presence and commercial awareness. Career prospects are outstanding.

Comprehensive relocation facilities are available where appropriate. Interested applicants should contact Mark Carriban ACA, quoting ref. SV 1065 on 0753 856151 at Michael Page Partnership, Kingsbury House, 6 Sheet Street, Windsor, Berkshire SL4 1BG.

Michael Page Partnership

International Recruitment Consultants London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nottingham Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide



# Financial Director Designate

To the USM ... and beyond!

Covent Garden

c.£25,000 + Car + Profit Share As a leading force within the buoyant management services arena, our client is currently poised for massive growth, both organically and through acquisition, that will culminate in a USM

In order to guide them through this exciting phase of development and beyond, they are seeking an ambitious newly/recently qualified Accountant. Assuming the key high-profile role of Financial Director Designate, your wide-ranging responsibilities will include:-Acquisition and investment appraisals

▲ Management and motivation of the finance team
▲ Systems development and enhancement

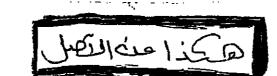
▲ Close Ilaison with Big 8 Auditors and Merchant Bankers

Possessing a high degree of natural commercial acumen, you should be able to demonstrate

Possessing a nigh degree of natural commercial acument, you should be able to demonstrate excellent interpersonal and business skills, gained within either a Public Practice or Commercial environment. An innovative, dedicated approach is essential.

The successful candidate, aged 25-27, can anticipate a full Board seat within a year. The remuneration package fully reflects the importance attached to this position, including a highly competitive salary, company car and profit sharing, together with a comprehensive range of

For further information about this exceptional opportunity, please contact JANE EASTON on 01-404 3155 at ALDERWICK PEACHELL AND PARTNERS LIMITED, Accountancy and Financial Recruitment, 125 High Holborn, London WC1V 6QA.



Alderwick

Peachell FARTNERS LTD

FABLE 9

DIRECTOR OF FINANCE

Hotel Marketing Kingston upon Thames

in the

fles of

<sup>uficont</sup>

ed lor

al and

dent in iantal

Ipou a

≧: Song∤

115 With

hilotive

<u>Ouncat</u>

`26-ცე

Or alian

refits

อนากเรเช่า Previous interest in a

acet this ter ACA

SK + car

gerendy

one of the

as major

State and

gave has a

<sub>septe</sub>ts of

 $\pm 0.008$  and

10005 10

1 CHIES

ined with

H. WOLL

incombe

CD.

c£25,000 + Car + Benefits

Best Western is Britain's largest marketing consortium with membership of over 200 3 and 4 star hotels and affiliations to further 3,100 worldwide.

THE ROLE: Responsible for the complete financial affairs of the Company, the applicant must be familiar with the disciplines of regular management accounts, cash management, credit control etc., and have a thorough knowledge of computer accounting and MIS.

THE PERSON: Reporting to the Chief Executive and likely to be in their mid/late 30's and almost certainly an FCA, the successful applicant may well be working in a service industry and he/she must be able to demonstrate first class administrative skills and the ability to manage a team of 10 statt.

Please send a C.V. and salary history to:

The Chief Executive, Best Western Hotels, Vine House, 143 London Road, Kingston upon Thames, Surrey KT2 5NA

Reporting to the Group Financial Director, the successful

se send your curriculum vitae in complete confidence

ACCOUNTANTS/ECONOMISTS/MBAs to £40,000 + CAR

# The ultimate chicken and egg conundrum.

Aesop's fable, "The Widow and the Hen", is perhaps a typical example of the type of problem presented to a major Management Consultancy practice like Touche Ross. Finding the practical business solution provides many people with the ultimate intellectual stimulation and career fulfilment.

Should you join us as a Management Consultant, your first response to a client briefing might be to question the figures in front of you. You will want to know if the figures accurately represent the facts.

In other words, each business problem has to be individually assessed and individually solved. Solutions are never, ever standard. You would be supported in this task by a team of like-minded colleagues, each a specialist in his or her own right - and each concerned and motivated to deliver the client a creative, costeffective strategy.

You will be called upon to tackle a broad range of project work from small companies to multi-nationals, nationalised industries and Government departments, so the variety is genuinely wide and challenging.

Our requirement is for professionals from all industrial or commercial sectors, although currently we also have a specific need for people with a record of excellence in hotel and catering management.

To achieve success you will need to be a natural innovator, a born communicator and a quick learner. On the other hand, you must also be practical, logical and a good listener. All-in-all it takes commitment and courage and often involves pitching in at the deep end; but the rewards are high, both financially and in the context of job satisfaction. Salaries are in a broad range of £25-40,000 plus a car and partnership is achievable within 3-4 years.

Our educational requirements are a good first degree and preferably an MBA or appropriate accounting qualification - a second language would also be an advantage. So, if you're aged 25-35 and you like what we've told you so far, you shouldn't need much egging on to send your full cv, to: Michael Hurton, (Ref 2922), Touche Ross Management Consultants, Thavies Inn House, 3/4 Holborn Circus. London EC1N 2HB, Tel: 01-353 7361.

**2 Touche Ross Management Consultants** 

### Marina and hotal/leisure development.

Rapid forecast growth in the development of a marina site has lead to the requirement for an ambitious, recently qualified accounting function.

candidate will have to display the technical skills and flair necessary to develop and maintain the accounting systems of a large and diverse operation. The salary offered for the job will be in the region of £17,000 per annum, and there are good prospects for promotion within this rapidly expanding Group.

to: H S Watson, Financial Director, JPI Group, Plantagenet House, Kingsclere Business Park, Kingsclere, Newbury RG15 8SW.



Suite 24-25.

For further infi

Accountancy Personnel, Abacus House, 100 Norfolk Street,

# Accountancy Personnel Placing Accountants First

Data General

### **AUDITOR-EXTENSIVE TRAVEL,** WORLDWIDE

THE WIDOW

c£18-19,000

AND THE HEN

A WIDOW woman kept a Hen that laid an egg every morning. Thought the woman to herself,

"If I double my Hen's allowance of barley, she will

lay twice a-day." So she tried her plan, and the Hen

became so fat and sleek, that she left off laying at

Figures are not always the facts.

**Hounslow Based** 

Our client, one of the World's festest growing computer Co's., offers an unsivalled opportunity to a Newly Qualified Accountant. Providing an exciting and diverse role, involving extensive travel throughout Europe, Asia and South America. You will be responsible for the operation and development of the Audit Process, as well as assisting the International Audit Director in

various specialised Projects.
Repld progression into Audit or Line Management is assured to an ambitious individual, along with an attractive Salary +Benefits package



### **ACCOUNTANTS**

**Bristol and Derby** 

In joining one of the UK's most prestigious Companies you will have the opportunity to gain superb early career experience in a challenging high-technology environment. Company and product familiarisation are seen as essential piquirements before moving into a line role and this knowledge can be gained whilst making a significant contribution to the enhancement of business efficiency which has been a comerstone of the Company's

move into inclustry then talk to us. We offer low travel jobs with excellent salaries and a good relocation package, where applicable.

AP Derby Tel: 0332 290890 KENNING MOTOR GROUP p.lc.

**Get Motoring** 

North Derbyshire to £17,000+Car+Benefits

Our client, Kerming Motor Group, a wholly owned subsidiary of Tozer Kensley and Millbourn (Holdings) Plc, is synonymous with the distribution

As a result of internal promotion they seek to recruit a resourceful and versa-As a result of methal profitor in lay seek or land to lear the content of the qualified accountant to take on a challenging head office role. Responsibilities will include supervision of two subsidiary companies and the preparation of consolidated group financial statements and associated computations, whilst maintaining strict control of the groups' substantial Genuine prospects exist for a move into line management in the short term.

Tel: 0742 738775

### **GROUP FINANCE DIRECTOR DESIGNATE**

Rural Witshire to £25,000+Car+Benefits

A long established and highly successful group of manufacturing compenies, which supplies many 'Household Name' retailers, our client now wishes to make a key appointment within its management team. You will be a qualified accountant, aged 32-45, and with a solid record of achievement to deate, preferably within a manufacturing environment. Reporting to the Chairman and working closely with the Group Managing Director, you will be expected to further develop the group's accounting and management information systems, control all aspects of its financial and administrative affairs including Company Secretarial and, as a member of the management team, make a real and positive contribution to the group's future.

istol BS1 4D2 Tel: 0272 298811 The remuneration package is first class and includes substantial benefits.

APPLY IN THE FIRST INSTANCE, IN STRICTEST CONFIDENCE TO: A.P. 10 Regent Circus Swindon SN1 1PP; 6Ł 0783 61201



The Public Prentice Manager, Accountancy Personnel, 307-308 High Holbom

### SENIOR AUDIT MANAGER

Partnership Prospects £ Above Market Rate

Combining the running of an audit portfolio containing quality clients with a significant amount of one off, non-recurring work and consultancy, this position will suit those with progressive audit experience and ambition. An expanding practice, HW Fisher seek an additional Senior Audit manager to take responsibility for a well trained audit team and a veriety of clients including those from the entertainments, media and service industries. The posting is targetted for partnership in the short term. HW Fisher enjoy an excellent reputation and the permars endeavour to maintain the highest of standards and good client relations. Anyone joining will find the challenge and nawards of a major practice combined with the personal contacts typical of the nature of the firm.

### **GROUP FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANT**

**An Outstanding Career Opportunity** 

**West London** 

Excellent Neg Salary + Car

Our client a well-established UK pic manufactures and distributes worldwide a range of engineered products. Turnover from UK and oversees subsidiaries exceeds £30M. After a profits recovery, planned future expansion necessitates a strengthening of the small group finance team.

For a dynamic qualified accountant, aged 28-35 with at least 3 years post-qualifying industrial experience, this position offers an opportunity to work closely with the Group Finance Director as a key member of a central team in a challenging environment, on a wide range of finance matters. The package includes a negotiable salary, incentive bonus and benefits are international group

Candidates please write enclosing career and salary details to Peter A Page, Senior Consultant, 3I Consultants Ltd, 8 High Street, Windsor, Berks SL4 1LD or telephone Windsor (0753) 867175 (24 hrs), quoting Ref: PP/726.

3i Consultants Ltd Human Resources



A WEALTH OF EXPERIENCE

WELL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

UK AND INTERNATIONAL CAREERS



The British Petroleum Company Plc is one of the world's largest groups. Key areas of activity include oil and gas exploration and production, manufacturing, trading and supply, minerals, chemicals and nutrition. It is a truly international company, with its shares listed in New York and Tokyo as

1987 was an exciting year for the Group and saw major expansion within the USA through the acquisition of the remaining 45% stake in Standard Oil, a successful bid for Britoil and the broadening of the share holder base to 600,000 individuals and institutions.

We are not content just to look backward and part of our forward planning includes the need to strengthen our accounting, control and finance functions by the recruitment of a number of high calibre suitably qualified staff. Immediate openings exist in the Corporate Headquarters and Business Streams at locations in London and the Home Counties in financial and management accounting, operational review, and business control posts.

Each individual is regarded as a strategic long-term investment within the organisation and is given every opportunity to fulfil their potential Subsequent development may include opportunities to work in commercial and general management, on a worldwide

Successful candidates will be in the 24-28 age range and will have the following qualifications: good honours degree (2:2 or better), and first time passes in ACA, CACA or CIMA examinations. Equally important will be the qualities of drive, self motivation and sense of direction, coupled with the ability to demonstrate a successful career to date and the potential to become part of the future management team of an ambitious Group. Additionally, fluency in a major European language is highly regarded.

To find out more about a career within British Petroleum please contact our retained consultant, Gerry Davies, on 01-831 2000 or 01-367 6412 (evenings and weekends) or write to him at Michael Page Partnership, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingham Nortingham

Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasguw & Worldwide

# **ASSISTANT** CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Cheshire

c.£26,000+Car

British Gas North Western is the largest Region of British Gas plc., with over 2.2 million customers spread over an area stretching from Cheshire to the Lake District, and a turnover approaching £1 billion.

Business on such a scale demands strong financial management as the key to our continued profitable development. As a result of internal

profitable development. As a result of internal promotion, a unique opportunity has arisen for an ambitious and highly competent accountant to fill the post of Assistant Chief Accountant. The position demands a professional accountancy qualification, preferably CIMA and ideally a suitable degree. Practical experience across the whole field of financial management in a large organisation is essential.

As the senior post reporting to the Chief Accountant the incumbent will contribute to the

Accountant the incumbent will contribute to the development of business and financial strategy for the Region and will play a significant role in determining and applying policy and working practices within the Department. Main duties include directing the planning, budgeting, management accounting, forecasting, reporting and financial appraisal activities of the Region, to provide an integrated financial service to

Regional Management, using the latest micro and mainframe computer technology and accounting

Applicants, aged 30-40, must be able to demonstrate a keen business awareness, a high level of inter-personal skills and the potential for career progression in a fast moving commercial environment.

If you are confident of the ability to make an effective contribution in a senior financial management post, then send a comprehensive C.V. to: The Regional Director of Personnel (Ref. No. H370/X), British Gas North Western, Welman House, Altrincham, Cheshire, WA15 8AE. For further details telephone Alan Houghton on 061-928 6311. Closing date for receipt of speciation frome in Thursday 23 June 1989. application forms is Thursday 23 June 1988.

An equal opportunity employer

**British Gas'** North Western

### **RETAILING THE NEWS..**

Group Accountant Graduate ACA

To £30,000 + car West End

... And the news is that my blue chip, retail clients are seeking an ambitious individual, aged under 30, from either practice or

This high profile role will involve interpretive management reporting of major subsidiaries, statutory accounting, performance analyses, systems upgrades and ad hoc investigations. Direct experience in all these areas is less important than a quick brain, an impressive track record and excellent communication skills.

To apply for this rare opportunity, please write to me, Carol Newberry, enclosing a CV or telephone me for further information, in either case quoting ref. 5095.

EXECUTIVE CONNECTIONS

RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS

Salary to £30,000 + commission

We are a busy Recruitment Consultancy based in Central London. Due to expansion we currently require additional consultants in the following areas:

> Financial Recruitment Consultants Executive Search Consultants A Temp Controller

You will be dealing mainly with financial professionals so relevant experience in a similar capacity is essential.

Send your application to Box A0902

Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY, All applications will be handled in the strictest confidence.

Some International travel will

acquisitive UK plc are excellent.

enclosing full curriculum vitae

FINANCIAL SELECTION AND SEARCH

be necessary and the career

prospects within this major

Please telephone or write

quoting ref: 220 to:

Nigel Hopkins FCA,

97 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6JE

Tel: 01-839 4572

### Financial director

Surrey c £50,000



For the UK operating subsidiary of a major international life insurance company. As a result of dramatic growth in recent years, the UK Company is now the second largest in the worldwide network. Continuing expansion has created the need for a strongly commercial financial manager who will play a prominent role in the direction and development of the business.

Reporting to the UK General Manager, you will be a key member of the management team, providing financial leadership to the UK business and with significant input at the European level. Managing a team of over 40 professionals and managers, your initial concentration will be on enhancing the effectiveness of the finance function, emphasising the further development of financial control, statutory reporting, and planning. Responsible additionally for the actuarial function, you will lead the work on product pricing and further product development.

A qualified accountant, probably aged around 40, your career will include management experience at a senior level in a financial services institution. Your record will demonstrate an ability to achieve results; in this role you will also need the skills to handle a wide variety of issues and to sell your ideas in a marketing-driven organisation, where meeting deadlines and targets are important.

Career prospects in this growth situation are substantial and include the opportunity to build an international career in an environment where progress depends only on ability. Résumés please in confidence, including a daytime telephone number, to Robin Alcock, quoting Ref RA938.

\_vbrand Executive Selection

Coopers & Lybrand Executive Selection Limited

Shelley House 3 Noble Street

### FINANCIAL MANAGER/ DIRECTOR

We are seeking an Executive to manage the financial departments on major construction projects in the UK and Europe. We are leaders in the field of construction management and consulting and our clients include some of Britain and America's largest property developers.

The role encompasses many disciplines including construction cost control and reporting to clients. Applicants should be qualified to B.Sc. level with experience in cashflow analysis, financial reporting and budgeting. An accounting qualification is preferable but not essential. In addition to a progressive career record this position demands strong managerial abilities and the personality and maturity to motivate others in a positive team environment.

The remuneration package will be highly competitive and will include life insurance and pension scheme, private medical cover and company car.

Applicants should reply to Box A0911, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY Enclosing full career details

### **APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING**

For further information call 01-248 8000

# ACA's - The Best of Both Worlds! A Dynamic Financial Services Role and Quality of Life

Manager Financial

Our client has a divisional turnover

of c£100m with global operations

They seek to appoint a high calibre

Director with responsibilities for

analysis of operational results as

business planning, review and

Candidates should be qualified

28-35, with line experience

preferably gained in a multinational fincg group. They should

be self starters with strong inter-

personal skills and commercial

graduate accountants, age indicator

executive to report to the Managing

that cover manufacturing,

marketing and research.

well as the evaluation of

acquisitions.

c£35,000 + bonus + car

Planning

London

South Coast—Sussex

to £22K + reloc. + bens.environment and the opportunity to present analyses and reports to Senior Management both in the UK and the USA.

Our client is a highly successful, well established subsidiary of a US group with over 1000 employees. In the last three years the volume of business has increased by 84% while profits have increased 190%. This success is based on a fast, flexible response to changes in market conditions and is indicative of a high calibre, well qualified work force.

An exceptional opportunity has been created for a newly/ recently qualified Chartered Accountant, ideally from a major firm, with good interpersonal, technical and analytical skills. Based at the UK Head Office you will join a small, high calibre team on project orientated assignments studying profit business efficiency and financial control. The position offers the intellectual challenge presented by a complex industry, a sophisticated computerised

The position is regarded as a first rate training ground for future Senior Management. Career prospects are excellent and the company will not recruit an individual without the clear potential to achieve this status. The company also offers an exceptional working environment, located in an area of superbnatural beauty and leisure facilities.

Candidates interested in this exciting challenge should contact Chris Sale on 0372 375661 or write to him at Michael Page Partnership, Cygnet House, 45-47 High Street, Leatherhead, Surrey KT22 8AG.

> management information and control systems. Essential attributes include clarity of verbal and

written expression; good personal skills and first-rate problem-solving abilities.

systems; product costing exercises; and reviews

An attractive salary and benefits package will be

Please apply in writing, with full career and salary history details, to Richard Waller, quoting, reference RKCW/PMM.

Successful candidates will enjoy a diverse workload, with particular emphasis on the review and implementation of management information

offered, dependent upon experience.

of overhead cost efficiency

Michael Page Partnership International Recruitment Consultants

London Bristol Windsor St Albans Leatherhead Birmingha Manchester Leeds Newcastle-upon-Tyne Glasgow & Worldwide

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Birmingham Attractive Salary+Car+Benefits

# **GROUP INTERNAL AUDIT MANAGER**

New role in a £550m plus t/o Building Products Plc Manchester c.£25,000+Car+Benefits

Our client, Hunter Plc, in which Hillsdown Holdings are the majority shareholder, is one of the United Kingdom's two major suppliers of timber and related products. With the present size and complexity of business operations, an increasing trend towards trading through a branch network, and an ever growing use and reliance on computers has come the decision to establish a group

The successful candidate will be responsible for setting up a team which can provide a comprehensive operational and financial audit service throughout the UK. The role will call for the management and technical

capacities to install audit trails at a rapid pace, assess the soundness, adequacy and application of operational systems and controls, and develop a computer audit manual. A strong commercial awareness is essential; effective interaction with high calibre management will require a confident, mature and resourceful personality. Experience of retailing operations would be advantageous.

This position offers attractive career prospects: either as a career auditor, or into divisional finance or commercial management roles. Please send full career details, in confidence, quoting reference M6882, to Mike Blanckenhagen.

# **KPMG** Peat Marwick McLintock

**Executive Selection and Search** 9 Creed Lane, London EC4V 5BR



c. £25,000 + car + bonus

Provident Life is the UK life subsidiary of Winterthur Swiss Insurance Company,

groups. The company is planning rapid

expansion of its operations in the financial markets - a deviopment which

As Tax Manager you will manage the Company's taxation affairs, dealing with

Excellent Benefits

one of Europe's leading insurance

demands sound taxation advice.

all aspects of corporation tax and advising on effective planning in all

creative and strategic approach.

particularly in the areas of product development and modelling for tax

areas. This new position demands a

planning purposes.
You will be a Chartered Accountant with 12 to 24 months post-qualification

experience in corporation tax, and an

enthusiasm for all areas of taxation. No

ACCOUNTANCY & LEGAL PROFESSIONS SELECTION LTD 3 London Wall Buildings, London Wall, London EC2M 5PJ Tei: 01:588:3576 Telex 887374

An exciting, interesting and demanding appointment. Prospects of stock options within 1-3 years.



### **GROUP FINANCIAL DIRECTOR**

**EAST MIDLANDS** 

£40.000 - £60.000 RAPIDLY EXPANDING MANUFACTURING GROUP T/O CIRCA £70 MILLION

Basingstoke

This vacancy calls for Accountants (FC.A., FC.C.A. or FC.M.A.), aged 38-45, who have had at least 5 years profit centre responsibility and are fully conversant with excellent financial management control systems. The successful candidate will be responsible for the overall control and direction of the Group's financial management, ensuring the divisions' adherence to group procedures. Accounting systems and reporting lines are efficient but an immediate task will be to tighten cash management and cost controls. A key requirement will be to assist the Group Managing Director with strategic planning, acquisitions review and negotiations. Up to 2 nights away per week may be necessary. The ability to make a substantial contribution to the Group's further profitability and growth is important. Initial salary negotiable £40,000 - £60,000 + car, contributory pension, free life assurance, free family BUPA. Assistance with removal expenses if necessary. Applications in strict confidence under reference GFD 159/FT, to the Managing Director:

ACCOUNTANCY AND LEGAL PROFESSIONS SELECTION LIMITED, 3 LONDON WALL BUILDINGS, LONDON WALL, LONDON EC2M 5PJ. TELEPHONE 01-588 3588 or 01-588 3576. TELEX: 887374. FAX: 01-356 8501.

experience of the complexities of life assurance faxation is required —training will be provided in this area.

This is an ideal opportunity either to faunch a specialist taxation career within the finance of second sec

the financial services sector, or gain further experience for a broader finance

career. Excellent benefits will include

company car, subsidised mortgage, performance bonus, and a non-contributory pension. Relocation assistance will be provided where

Please reply with full C.V. to Mr. G.S. Boutle, Provident Lite, Provident Way,

Provident Life is a member of LAUTRO

Authorised to transact Life Assurance and Pensions Business.

Basingstoke, Hants RG21 2SZ. Tel: (0256) 470707.

appropriate.

Tax Manager

### **CHIEF ACCOUNTANT**

Up To #25,000 + Car

**APPOINTMENTS** 

and

Bunzi Pulp & Paper (Sales) Ltd., a leading international trading company, requires a qualified accountant aged 30+ with at least five years commercial post-qualification experience. Candidates must have a practical knowledge of FX transactions and overseas banking as well as the ability to produce accounts and budgets to strict deadlines. Proven staff supervisory skills and a "hands on" approach are essential.

Duties will include management of the accounts dept. in all their related functions and assisting the Company Secretary in his treasury and FX



Please write enclosing c.v. to: J.G. Chapman, Company Secretary, Bunzl Pulp & Paper (Sales) Ltd, 52-58 Tabernacle Street, London EC2A 4PL

# **KPMG** Peat Marwick McLintock

Executive Selection

Peat Marwick McLintock are a leading inter-

national firm of Chartered Accountants and

Management Consultants. In our Birmingham office we have a rapidly expanding financial management consultancy team, serving a wide range of clients from all industrial sectors.

Such a fast moving environment allows a great deal of scope for ambitious qualified Accountants to

Opportunities currently exist for individuals with

a minimum of five years' commercial experience,

ideally gained within a number of progressive manufacturing companies, with up to date

meet their objectives - varied and interesting experience and excellent career progression.

Peat House, 45 Church Street, Birmingham B3 2DL.

### **ADVERTISING** Appears every Wednesday

Thursday

The company, a £ multi-million autonomous subsidiary of a major British Group processes and markets a comprehensive range of quality products. A policy of organic expansion coupled with acquisition has created a stimulating environment which offers successful managers significant

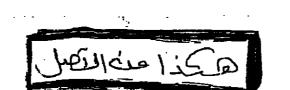
will be wide ranging and will include the full range of financial and management accounting procedures for a high volume, multi-site business. In addition, you will participate in capital project evaluation and acquisition studies and provide direct input in terms of future systems development.

Probably in your 30's, you will be a qualified accountant with a minimum of five years' experience in a profit-accountable volume manufacturing or retailing environment. A working knowledge of up to date computer-based

Salary for discussion as indicated: the comprehensive benefits package

MSL International (UK) Ltd, Oak House, Park Lane, Leeds LS3 1EL.

MSL International



# **Financial Controller**

# **West Yorkshire**

To £30,000 + car ... with a "blue chip" fresh food manufacturer

As a key member of the company management team, your responsibilities

accounting systems is a prerequisite.

will include generous relocation expenses, where appropriate

Please write – in confidence – with full details. A. L. Brown, ref. B.62159.

Offices in Europe, the Americus, Australasia and Asia Parific

# SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

# FINANCIALTIMES

Thursday June 9 1988



UK BUDGET PROMPTS SPIN-OFF OF LONG-TERM INTERESTS INTO INVESTMENT TRUST

# J Rothschild Holdings to demerge

 $\| f_{m} \|_{L^{q(1)}}$ 

ibnı vitae

ens.

idne

CORRECT

33 Hes

 $\alpha_{\rm LB}(3)$ 

kshire

lacturer

to the below

 $n^{18}$ 

(Philippiani

 $\dots \mathbb{R}^{d \times d}$ 

Company and

المرا

page.

, 153 lek

 $\operatorname{Cap}_{\operatorname{Cop}_{\Gamma}}$ napp "Nellent

> J. ROTHSCHILD Holdings, the cash 9630m(\$1.13bn) investment com-

The scheme will be effected by stock and shares is treated like a distributing 60 per cent of the dividend and liable for income shares and convertible stock in tax – now at lower, post-Budget and annual dividend. The yield on the convertible stock will be a small annual dividend. The yield on the convertible stock will be a small annual dividend. The yield on the convertible stock will be a small annual dividend.

Apple buys

software

specialist

APPLE COMPUTER, the US com-

puter company, has acquired a small communications software

company specialising in products designed to link non-IBM comput-

Mr John Sculley, Apple's chairman, said: "Apple's principle technology objective in 1988 is to expand aggressively its networking and communications solu-

ing Macintosh into IBM, open system and Digital Equipment

system and Digital squipment network environments, he added. The acquisition of Orion, a 31-person software developent com-pany based in Berkeley, Calif-ornia, will enhance Apple's abl-ity to tie Apple products into IBM System Network Applicature.

System Network Architecture networks. Financial terms were

Novell, one of the largest

computer network vendors, announced a new software prod-

nct that ties the Apple Macintosh

Its "Netware for the Macin-

tosh" provides the tools for bridg-ing Apple computers to widely used Novell networks.

into its networks.

" Apple is actively integrat-

By Louise Kahoe In San Francisco

ers to IBM networks.

pany headed by Mr Jacob Rothschild, is planning to spin off its by recent tax changes, in particular more via dividends or devoting longer-term investments into a lar those in the latest British more to buying in shares. In the new £265m investment trust, RIT Capital Partners.

The scheme will be affected by the following the scheme had been prompted its income – either distributing more via dividends or devoting more to buying in shares. In the Budget, Under the demerger proposal, the distribution of RIT at the scheme will be contrast. Will concern.

result of income tax reductions. Mr Rothschild said yesterday JRH says it plans to retain less of

RIT Capital Partners to existing levels.

After the demerger, JRH will only marginally higher, but RIT time, JRH will move some £125m focus increasingly on trading of longer-term investments into RIT, with the balance of RIT's agement. It will also handle the investment trust status. This initial assets being made up of management of RIT on a performance of property holdings and mance-related fee. As a further values at RIT, if a discount

emerges between market price and underlying net asset value. In the demerger, JRH share holders will receive 10 RIT shares and £6 nominal in RIT convertible stock. JRH warrant holders are being offered a lower exercise price - the price at which they can subscribe for ordinary share in JRH - of 74.34p against 86.34p, in return for agreeing to exercise

early. Yesterday, JRH shares rose 7

their option to do so four years

Lex, Page 20; A maverick

# Texaco to plan stock buyback

BY JAMES BUCHAN IN NEW YORK

TRYACO, the big IIS oil company TEXACO, the big US oil company As the company moves which says it will distribute towards a showdown with Mr \$1.67bn to its stockholders, said this year.

Mr James Kinnear, chief executive of the embattled company, said that a "significant part" of the \$1.67bn would go towards buying stock while shareholders could receive further sums in marketable securities.

"We're looking for a package that is most attractive to the most number of shareholders,"

based consumer goods distribu-tor, has agreed to sell its wine and spirits wholesale division to a new company being formed by

a management group. The McKesson Wine & Spirits

operation is one of the largest US

distributors of alcoholic bever-ages, with sales of about \$540m last year. The group is the exclu-sive US distributor of Ballan-

Terms of the sale were not dis-

tine's Scotch Whisky.

BY OUR SAN FRANCISCO CORRESPONDENT

Carl Icahn, its main stockholder, yesterday that the bulk of the Mr Kinnear yesterday fiercely pay-out would be in the form of a defended Texaco's decision to pay stock buy-back in the course of out only one-third of the proceeds of its current \$5bn programme of asset sales directly to sharehold-

> Mr Icahn, who is lobbying vigorously among stockholders to put his nominees on Texaco's board at its annual meeting on June 17, says Texaco is squander-ing stockholders' money in its business and should pay out "inadequate." Texaco stock was more to shareholders. Mean-trading yesterday at \$51%, just while, the stock market has \$% up on the buy-back announce-

ponents of its wine and spirits operations, which consist of "21"

a beer importer. These units have

combined revenues of close to

importer, and Carlton Importing, beauty aids.

Mr Thomas Field, McKesson's cal year of \$7.2bn.

siasm to Texaco's announcement of the pay-out, which was made Mr Kinnear said: "People get

numbed by numbers, but let's get this straight: \$5bn is a very big amount of change. By dividing it up one-third for a stock buyback and associated moves and two-thirds for our balance sheet and capital programme, we will maximise our earnings per share, cashflow and dividend coverage." But Mr Icahn ridiculed the Texaco plan late on Tuesday as "inadequate." Texaco stock was

part of our long-term strategy to

son's primary businesses are in

The company is the largest dis-

the distribution of pharmaceut

McKesson also announced focus on the distribution of non-

plans to sell the remaining com-durable consumer goods." McKes-

brands, a wine and spirits cal products and health and

\$200m and are both based in New tributor of these products in the York.

The variable of these products in the last fis-

McKesson sells wine and spirits division MCKESSON, the San Francisco- closed, but analysts estimated president, said the sale of the based consumer goods distribute the sale price at about \$115m. wine and spirits operations was

Rass group to block Macmillan's restructuring plan. Coniston said that its support of the Bass group's legal action was "not so much an endorsement of the Bass deal as an expression of opposition

Macmillan's intrinsic value was as much as \$85 to \$100 a share, Coniston added.

New Issue

Macmillan formally rejects \$2bn bid by Bass

By Anatole Kaletsky

MACMILLAN, the large New York-based publishing company, yesterday formally rejected the \$2bn takeover bid it has received from Mr Robert Bass, the wealthy Texas inves-

tor. It urged shareholders instead to support the manage-ment's restructuring plan to break up the business into two separately traded public com-panies and take on substantial new debts in order to pay out an immediate cash dividend of \$1.4bn or \$55 a share. Under the break-up plan

Macmillan proposed splitting itself into two publicly traded companies, Macmillan Publish-ing and Macmillan Informa-

Bass group, as an alternative to its \$73 a share merger offer, has proposed its own restructuring, which would put \$58 cash into the hands of Macmillan's shareholders.

The company formally rejected this option as well. Meanwhile, however, the pressure on Macmillan from other arbitrageurs and corporate raiders appeared to be nounting. Coniston Partners, the Wall

Street investment and raiding firm which played a decisive role last year in the breakup of Allegis Corporation, announced on Tuesday night that it had acquired a 4.9 per cent stake in Macmillan.

Coniston said it would back a series of lawsuits filed by the

to the management's proposed restructuring."



Mr Simon Keswick, left, outgoing chairman of Jardine Matheson yesterday handed over the reins of Hong Kong's oldest trading house to Mr Brian Powers. Mr Powers is the first American to take over the role of taipan or "big boss" since the group's formation 156 years ago by William Jardine, a relative of the Keswick family. Mr Keswick is returning to London where he will serve as non-executive chairman of the company.

### Nortel bolsters European base

NORTHERN TELECOM of Can-switching activities in France. former senior executive of three years to make France its \$830m. main European base for telecom-munications business.

efforts to increase market penetration outside the US and Canada, which between them still accounted for 90 per cent of the company's revenues of \$4.9bn last year.

Cations operations.

The venture – Northern Tele investments and a further commendation of the controlled by the Canadian comment in France in the next three pany, with the French CGIP industrial holding owning a 35 Northern Telecom was one of

Northern Telecom's European strategy concentrates public tele-communications operations in cent stake.

ada plans to invest FFr300m Last year the group acquired 27.5 France's CGE group, has an ini-(\$52m) in manufacturing and per cent of STC, the UK telecomial capital of FFr200m. The research facilities in the next munications group, for about French venture is building a

Mr Edmund Fitzgerald, chair-man, said in Paris yesterday that the group was intensifying its ture with French industrial and opment facility at Marne la financial partners to manage the European business telecommuni-Mr Fitzgerald hinted at cations operations.

manufacturing plant at Verdun. In France, the Canadian group in north-eastern France, and is has just constituted a joint veninvesting in a research and devel-

per cent stake and the financial the unsuccessful candidates in Groupe Worms owning a 10 per the fierce bidding battle for the cent stake. the UK and focuses business. The new French company, tions equipment manufacturer communications and PABX headed by Mr Paul de Buyer, a last year.



Espirito Santo Financial Holding S.A.

What's Portugal's only Multinational Financial Group and a major Italian Financial Institution doing in Paris?

Quite a lot.

The Espirito Santo Group has just acquired a new partner in Paris through Société Bancaire de Paris, namely Cassa di Risparmio di Padova e Rovigo (Italy).

UNITED KINGDOM

Espirito Santo International Holding S.A.

London Representative Office

18th Floor St. Alphage House

2 Fore Street London EC2Y 5DA

Telephone: (01) 588 0458

Telex: 8814627 CITY SPG

Telefax: (01) 588 4052

This partnership makes Espirito Santo, Portugal's only multinational Financial Group, uniquely placed to handle the de-regulated EC marketplace in 1992.

Simply because we've already started.

**PORTUGAL** 

FRANCE Société Bancaire de Paris 24, Rue Murillo 75008, Paris Telephone: (33 1) 47 660200 Telex: (042) 643203 SOBANK F Telefax: (33 1) 46 226395

Banco Internacional de Credito S.A. in partnership with Caisse Nationale de Credit Agricole Oporto Av. Boavista, 1200 Lisbon Av. Fontes Pereira de Melo, 27 4100 Porto

1000 Lisboa Telephone: (3511) 5271 35 Telephone: (3512) 69 22 50 Telex: (0404) 62353 Telex: (0404) 28608 BANICR P Telefax: (3511) 526165 Telefax: (3512) 69 32 80

Espirito Santo Sociedade de Investimentos S.A. Empreendimento das

**Amoreiras** Rua Tierno Galvan. Torre 3-14 Andar 1200 Lishoa Telephone: (3511) 689137/8/9 Telex: 10404163595 ESSI P Telefax: (3511) 688259

BELGIUM Espirito Santo International Holding S.A.

Consultant 171, Avenue Montjoie 1180, Brussels Telephone: (322) 3549019 Telex: (046) 23315 Telefax: (.322).3431274

SPAIN Bank Espirito Santo Representative Office Madrid

SWITZERLAND Compagnie Financiere Espirito Santo S.A. Lausanne & Geneva

BRAZIL associated with Banco Inter-Atlantico Investimento S.A. Rio de Janeiro & Sao Paulo in partnership with Caisse Nationale de Credit Agricole and

the Monteiro Aranha Group.

**CAYMAN ISLANDS** Bank Espirito Santo International Limited Grand Cayman

UNITED STATES Bank Espirito Santo All these securities having been sold outside the United States of America. this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

April 1988



AMERICAN EXPRESS BANK

(Incorporated in Connecticut)

Swiss Francs 100,000,000 4½% Bonds 1988-1995

TRADE DEVELOPMENT BANK

Samuel Montagu (Suisse) S.A. Banque Nationale de Paris (Suisse) S.A. INGEBA Internationale Genossenschaftsbank AG

Alpha Securities AG Banca di Credito Commerciale e Mobiliare S.A. Banca Solari & Blum S.A. Bank in Huttwil Bank in Ins Bank Langenthal Bank of Langnau Bank Rohner Ltd Banque de Dépôts et de Gestion Commercial Bank of Soleure Great Pacific Capital Grindlays Bank plc (a member of the ANZ Group) E. Gutzwiller & Cie, Banquiers Overland Trust Banca Rüegg Bank Ltd St Gallische Creditanstalt Società Bancaria Ticinese Spar- & Leihkasse Schaffhausen Volksbank Willisau AG

Shearson Lehman Brothers Finance S.A. American Express Bank (Switzerland) AG

Bank Heusser & Cie AG Banque Indosuez Chase Manhattan Bank (Switzerland) Dresdner Bank (Schweiz) AG Drexel Burnham Lambert Finanz AG Goldman Sachs Finanz AG J. Henry Schroder Bank AG Kredietbank (Suisse) S.A. Morgan Grenfell Securities SA S.G. Warburg Soditic SA The Royal Bank of Canada (Suisse)

Banca Commerciale Italiana (Suisse) Bankers Trust AG Banque de Commerce et de Placements S.A. Banque Paribas (Suisse) S.A. Chemical N. Y. Capital Market Corp. J. P. Morgan Securities (Switzerland) Ltd. Morgan Stanley S.A. Sanwa Finanz (Schweiz) AG Sanyo Securities & Finance (Switzerland) S.A. Swiss Cantobank (International) The Industrial Bank of Japan (Schweiz) AG The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan (Schweiz) AG

### After the tumult, new opportunities.



### Join Sopagri shareholders.

ISSUE OF BONDS WITH WARRANTS TO PURCHASE SHARES Number of bonds issued: 75,000. Par value: FF 2,000.

Each is issued with 10 warrants to purchase shares attached. Each one gives the right to purchase ONE new

Bearing interest from: July 11, 1988.

Armual interest: 7 %, or FF 140 per bond payable on July 11 of each year, beginning July 11, 1989.

Redemption: at maturity.

Subscription: • Preferential shareholder subscription: from June 6 to June 17, 1988 on the basis of one bond for 31 shares held.

Public subscription: from June 20, 1988.

**WARRANTS:** 

Each warrant gives the right to subscribe to one FF 100 par value Sapagn share for FF 210 between September 1, 1988 and June 30, 1992.

CAPITAL INCREASE FROM FF 238,355,400 TO FF 476,710,000

Cosh issue of 2,283,554 new shares of FF 100 par value. Issue price: FF 160. Eligible for dividends as from January 1,

Preferential subscription right: on an irreducible basis, ONE new share for ONE old share. Subscriptions accepted on a

Subscription period: June 6, 1988 to June 27, 1988 inclusive.

Approved for publication by Caissa Nationale de Approved his postulation of the substance if you are in any doubt with regards to the substance

Published in the BALO May 30, 1988. The prospectus (COB visa no. 88-172 of May 26, 1988) Is available
upon request from the Company Head
Office: Tour Maine-Morrhamasse.
33, oversue du Maine, 75015 Parts, FRANCE.
SOPAGRI





### **Ridgeway Project Finance Corporation**

US\$56,200,000 Gold Advance Facility

To Finance
The Ridgeway Gold Mine, South Carolina,
A Joint Venture between subsidiaries of BP America Inc. and of Galactic Resources Ltd.

Co-managed and Provided by

Mase Westpac Inc

N M Rothschild & Sons Limited



N M Rothschild & Sons Limited



### Ridgeway Project Finance Corporation

U.S. \$125,000,000 Standby Letter of Credit Facility

To Support Financing of The Ridgeway Gold Mine, South Carolina, on a Project Basis. A Joint Venture between subsidiaries of BP America Inc. and of Galactic Resources Ltd.

Lead Bank

Bank of America NT&SA

Standby Letters of Credit in Equal Amounts Provided by

Bank of America NT&SA Barclays Bank PLC

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited Westpac Banking Corporation

Bank of America International Limited



Bank of America

### SPANISH BANKING FINANCE & INVESTMENT

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey

23rd June

For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

Luis Andrade, Ponzano 72-2C, 28003 Madrid, Spain Tel: Madrid (01) 456 2778

or write to Mr Robert Leach:

Bracken House 10 Cannon Street London EC4P 4BY

FINANCIALTIMES

ASAHI CHEMICAL INDUSTRY LIMITED European Depositary Receipts issued by Morgan Guaranty Trust

Company of New York ASAHI CHEMICAL INDUSTRY LTD

ASAM CHEMICAL INDUSTRY LTD-bas announced a bount issue of 0.06 new share for one old share incid on record date. 31st March 1988. Following the sale of those new shares, after their insunance on May 16th, 1988 a discribation of and 5472 per depository share will be psyable on and after June 6th 1988 upon presentation of compose after 29 at any of the following office:

Morgan Guaranty Trust com. Pany on New York

# U.S. \$750,000,000 Lloyds Bank Plc (Incorporated in England with Himited Hability) Primary Capital Undated Floating Rate Notes (Series 1) For the six snorths 9th June, 1988 to 9th December, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 8.125% p.a. with a Coupon Amount of U.S. \$413.02 payable on 9th December, 1988.

**NEW ZEALAND** 13 JULY 1988

PETER HIGHLAND on 91-248 2060 ext 3595 For a full editorial synopsis and dvertisement details, please contact or write to hum at: Bracken House EC4P 4BY

**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

Dy: The Chiese Minsbatton Back, N.A. Landest, Agent Back

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

# INTL. COMPANIES AND FINANCE

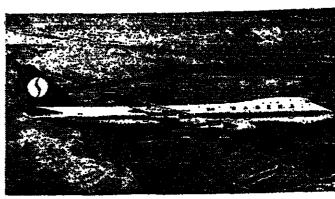
Tim Dickson on the Belgian airline's fight to remain competitive

# Sabena searches for a co-pilot

SPECULATION THAT Sabena, the Belgian national carrier, KLM of the Netherlands, and pos-sibly Swissair, the Swiss company, are poised to set up a joint venture for their airline busi-nesses has been heightened this week after comments made in Brussels by Mr Carlos van Rafelghem, the Sabena chairman. He confirmed in a short inter-

view on Belgian radio on Tues-day night that his "personal pre-dilection" was for a link between these partners, adding that "this is the formula which is objec-tioned bett" tively best." Mr van Rafelghem said: "I

"deny absolutely" that any agree-ment has yet been concluded. He indicated that "preliminary studies" had been made, that European Community's drive to serious negotiations had not so liberalise the European air transfar begun, but that further clarifiport sector ahead of 1992, and the



believe it is possible to say that ness nevertheless suggests that took over at the top in 1981, the as far as a Sabena, KLM, Swissair progress has been achieved since once heavily loss making Belgian believe it is possible to say that as far as a Sabena, KLM, Swissair arrangement is concerned, quite apart from the many economic and structural advantages which it would offer, we have the opportunity to move into first place in the European league."

KLM refused to make any comment yesterday and a Sabena official had little to add to his chairman's remarks, except to "deny absolutely" that any agree-

was making too many demands. Sabena's search for a suitable partner has been inspired by the cation may be provided at the competitive pressures which this group's annual meeting in 12 has exerted on medium-sized car-

company's only activity involved in a joint venture — is that Bel-gium is surrounded by three pow-erful airlines in Air France, Lufthansa and KLM, the first two powered by a large domestic mar-ket, the third bolstered by the Netherlands' long tradition of days' time. riers. extensive transportation systems.

Mr van Rafelghem's outspoken- Under Mr van Rafelghem, who The question is whether the Bel-

gian airline can survive on he own in a market place which will own in a market pace which will become increasingly cut-threat Even in March & seemed clear that the scope for collaboration with Air France and Lufthausa was limited, given that the two was hinned, given that the tast two
companies use an international
reservations network, the Annadeus system, which competes
with the Galileo system used by
Sabena. That would seem to
leave some sort of Benefux grouping, plus Swissair, as the most likely solution. The hurdles yet to be crossed,

however, may not be inconsiderable. KLM and Swissair are known to be having their own talks, and KLM has indicated that there are other alrines with whom it has been holding discussions. Any deal would also have to take into account national sensitivities and avoid any sugges-tion that Sabena was being swai-

lowed up by its new partners.

The Belgian company's insistence that it is not seeking a full merger - Mr Van Rafelghem insisted on Tuesday that Saben-a's lucrative and widely renowned maintenance activities and its catering would be excluded from any joint venture - could also be a complication. It was SAS's ambition for an effec-

tive takeover that appears, for the moment at least, to have scuppered that deal.

Fiat in deal

with French

water group

LYONNAISE DES EAUX, the French private water distribution and treatment group, is forming a joint venture with Fixt, the Ital-

ian motor group, to offer water distribution and treatment ser-vices to Italian local authorities.

The venture will be 51 per cent

By Paul Betts in Paris

# Trygg to float non-life side

ing in Stockholm in insurance operations with a view to entering international business, possibly through cross-border mergers or co-operation order to strengthen its position in the run-up to 1992 and the formation of the internal market.

The group's life insurance remain as a

capitalisation of SK15bn (\$835m). We need a stock market listing if we are to be able to raise more risk capital and become more

BY ANDREW FISHER IN FRANKFURT

TRYGG-HANSA, Sweden's second all largest insurance group after to either merge or co-operate skandia, is to seek a bourse list-overseas with a foreign insurance ing in Stockholm for its non-life company. Skandia, the leading Hansa to set up a limited com-

operations will remain as a mutual company but will own about 50 per cent of the listed non-life operations. Last year, premium income

The first step is for Trygg-Hansa to set up a limited compansa to set up a number com-pany structure, probably next year. The group plans to wait until perhaps 1990 before listing when it hopes to have improved the profitability of its non-life operations, which have a 20-25 per cent market share.

"The whole insurance branch in Sweden needs to improve profitability by raising premiums," said the company official. "We from the non-life operations totalled about SKr5bn while premium income from the life two."

controlled by Flat Engineering, part of Fiat's public works and civil engineering arm. Flat Engi-neering is involved in the Italian water treatment market through its subsidiary, Castagnetti. Lyonnaise des Eaux, which Schneider expects to maintain turnover

EY ANDREW FISHER IN FRANKFURT

SCHNEIDER Rundfunkwerke, the West German television, computer and audio company, is aiming to at least maintain turnover this year, despite a drop in the first five months caused by its decision to make and sell its own computers rather than co-operating with Amstrad to the UK.

Last year, turnover rose by 17 per cent to DM720m (\$420m) and

### will own 49 per cent of the ven-ture, has been seeking to expand its European presence and has recently taken an active interest in the UK water distribution mar-ket like its French rival, Compag-nic Générale des Raux. In Italy, Lyonnaise des Eaux was already indirectly present in the market through its water treatment subsidiary, Degremont. No financial details of the Flat

deal were given. At this stage, it is largely seen as a strategic col-laboration agreement between Last year, turnover rose by 17 months of 1988. Conditions. Its computer manulations agreement between as a strategic collision of the company, controlled by facture is also highly automated. In a laboration agreement between the prench and Italian groups in the prench and Italian groups in controlled by facture is also highly automated. It is targety seen as a strategic collision. Its computer manulation agreement between the prench and Italian groups in anticipation of the opening up of stock market, said it expects to chasing 50 per cent of loss-makmarkets in Europe

### Kühne & Nagel proposes **DM200m '1992' spending**

KUEHNE & NAGEL, the world's the D-Mark was the result of curthird biggest international forency factors. warding agent, is to carry out a major investment programme in Nagel's three operational groups readiness for 1992.

Turnover figures for Kühne & Magel's three operational groups were: DM1.92bn for KN Germany

This was stated in Zurich yesterday by Mr Klaus-Michael Kühne, the chief executive, who owns the company jointly with the Lonrho group. Some DM200m (\$117m) has been decided on as a framework for Entragan invest.

tal spending on new freight ter-minals and acquisitions. Mr Kühne said the company planned to acquire small to medium-sized companies serving national mar-

to DM32.2m, despite a 3 per cent it said that multinational for decline in turnover to DM4.39bn. warding companies would con-

(\$117m) has been decided on as a framework for European investment in the period 1989-1993.

This will be absorbed by capital exercising on new freight terminating on new freight terminating on new freight terminating on new freight terminating of the contributions of the three divisions to combined net profits amounted to DM12.5m, DM13.8m and DM5.9m,

respectively.

The company said 1988 net profits should be at least as high as those for last year. Current year cash-flow is estimated at Net profits of the Kühne & 1987. Capital investment this year is expected to be about DM59m. The decline in sales in terms of tinue to face severe challenges.

> U.S. \$500,000,000 CITICORPO

Subordinated Bank Adjustable Note Capital Securities BANCS

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.9375% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date September 9, 1988 against Coupon No. 7 in respect of US\$50,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$1,014.24. June 9, 1988, London By: Gifbank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

£100,000,000



Floating Rate Notes Due 1995

Interest Rate Interest Period

Interest Amount per

£10,000 Note due 7th September 1988 7th June 1988 7th September 1988

8.975% p.a.

£225.60

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Sank

U.S. \$100,000,000 Floating Rate Depositary Receipts due 1992 total by Booless Traster Company Limited ordencing entitlement to payment of principal and interest on deposits with

Banco di Sicilia London Branch



For the six mouth period 7th June, 1988 to 7th December, 1988 the Receipts will carry an interest rate of 8% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$4,066.67 per U.S. \$100,000 Receipt. The relevant Interest Payment Date will be 7th December, 1988.

Company, London

**Agent Bank** 

### Consolidated Gold Fields Finance PLC

£75,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1995 unconditionally guaranteed by

Consolidated Gold Fields PLC

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that, for the three months period 7th June, 1988 to 7th September, 1988, the Notes will bear interest at the rate of 91/16 per cent. per annum. Coupon No. 14 will therefore be payable on 7th September, 1988 at £1,139.00 per coupon from Notes of £50,000 nominal and £113.90 per coupon from Notes of £50,000 nominal.

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. Asent Bank

US. \$100,000,000



**Great Western Financial** Corporation

Floating Rate Notes Due 1995

713/16% per annum

Interest Period Interest Amount per U.S. \$50,000 Note due

9th September 1988

9th September 1988

U.S. \$998.26

9th June 1988

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Agent Bank

Pakistan,

HK deals

for Orient

Leasing

bns bedeme

ise its business.

By Mohammed Affab in

ORIENT LEASING, Japan's

biggest leasing company, has

launched a joint venture in

Pakistan and purchased a minority stake in a Hong Kong

financial services group as part of efforts to international-

It will own 40 per cent of-

Orient Leasing Pakistan for the modest investment of

US\$720,000. Partners include local businessmen and the state-administered Bankers

Equity, an investment bank.

The company will provide

lease finance for movable assets to industrial, commer-

cial and professional organisa-

Funds will be made available for new equipment and also for existing machinery on a sale-and-leasehack basis. The Pakistani sponsors are headed by Mr Shakirullah Durrani, former governor of the State Bank of Pakistan, the countral samiral hank

try's central bank.

In Hong Kong, Orient Leasing and Nissho Iwai, one of Japan's big trading houses, announced this week the pur-

chase of about 10 per cent each

in Asian Oceanic Group for a total of HK\$102.9m

Asian Oceanic, which began

operations in 1382, specialises in Asian cross-border investment banking. It has assets given as HK\$1.8bn and capital of HK\$328m.

SYSTEM

WRITER

INVESTIMENT ANALYSIS

WILL BE DEMONSTRATED

SOCIETY OF

TECHNICAL ANALYSTS MEETING ON 14th JUNE, 1988

CALL T. NEAL ON 01 - 480 5715

BARBICAN CENTRE

ON 15th JUNE, 1988

FOR DEPAILS CALL

PIONEER ELECTRONIC .

Notice is hereby given to holders of CDP's fecued-by Carribpes, Depositing, Co., NLY, Guzeno, evidencing sheres in the shows company that this "Semisimosi Business report 1999" of Ploneer Electronic Corporation may be obtained from:

Pierson, Haldring & Pierson N.V.

The Bunk of Tokyo Ltd. blished in Tokyo, Enxistes, L seldori, Paris and New York.

dem.-Jone S. 1988.

Funds will be made avail-

y J<sub>une 9</sub> 1988

CE

Lurepo

g, PLC

ancial

r!

y not be tone, y not be inone, and Swissair a charing their a sile in the inone, and swissair a control and any one in a company a control and seek and the inone, and the inone parties of your and was being a company a company

er group E DES EAUX E the water distribute at group, is long are with Plat, theh roep, to offer te allel treatments sin local outbone

evolved in the bla n prosence and b ार का उत्पाप क्रिक ster distribution e remediatival, Comp.

des Eanx dalle es Part was die propert in the nest warfer incatmented ा तलका में हैं। Legg with Fall (1907)

apreement bise prof. Haitan paudi: miteen and hets: duc 1992

r pi The areas

.. janiš

en as a strategic

Secondary 1989 en e will a con-

e Baileai -

French

"ing arm. Plat. the information the des Eaux, vie

A\$20n would have been soin and others worth A\$20n acquired.

The current 1988-39 year, he predicted, would see a "further in milling, while sales of refined significant improvement" as the group extracted "real value" on the Government's cut sures for sugar, Mr Burgess said in corporate tax from 49 per cent they made the group nervous as a miller but not as a refiner.

He said the latest figures were particularly good given a A\$123m increase in tax expenses and the absence of any contribution from the Delhi petroleum interest,

The sale of Delhi last year to Esso Australia for almost ASIbn was the single largest disposal of CSR's asset sales. Another A\$450m to A\$500m came from the disposal of its lossmaking coal mining operations, A\$125m from its mineral interests and A\$125m

complex in Sydney. CSR's main acquisitions include Pioneer Sugar Mills, Sof-twood Holdings, Timber Hold-ings, Formica in Australia and New Zealand, concrete and quar-rying operations in Australia and

of the UK to tackle the plasterboard market in Britain and

for at least US\$500m of the privately-owned Rinker Materials Corporation, an integrated quarlominates the market in Florida. At least four other international groups are said to have tried to month, is still to be consum-

Mr Burgess said Rinker would give CSR a "substantial" presence in the US. The company is said to be rich in cash and wellmanaged, and CSR, apart from putting in three senior executives of its own, will run it at arms'

rom internal funds. As CSR said resterday, it was generating

**CSR** reshape nears completion as profit hits record A\$185m

which in the previous year con-tributed A\$63m.

But the biggest purchase is and the group has already locked about to occur, the acquisition in 80 per cent of this level in the

length.

The purchase is being made

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SYDNEY

CSR., THE Anstralian sugar and few years." building products multinational. He added: "Our problem is not vesterday announced a 23.4 per money. It's finding the right cent rise in net profit for the year opportunities at the right price."
to March, reaching a record A breakdown of the results
A\$185.3m (US\$147.6m) on reve shows building and construction nues up 45 per cent to AS4.65bn. materials were easily the largest Mr lan Burgess, managing contributor to earnings, with director, said the group's massive profits close to A\$30m, up 60 per restructuring away from depen- cent. The group's traditional

from the sale of its head office

he US, and stakes in Austral

buy the company in the past, and float its CSR's deal, announced last divest it.

cial position at CSR in quite a A\$4.48.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Fletcher Challenge Finance Netherlands B.V.

Amsterdam, The Netherlands

dence on resources operations sugar milling and refining activi-was virtually complete. Over a ties reported a 41 per cent three-year period assets worth increase in profit to A\$44.4m.

A\$2bn would have been sold and

The company said its acquisi-

QUEENSLAND COAL Trust approved the mechanism for the trust to become a compan named QCT Resources, Reuter reports from Brisbane.

ing, 76.5 per cent of the votes were in favour, just above the 75 per cent required for approval.
Santos, the Australian oil

als to branch out from its highly profitable coal CSR recorded its biggest profit improvement in its aluminium

There is no intention to sell

On the question of whether CSR might face heavy liabilities because of claims made by former workers at a subsidiary's now-closed asbestos mine, Mr Burgess said there was no reason

were genuinely ill and anguished could be compensated quickly. A\$300m a year and could spend

With the group's earnings per

A\$1.1bn without borrowing.

Share at 28.4 cents, directors rec
ommended a final dividend of 10

Rami Khouri examines the modernisation strategy at a leading Jordanian banking group

# Arab Bank keeps abreast of changing times

ARAB BANK, the leading Jordanian banking group, has long A history of safeguarding clibeen known throughout the Midents' deposits and investors' dle East as big, safe, profitable and slightly old-fashioned.

itive global banking environment.

Last year it launched a mod-

a miller but not as a refiner.

unit holders have narrowly

At an extraordinary meet-

and gas producer, disclosed last Friday that it holds 9.9 per cent in QCT and said it opposed management propos-

Brick and Brick & Pipe. operations, thanks to high world It has also linked with Redland prices for aluminium and alumina and increased shipments of aluminium and bauxite. Profit more than trebled to A\$28.5m

> these lucrative operations, but regarding its other remaining resources activities the group confirmed it would be selling its coal interests and would either float its oil and gas business or with the L.D. Nathan retailing

to suppose these could harm the group's financial performance.

But he urged the establishment of a less unwieldy legal system for such cases so that those who

ASI.Son.

According to Mr Gene Herbert.
deputy managing director: "We have not seen as strong a finanhave not seen as strong a finan-

equity in spite of repeated wars,

practices of other banks in the credibility that dwarf those of many governments in the area. About 18 months ago, however, Universal banking capabilities covering retail, wholesale and it started stirring, prodded by covering retail, we more sober regional economic merchant banking, realities and an intensely compet.

The point has be

Last year it launched a modernisation and marketing strategy that looks set to maintain its position as one of the few Arab banks which can compete seriously with larger international other members of the family ously with larger international institutions on a regional and global scale Its move is also a timely case

study of how a traditional Arab company can adapt its managenent and business strategy to keep up with the times.
Established in Jerusalem in 1930 by an entrepreneurial young Palestinian named Abdul Hameed Shoman, the bank's first four decades were characterised by steady expansion throughout the Middle East, North Africa

and Western Europe.

Now that it has recognised the need to attack the markets more aggressively, it has an array of impressive but conspicuously underexploited assets on which to draw. These include:

A retail network of 75 anches, offshore banking units, wholly owned subsidiaries and sister institutions in 12 Arab states and in 15 countries in First indications are that Europe, America, Africa, Austra-strategy seems to be working.

Its competitors have viewed it nationalisations throughout a equity rose from \$676m to \$785m. as a sleeping giant which prefers notoriously turbulent region.
safe family management to the Substantial capital resources,
more impovative and aggressive market clout and professional

> The point has been appreciated by the founder's two sons who ave run the bank for years other members of the family. own 17 per cent of the shares.

in the recessionary regional econ-omy of the mid-1980s finally awakened the Shomans to the need to adjust policies in order to stem a deterioration in both market share and profitability. The focus now is on four basic areas: more aggressive regional lending - particularly in the home market of Jordan, which

Several years of flat earnings

York; more efficient technological applications, both for retail clients and to cut backroom oper-loans are written off annually ational costs; and further international expansion into new mar-kets which trade with the Arab world.

First indications are that the

### Strong advance Lower tax bill lifts income at NZ brewer

By Our Financial Staff LION CORPORATION, the New Zealand brewer, boosted net profits 11.1 per cent to NZ\$57m (US\$39.6m) in its year to March, the last period before its merger

group comes into effect.
Sales were up by just over a fifth to NZ\$1.13bn from NZ\$936.6m. The earnings excluded a net NZ\$34.6m in below-the-line credits, compared with just NZ\$8.2m the previous year, but benefited from a reduced tax bill of NZ\$19.7m

against NZ\$31.1m. Lion is 22 per cent owned by Malayan Breweries and Fraser & Neave of Singapore, Ahead of its annual meeting, deferred to December, a second interim dividend of 14 cents a share is being

holders approve a one-for-one share split at an extraordinary meeting next Monday. Nathan shareholders who have accepted Lion's offer will receive a special payout of 6 cents.

at Harrisons Malaysian By Our Financial Staff

HARRISONS Malaysian Plantations, which is 30 per cent owned by Harrisons & Cros-field of the UK, lifted group net profits by two thirds to 83.75m ringgit (US\$32.5m) in the year to March, up from 50.13m ringgit.
It attributed the improved

results largely to better prices for its palm and rubber prod-ucts, adding that these have continued to move up in the opening months of the current A decline in cocoa prices was, it added, more than compensated for by a 25 per cent increase in the crop size. The

15 cents gross per share. U.S. \$150,000,000 Midland International Figancial Services B.V. Incorporated with firnited liability in the

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1992 Guaranteed on a subordinated sis as to payment of principal, and interest by

Midland Bank pic

9th June, 1988 to 9th December, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 8%% per annum.

The interest payable on the relevant

est payment date, 9th December, 1988 against Coupon No. 17 will be U.S. \$205.51 per U.S. \$5,000 Note. Agent Bask: Searasty Trest Company of New York

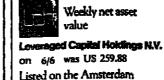
US \$150,000,000 First Interstate Overseas N.V. Guaranteed Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due 1995

Guaranteed on a subordinated basis as to payment of principal and interest by **Grinst Interstate** Bancorp 

Weekly net asset Tokyo Pacific Holdings

(Seaboard) N.V. on 6/6 was U\$ 174.73 Listed on the Amsterdam Stock Exchange

Pierson, Heldring & Pierson NV,



Pierson, Heldring & Pierson NV.

Stock Exchange

Information:

(including guarantees and letters of credit) by \$1bn to stand at equity rose from \$576m to \$785m. Net income increased by 7.9 per cent to \$82m, reflecting an expan-sion of loans, commissions and foreign exchange dealings.



Mr Khalid Shoman observed in an interview: "When we lost Palestine in 1948 and then the West Bank and Gaza in 1967, and had accounts for more than 17 per our assets nationalised in several cent of the group balance sheet; a countries during the past several globally co-ordinated money marglobally co-ordinated money mar-ket approach among its dealing rooms in London, Paris, Bahrain, in the banking business in this

> from the same year's income. Arab Bank enjoys the added cushion of having a book value of foreign assets (mainly equity in joint ventures) well below actual foreign assets (mainly equity in the project is on its feet. linked electronically to a nearby joint ventures) well below actual Expansion constraints in Jorfull-service branch and to the market prices – its stake in Arab dan and other Arab markets have rest of the network.

> In 1987, the Arab Bank group National Bank in Saudi Arabia, forced Arab Bank to keep developerated its balance sheet total for example, is worth SR60m oping its international business. for example, is worth SR80m oping its international business, (\$16m) on its books but more which last year accounted for 55

> than SR700m in the market. The bank is not in favour of a nearly 60 per cent of profits - a public share issue to increase its ratio which it expects to maincapital base, preferring to tain.
>
> increase capital from earnings. If It has considered buying estabmeasured by the new Bank for lished branch networks abroad
> International Settlements' stan(it bid for Continental Illinois' The lending portfolio increased dards based on a weighted aver-by 20 per cent during the year to age of assets. Arab Bank's capital adequacy ratio is an impressive branches or subsidiaries, most recently in Austria and Australia. A branch in Rome is schedule.

The priority now is to market uled to be this year's only new its services more aggressively.

Mr Shoman says: When our they aimed for a JDom (\$14m) Arab institution with a wideincrease in lending. I looked at
the figures and told them we had
to increase lending in 1987 by at
least JD100m, or we would not
make a profit in Jordan, which
would have been unheard of."

At the end of the year, domestic belief increased by WIVIA

tic lending increased by JD112m ket operations, such as participa-and the bank added a further tion in the Eurotunnel financing 1,000 borrower clients to its exist-ing 2,000. This year the target is several Airbus aircraft financing increase lending by another deals.

agement with in-house studies on operating expenses on data pro-project feasibility and cash-flow cessing and telecommunications It is now preparing to launch a The bank is taking advantage venture capital scheme by which of technological developments to it would share in the equity of open 15 mini-branches in Jordan new entrepreneurial projects, and this year. Each will have just one

foreign venture. In dealings with leading inter-Jordan branch managers sent in national banks, it capitalises on their 1987 budgets in late 1986, the fact that it is the only large they aimed for a JD5m (\$14m) Arab institution with a wide-

branches in South Korea), while

it has continued opening its own branches or subsidiaries, most

lia. A branch in Rome is sched-

New technology is allowing the After suffering several bank-ruptcies among contractor clients in the late 1970s, it established an its 3,200 staff while expanding investment banking department customer services. It spends in Amman to provide senior man-about 8 per cent a year of total

equipment.
The bank is taking advantage then sell out to the owners after or two employees but will be

### HARRISONS MALAYSIAN PLANTATIONS BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

PRELIMINARY REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 1988

The Directors announce that the unaudited results for the year ended 31st March, 1988 were:

72,263 66,668 14,044 76,922 110,587 68,186 68,186 (See Note 1) 30,175 22,899 27,081 (15) Profit after taxation but before extraordinary items..... 54,023 85 48,314 1.814 (2.947)83,748 50,128 51,076 41,105 3,036 NOTES (1) After charging (2) Taxation includes (1,138)1,814 Loan to an associated company (2,947) 1,814 (2,947) (1,779)

Profit after taxation but before extraordinary items as percentage of These materially better results are largely due to the improved prices for palm and rubber products. The decline in cocoa prices was more than compensated for by a 25% increase in crop.

Profit for the first half year after taxation but before extraordinary 35.262 20.010 Profit for the second half year after taxation but before extraordina 28,304 CURRENT YEAR'S PROSPECTS

Oil palm production is expected to increase whilst other crop production is estimated to be similar to last year. Rubber and palm products prices have moved up in the opening months of the year and if these prices are maintained a substantial improvement in profits over the previous year will occur.

(1) The Directors have declared a 2nd interim dividend of 6 sen per share less tax, payable on 12th August, 1988, and the Transfer Books of the Company will be closed at 5.00 p.m. on 14th July, 1988, for the preparation of dividend warrants. The Directors will propose at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 10th August, 1988, a final dividend of 6 sen per share comprising 3 sen less tax and a tax exempt dividend of 3 sen per share, which will be completely a 1989. payable in January, 1989.

(2) The 1st interim dividend of 6 sen per share less tax was paid on 28th April, 1988.

(3) The total dividend for the year ended 31st March, 1988 is made up as follows:

Profit after taxation but before extraordinary items as percentage of

15 38,069 15 38,069 Gross (tax payable at 40%) ...... 18 50,759 15 38,069 HARVESTED CROPS - TONNES 808,025 170,523 49,184 815,399

COPIES OF THE REPORT

A copy of the Company's Preliminary Report will be posted to shareholders on 13th June, 1988. Copies will also be available from the Company's registered office and the Branch Registrar, Baring Brothers & Co. Limited, Bourne House, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent BR3 4TU, United Kingdom.

By Order of the Board

Mohd. Nadzir Mahmud

DM 200,000,000 57/% Deutsche Mark Bearer Bonds 1988/1994 unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Fletcher Challenge Limited Wellington, New Zealand Issue Price: 100 ¼% • Interest: 574% p.a., payable annually in arrears on June 9 • Redemption: on June 9, 1994 at par • Denomination: DM 1,000 and DM 10,000 • Security: unconditional and irrevocable guarantee of Fletcher Challenge Limited; Negative Pledge of the Issuer • Listing: Frankfurt Stock Exchange DRESDNER BANK **COMMERZBANK** WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK **DEUTSCHE BANK** CSFB-EFFECTENBANK **CIROZENTRALE** BANQUE PARIBAS BANQUE INTERNATIONAL BANK BRUSSEL LAMBERT N.V. CAPITAL MARKETS GMBH A LUXEMBOURG S.A. RHT-BANK RAYERISCHE VEREINSBANK BARING BROTHERS & CO., DEUTSCH-SCHWEIZERISCHE BANK AG DELITSCHE GIROZENTRALE CREDITANSTALT-BANKVEREN DEUTSCHE KOMMUNALBANK -HESSISCHE LANDESBANK DSL BANK DEUTSCHE SIEDLUNGS-DEUTSCHE GENOSSENSCHAFTSBANK UND LANDESKENTENBANK — CIROZENTRALE → MORGAN STANLEY GMBH LANDESBANK RHEINLAND-PFALZ KREDIETBANK INTERNATIONAL **CIROZENTRALE** GEOUT SOCIETE GENERALE -NORDDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK NOMURA EUROPE GMBH GEROZENTRALE ELSĀSSISCHE BANK & CO. VERSINS- UND WESTRANK WESTFALENBANK **SWISS VOLKSBANK** YAMAICHE INTERNATIONAL (DEUTSCHLAND) GMBH

Stephen Fidler on the results of a survey into international trading

# Short shrift for global markets

the international capital markets is little more than media "hype" and the ouset of a 24-hour trading is more feared than practised.

These are just two of the con-clusions of a survey on the inter-national capital markets conducted by the accountancy and consultancy firm KPMG, which includes Peat Marwick in the UK.

The survey comprised interviews late last year and early this year with 150 senior executives of financial institutions in 15 financial centres. The report of those interviews is published today and draws some surprising, and some predictable conclusions. The crash of stock markets in

October has unsurprisingly led to low self-confidence in the international capital markets. This has led many firms to reappraise their ambitions and far fewer securities houses now claim they are aiming to be

global players.

According to Mr Peter Gellatly, the partner in charge of the firm's banking and finance con-sultancy and who ran the survey: People are much more cautious now. They are looking with much more commercial realism and looking much harder at the prob-lems of going into new markets." A more practical view is being taken too of the idea of 24-hour trading - which the report sugsts rarely takes place, except in the case of certain markets such

as foreign exchange.

The report says: "We found much resistance to the concept.
For most institutions the disadvantages outweigh its advantages." One executive inter-viewed thought 24-hour trading commercial bankers was also a

erpart, if talks succeed with

François-Dufour Kervern, the sixth largest French stockbroker.

Japanese financial institution to buy into a recognised broker in

France, where securities deregu-

lation has led to a series of deals

involving foreign institutions.

It would also become the first

Nomura explores first

link with foreign broker

NOMURA SECURITIES, Japan's any investment, which it stressed biggest brokerage house, is had not been finalised. Reports exploring what would be its first from Tokyo and Paris suggested

equity link with a foreign coun- a maximum of 10 per cent, some

don declined to specify the size of Y6.5bn.



Peter Gellatly: people more cautious now

your sandcastle while you were Globalisation, it says, "isn't something new, it's a process of

The interviews also identified several common areas of conflict. Among them was conflict among market regulators which respon-dents saw as a problem in which national interests overrode most

Many international institutions and in particular those of the Japanese - felt they had a problem in managing foreign staff, and saw this difficulty looming larger as they expanded overseas. Many saw a broader cultural problem in the international markets, and conceded the differwas "like somebody playing with source of conflict, as were the

what below the upper level which the French financial authorities

would be expected to sanction.

Nomura are run from London, but it has been keen to broaden

its presence in advance of 1992.

The UK-based unit made pre-tax profits of Y4.3bn (\$34.3m) in the

European operations of

back office philosophies.

Also brought out was the feeling among executives that they lacked sufficient information, planning and control inimportant areas of their business. While two-thirds of the respondents agreed there was a positive corre-lation between the assumption of risk and success, 60 per cent felt that their risk management

The vast majority also admitted that they did not consider they were able satisfactorily to appraise performance, either of departments, businesses or of individuals. Client relations, it was widely thought, had assumed a new importance and fewer firms held a transactions-oriented view of their businesses. Yet few firms had any way to assess the importance of these relation-

Only 26 per cent of respondents were satisfied with their performance measurement techniques, and 61 per cent said they were only in the early stages in the development of performance appraisal systems, an area in which US firms were viewed as having a lead.

running in the international mar-

Indeed, unidentified tax risks associated with transacting one viding a potential challenge to piece of business in several counthe UK's predominance as tries were adjudged to be "a time Europe's financial services cen-bomb". Executives were critical tre, since the London market's that fiscal authorities had failed competitiveness must be hurt by to keep up with the nature of the Financial Services Act and international transactions, and that such a mode of regulation they took too long to hand down will probably extend to the rest decisions.

tives also considered that they needed more capital. There was a strong feeling that for some firms this would be provided by the Japanese, although Japanese firms had been restrained in tak-ing over existing companies, pre-ferring to start up operations de

US firms felt that with the abo-lition of the Glass-Steagall Act, which divides commercial banks from the securities business in the US, would lead the US regional banks to move in on some securities firms. If Japan's Article 65, which does the same thing in the Japanese market, were to be lifted it was felt that the Ministry of Finance would manage the creation of some strong Japanese institutions in the international market.

Indeed, in both the European Community and in the US a wave of mergers in the financial sector was seen as likely.
That said, more executives, having observed the profitability

of many small firms, no longe associate size with success. Not surprisingly, a large num ber of executives view regulation as a key issue in the financial Chief executives, the survey markets. Nearly a quarter of the showed, were not always aware respondents believed that Switoff the tax risks their firms were zerland would not participate fully in international securities market regulation.

They thus see Switzerland pro

### Oslo bourse set to call for standard accounting rules

complete a report on the accountancy procedures of listed compa-nies in which it is to recommend to Norway's Finance Ministry and Security, Banking and Insurance Inspectorate that rules for the accounting practices of these

cial, said yesterday that during an investigation into the accountance sheet reporting and the use ture activity.

THE OSLO BOURSE is soon to of "extraordinary items" had been exploited by Norwegian

and banks, in particular, had practised off-balance sheet reporting in an unsatisfactory mann and that it would also be neces companies be standardised. sary to improve the quality and nature of information used by these companies in their annureports. Other areas targetted for ing practices of listed companies standardisation include currency it became apparent that off-bal-reporting and merger and dives

# SCHRODER SECURITIES (JAPAN) LIMITED **TOKYO BRANCH**

**Schroder Securities** are pleased to announce that they will commence trading on the Tokyo Stock Exchange on June 10th.



Schroder Securities (Japan) Limited, Tokyo Branch, 17th Floor, ARK Mori Building, 1-12-32 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107.

### Mexican group in Euro CP offering

By Stephen Fidler, Euromarkets Corre

MEXICO'S THIRD largest cement company, Apasco, is set to become the first private sector Mexican company to raise money on the interna-tional capital markets since the debt crisis broke in 1982. The company, 49 per cent owned by Holderbank of Swit-zerland and 51 per cent by pri-vate Mexican shareholders, intends to borrow up to \$46m through a Eurocommercial paper programme. The programme will be guaranteed by the New York branch of Japan's Fuji Bank, which car-ries a top triple-A credit rat-

The programme is the last stage of a refinancing of the company's debt, on which Mid-land Montagu, the UK merchant bank, and the Interna-tional Finance Corporation, the International Monetary Fund affiliate, have been advi-sors. The refinancing has allowed the firm to reduce its debt from over \$200m to about

The restructuring has taken place in three phases. The issuance of new equity allowed, through debt-to-equity conver-sions, the retirement of \$67m of debt. A direct loan from the IFC of \$46m provided for the further retirement of \$104m of existing debt, which was avail-able at a discount in the sec-

The IFC loan will back up the ECP programme. Montagu said it expected to be issuing paper in the next couple of weeks, and, because of the Fuji guarantee, to be able to achieve rates below London interbank offered rates. The guarantee allows ECP investors direct recourse to Full in the event of default, without any requirement for investors first to attempt to extract the funds from Apasco.

### Korea-Europe Fund set to double capital By Gordon Cramb

THE KOREA-EUROPE Fund, the London listed vehicle for foreign investment in the South Korean stock market, has received final clearance from the Ministry of Finance in Seoul to double its issued

This follows initial approval at the end of last year, and comes at a time when the market has been reaching record levels. New shares will be placed with investors in the next few weeks. Mr Peter Irving, senior fund

manager at Schroder Invest-

ment Management, which manages the Korea-Europe Fund in conjunction with four domestic securities institutions, said yesterday the fund had a current value of some \$45m and was 97 per cent invested in the local market. Share prices on the Korea Stock Exchange have benefited success, moves to democracy, and the progressive deregula-tion of the financial sector.

Foreigners cannot yet buy shares directly, however, while the Korea-Europe Fund and the Korea Fund, its older and larger New York quoted equivalent, are also being excluded so far from the Government's privatisation programme which gets under way in ear-

The Won 2,500bn (\$3.4bn) sale of shares in Pohang Iron and Steel Company (Posco), the first of a number of planned disposals, is being restricted to domestic inves-

According to Mr Irving "Posco having set a precedent, it would seem likely that further privatisations will follow the same path."

### **Ems-Chemie** to convert certificates

EMS-CHEMIE, the Swiss chem icals group, plans to convert its non-voting participation certificates into bearer shares

which carry a vote. Mr Christoph Blocher, chair-man and majority shareholder, has long held the view that participation certificates are tors and with the stock

ket. The company bought back a large tranche of its participation certificates last autumn. The company's move reverses a trend in Switzerland, where companies have regularly issued this category Participation certificates are bearer units and not subject to the same restrictive registration procedures as registered

Ems-Chemie also plans a rights issue in bearer shares · one for every 10 bearer shares

shares, but investors have long objected to their lack of voting

# Forex stability prompts a rush of new issues

an increase in secondary Euro-bond market volume and also new deal as dealers sold off post-prompted a rush of new issues in time sector sampled yesterday in anticipation of the new deal as dealers sold off post-prompted a rush of new issues in time sector sampled.

markets' consequent improve in its maturity range.
ment prompted the week's first Favourable swap op

with a seven-year 9% per cent deal at 101%. Dealers said the issues, which was launched at an 82 basis point (hundredths of a percentage point) yield premium to comparable US Treasury issues, was seeing good demand short three maturity and French and was bid at a discount of 1.45 government guarantee on the issue would aid absorption compared to total 1% fees.

popularity of the borrower would weeks.

ensure a favourable reception for the issue which finished the day hid at a discount of 1.65, within triggered the first new Eurosteri-

ings. Montreal Trustco issued a 130 basis points over the 13½ per cent UK gilts of 2004/2008. The issue at 101½ through Goldman Sachs International. Bankers Trust brought Luxembourg's tors, many of whom bought the Hypobank International to the bonds although lead manager sector with a four-way Cersm. sector with a four-year C\$75m Samuel Montagu said the deal deal carrying a 10% per cent coupon and priced at 101%. Both deals benefited from a firmer Baring Brothers brought the tone to the Canadian government European Investment Bank to bond markets and were trading the sector with a six-year £70m

The massive Ecu issue for the European Community which was expected but failed to appear on Tuesday finally emerged early yesterday with Deutsche Bank November this year. And Banque Parihas as joint lead managers. The Ecu500m seven-year issue was launched in the name of the Commission of European Communities for both the EC and the European Coal and Steel Commission. The coupon was pitched at 7% per cent and rate. However, the notes will be

A MORE stable tone to foreign the deal was priced at 101%. exchange markets yesterday saw Prices in the sector slumped issue, the largest ever launched several currency sectors.

The improved tone of the US in the sector and a deal which is dollar and the Treasury bond expected to set a new benchmark

markets' consequent improvement prompted the week's first dollar straight bonds.

Credit Suisse First Boston Markets to lead a Ecul50m issue brought American General, one of the largest insurance companies in the US, to the market pon and an issue price of 101%.

### INTERNATIONAL

government guarantee on the issue would aid absorption Eurofima also tapped the US although the sector had seen an dollar market with a five-year 9% unusually high total of more per cent issue at 101%, led by than Eculbn in new paper Nikko Securities. Dealers said the launched within the last two

its total fees.

Swap opportunities kept the primary market in Canadian dollars active with two new deals which was priced at 99.935 per following Monday's four offerings. Montreal Trustra issued a 130 basic points occur the 121/2 ac-

within their fees by the end of deal at 9% per cent at 100% the day.

The massive Ecu issue for the outstanding EIB issues. All the

amortised in equal installments of £2,000 from July 1984, giving the issue an average life of 8

In equity linked issues, Nomura led a £100m five year. deal with equity warrants attached for Kokusai Securities on which the coupon is indicated.

at 4% per cent.
Yamaichi International led a fi50m five-year issue for Japenese real estate company Tokyn Land, guarantzed by Mitsul Trust and Banking, which also carries an indicated 4% per cent coupon. In West Germany, domestic bond prices opened slightly lower but picked up later in the day following the New York opening to finish broadly unchanged. Euromark prices saw similar movements although turnover was limited and the final price at 4% per cent. was limited and the final price

trend was casier.

Deutsche Bank led a DM500m five-year deal for one of their own financing subsidiaries which saw healthy demand, largely from foreign investors. The issue carries a 5% per cent coupon and is priced at 100%. Dealers detected some switching out of seasoned issues to make room for

the new bond. the new bond.

Tuesday's DM100m deal for
Juland Telephone saw increased
demand and rose to be bid at a
discount of 1% against 2% fees.

In Switzerland, the market was quiet. Buying demand was seen for top quality names although prices ended the day little changed on only moderate vol-

Credit Suisse led a SFr100m 10year deal at 5% and 100% for Malaysia which saw good demand and was bid at a dis-count of 1%.

Dutch publisher Wolters Kluwer issued a SFr100m 10-year convertible deal through Credit Suisse on which the coupon is

indicated at 4 per cent.
SG Warburg Soditic brought
CIR International, one of Italian
entrepreneur Carlo de Benedett's companies, to the market with a SFr100m five-year issue accompanied by equity warrants convertible into ordinary shares of Olivetti. The coupon is fixed at 3 per

### FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the latest Inter	national bo	nds for	which th	ere is an	adequate secondary market.	
US BOLLAR						
STRAIGHTS	Issued Bid	Offer	day week	Yield		b
Abbey National 712 92	200 93		104 +04		Belgium 53 92	
NI Nippon Air 91, 97	· 100 194				Belgium 45, 94	
American Brands 8 % 92			+0% +0½		Canada 4% 92	
NS Eksport/least 7 % 93	100 194	954	0+1%		Elec. De France 54 94	
VS Eksportfinans74 92	150 94	y 954	0 +0%		treland 51 93	
Sarc. Bk. Fig. 10% 89	200 f1027		0 +0%		Rep. of Kaly 5 4, 92	
Selatum 914 92	400 110	ر 100 D	Q +03g	9.03	Rep. of Kaly 5 % 92	- 1
British Telecom 7% 96	250 8		104 HOZ		Seeden 44 93	
🖭 .Nati . Telecom 6½ 93		<b>⊾ 99</b> ¼∵	104 10%	B.75	World Bank 512 92	
2000 996	1000 98	L 99%	-04 +0¥	9.17	Average price chang	Ł,
Canadian Pas 104 93	100 (104)	1054	Ç+032			
.C.C.E 7 1 91	113 19	5 955	0 +0%	8.78		
LN.C.A 74 91		95	0+0%	9.07		
Coca-Cola Est. 84 90		99	0 -0%	8.57	Abbey Nat.BS.101, 93	
Credit I vorunis 991	200 100	b 101 년	0+02		Alg. 8k. Ned. 512 92 FL	- 1
Credit Lyomais 9 91 Credit National 84, 93	200 965	974	0 +0%		Amen Bank 64, 92 FL	- 1
redit National 7% 92	100 94	954	0 +032		Barc, Anst. 14 91 A5	
redit Mailonal 74 91		5 95%	0+0%		Barc. Bk. 104 97 £	- 1
Denmark 74 92	500 93	944	0 +0%		BP Capital 91 93 6	
/CINET / % 74	100 94	954	0 +0-2		British Airways 10 98 £	- 1
E.C.791 L.E.C.74 93			-0'4 +0'5		C.1.B.C.Mort.101, 93 CS	
LE 6 1 2 73	200 193		0.11		Coop.Ctr.Rabo.64 93 FL	
EC84 96 LB. 74 93	100 93		0+02		Coop.Ctr.Rabo.6 92 Fl	- 3
LI.D. / % 73	150 991	994	0+15	7.15 6.4E	Denmark 74, 92 ECU	. 3
I.B. 91 97		961	6 +1		Deutsche Bank 9% 97 £	•
Jec. De France 9 98					Dest. Bk. Aust. 12 k 95 AS.	
Inland 73 97	200 893	897	.0+0%	7.07	Dresdor fig.134 91 AS	•
Taland 7 ½ 93 Han Exp. Cd. 8 ½ 92	200 934	934	04 +02	9.09		
Han.Exp.Cd. 812 92	200 981	20.5	104 105	8.97	E.f.B 101/98 CS	•
ord Motor Credit 8 91 ien Ele: Credit 10 4 00	250 979 200 101	764	0 +0,4	.0.0/	E.I.8 85, 93 LF Euratom 71, 97 ECU	1
SEU FISE CLEDIK TO A DO	500 1014	* TOT 2	0 -04	10.00	Enrofina 7 2 92 FL	•
LM.A.C. 889	250 994	774	0 +07	8.41		
i.M.A.C. 84 89		F 100.4	0+04	8.34	Fed.Bus.Dv.Bk.9 1, 92 C3	
loesch 8½ 97	100 1923	934	0+14	9.45	Ford Cr.Can.10 4, 93 CS	1
aly 9 90	1000 1005	1015	0+0%		Gillette Can. 91 93 £	
T.C.B of Japan 8 91	100 983	984	0+0%		G.M.A.C. 94, 93 CS	2
"T.C.B.of Japan 8 97		89½		9.90	6.M.A.C. 94 92 CS	
Aerods-Benz Cd, 812 95	100 954	<u>.</u> 96-	0½ +0¼		G, M.A.C Ass. Fin. 14 90 AS	
detropolis Tokyo 9½ 93	200 1014		-0¼ +05g		Halifax BS 10 97 £	3
Aorgan Guaranty Tst. 7 90	150 974	97%	0 +04	B.56	Heineken NV. 6½ 91 FL	1
lorway 8 % 93	500 987	99%	104 HOS		Imp Chem lads 10 03 E	1
teosico inc 7% 93	200 1934	94	0+14	8.99	fer Industry Int. 10 93 E	
ortogal 84 91	300 974	984	0 +02	9.18	Lloyds Bank 10 4 98 £	1
rudentiai Cro. 64 94	<i>12</i> 5 984		04 +04		Mtge.Bk.Den. 61, 91 FL	3
antas Airways 10% 95	140 1034		0 +1	9.59	Nat Australia 14 92 AS	
ааb Scanta 91 <sub>2</sub> 91	125 f1034	1044	0 +0%	7.77	Nat. West.Bk.134 92 AS	
askatchewan 10 k 92	100 1043	105+		9.20	Nationwide BS 10 4 93 £	
tate Bk S Aust 914 93	100 994				Ned Midd Bank 6 92 Ft	3
wedish Expt. Crd. 7 4 91	100 194%				New Zealand 912 93 £	1
wed Exp Cred 10 92	100 +1034	104%	0+0%	8.76	New Zealand 7 % 93 ECU	ž
weden 7 91	250 99	956	0 +0%	8.68	Oesters Ktbk.135, 94 AS	_
⊯den 7 92	250 t943	947	0 +05	8.75	Prodential Fin 93-07 6	1
weden 81 <sub>1</sub> 96	200 95%	964	0+0%	9.49	Royal Bk,Scot. 10 5 96 £	ī
meden Sla 92	200 1985	991	0 +05	8 A1	S D R 71 95 FCII	_

Average price change On day +0 on week +05g					
EUTSCHE MARK RAICHTS	Change an				
RAIGHTS	Issued Bid Offer day week Yield				
lan Dev. BK. 6 94	200 101% 102-0%-0% 5.69				
Is Fla.5V\$ 53, 92	100 110210212 0+01 519				
set of Tokyo 534 93	100 1103 2 103 2 +0 2 -0 2 4.87				
ntral BK, Turbey 7 92	200 110510512-03 +012 5.59				
mmerzbank o/s. 5 % 93	300 1994 1004 +04 +02 5.37				
gussa int. 6 4 97					
i.B 512 98	160 D61 062 01 161 6 60				
.B 6 97	300 993 1005 0 +01 5.96 300 1005 1003 -04 +05 6.04				
I.B. 61 96	300 1004 1003 -04 +04 6.04				
I.B. 61 97	400 973 1005 0 +012 6.08				
I.B. 63, 95	300 104 105 0 +0 4 6.01				
ro.Coal& Steel 53 97	175 984 983 +04 +04 6.10				
rofima 614 96	100 101 101 4 0 +04 6.03				
c. De France 5 & 97	300 96% 96% +0% +0% 6.27				
rsmark Krtg. 54 93	200 1004 1004 0 0 5.00				
LD.B. 6 97	200 97% 98% -04 0 6.26				
J 5 % 92	100 +101 1/102 1/101 1/101 5 34				
pan Finance 54, 97	100 964 967 0+04 6.28				
land 612 97	300 1100 1005 0 101 6.44				
rea Dev BK 65 93	100 1025 1035 +05 +05 5.91				
alaysia 6 4 94	150 100% 101% -0% 0 6.05				
L West BK. PLC 6 98	300 974 974 0+04 6,35				
sters. Kombk, 5 93	300 1004 101 0 104 4.84				
rtogal 54 92	150 101% 102% 0 0 5.26				
rtogal 6 % 95	150 1014 1025 0 +05 6.24				
watbanken 54 93	1EA 00 001 AT A EAL				
yai Insurance 5½ 92	300 +101 > 102 -01 -01 498				
atoli 64 97	300 101½ 102 -04 -04 4.98 200 1984 983 -04 +04 6.45 150 1043 105% 0 -05 6.30 200 1994 995 0 +05 5.12				
Cent Nuclear 74 95	150 104% 105% 0-05 6.30				
estib. Finance 5 93,	200 1994 995 0 104 5 12				
erid BK. 64 97	600 10012 10112 -012 +012 6.05				
A	An and 6 and 10				

SS FRANC			0	مه موسن	
SS FRANC Alekts (28 Dev. Bk. 5% 96	Termed	RIA!	Offer	stry week	•
CON DAN DE RE DE	100	+102L	105	70 70	Ĺ
	***	1705.5	-202		•
nag 5 02	. 124			0 -03	
Frgn.Ecoa. User 5 98	. 100	1300	700.5	0-03	
# W/W 2½ 02,.	. 250	1981	994	+0% +1%	
er. Vrnstik.0s.4 4 98	100			+01 -0	
Pa E 5 /77	. 100				
.De. France 5 07	100	170-4	.27	00	,
B. 44 97	. 200			+05 +04	
845 <sub>9</sub> 97	. 200	199 %	994	-04 +04	
Gutzelt 5 99	100			0-04	
ad 502	125			-04 +05	
000 Suits.Kstra.4% 93				+0% +0%	
denti.Petrol 54, 92	. 100	t103	1035	-01a 0	ı
of Manitobe 44, 02	200			40년 -0년	
ientlai Fin. 4% 98	200			+0% -0%	
ONLINE 73 70	200				
las Almays 41, 97	110			0-04	
s-Can. Pipe 4 % 94,	100	41011	101%	8 +04	
51-96	128	1117L	163	0 -04	
	. ==			* *7	,

				जास		200
n 64 02	9.07	62	981	991	7	
7 NEUTO 64 DI	17/04	24.25	100			
			201	403	+0½	
rican Can Co. 5 7 02	4107	20.7	701			25.6
kaga Bask 2 4 02	4/0/	66.75	024	634		73.0
- E 03 (48)	4/6/	367.	LIN.	1413	++4	2.6
3 5 92 DM	12/83	4727	1981	2004	-0½	3.8
. frc. 502.,,	4/87	200.	905	915		14.9
NYY 1085-2 JAL	8/85	676.	2041	206	45	2 1
MSU 3 99	-5.094	110	250	251		-1.9
103 K20K Z4, C17	4107	ane	1741	1754		
T->090 BK.Z4 D3 US	4 000	1046	1227	1294		8.6
Secs. 64 02 E		4007.	****	1533	+55	
A Inc 512 02 US		0.14	WOA	1015		17.4
oka Camera 2 4 94044	7/01	69.62	784	794	-02	35.6
marking 2 4 7404	2/00	1004	1034	1041	+1	20.8
mbishi Bk.1 1, 02 US	9/87	3157.	120%	1215	47 L	5.2
24 trust 24 01	1000	1004			===	
LFK24 W.L	11/87	43	7033	104z	-51	70 //
	4mm	804	150	1514	-141	24 0
VII 120251 23 UZ	4197	1330	2771	~23	720	
CS 15C87S 4 & 1T3 E	1 100	-40	-	-40		1.00
and 74 02 f	7400	2.3	1114	1104	-0 h	בכנו
s lest. 21, 02 US	7/87	5.4	914	924	-04	20.8
Care ti da la	9/87	82.87	781	791	+14	37.4
L Grace 6 4 02 US	9/87	42.12	814	824	401	39.22
<ul> <li>No information as</li> </ul>	ولطحاله	Officia	es dan	No realized		
		L	- 447	n bear	ī	

ment in which it expounded its cent. Because of a two-tier voting detailed reasons for urging share- structure introduced by The bilders to censure THF for its savey in 1951, THF now holds savey in 1951, THF now holds save in 1951, THF now holds save at an extraordinary general meeting scheduled for July 1. For the first time, shareholders are treated to a detailed exposition of the arguments and committee, does not address the least of the local property of the large treatment in the least of the document, prepared by The Savoy's litigation committee, does not address the least of the large treatment in the least of the large treatment in the least of the savey in 1951, THF now holds some 69 per cent of the equity but only 42.3 per cent of the equity but onl counter-arguments in the legal

At issue is a crucial 5.77 per shares in 1970 when The Savoy cent block of high-voting B' bought the Hotel Lancaster in shares in The Savoy which THF is seeking to have disenfran-

definational let a rescue for less company the company the company the since has company the since also company denses and signally less than the since and signally less than the since and signally unchanged though turner in the since and signally unchanged though turner in the since and signally unchanged the final present that the since and the sin

the final prethe final prethe one of the 
ambeddates the 
ambeddates the 
ambeddates the 
ambeddates the 
ambeddates the 
ambeddates 
ambeddates

M100m deal in one saw increase yet to be bud at against ay fee set, the market we demand was sen marres sitted in the day inthe day into ally moderate re-

led a SPricing B D's and loog b He'h saw goe Nas bid at a de

SFriedm 10-reg al through Cree

ch the composit

mal, one of his ario de Benedeti;

tter market with: Wattants come raily Epoples of B anter fixed # 3R 🤌

rice at pay

POT CERL Sodine brong

larger hotel company which first to 44.92 per cent and reduce the bid for The Savoy in 1931.

The Savoy has issued a docubard from about 50 to 47 per

the circumstances surrounding the issue of the block of B

would precipitate a sharp decline in the price of both the 'A' and 'B' shares. This argument is endorsed by Barings, The Savoy's merchant bank.

The litigation committee has taken the unusual step of saying that "there exists some documentation to support some of THF's allegations". Which ones the report does not disclose, but it does contain a categorical rebuttal of THF's contention that the

The Savoy Hotel, the luxury chised on the basis that they hotel group which operates Clarwere issued as part of a "dishon-idges and The Connaught as well est scheme" by Sir Hugh Wontas The Savoy itself, yesterday fired the latest salvo in its long-standing battle to stay independent of Trusthouse Forte, the action, it would increase its votes pendent of Trusthouse Forte, the action, it would increase its votes offer to other shareholders. This based charity controlled by Sir Hugh Wontas the shares would give THF effective control of the company without the shares was transferred to La Fondation pour out it being obliged to launch an la Formation Hotelière, a Swisspendent of Trusthouse Forte, the ownership of the shares was transferred to La Fondation pour Hugh, in 1973; they are now regis-tered in the name of Childs Nom-

> THF's intricate legal case revolves around what happened to the shares between 1970 and 1973. Sir Hugh says that all the shares were allotted to the ven-dor of the Lancaster and found their way to the Swiss charity as part of a legitimate vendor plac

vendor of the Lancaster never proceed with its litigation irrereceived letters of allotment for spective of the outcome of the the crucial tranche of shares. egm. It is due to respond in a The shares were allotted in circular of its own.

**AGB Research to 8.92%** 

MAI increases stake in

MAI, money broking and poster at 240p yesterday, having riser group, has increased its stake in sharply in recent days.

AGB Research, Britain's largest

Sir Remard, Audiev, AGB market research company, to 8.92

Mr Peter Tyrer, AGB's finance director, said he regarded MAI's stake as friendly: an unchanged view from when MAI increased its stake beyond the 5 per cent declarable level last month. AGB's shares closed 1p lower

Sir Bernard Audley, AGB chairman, is a non-executive MAI director. MAI is also the larges investor in AGB's loss-making US project for electronic monitoring of TV audience levels.

Mr Clive Hollick, MAI's chair man, declined to comment on the

### **B&C** close to buy-out of Bricom

British & Commonwealth Holdings, financial services group, is expected to announce tomorrow a £350m manage ment buy-out of Bricom, its transport and industrial ser-

Pinishing touches were being put on the deal, arranged by Baring Capital Investors, yesterday. Under the BCI umbrella, Standard Chartered Bank is organising the debt financing for the transaction. B&C is expected to retain a 20 per cent equity

### Lombard North at £57.6m half-way

In the half year to March 31 1988 Lombard North Central lifted pre-tax profits by 19 per cent from £48.5m to £57.6m. The reduction in interest rates was beneficial to the company.

Sir Hugh Cubitt, chairman of this finance house subsid-iary of National Westminster Bank, said that barring a significant adverse movement in money costs he anticipated profits for the full year at not less than last time's £103m.

Attributable profit for the period was £33.6m (£29.5m), or 25.8p (£3.8p) per share.

### Laporte acquires Lustral for £4.9m

Laporte Industries, the interna-tional speciality chemicals group, the risk of fire in laboratories has added to its industrial and factories, and makes indus-cleaning and maintenance activities trial cleaning fluids for aircraft ties with the acquisition of Lus- maintenance. tral, an Australian company, for A\$11m (£4.88m) in cash. manufactures chemicals with cleaning, maintenance and envi-

onmental applications, for

manufactures alternatives to the US.

Lustral has annual sales of over A\$16m and makes a 20 per Last month Laporte bought the cent return on sales, according to UK-based Gramos, which also Mr Ken Minton, Laporte's chief executive

Laporte has now spent almost 530m on acquisitions since the ing chemical fires. pany was considering further
The company, which has its purchases and would like to headquarters in Melbourne, also expand its cleaning activities into

### Irish bid submission

sion on the bid to the Irish Gov-

Under the terms of the Irish Mergers and Monopolies Act all Brands believing the future of bids for Irish companies have to Irish whiskey was best served by Mr Tony O'Brien, a member of bid.

GC & C Brands, the company set the board of GC & C Brands said up by Irish offshoots of Allied the board argued that it would be Lyons and Grand Metropolitan to breaking up an existing monoplaunch a hostile It198.5m (171) oly: Allied Lyons and Grand Metbid for Irish Distillers, the only producer and marketer of Irish portfolio of Irish whiskey brands

whiskey, has made its submis- and compete against each other. Mr O'Brien said the bid's ratio nale had been explained - that it was export driven with GC & C the Government approving the

### **SE** blunders on results of Cater Allen

THE STOCK EXCHANGE last night prematurely released the full-year results for Cater Allen Holdings, discount house group, showing a 30 per cent increase in disclosed profits to £7.15m for the 12 months to April 30.

The result, which was not due to be announced until today, appeared on the Topic news service screen for about 20 minutes before it was removed. The company said the result had been delivered to the Stock Exchange under embargo, a common prac-

Cater Allen reported profits of £4.75m (£4m) from traditional market-making operations, after rebate and transfer to reserves for contingencies, and £2.4m (£1.5m) from diversified activi-

A proposed final dividend of 17.13p will raise the total to 22.5p (20.15p). The Financial Times will publish a fuller report on the results in tomorrow's edition.

### Sanders & Sidney

Sanders & Sidney, a USM com-pany, has boosted pre-tax profits from £581,000 to £778,000 in the year to March 31 1988. A final dividend of 4p makes a total of

### Mowlem pays £2m for Erskine House subsidiary

Existine House Group, the acquisitive office equipment company, has sold its pest control division.

Supply and service of office equipment.

A division supplying and service.

Mowlem also paid off £651,000 borrowed from Erakine House by the division — which manufactures the Insect-O-Cutor wallmounted flying insect extermina-

Mr Brian McGillivray, chairman, joined Erskine House -then a security services and bureau de change company -from Rentokil in 1983, and started building up the pest control division the following year. He said yesterday that he now saw more ness, the benefit in concentrating on the Rentokil.

to Mowlem, the international cing fire extinguishers is now the construction group, for £2m in cash.

cing fire extinguishers is now the only activity not connected with office equipment. Mr McGillivray said the extinguisher business was doing well and would not be sold off in the foreseeable future.

Mowlem will add the pest control division — which made £73,000 before tax in the year to March 31 – to its building preservation and restoration subsidiary, Peter Cox Environment Ser

> The construction company said the acquisition would give it a national network and the UK's second largest pest control busi-ness, though still dwarfed by

### Premier signs \$200m loan

Premier Consolidated Oilfields, mier's 12½ per cent share in the Britain's third largest independent oil company, has signed a ment. A final purchase price \$200m (£109.8m) credit facility instalment of £32.5m is due to

porate activities.

Mr Roland Shaw, chairman,
said existing borrowings of \$5.9m
(£3.24m) would be repaid, and the loan would provide funds for Pre- excess of £25m.

aimed at funding development HM Treasury late next year.

costs and a variety of other cor
The funds would be used for

### Lamont severs Scottish link

Lamont Holdings, Belfast-based textiles group, has severed the final link with its Scottish engineering heritage by selling James H Lamont, maker of

fittings, for £1.82m Sir Desmond Larimer, chair man, announced the disposal "with some regret" at yesterday's annual meeting. The sale comes 15 years after Sir Desmond and Ulster Bank took control of James H Lamont and began to diversify its activities.

"As it was not a part of our corporate strategy to develop or expand our engineering activities, it was felt that it would be in the best longer-term interest of James H Lamont to become part of a group active in the heating engineering and plumbing sectors," Sir Desmond said.

The business achieved trading profit of £304,000 on turnover of

£3.49m in 1987. At December 31, it had net assets of £1.3m. The buyer is a newly formed com-pany owned by Mr Christopher Halcroft and Mr Alistair Pate.

### Lowe Howard acquisition

By Floria Thompson

Lowe Howard-Spink & Bell; advertising agency and public relations group, is to acquire Hamilton Wright Marketing, a UK direct marketing agency, for an initial payment of £1.04m cash. Additional payments up to a further maximum of £3.96m

will be payable during 1990 to
1993 depending on future profits
of Hamilton Wright.
The vendors have warranted that post-tax profits at Hamilton Wright for 1988 will not be less than £135,000.

### Hardanger growth

Profit growth has continued at Hardanger Properties, property developer, with an increase of 33 per cent for the first half. In the six months ended March 31 1983, turnover rose marginally to 27.77m (£7.37m) while the pre-(£1.75m). From earnings of 20.31p (£1.75m), the interim dividend is raised to 7.5p (4.74p).

### DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

	Current payment	Date of payment	corres - ponding div	Total for year	Total last year
Brooke Tool Eng _int	0.7	2	0.675	-	1.675
Caffynsfin			4.8	10	7.5
Cater Allenfin		•	14.78	22.5	20.15
Colorellfin	8.96†	_	3.45	6.6	5.75
Hardanger Propsint		July 5	4.74	-	14.6
Heath (CE)fin	18.381	Aug 22	17.89	25.68	24.99
Mecca Leisureint		- mb	1.5		3.65
Osborne/Little §fin	3.3	July 13	26	5	3.9
Rothschild (J)fin	5.5	July 25	3.5	8	6

Dividends shown pence per share not except where otherwise stated. "Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. (On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. §USM stock. §§Unquoted stock. Third market. [Carries scrip option]

### Standard & Chartered Standard Chartered PLC

US\$400,000,000 Undated Primary Capital Floating Rate Notes

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Determination period from 9th June, 1988 to 6th July 1988 the Notes will carry interest at the rate of 8 per cent.

Interest accrued to 6th July, 1988 and payable on 6th July 1988 will amount to US\$60.00 per US\$10,000 Note and US\$600.00 per US\$100,000

Standard Chartered Merchant Bank Limited Agent Bank

# Anyone can search the world for finance

# We know precisely where to look

**D**USINESSES looking for capital have only one real need: D to secure the best possible financing. Because each company is different, meeting this need entails locating the most appropriate source of funds - wherever in the world it may be - and channelling that source through the most advantageous structure.

In identifying the most promising source of funds for our clients, we rely on our international presence. Built up over many years, it allows us to judge, for any particular circumstance, where the greatest interest is likely to be shown. NARBURG

The best terms cannot always be obtained by conventional means. Where such an approach falls short. we know it takes a creative response to find the best solution.

Recently, for example, we have acted for a number of major UK companies. In each case their requirements were specific. In each case we responded with an original package. In each case the best solution happened to lie in tapping the international capital markets and overseas investment demand.

In February, British Airways was seeking 12-year debt finance. We placed US\$250 million of bonds in the Far East the first time a foreign airline had used this particular source

of funds. The terms allowed the company significant operational flexibility.

In March, United Biscuits required capital to finance part of the acquisition of Ross Young's. We tapped continental markets with a new kind of Euro-convertible, giving a better trade-off between investors' desire for risk protection and the company's need for low cost funding.

We used a similar instrument in a financing launched by Slough Estates. The company was able to harness the resources of the

international banking community, alongside the domestic market, to underwrite a Euro-convertible through a classic UK rights issue.

For the Halifax Building Society, we developed the Variable Rate Note, adapting

a US domestic financing technique for use in sterling debt markets. This proved an efficient way of utilising the Halifax's powerful credit standing to lower the cost of five-year committed funding.

When your business relies on specialist financial advice and execution, consider these fundamental questions. Who, in a world-wide market, can face the pressures with you day by day? Who can help you tailor your transactions to suit both your needs and the markets' changing moods? Who, in short, will work beside you rather than merely for you?

Warburg. A world of finance.

### WARBURG SECURITIES

S.G. Warburg, Akroyd, Rowe & Pitman, Mullens Securities Ltd.

London □ New York □ Tokyo Boston □ Geneva □ Hong Kong □ Melbourne □ Paris □ San Francisco □ Sydney □ Toronto SALE OF PAPER AND PACKAGING INTERESTS IMMINENT

# Reed Intl rises to £243m despite exchange rates

ahead by 29 per cent to £242.8m in the year to March 31 1988,

growth potential

Mr Peter Davis, chief executive, said an agreement on the sale of the European paper and packaging interests would be fin-alised in the next few weeks. A management buy-out worth £500m looks likely, under which Reed would lend back £50m and be entitled to subscribe for 10 per cent of the new shares on flota-

Reed International, the publish make an announcement this ing, paper and packaging conmonth, said Mr Davis. The sale glomerate, pushed pre-tax profits is likely to realise C\$600m

Group turnover rose from compared with £188.2m before.

Earnings per share rose by 23
per cent to 32.8p (26.6p), and a sales declined from £764m to final dividend of 6.5p has been recommended, taking the total for the year to 10p (8p).

Description the figures being affects and six per sales and six per sa Despite the figures being and also to currency conversions, towards the top end of analysts Foreign exchange movements, towards the top end of analysts' expectations, the shares lost 18p to close at 407p.

Sir Stanley Grinstead, chairman, said the immediate task was to sell the company's paper and packaging businesses well and reinvest the proceeds prudently into publishing. In the short term this might affect earnings growth, but the restructured business would have greater business would not impede Reed's further expansion in the US.

expansion in the US. The publishing division saw trading profits rise 45 per cent to £151.4m (£104.4m), while the packaging and paper side was up 25 per cent at £101.7m (£81.3m).

Negotiations to sell the Cana-dian paper business were "at an advanced stage and we hope to ing services.

Here wontwine and Elizable testines from the dis-ways and hotels guides and good posal of the paint and DIY operations.

See Lex

Consumer publishing, which includes in the IPC stable Woman and Woman's Own, saw profits rise £2m to £20.9m. The women's weekly market is highly competitive with numerous new titles. "We are defending fiercely our leading position in this mar-

ket," said Mr Davis.
Octopus, book publishers, con-tributed £11m profit. Since join-ing Reed last August, Octopus has acquired Methuen, Eyre, Spottiswoode and George Philip. Reed Publishing US, including specialised business magazine exhibitions organising and library information, increased profits by 37 per cent to £55m. Variety and Modern Bride were acquired during the year.

The European paper and pack-aging businesses, increased trading profits 9 per cent to £52.3m. The North American paper business raised profits 61 per cent to

The group tax charge was up £10.2m at £70.6m. An exceptional credit of £11.7m consisted of a 26.8m profit on the sale of its US Reed Publishing UK, with 90 exhibitions contracting business specialist journals, 40 business and £4.9m from selling South directories and 100 regional news- West Counties Newspapers in the paper titles, had strong contribu-tions from its ABC worldwide air £117.2m resulted from the dis-

# **Acquisitions help Coloroll leap**

won control of the John company, will continue to oper-

said the group benefited from the to be completed within the next contribution of the acquisitions three months and to raise £95m.

- such as Staffordshire Potteries and Fogarty - made in the previous year and from the Crown 70 per cent - immediately after House glassware business bought the acquisition - to less than 40 last spring. The only disappointing area was the US wallcoverings business, where profits fell. rise to \$52m (£47m) and profits to

directors met 150 Crowther managers in Manchester yesterday slip to £1.1m (£1.5m) because of afternoon to brief them on plans. The only Crowther businesses

The only Crowther businesses

Coloroll is considering further that Coloroll plans to keep are in diversification in home furnish
The only Crowther businesses

Wallcoverings business saw sales gleaning short-term gains from lower costs and higher efficiency. And its shares — on projected profits of £50m and a prospective ple of 8 — are inescapably cheap.

Coloroll, the ambitious home fur-carpet manufacturing and distrings into upholstered furniture nishings concern which last week bution. MCD, the distribution

Crowther textile group, saw its shares rise by 9p to 191p yesterday when it announced a leap in pre-tax profits from £10.3m to the UK and the McCalls sewing pattern business in the US. Mr Ashcroft expected the disposals said the group henefited from the

Group sales rose to £257.6m \$4.4m (£3.7m) from UK wallcover(£115.2m) in the year to March 31 ings; to £84m (£22m) and £8.9m and earnings per share to 20.8p (£2.1m) in home furnishings; and (£6.5p). A final dividend of 3.96p to £43m (£26m) and £4.9m (£2.7m) is proposed, making 6.6p (5.75p). in ceramics. Glassware contrib-Coloroll has begun to restruc-ture the Crowther businesses. Its wallcoverings business saw sales

comment

Coloroll is now tackling the task of dusting down its spoils from the Crowther battle with customary gusto. Its first aim must be to dispose of the unwanted cloth and clothing businesses before the more ramshackle remnants of the old regime - like Sunbeam or McCalls - take their toll on its halance sheet. It can then confront its chief challenge of reviving the troubled carpet factories. The problems of rushing out new ranges and boosting output to acceptable levels, in an increasingly competitive market, should not be underestimated. Moreover the disposals target of £95m Yet Coloroll can play for time by

### Telfos in hostile bid for Runciman

Telfos Holdings, diversified engineering company, yester-day launched a hostile takeover bid for Walter Runciman, valuing the shipping, insurance and security products group at £28.9m.

Runciman last night said it was consulting its advisers and urged shareholders to take

Late last month, Telfos raised its holding in Runciman from 4.9 per cent to 24.58 per cent with a series of purchas

in the market.

Afterwards, Telfos chairman
Mr Joe Malins met his Runciman counterpart, Mr Garry
Runciman, for talks both sides afterwards described as "inconclusive."

As many as one-third of Runciman shares are believed to be held by interests with close connections to the com-pany, including family and directors. It is not known, however, how solid these holders' support would be for the

From a century-old involve-ment in general shipping, Runes evolved as a specialist in LPG carriers and has added Philip N Christie, the Lloyd's insurance broker and Tann International, a manufacturer of security products including safes, strongroom doors and strengthened glass partitions for banks.

Telfos's products include diesel locomotives, non-ferrous rods, shipbuilding and sackmaking machinery, fork-lift trucks, special plant and met-al-spraying equipment. The two companies have similar market capitalisations, although Telfos's pre-tax margin on sales was nearly double that of Runicman in 1987.

Mr Malins last night also pointed to Runciman's recent history of large extraordinary write-offs. He said Runciman would benefit from Telfos's additional financial resources

For every two Runciman shares, Telfos is offering a unit comprising three ordinary shares, one new 9 per cent cumulative redeemable preference share and 20p in cash. The offer values Runciman shares at 329p, against its clos-ing price of 338p. There is a cash alternative of 300p.

Telfos is advised by Fiske & Co, the stockbroker, Runciman by Lazards.

JUNE 9, 1988

S. G. Warburg Securities

Nikki Tait looks at J Rothschild Holdings' demerger scheme

# A maverick returns to his roots

GLANCE at any file on J. Roths-child Holdings and 'where next'" questions loom large. For once, however the often-mayerick Jacob Rothschild does not appear to have bemused the City.

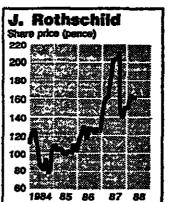
The essence of yesterday's scheme for 'demerging' J. Rothschild's longer-term investments into a new investment trust. RIT Capital Partners, is simple. Instead of combining a highly active dealing business and a longer-term investment portfolio in one vehicle, there will be quoted companies reflecting both operations.

That makes tax-efficient sense. RIT Capital Partners will be a fully fledged investment trust which means that, as long as it obeys certain investment and distribution restrictions, it escapes paying capital gains tax on its portfolio.

Meanwhile, the on-going J. Rothschild Holdings can continue on its jazzy, investment dealing way - free to make full use of hedging mechanisms, option and currency trading, to an extent which could fall foul of the investment trust restrictions. Of equal significance, is the freedom to continue to buying in its own shares - a tactic forbidden to investment trusts.

To effect the change, J. Roths-child Holdings is offering to dis-tribute 60 per cent of the capital of RIT, retaining a 40 per cent stake. Shareholders in JRH will receive 10 RIT shares plus £6 nominal of convertible stock, for every 30 JRH shares held.

Meanwhile, JRH, which had net assets of £628m at end-March,



£265m issued capital - £165m of ordinary shares and £100m of exconvertible stock — will be be matched on the asset side by

In one sense, the deal has a neat irony, in that it brings Jacob Rothschild back to the invest-ment trust business. The existing J. Rothschild company has its origins in the sixtles and seventies, when Jacob Rothschild first created and then ran Rothschild Investment Trust - a particularly actively-managed and some-what unconventional fund.

name was changed to RIT. It then altered again in 1982 to RIT and Northern, following a merger with Great Northern Investment

Charterhouse J. Rothschild, and then planned to create a £1hn financial services group via a marriage with Hambro Life in 1984. Along the way, investment

1984. Along the way, investment trust status was lost.

The Hambro deal fell through, bowever, and by early-1985 the Charterhouse Japhet merchant bank was up for sale. That effectively heralded the end of the financial services, with the sale of a 29.9 per cent interest in stockbrokers Kitzat and Aitken stockbrokers Kitcat and Aithen going to Orion Royal Bank shortly afterwards.

Once the decision to move out of financial services had ben the main warmand.

taken, the again-renamed J. Rothschild Holdings became – at least in some City eyes - a less exciting and somewhat almless

JRH itself made clear its inten-tion, to increase net worth per share. But however sensible, the ensuing purchases by JRH of its own shares fell short on glamour besides the prospect of a billion-pound financial services group. The distribution of RIT shares

(and convertible stock) will be treated like a dividend — and become considerably more bearable at current income tax rates. Hence the timing of the scheme. In 1980, there was the famous split between Jacob Rothschild and his cousin, Evelyn de Rothschild, chairman of merchant bank N. M. Rothschild, and the large was changed to DFF Is the speed t either because more is being distributed by way of dividends or because more is devoted to buy-

ing in shares.

house Group in 1983, to form prospective yield on the post-demerger share price of over 6 per

cent net. But perhaps an equally novel element to the scheme is the issue, and potential use of convertible stock in RIT. While investment trusts cannot buy in their own shares to eliminate any difference between underlying asset value and the share price, they can buy in convertible stock. And that, says JRH, is exactly what RIT may do if large discounts threaten, thereby aid-ing asset values on both the converible stock and the ordinary

Both companies, of course, are a punt on abilities of the IRH management - which continues to run the RIT portfolio on a per-formanced-fee. But shareholders may take heart from J. Rothschild Holdings' figures for the year to end-March, also published yesterday.

Pre-tax profits up from £110.8m to £100.9m were higher than most analysts' forecasts, and fully diluted assets per share rose by 6.5 per cent to 209.5p.

The October crash told on the investment holding side, with profits down from £26.3m to 25.1m, but investment dealing rose to £115.7m (£110.7m). The central interest charge fell steeply from £36.8m to £12.5m. Earnings per share, on the

shares in issue at end-March, were 26.4p (20.2p). During the year, JRH bought in 41m shares at a cost of £68.2m.

That asset performance, as JRH is quick to point out, is noticeably better than most net assets of £628m at end-March, will move about £125m-worth of longer-term investments into RIT, plus £20m of property holdings. The remainder of RIT's Northern merged with Charter in the same and the services are services. That, is quick to point out, is service and the service and the service and the services are services. RIT and the services are services and the services are services are services. RIT and the services are services are services are services and the services are services. RIT and the services are services are services are services are services. The services are services are services are services are services are services. The services are services are services are services are services are services. The services are services are services are services are services are services. The services are services are services are services are services are services. The services are services are services are services are services are services. The services are services are services are services are services are services. The services are services are services are services are services are services are services. The services are s

### Heath beats forecasts with 38% advance

BY NICK BUNKER

C.E. Heath, the Lloyd's insurance broker, pleasantly surprised the clipt yesterday with a 38 per cent dend at 18.375p.

But he added: "The corner has remanrance specialise" is been turned and I believe the showing the kind of candour group is set fair to build on these results."

The COLUMN of reported pre-tax broker, pleasantly surprised the City yesterday with a 38 per cent rise in annual pre-tax profits to \$20.03m, significantly ahead of most recent forecasts, indicating the extent to which the group has recovered operational momentum since its merger in late 1986 with rival broker Field-

ing Insurance. Some of the stock market's initial enthusiasm subsided as analysts picked up what they interpreted as hints that Heath could be clearing the decks for a rights issue. The shares closed, however, 8p up on the day at 424p, as most stockbrokers revised upwards their earning forecasts

charge of £2.22m, made up of uncertainties surrounding the post-merger redundancy and reorganisation costs and extra provisions to cover legal fees incurred by Pinnacle which the stressed, however, the uncertainties surrounding the reorganisation costs and extra trailian workers' compensation.

Earnings per share were up 30 tion of its workers' compet per cent at 26.1p for the 12 business in Australia.

provisions to cover legal fees incurred by Pinnacle, which is involved in complex litigation arising from the insolvency of Mentor.

Mr Richard Fielding, group chairman, said in a lengthy summary of the group's state of period. Cynics reacted by assumbealth that 1986-87 had been "a very troubled year", when Heath had suffered blows including the Mentor litigation, mass staff defections and the nationalisation of its workers' compensation business in Anstralia. ing - an aggressive and respected the exposed.

group turnover was down only five per cent at \$33.9m, inspite of the weak dollar and falling premium rates, two factors which have savaged all London's broking houses recently. Given that Heath appears to be winning new business in aviation, UK retail and reinsurance, it is clearly making good progress in current operations, and will benefit this year from newly recruited teams of aviation, marine and North American insurance brokers, But uncertainties over Australia and Pinnacle/Mentor mean that the share price - at 16 times last year's earnings - still looks a lit-

### Osborne & Little up 41% and set for full listing

Osborne & Little, which makes the floral wallpapers and flouncy furnishings favoured by the looking for suitable acquisitions within related areas of design. In the year to March 31 earnthe floral wallpapers and flouncy furnishings favoured by the sloane ranger set, increased pre-tax profits by 41 per cent to £2m last year on sales which rose by 24 per cent to £10.7m, writes

Alice Rawsthorn Sir Peter Osborne, chairman and managing director, said that the group was poised for further expansion. It intends to move from the USM to the main stock market to make its shares more marketable and to facilitate

ings per share rose to 18.4p (13.1p). The board proposes a final dividend of 3.3p making 5p (3.9p) for the full year. Osborne's shares remained unchanged at 243p yesterday. The UK business, which pro-

vides two thirds of turnover fared well despite a slowdown in sales towards the end of 1987. Sir Peter attributed this slowdown to the climate of uncertainty which folacquisitions. Osborne is now lowed the stock market crash.

the opening months of 1988 and lar's decline.

The present financial in the dol-

The company broke even in the

the present financial year.
Osborne was concentrating on improving its wallcoverings, in response to the increased level of specific the market.

In the two years since it moved into the US, Osborne has built up a base of 5,500 customers. Sales from the US trebled last year and Sir Peter expects a "significant." competition within the market-contribution" this year.

US, where it opened a New York expand its European businesses. showroom last year, and would it already supplies the West Gerhave made a profit but for man and Dutch markets directly adverse exchange rates. The com-pany has aready increased its US duce this system throughout con-prices by between 15 and 20 per timental Europe.

### **Brooke Tool rises** to £0.75m midway

Pre-tax profits rose from £654,700 to £755,000 in the six months to March 31 1988 at Brooke Tool Engineering. Turnover was up 18 per cent from £8.16m to £9.63m. The directors said the start-up costs of its new German distribution facility were proving to be higher than expected. Further acquisitions and product development were being pursued.

Distribution costs in the latest period were 5882,800 (£622,300). The interim dividend is being raised to 0.7p (0.675p) on earnings per 5p share of 1.6p (1.5p).

# **Interest Rate Change**

Allied Irish Banks plc announces that with effect from close of business on 7th June 1988. its Base Rate was increased from 8% to 81/2% p.a.



Head Office — Britain: 64/66 Coleman Street, London EC2R 5AL Tel: 01-588 0691 and branches throughout the country





have created



Reinsurance Management Corporation





the dynamic reinsurance service 45, rue Notre-Dame L-2240 Luxembourg Tel.: 352-47 05 55 / 56

Industriebank von Japan (Deutschland) Deutsche Bank Bank of Tokyo (Deutschland) Dresdner Bank Banca del Gottardo Banque Nationale de Paris S.A. & Co. Banque Paribas (Deutschland) OHG Capital Markets GmbH BHF-BANK Crédit Commercial de France Bayerische Vereinsband **CSFB-Effectenbank** Daiwa Europe (Deutschland) GmbH DG BANK J. P. Morgan GmbH Morgan Stanley GmbH Nippon Credit International Nomura Europe GmbH The Nikko Securities Co., (Deutschland) GmbH Schweizerischer Bankverein Société Générale -Schweizerische Bankoesellschaft (Deutschland) AG Investment banking Elsässische Bank & Co. (Deutschland) AG

Tripkans & Burkhardt KGaA

Yamajchi International (Deutschland) Gubli

Taiyo Kobe International

NIHON DORO KODAN

- JAPAN HIGHWAY PUBLIC CORPORATION -

Tokyo, Japan

DM 250,000,000

51/4% Deutsche Mark Bonds of 1988/1995

irrevocably and unconditionally guaranteed by

The Japanese Government

Issue Price: 100%%

### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

# Sale to FT helps Regalian surge £14.5m to £22.7m

PROCEEDS FROM the sale of a new headquarters for the Financial Times helped Regalian Prop-erties, residential developer, almost treble pre-tax profits in the year to March 3L The company made £22.7m, against £8.22m in 1986-87.

Pearson, which owns the FT. bought the development south-east of London's Southwark Bridge last summer for £74.4m, payable in instalments over three years.

Mr David Goldstone, Regalian's managing director, would not quantify the contribution from the sale of the 155,000 sq ft office block, but analysts estimate about film was added to profits.

The building should be com-plete before the end of the cur-rent financial year and Regalian said it would continue to provide a significant proportion of profits in the next two years. The company said it had just

gained planning consent for a 130,000 sq ft office building next to the new FT headquarters. Turnover in 1987-88 increased

the from time in the first than men the first than men the first than men the first than the fir

performance, as to point out, a ster than not is and the FT M

one analyst per keep the Bobs are than conten

nce

malist is simple and of candon have adopted a the positive side was down only

era on, inspired and falling pre

iii lactors which London's box

ntly Given the be winning me attent. UK retail

1. If is clearly will benefit this

मन्द्रसम्बद्धे (ear

arme and Nert

ance brokers. But

ा Australia and r mean that the

if In times last stuli košta lik-

ount of the 🕏 := शक्तर !! **प्रक्रम** 

es no bas build E custemers, \$27

वेप्टा प्रकार कियो , a "signific

\* bleimat : the Wed G

market duct d plans to 🕬

throughout 🕾

2 1

1.

r. veat.

The group is recommending a banks, Regalian would grow fur-final dividend of 2.5p, making ther by acquiring new projects 3.5p (2p) for the year.

### Caffyns maintains profits and sees steady growth

**BOARD MEETINGS** 

Caffyns, Eastbourne-based motor is raised from 7.5p to 10p with a dealer, the shares of which have been the subject of speculative fervour recently, reported maintained pre-tax profits of £1.93m withdrawal from the heavy comfor the year ended March 31 1988, mercial market. Benefits with heavy comparative £1.91m.

gainst £1.91m rgainst £1.91m. become apparent in the current Trading in the current year year as 1987/88 included a loss of was satisfactory and steady £190,000 from that side, while the growth was envisaged, the directors said.

In the year the group improved its operating profit to £2.39m been more than compensated by (£1.96m) from a turnover of increases in other divisions. (£1.96m) from a turnover of fincreases in other divisions.

£116.65m (£107.48m). This was backed up by a cut in interest charges to £877,000 (£1.25m), but a greatly reduced exceptional credit of £418,000 (£1.2m).

A tax credit of £164,000 (£1.2m).

**Properties** Pre-tax profits (£m)

Regalian

1984 85 86 87 88 Mr Goldstone said Regalian's policy was for dividends to rise in poncy was for divinends to rise in line with earnings per share. Regalian only initiated one project during the year. This was the controversial Kensington Pal-ace Gardens development – apartments priced between £2m

Wales. The company said 1987-88 was 

and 59m, the original plans for

which aroused the ire of local residents, including the Prince of

### Reliant Motor considers cash call

Regalian is part of a consor-tium on the short-list of four

groups competing for the redevel

opment of County Hall, former

headquarters of the now defund

Regalizn's profile can rarely have been higher than in the past 12 months. Its bid for the residen-

tial side of the County Hall rede

velopment follows hard on the heels of Prince Charles disap-proval of the original Kensington

Palace Gardens plans, and the sale of the FT building, expected

to provide similar profits - esti-

mated at £12m per year - up to 1990. This is not to underplay

Regalian's bread-and-butter reve-nue from residential properties in

London and elsewhere. The cur

rent development programme has an estimated sales value of over

£600m and should last more than four years. Mr Goldstone says he

expects prices to rise between 8 and 10 per cent this year, but as things stand this may well be a conservative forecast; demand

has apparently remained buoyant despite post-crash horror stories of luxury apartments standing

empty. Pre-tax profits this year

should top \$40m. The shares rose 5p to close at 180p last night, but

still look cheap on a prospective multiple of about 6.5.

Greater London Council.

comment

Reliant Motor is about to reor ganise for the future and is con sidering a rights issue later in the year to achieve a further reduction in borrowings.

Shareholders were given the news in the interim statement covering the half-year ended March 31 1988, which showed that the motor vehicle manufacturer stayed in profit with £13,000 pre-tax. This compared with a loss of £29,000 and a profit of \$153,000 for the full 1986-87 year, which was helped by the sale of tooling and manufacturing rights for the Scimitar GTE/GTC.

The directors were looking for an improved performance in the second half. They were expecting a worthwhile acquisition in the autumn coupled with useful

Sales in the half-year were £6.57m (£6.63m). The new Rialto hatchback was well received and the order book was very promising, while sales of the Scimitar sports car had been maintained and revenue from spare parts

Reliant Industrial Mouldings was on course for a year's turn-over of at least £1.75m, mainly because of major contracts for lame 14 lame 20 taxi body shells and Ford transit lame 20 roofs.

### APPOINTMENTS

# London Life board changes

LONDON LIFE, which is to merge with the Australian Mutual Provident Society (AMP), has appointed Mr Andrew Wakeling as a deputy managing director from July I. He is a partner in consulting actuaries Bacon & Woodrow and became involved in the merger negotiations. He the merger negotiations. He became a London Life director on became a London Life director on June 1. Mr Martin May-Smith has been appointed vice president in succession to Mr John florde who remains on the board. Mr Ian Salmon, AMP's chief general manager - international, joins the London Life board. Lord Catto, UK chairman of AMP, joins the board on July 1. They will replace Mr Michael Short and Mr Charles Black who will retire on June 30.

Mr Owen Cawser, a director, has taken over as non-executive chairman of TQ INTERNATIONAL from Sir Joseph Pope. Sir Joseph and Lady Pope, deputy chairman, have retired, but will remain directors and Sir Joseph becomes a consultant.

retire on June 30.

Mr Subhash Shukla has been appointed managing director of NASHUA COPYCAT, Bracknell, succeeding Mr Carl Thomas. Mr Shukla was at Rank Xerox infersational bandquarters responsinational headquarters responsi-ble for Xerox supplies and copy service division.

HENRY BARRETT GROUP has made Mrs Carol Watkinson its group financial controller. She has also become financial director of Potter-Johnson Steel Buildings and Westbury Tubular Structures, both subdivaries of the Henry Barrett Group. the Henry Barrett Group.

Mr Peter Murphy has been appointed a director of JAMES LAWSON CONSTRUCTION with responsibility for business development and personate the said personal landon Life from July 1 ent, marketing and person-

tive director at Scrimgeour Vickers Asset Management. He will be joined by Mr Jeffrey Wright, as a director of EXIDE international Projects and Chloride International Projects and Chloride International Marketing. He was marketing director of Oldham Battarles.

### MOSCOW NARODNY FINANCE B.V. U.S. \$ 100,000,000,-

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1993

### irrevocably and unconditionally guaranteed by MOSCOW NARODNY BANK LIMITED

In accordance with the Conditions of the Notes notice is hereby given that for the interest period 31st May 1988 to 29th November 1988 included (188 days) the Notes will bear interest at the rate of 8% per annum. The coupon of a Note for U.S. \$ 10,000, - will be U.S. \$406,67 and of a Note for U.S. \$ 250,000, will be U.S. \$10,166,67.

The interest payment date will be 30th November 1988.

Agent Bank Deutsche Bank Luxembourg S.



ham Batteries.

\*\*

Mr Christopher Ring has been appointed business planning director. He was marketing and medical planning appointed a director of WISE SPEKE (HOLDENGS) and subsidiates the was absoluted by the subsidiary of th iary companies. He was an execu-finance director. He was a management consultant with Price Waterhouse. Mr W.A. (Tony) Kempster has joined as market-ing director from Crown Financial Management, where he was market development director.

> Mr Roger Tresias, managing director of Lady Clare, has been elected president of the BRITISH JEWELLERY & GIFTWARE

> At WILSON GROUP Mr Hugh J.R. Dunn, group chief executive, becomes deputy chairman on August 1. He will remain manag-ing director of the Morley Book Co, a principal operating subsid-iary. Mr Ronald Russell-Hobbs is joining the parent company as a director and group chief execu-tive. He was formerly with Long-man Group, Pergamon Press and

Automated

£40m rights

Automated Security Holdings

security systems group, is making a £39.8m rights issue

Mr Tom Buffett, chairman and chief executive, said that

the cash would be used to

build ASH into one of the world's largest security

No specific acquisitions are targeted as yet, but the first moves are likely to be in conti-

nental Europe in anticipation of the creation of a single mar-

Acquisitions are likely to be large: Mr Buffett said that

ASH would be able to deploy £100m after the issue without stretching the balance sheet

minly. ASH is one of the UK's lead-

ing specialists in security ser-vices such as the installation

of burglar alarms. In a range

of overseas countries it has subsidiary operations which have been developed organi-

cally.

The cash will be raised through the issue of 40.9m 6 per cent convertible preference

shares, on the basis of one new

preference share for every two

ordinary shares, and 5 new preference shares for every 17

tive conversion price of 266.7p per ordinary share, which

compares to yesterday's opencompares to yesterialy s open-ing price of 243p.

On a fully diluted basis,
ASH's equity base will expand on conversion by 15m shares

to a total of 95m. In March this year, ASB

reported a 22 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £15.1m for the year to November 1987;

turnover rose from £51.8m to £63.9m.

The right to convert the shares can be exercised on May 31 in each of the years from 1991 to 2006 at an effec-

existing preference shares.

systems companies.

ket in 1992.

to fuel expansion overseas.

**Security** 



All these Bonds having been sold, this announce-ment appears as a matter of record only.

### KINGDOM OF DENMARK

A\$ 75,000,000 12 1/4 % Bonds due 1993

WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK

BANKERS TRUST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON

DEUTSCHE GENOSSENSCHAFTSBANK

DRESDNER BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT HAMBURGISCHE LANDESBANK - GIROZENTRALE -

KREDIETBANK INTERNATIONAL

LANDESBANK SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN

LTCB INTERNATIONAL

MITSUBISHI TRUST INTERNATIONAL

NORDDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE

COPENHAGEN HANDELSBANK A/S

**DEN DANSKE BANK** 

PRIVATBANKEN A/S

# Does your cash flow uality Control?

Improving quality to realise company growth and better customer relations has always been a business necessity. At Union Discount Invoice Financing, we apply the same principle to your cash flow - with the same result.

Liberating the finance locked up in your sales creates opportunities for expansion, flexibility and freedom.

Invoice Financing with Union Discount is a most efficient, cost-effective way of achieving cash flow freedom. Our technological sophistication is matched by a century of financial expertise, to provide a fast, responsive service which is totally independent. And totally confidential.

Our executives have years of experience in invoice financing, and the ability to understand your individual business strategies. Great effort is always taken to find the right solution for you. Call us — in confidence of course — on 0444 415411, and discover how we'll provide the Quality service, while you take financial Control.



Union Discount Invoice Financing Limited A wholly owned subsidiary of The Union Discount Company of London, ple 6 Heath Square, Boltro Road, Haywards Heath, Sussex. RIII6 1BL Telephone: (0444) 415411/2/3 Fax: (0444) 415339

> The Union Discount. More than a century of integrity.

Christopher Parkes and David Waller on a market not ready to pay

# Parker draws the line on flotation

moderately severe damage in the aftermath of yesterday's upset, which saw Parker Pen – feeling the earth move underfoot scampering back to its fastness in Newhaven, Sussex, scattering its flotation plans in its wake.

The pride of Mr Jacques Margry, group chief executive, was among the first reported casualties. A meticulously cautious man, he had consistently been



more preoccupied with the detailed management task of rebuilding the reputation and for-tunes of Parker than the intrica-intervention from this quarter cies of flotation at some point in

out in 1986 from the company's ment – aired at length in the US parent was conditional on a future Stock Exchange listing. Mr – that good brand names are of Margry had done his job, turning incalculable worth.

The market was not disgruntled when both Sotheby's and London Forfalting went public in more settled conditions earlier

The company was ready for the market, but as things turned out, the market was judged not to be ready to pay the price expected by Parker's ambitious sharehold-

ers. Mr Margry said yesterday that the offer was scrapped because his advisers Lazard Brothers and Cazenove were pessimistic about the fragile state of the stock mar-ket. However, there was only sunny optimism from the brokers and bankers three weeks ago when they announced the impending offer for sale.

He is still optimistic, but there may be after shocks. The majority shareholders may not be preity snareholders may not be pre-pared to wait for the market to regain its bullish tone, and if a fat enough offer came in, they would probably have little com-punction about selling Parker. Dunhill and Gillette of the US, among others, showed much interest at the time of the buyout. Gillette has since taken over Waterman of France, one of Par-

cannot be ruled out. the future.

But backing for the \$70m buyout in 1986 from the company's ment — aired at length in the

SMALL earthquake in City, not many dead...

There was, however, some increase in group profit last year.

There was, however, some increase in group profit last year.

The statement of the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and most 100,000 of a special edition ing for a listing and allowed itself to the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while, had abandoned its hanker-and the company to sell while the company to se pen at \$250 apiece last year. It ranks among the top 10 world brands, and Mr Margry is especially proud that at the last count ing for a usung ann allowed itself to bought out by Storehouse.

Parker's decision more closely ethes that of Target Group, a citely proud that at the last count ing for a usung ann allowed itself to bought out by Storehouse.

that end up being pulled are scrapped long before they enter the public domain. True, a crop of companies ditched their flotation plans in the wake of Black Monday. These include Sotheby's, the fine art auctioneer, as well as London Forfaiting, a trade finance com-pany - and Blazer, a clothier in the Next mould.

But the events of October 19 and its aftermath could reasonably be deemed out of the ordinary, and a decision to postpone entirely understandable.

Margry had done his job, turning incalculable worth.

They do not come much better this year, albeit on lower ratings than Parker, 100 years old this than would have been sustain-

By Clay Harris

it scored more recognition points worldwide than Mickey Mouse.

Perhaps yesterday's events offer more evidence to support accusations that the City has consistently undervalued such intendible assets. It was sold to TSR for



The most arcane, and most extreme example of a company abandoning flotation at the last minute, is that of Stanley Gibbons, the philatelist. Dealings in the shares had actually begun, in May 1984, before the Stock Exchange invoked a little known rule to call a halt to the whole affair after just 16 minutes of trading. The company eventually found its way onto the Over the Counter market in March last

### Clayform declines 4% holding in Stead

Clayform Properties, property development and investment group, has turned down an opportunity to buy 4 per cent of the voting shares of Stead & Simpson, the footwear and motor group for which it is budding £89.5m.

The block was offered to Clayform at £14.25, compared with the £12 it is offering. If it had paid the price, Clayform would have been obliged to offer the same terms to all holders of the voting shares. The decision indicates its intention to wait until after Stead produces an assets revaluation and perhaps a profits forecast before deciding whether to raise its bid. Clayform yesterday extended its bid until June 21, after receiving what Stead called an "exceptionally low" lavel of acceptances — 281 voting shares, or 0.02 per cent of the total — to add to the 29.99

per cent it already owned.

It has bought a further 2.6
per cent non-voting "A" shares
to lift its directly-held stake of
this class to 9.7 per cent. The
voting shares closed unchanged at £14.10 as did the "A" shares, of which there are 35 times as many, at 129p. Clayform is offering 125p.

# Property profit boosts Mecca to 43% advance

ing into account a £3.49m property profit.

But Mecca stressed that operating profits of £5.51m (£5.59m) emtributed to the £55m cost of were also depressed by a couring Ladbroke's holiday centres last proke's holiday centres last broke's holiday centres as part of its policy of reducing broke's holiday centres and Astey's restaurants human profits on its stake in Kennedy brokes, the restaurant chain which was taken over by Trusthouse Forte this year. He mecca also announced a £50m contributed to the £55m cost of acquiring Ladbroke's holiday centres and Astey's restaurants for the property profit was mainly compensation for early surrender of a restaurant lease in the City.

Mecca also announced a £25m private placement of cumulative preference shares with Murray Johnstone. Mr Jeremy Long, finance director, said the Edinburgh fund management group, which also holds Mecca ordinary shares, had expressed a specific interest in such a placing.

The 10-year preference shares, house Forte this year. He house Forte this year. He declined to comment on other stakes the company held.

Turnover rose to £58m (£57m). In terms of trading profits, Entertainment and catering contributed £3.72m (£2.38m), social clubs (£3.67m). UK Holidays a loss of £2.89m (£886,000 losses), and other activities £530,000

interest in such a placing.

The 10-year preference shares, which pay 8.18 per cent net annually, filled the gap in the medium-term area of Mecca's funding,

was happy. Next month, the com-

Merca Leisure Group reported pany will seek permission from pre-tax profits up 43 per cent to shareholders for a further £15m increase in winter short break worth of preference shares, to be bookings. But Merca has been charging low prices to generate issued if other investors are

(£433,000).

The 10-year preference shares, which pay 8.18 per cent net annually, filled the gap in the meditum-term area of Mecca's funding, he said. An issue of convertible preference shares, which would have paid a lower coupon, was ruled out on the grounds of dilution.

The preference shares will reduce gearing by 18 per cent to 30 per cent, which Mr Long said was the floor ratio with which he was happy. Next month, the com-

bookings. But Mecca has been charging low prices to generate initial interest in these holidays.

Excluding the Ladbroke loss, earnings per share were 20 per cent higher at 4.2p (3.5p). There is a 1.7p (1.5p) interim dividend.

### comment

Mecca Leisure's contorted efforts yesterday not to give the impression its profits were down, once property profits were taken out, proved rather self-defeating. It is obvious that caravan sites, an important component of the old Ladbroke holiday centre portfolio, are empty in the winter and losses would indeed have been about £1.5m worse if the sites had about £1.5m worse it the sues had been bought in October. By focusing on these seasonal diffi-culties, Mecca only managed to distract attention from the credit-able 36 per cent growth in its own businesses, Reassuring for the shares, which are for the long-term investors who believe in the soundness of Mecca's in the soundness of Mecca's acquisition policy and its exten-sive capital expenditure programme — expected to come to 138m this year. Excluding the property windfall, analysts expect full-year pre-tax profits of evelopment took £300,000. about £22m putting the shares on Mecca's own Warner holiday a prospective p/e of about 14.

Pre-tax profits up 29% to £243m

Earnings per share up 23% to 32.8p

Dividend up 25% to 10p

# our figures reading.

Reed International P.L.C. has produced pretax profits of £243 million, up 29% for the year ended 31 March 1988.

It's our fifth successive year of growth with an average increase in that period of over 30% per year in both pre-tax profits and earnings per share.

In publishing, there has been an impressive increase in trading profits which are up by 45% to £151.4 million. This comes partly from strong organic growth and partly from over twenty acquisitions we've made this year.

As to the future, we plan to concentrate solely on publishing and sell our manufacturing businesses.

> So the chances are you'll be reading rather more of our literature than you imagined.

The contents of this statement, for which the directors of Reed International P.L.C. are solely responsible, have been approved for the purposes of Section 57 of the Financial Services Act 1986 by Price Waterhouse as authorised persons.

### New products push Borland to \$7.17m

BY VANESSA HOULDER

THE SUCCESSFUL introduction of new products helped Borland International, US software house, produce a 52 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to \$7.17m (£3.94m) for the year to March 31, com-pared with \$4.71m last year. Sales and royalty income for the year more than doubled from \$29.2m to \$76.5m.

Borland said it would no longer pay a dividend, in line with its fellow US high-tech companies. Mr Philippe Kahn, president, said that the fourth quarter was exceptionally good. Profit before tax for that period was \$2.1m, on sales and to complete with a \$29.2m. That compares with a poor third quarter, when pre-tax profits nearly halved to \$250,000, after a sharp increase in market-

ector could make up the majority of sales next year.

Borland said that existing products were maintaining their sales levels. In addition the com-pany had successfully introduced a clutch of new products.

In its professional business series, Borland introduced Quattro, Sidekick Plus and Paradox 2.0. In its Turbo language range, Borland introduced Turbo Pascal 4.0, Turbo C and Turbo Basic.

The Paradox data management product acquired when the com-pany bought Ansa Software in July had proved successful and was contributing some 20 per cent of revenues, said Mr Kahn. Borland yesterday launched cent of revenues, said Mr Kahn. good long-term growth prospects, Borland yesterday launched there is little to go for in the the English version of Sprint, a short term.

word-processing package. Last week the company acquired the rights to the spreadsheet technol-ogy of Surpass Software Systems. By the end of the second fiscal quarter, the company should have introduced the full range of business products which it has been planning for the past year. Earnings per share increased from 6.6 cents to 10.2 cents, a 55 per cent increase.

### comment

Borland is eyeing up the big league. Having expanded its software range over the past couple of years, it now hopes to reap the benefits. In particular, it has designs on the vast corporate market, which will bolser its traditional role as supplier of cheen ditional role as supplier of cheap and cheerful software to the comproducts accounted for more puter enthusiast. Yet, although than half of revenues last year reviews and initial sales of new but that products in the business products have been superb, analysts are still in cautious mod-in the two years the company has been on the USM, the City has twice had to slash its forecasts, most recently for a dra-matic overrun of marketing costs. So although sales are likely to surge ahead this year much depends on how well the company manages to contain its costs. There is scope, on some reckonings, for margins - now per cent next year. Profit fore-casts for this company are notoriously unreliable, but assuming it makes \$13m this year, the shares, unchanged at 109p, are on a mul-tiple of 13. Although there are

	R					IIT		
lf	_					€ress.	Yield	
High Lo		Company		Price	Change	div (p)	%	PJE
	BS Ass. Brit. in			228=		8.7	3.8	8.5
228 1	B6 Ass. Brit. In	L CULS		228 <sub>xd</sub>		10.0	4.4	
<u>  40</u> :	25 Armitagean	a Kuodes ""	41100000	40	0	-	-	-
57	50 BBB Design	arcino (N2M	)	56	+1	21	3.7	
162 1	55 Bardon Groe	P		160	+1	. 27	1.7	27.4
148 1	00 Bardon Gros 37 Bray Techno	g Lione, Page	-	109	ō	6.7	6.7	-
1 100 1	oray recession to the second control of the	rogina	•	141	0	5.2	3,7	10.2
1 26 2	16 CCL Group 0	W. TTET		107	₽	11.0	10.3	
140 2	es colleroupl	194 fran De		268 140	+1	12.3	4.6	4.1
11 15 1	29 Carbo Pic (S	- ~ www.fr	u,		0	14.7	10,5	
1 55 7	0 Carbo 7.5%	Port (SE)		146 112	0	6.1	4.2	9.2
( zi i	7 George Blate	45	*****	231	6	20.5	9.2	
97	60 Isis Group			97	ō	3.7	7.6	6.4
99	37 Jackson Gro	<b></b>	***************************************	99	0			
340 2	5 Multihouse	W (AmerSF)		330	0	3.4		10.9
52	10 Robert Jesk	95		48	0	10.4	3.2	13.1
293 1	24 Scrittons			293	ü	8.0		24 26.6
] 204 1	94 Torday&Ca	riisie		200-4	ŏ	7.7	3.9	
181.	56 Trevian Hold	iags (USM)		70	+3	2.7	3.7 3.9	
108 10	XV Unistrat Eur	ope Conv Pre	f	108	ã	8.0	7.4	7.3
283 26	13 W.S.Yestes.			283	ă	16.2		7.9
							5.7	
Securities designated ISED and (USBI) are dept. in subject to the rules and regulations of The Stock Exchange. Other securities fished above are dealt in subject to the rules of TSA  These Securities are dealt in strictly on a matched bargain basis. Nother Granylife & Co you Granylife Davies Ltd are market makers in these securities								

	member of the Stock Exchange & TSA					
Public W	orks	Lo	an B	oard	ra	tes
Years	Effer Quota ican by EIP1	S repold S repold Att	Mon-qual at materity.	a lozos Aº repa by ECP1	ald Att	हर क्रासम्बद्ध
Over 1 up to 2	9% 9% 9% 9% 9%	9% 9% 9% 9%	9% 9% 9% 9% 9%	10% 10% 10% 10%	19% 10% 10% 10% 10%	9% 9% 10 10% 10%
Over 6 up to 7	9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9%	9% 9% 9% 9% 9% 9%	9% 9% 9% 9% 9%	9% 9% 9% 9% 10%	9% 9% 9% 10 10%	10 % 10 % 10 % 18 % 18 9 %
Over 25 "Non-quota loans E loans A. †Equal instalme (fixed equal haif-yearly haif-yearly payments of	are I per	9% cent h cipal, H to inclu ly, '	9% igher in e	9% ach case th	9% lan no	97% an-quett

Grapilic Dyves Limins t Line, Loudon BCSR 88P Celephone 01-621 1212

### **NEW INTEREST RATES**

Gross Interest % p.a.	ACCOUNT	Net Interest % p.a.	Gross equivalent to a basic rate taxpayer % p.a.
-----------------------------	---------	---------------------------	---

#### With effect from 8 June 1988

7.00 7.50	Clients' Premium Deposit Account £25,000-£99,999 £100,000+	5.37 5.76	N/A N/A
4.23	Home Management Account	3.25	4.33

#### With effect from 6 July 1988

3.26	Save and Borrow Account	2.50	3.33
------	----------------------------	------	------



MIDLAND BANK PLC, 27 POULTRY, LONDON EC2P 2BX

# Disclosure of share interests: a tale of contrasting practices

shares." Such a view chimes nat-requiring disclosure of the true tion and, if it was not the sole urally with the Takeover Code, ownership of shares is little beneficial owner, to state the and in particular Rule 9, required understood. Fewer companies name and address and nature of general offer to be made there are quoted on stock the interest of any other person someone, or some group exchanges or are liable to change interested. The Luxembourg acting in concert, controls 30 per of control through open market Bank refused, stating that it cent of the votes of a company. deals, Firm links often exist would be a criminal offence in On the strength of section 212 between a company and a single Luxembourg to do so without the cent of the votes of a company.
On the strength of section 212
of the Companies Act 1985, any
UK public company can require to its long term plans. Moreover, anyone (whether a shareholder or not) whom it has reason to makes the ascertainment of true ness in the United Kingdom, it halieve, either currently or ownership impossible. Continents to tall banks find it difficult to panies Act, as English legislation does not generally have extraunderstand how the requirements of an English Act of Par-

folios they manage. Much of the amounted to a contract governed money is entrusted with these by English law between the combanks just because the true own-ers wish to remain anonymous. Recently decided cases can nominee and the Luxembourg

only have increased the anxiety of overseas banks and their customers. In *Re F.H. Lloyd Holdings*, decided in 1985, Mr Justice Nourse said that the clear purpose of the legislation "is to give a public company and ultimately because the register of share is a true foreigner?" UK legisla-interests which each public com-tion, said the judge, will usually pany must now maintain, and in apply to a foreigner's rights which it must inscribe the infor-under an English contract. He

THE RIGHT of a UK public company to know who are the real observed of its shares — similar its own or any other person's rights exist in the US and in Australian Interest in those shares. The company is an also apply to the court for the reasons for requiring disclosure of beneficial owner of beneficial owner of beneficial owner that foreigners might acquire control of essential Brit. Accordingly the shares are hidden's which is placed by the Cohen Committee in the US, the acquire control of essential Brit. Exchange Act of 1984 or inside industries without anyone being aware of it; and that unscruptious directors could more easily make illegitimate use of inside information under the color of the observed and the established the SEC unscruptions discovered that foreigners might acquire control of essential Brit. Exchange Act of 1984 or inside in any of its shares and the legislation when the source of the shares are hidden."

The reason of the shares are hidden to the 1982 codification in the UK, were first stated in all Australian Subset which is industries without anyone being aware of it; and that unscruptious directors could more easily make illegitimate use of inside but also to any member into the bar as of inside but also to any member in the last case of Geers Gross The latter case of Geers Gross as the different of the public.

There is no doubt about the labition the latter to appear to the legislation in the 1987 with English in the 1982 codification in the UK, were first stated in the stares can be made worthless.

The Australian National Compination and the stress of the power to appear the provision to very similar that are similar to only to share as of the public.

There is no doubt about the labits into tast on the stress for the public to the initing of the shares. The latter case of Geers Gross as of the circumstances the failure to disclose information was a suffiction to the little of the public to the circumstances the failure to only to share as of the public.

There are is no doubt about bank, of whom Geers Gross made a similar inquiry. The Swiss bank refused to disclose the beneficial ownership of the shares on the of inside information under the closk of nominee holdings.

The White Paper on Company and supplementary reports giving 1973 goes one step ing information about any further: "a company fearing a bid ought to have a right to know the real identity of the owners of its shares." Such a view chimes nate requiring disclosure of the true to the supplementary reports giving the company served notice under the predecessor of section 212 on the Luxembourg Bank interested in the shares in questions and if it was not the sole the requiring disclosure of the true ground that the information was confidential under Swiss banking law. The company obtained a

some of the shares which had been sold could be transferred. This was resisted by Geers Gross on the ground that the true own-ership of the shares had never been discovered. SMN and the Swiss bank responded that that information would become irrelevant when the shares were sold

itament can override their sacred obligations of secrecy to their ments. He said that the constitu-customers, and those whose portion of an English company

trust of which the trustee was the English nominee. Accordbeneficial interest was situated in Rngland. "Upon what principle of a public company, and ultimately statutory interpretation," asked the public at large, a prima facie the judge rhetorically, "is it to be unqualified right to know who said that the application (of the are the real owners of its voting section) was not intended, merely shares." The judge's reference to because the person who is the public at large was in point required to give the information

considered that "the balance of convenience" outweighed the prejudice to the innocent placees. The prevailing view of the

courts must be taken to be that the need to get at the true owner-ship of shares, admittedly vital where a bid is involved, but argucourt order restricting transfers of the shares in question.

SMN and the bank applied to share the restriction lifted so that obligation of confidence, but also the interests of innocent third parties. The dilemma of overseas banks is particularly acute, for disclosure of the information requested would expose them to criminal penalties in certain jurisdictions, and always to a breach of the fundamental obligation of secrecy which is owed to

1 Re F.H. Lloyd Holdings plc [1985] BCLC 293 2 Re Geers Gross plc [1987] 1 WLR iff the restriction and his refusal was upheld by the Court of Appeal. The judges all took the view that in deciding whether or not to approve the sale, the Court could take into account the previous firm of City solicitors.

17.4 19.6 20.3 17.2 20.9 17.9 22.1 18.0 19.1 14.6

Joint Announcement by

### **Gold Fields of South Africa Limited** (Gold Fields)

(Registration No 05/04181/06)

### The Randfontein Estates Gold Mining Company, Witwatersrand Limited (Randfontein)

(Registration No 01/00251/06)

New Wits Limited (New Wits)

(Registration No 05/04822/06)

and

### **Venterspost Gold Mining Company Limited** (Venterspost)

(Registration No 05/05632/06)

All incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

### PROPOSED EXTENSION OF VENTERSPOST'S MINING TITLE

An extensive drilling programme carried out by Gold Fields, New Wits and Randfontein to the east of Venterspost has demarcated an area of approximately 1,505 hectares which is underlain by gold-bearing Middelylei Reef at depths of 300 to 2,000 metres below surface. Rights in the area are held in the following proportions: **GOLD FIELDS** 

RANDFONTEIN NEW WITS

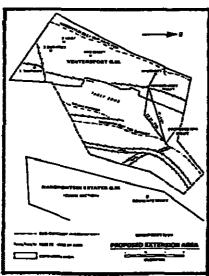
A faulted area, in extent 941 hectares, lies between the area referred to above and Venterspost. An economic assessment of the area of interest indicates that it

could best be worked as an extension of Venterspost. This extension area is expected to produce 23 million mill tons at an average yield of 4.3 grams per ton. Acquisition of the extension area should significantly extend Venterspost's life and increase operational flexibility.

Subject to the consent of its shareholders, the board of Venterspost has therefore agreed to acquire the mineralised area for a consideration to be satisfied by the issue of 4,800,000 deferred shares in Venterspost. These deferred shares

7 June 1988

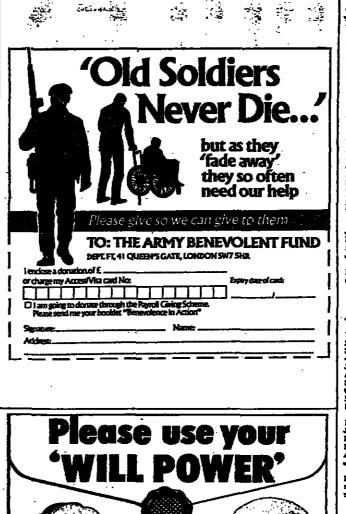
will rank for dividends from 1 July 1992 and will be allotted to the Vendors in the proportions mentioned above. New Wits and Randfontein have also agreed to sell to Venterspost for a cash amount of R127,000 124 hectares of freehold and the mineral rights to the faulted zone, referred to above, which links Venterspost's existing mining area to the mineralised area. An application to consolidate all the mining titles, as shown on the following plan, and to mme in terms of a single State's share of profit formula will be submitted to the relevant authorities.



Venterspost plans to sink a single shaft (No 4 Shaft), initially to a depth of 1,200 metres. This will be connected to No 1 Shaft on 10 level. Men and material hoisting facilities will be provided at No 4 Shaft and No 1 Shaft will be used for rock hoisting and pumping. In due course, the shaft will be deepened to approximately 1,750 metres and connected to No 1 Sub-Vertical Shaft on 24 Level. When the extension area reaches full production it is expected to provide more than 50 per cent of the mill tonnage. As a consequence of the significant increase in the life of the mine, it is intended to increase the milling rate, using current facilities, from 130,000 tons to approximately 140,000 tons per month by January 1989.

On the basis of the projected gold price and costs, it is estimated that Venterspost will need to raise approximately R136 million, calculated in July 1988 money terms, to finance the development of the extension area. The finance required will be raised by means of rights issues of deferred shares.

The enabling resolutions will be submitted to shareholders of Venterspost for consideration at a general meeting which will be convened as soon as possible.



# to help us grow old with dignity

When you are deciding how your will can benefit others, spare a special thought for a charity that's different.

Different because it helps the kind of people who previously never dreamed of seeking charity for themselves, even in their direct straits. Mostly they are educated people—very much like you - who have been struck down by cruel blows of fate they could

Over the last 90 years, the work of the DGAA has lifted thousands of kindly men and women (many whose lives have been devoted to caring for others) from the mental and physical abyss of bereavement, financial crisis and approaching frailty. In every part

of the country we have been helping to keep them in their own homes, but, when necessary, in one of ours.

Few other charities provide quite the same service for quite the same kind of people. Especially we need the "will power" of legacies to help us continue and expand our work. Please use some f yours in this very worthwhile cause.

We are a sincere, prudent and immensely caring charity, and we romise to use your bequest very carefully and well.

THE DISTRESSED GENTLEFOLK'S AID ASSOCIATION

consist 1897. Paren H.M. Queer Elizabeth, the Queer Mothe

Dept 7, Vicarage Gate House, Vicarage Gate,

London W8 4AQ. Tel: 01-229 9341 (Please make cheques payable to "DGAA")

UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS 103.1 104.4 107.9 109.7 106.0 110.0 109.0 109.0 111.0 114.5 120.9 120.9 121.9 121.0 122.0 119.0 122.0 129.0 115.0 100.7 101.7 195.1 107.3 192.5 106.9 105.8 108.5 107.0 109.4

20.2 29.3 21.7 24.1 24.2 21.0 21.4 28.8 21.8 21.8 +6,723 +8,554 +11,505 +11,185 +4,531 +2,651 +4,924 +2,922 +3,276 +4,887

11.8 +13,028 7.9 +5,588 9.9 +2,549 17.7 +4,891 22.1 +5,827

3,051 890 1,102 1,059 1,576

129.8 129.7 121.9 122.4 131.3 131.1 130.9 131.4 135.1 149.8 150.9 151.6 152.2 151.5 152.0 152.6 153.2 153.7 189.8 101.8 105.1 103.2 103.1 203.4 105.9 188.4 183.3 190.6 191.8 190.5 181.7 190.7 190.4 191.1 191.6 192.4 133.7 121.9 121.9 131.8 132.0 165.2 154.4 155.2 155.9 154.6

وعدا من الأعل

### IPE crude futures in \$1m relaunch

International Petroleum scheme from some of the 35 Exchange yesterday announced the launch of a revised crude-oil the launch of a revised crude-oil he called rearguard. He said the scheme is a payment to members executive, blamed failure of the futures contract on June 23 and a scheme would benefit all of \$2 for a round turn for each lot previous contract on two factors: Sim promotional programme to members if the exchange build volume and liquidity in the contributed to a successful

was enormous.

It filled an industry need for an oil futures contract in time zones outside the US, where the New York Mercantile Exchange has successfully establish contracts based on West Texas Intermediate crude. Yesterday, reaction among oil-

traders was cautiously positive. Traders indicated they would probably participate in trading the contact should sufficient liquidity be established.

The IPE's attempt to launch a similar contract in late-1985 did not get off the ground. The centreplece of efforts to gain market acceptance for the revamped contract is the issue of 35 trading permits for the crude

A permit would accept and the floor to deal only in crude oil. The permits, which can be sold, would be valid for one year contracts to non-members of the initially. They could be converted exchange, with an incentive into a licence to deal in other IPE promotional efforts are aimed at scheme to encourage higher

members of the exchange whom

trading instrument.

Mr Derek Whiting, the exchange's chairman, said the potential for the new contract potential for the new contract recently sold IPE membership for the defended £60,000. Members are fetched £60,000. Members are concerned about non-members gaining access to exchange

A total of 70 permits is to issued, half given free to current exchange members, the rest to be sold for £1,000 each.

Mr Whiting said the actual cost of trading on the exchange would be higher because of costs associated with requirements under the Financial Services Act, high the Association of Evitance. to join the Association of Futures Brokers and Dealers.

A permit would authorise

LONDON-BASED expected opposition to the permit permit-holders who achieved device without fears that

Also included in the incentive of crude contracts, to a maximum of 200,000 lots, and a holiday from Exchange and Clearing House fees until the end of October.

The IPE also introduced two pased on an index of Brent Oil prices compiled from specialist far too big for many traders.

price is based on the average of the past five days' indices. This will be changed to the index as of the last trading day.

The cessation-of-trading date would also be advanced to the loth contract to date is in gasoil futures. However, big oil companies say that while they

10th calendar day of the month. This is because liquidity in the underlying 15-day Brent market tends to decline toward the 15th of the month, as delivery dates are specified on the forward mar-ket and traders close positions to take delivery on physical oil.

cheme to encourage higher contracts should minimum quickly building liquidity to a volume of trading.

However, Mr Whiting said he free licences would be issued to safely be used as a hedging

positions could not be squared. Mr Peter Wildblood, IPE chief

• The newness of the concept of cash settlement based on the index because there is no readily-available source of crude oil that could match the contract changes in the specifications for specifications. The contracts for 1,000-barrel contracts, which are 15-day Brent oil are written in

The current final-settlement • The oil-price collapse and associated problems in the Brent

The exchange's only successful contract to date is in gasoil futures. However, hig oil companies say that while they trade freely in the instrument they are still cautious not to build an excessively large position that could not be easily closed out.

Mr Wildblood said he was

continuing talks with Singapore Monetary Exchange that could lead to establishment of a contract in Singapore mutually offset against the IPE contract Nymex had earlier quit talks with the IPE about trading a WII

### Banana producers fear loss of EC share

By Canute James in Kingston

CARIBBEAN banana producers, who supply about two thirds of Britain's demand, are more than slightly worried about retaining their market share after European Community members harmonise their trade policies in 1992.

The producers - the Wind-ward Islands of St Lucia, Dominica, St Vincent and Grenada, along with Jamaica and Belize - have enjoyed preferential access to the British market for the past three decades. But the region, which last year supplied about 240,000 tonnes of the fruit to Britain, is worried that the loss of this spe-cial treatment with the opening up of the community market to other imports in 1992, will damage the industry, reduce foreign earnings and affect thousands of small farmers, who are the main pro-

ducers.
"Caribbean bahana exporting countries recognise the importance of preferential entry," said Dr Percival Brod-erick, Jamaica's Agriculture Minister. He said the produc-ers in the region had started lobbying to protect their access to the British market after 1992.

"Farty indications are that

"Early indications are that our claim is appreciated and understood and should be suc-

Mr Cyril Matthew, managing director of the Windward Island's Banana Growers Association, said the Association had started work to safeguard its preferential access to Britain, although "we do not know yet what will be the effect of the changes in Europe

The hopes for protection of the region's access are not sup-ported by latent concern expressed by Dr Broderick, who is worried about the loss of market share to Central American producers, who have frequently argued against the protection which Caribbean fruit enjoys on the British

"Our most recent information is that dollar area fruit has been given guaranteed access of approximately 8 per cent of the United Kingdom market - some 30,000 tonnes in 1989," the minister said. "This is an important change to traditional trading arrange-ments, particularly as the main exporters to the United Kingdom anticipated an oversupply by 1990 if optimistic growth forecasts are assumed. "Let us not fool ourselves We can expect continued pres-sure from dollar countries to increase their present guaran-

teed minimum of 30,000

**US MARKETS** 

PRECIOUS METALS weakened in late

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

# Cominco takes zinc price lead with rise to \$1,200 a tonne

BY KENNETH GOODING, MINING CORRESPONDENT

In doing so, it leap-frogged two other big zinc producers, tomes of the total is low-grade material. Electrolytic Zinc of Australasia, and Noranda, of Canada.

They raised their prices to \$1,175 a tonne two weeks ago after most other zinc-producers and state of \$1,175 a tonne two weeks ago after most other zinc-producers.

after most other zinc-producers said other zinc-producers were had risen to \$1,100 a tonne in the bound to follow Cominco quickly

COMINCO, THE Canadian patterns of the prices of spare-parts and by guerrilla attacks. These have caused the story of tonnes at the end of last indigence of the prices of the spare of the prices of t mines to declare force majoure. Output at Cajamarquilla mine

Mr Buxton said: "Under these and some might go higher than circumstances zinc prices can go previous few days.

At the start of this year the EPP was \$860 a tonne. Since then demand, particularly from the

### Inco becomes associate LME member

BY KENNETH GOODING

IN A move seen by some observince of the considerable significance, inco, the Canadian group which is the world's largest nickel producer, has joined the that those metal producers who nickel producer, has joined the London Metal Exchange as an associate trade member.

Traders said the decision of such a major producer to throw its hat into the ring, backing the LME and the LME pricing of mickel must considerably hearten the Exchange's board

suggraphe pressure recently try, became an associate member recovered strongly and yesterday because most of the metals of the LME two weeks ago. Inco's was up another \$550 a tonne for traded on the Exchange traded on the Exchange - move comes at a time when the

The LME must now be hoping that those metal producers who in the past have tended to turn their backs on the Exchange because they would prefer to fix their own prices will follow inco's lead.

Another big producer, Chile the Exchange's board.

The board has been under considerable pressure recently try, became an associate member

unions without a strike. (As part of that deal the bonus paid to Canadian mine employees was changed so that it now relates to Inco's average realised price for nickel rather than being based on

However, this week nickel has

### Energy Secretary highlights US gas hopes

THE US can cut its oil-import gas at much lower levels. THE US can cut its oil-import dependence by 1m barrels a day by increasing domestic use of natural gas, Mr John Herrington, US Energy Secretary, says.

In a speech to the American Gas Association this week he cited new estimates that, at according to the said of the cited new estimates that, at according to the said of the cited new estimates that, at according to the consumption levels the said.

It cut its regulatory administration from almost 2,000 lawyers and regulators to a swelfage of shout 200 lt lowered. current consumption levels, the workforce of about 200. It lowered US had, in the "lower 48" states alone, a 35-year supply of natural one, a 35-year supply of natural federal lands and put forward a is retrievable at costs of less five-year plan for exploration offthan \$3 per 1,000 cu ft. Past shore.

forecasts put the supply of cheap

rents for oil and gas leases on

politically sensitive initiative, predicted it would repeal the pointically sensitive initiative, opposed by environmentalists.

He said: "We are pushing hard to open up exploration of the coastal strip of the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge. We believe that it has huge gas reserves, possibly larger than contained in trade legislation produced by the Procident. Prudhoe Bay (the massive vetoed by the President. Alaskan oilfield)."

However, he said the

rents for oil and gas leases on federal lands and put forward a five-year plan for exploration off-shore.

He called on Congress to could only be passed if attached continue the process of to another bill, and passage of decontrolling natural gas another trade bill this year would be difficult.

### Record Australian farm exports forecast

AUSTRALIA'S AGRICULTURAL grow by nearly A\$1bn, or 7 per expected to rise by more than exports are expected to reach a cent, to A\$15.4bn," the bureau half, cotton exports by a third. record A\$15.4bn (£6.75bn) in the says.

week, says stocks of wool and average indicator price of 1,005 wheat, of which Australia is a cents a kilogram. It foresees a 7 leading world exporter, are per cent contraction in wheat need to come from current

aggregate volume, and the value two-thirds the value of wheat a big contributor to the dramatic most price gains forecast in of rural exports is forecast to exports. Rice and pea exports are expansion in domestic demand world markets.

Economics forecasts. wool, Australia's biggest export, A\$16.9hn, is expected to grow 7.5

The bureau, in its Rural will remain about steady at per cent, to A\$4.3bn.

Outlook study published this A\$6.1bn, based on an unchanged This, in terms of real

"Moderately higher export to come from sugar, forecast to prices are forecast to more than offset the slight decline in aggregate volume, and the value to come from sugar, forecast to more than offset the slight decline in aggregate volume, and the value two-thirds the value of wheat a big contributor to the damage appreciation of the sharp the local currency, particularly improvement in commodity against the US dollar. The bureau argues that on balance the aggregate volume, and the value of wheat a big contributor to the damage.

The bureau forecasts a 7 per

This, in terms of real wheat, sugar and cotton world purchasing power for farmers, stocks have been cut to a point represents little change in where markets are very sensitive income but follows a 65 per cent to adverse weather The biggest contributions to output in the year just ending.

This is the result of the sharp

displayed by the Australian economy over recent months. The bureau warns of its year to next June but aggregate. This compares with an cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts that potentially volumes will actually fall estimated 19 per cent growth in farm output in 1988-89, to conflicting developments have of Agricultural and Resource.

The oureau iorecasts a 7 per true oureau warns of its overall forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts a 7 per rise oureau warns of its potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent rise in gross value of overall forecasts a 7 per rise oureau warns of its potentially conflicting developments have after a 6 per cent growth in a farm output in 1988-89, to conflict forecasts that potentially conflicting developments have created unusual uncertainty It says that in oilseeds, grains

> Offsetting this for Australia i the recent strong appreciation of

### EC approves German farm aid

BY TIM DICKSON IN BRUSSELS

THE European Commission last night approved the West German Government's plans to make direct payments to its farmers totalling DM1.1bn (£350m) a year from the start of next year to the end of 1992.

The new scheme, already agreed in principle at the Brussels Summit in mid-1987, is designed as compensation for the one per cent dismantlement of positive MCAs which takes place in 1988-89 (a move which will effectively reduce the EC's support prices by an equivalent percentage in the national money of West Germany and the Nether-

The issue has generated considerable debate inside the Euronean Commission and according to some observers could further

THE EUROPEAN Commission has decided to suspend until June 10 advance crushing sub-sidies for rapeseed and sunflowerseed for the next six mouths, Commission officials

Confirming an earlier report from the UK Intervention Board, one official said the decision had been taken because of an "unstable price situation" – a reference to the steep rise in world market prices for oils and market over prices for oils and meals over the past week.

green currencies, and hence price increases in local currencies for their farmers.

Another key question has been the level of West German com-

CRUDE Off. (Light) 42,000 US galls \$/barrel

Latest Previous High/Low

when the Community agreed to its revision of the MCA system – and dismantling of positive MCAs – in 1984. Two per cent of this is due to cease at the end of this year but the June 1987 summit agreed that the final 1 per cent MCA dismantlement this marketing year "would be compensated by a German national aid equivalent to 2 VAT points... but without such aid being linked to production."

Under the rules drawn up by Mr Frans Andriessen, the aid will not be determined on the basis of

not be determined on the basis of a holding's output quantities or turnover, but on the basis of util-ised agricultural area. The Commission's aim is to try to prevent the aid benefiting part time farmers already enjoying adequate incomes, and thus acting as an complicate the already difficult the level of West German comnegotiations on 1988-89 farm pensation, at a time when there
prices which will start in earnest is persistent concern about the Minister Mr Ignaz Kiechle is when BC Farm Ministers meet in dangers of growing national super expected to present a compro-Luxembourg next week.

Although there is no formal mon Agricultural Policy reform when the Council meets on Moning West German payments that the Germans have been series of bilateral "confessionals" (which has yet to be approved by over-paying their farmers under member states) could reinforce similar arrangements in the past member states in Brussels this demands from those countries West Germany was first week, which were described by (notably France) which, against allowed to make direct compensation of their through a 5 per cent VAT refund encouraging.".

Chicago

### **LONDON MARKETS**

goliar.		<u> </u>
SPOY MARKETS		_
Crede ell (per barrol FOB)		+ or -
Dubal	\$14.35-4.45u	
Brent Blend	\$16.25-6.35	+0.10
W.T.I.(1 pm (st)	\$17.33-7.38u	-0.06
Oil products (NWE prompt o	lelivery per to	+ or -
Premium Gasoline	\$195-197	
Gas Oil (Soviet)	\$138-140	-1
Heavy Fuel On	\$75-76	
Nephtha	\$150-161	-1
Petroleum Argus Estimates	<u> </u>	
Other		+ or -
Gold (per tray as)	\$458.25	-5.25
Silver (per troy oc) 🚭	718c	-15
Platinum (per troy ec)	\$589.0	-26.1
Palladium (per troy oz)	\$130.0	-2.9
Aluminium (froe market)	\$3745	-110
Copper (US Producer)	1155 <sub>8</sub> -118¢	
Lead (US Producer)	35.0c	-0.5
Nickel (free market)	710c	+15
Tin (European free market)		-2.5
Tin (Kuala Lumpur markot) Tin (New York)	18,21r 331.5c	+0.03
Zinc (Euro, Prod. Price)	\$1157.5	-1.11
Zinc (US Prime Wastern)	62.126c	
Cattle (live weight)	115.63p	+2.57
Sheep (dead weight)†	237,13p	+9.99*
Pigs (live weight):	71.98p	+0.74"
London daily sugar (raw)	\$260.0y	-2.5
London daily sugar (white)	\$267.0y	-0.5
Tate and Lyle export price	£250 5	-2.5
Barley (English feed)	£102.5z	
Maize (US No. 3 yellow)	£136.5	
Wheat (US Dark Northern)		-1.25
Rubber (spot) 9	84.0p	
Rubber (July)♥	89.00	
Rubber (Aug)♥	89.5p	
Rubber (KL RSS No 1 July)		÷1.5
Commet oil (Dhillen-scott	eso.	<del></del> -

Conditionary 1 12%  Jun 7 : 12%  8 : 1241,70  FFEE E/horin  Close  7 : 1139  9 : 1149  9 : 1160  1 : 180  1 : 180  O indicator p	924 945 972 986 1033 1033 1033 1033 1031 1051 (3077) lots of prices (SDRs   S.PS   (1218.92) (1248.94) 9 9 1195 1196 1196 1195 1205 (4285) lots of prices (US continues (U	Pigh/Low  1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1156 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 tonnes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 20.20 224.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
917 9 936 9 967 9 982 9 1012 1032 9 1050 mover: 6186 70 indicator Jun 7: 121; 8 : 1241,70  FFEE L/torm Close 9 1149 9 1149 9 1189 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180	924 945 972 986 1013 1033 1051 1033 1051 (3077) lots of prices (SDRs) 3.09 (1219-92) (1246.94)  8 8 Pravious 1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1295 (4285) lots of prices (US continues (US conti	923 913 944 933 972 982 986 989 1015 1010 1031 1024 1050 1043 10 tynnes per brane). Delity pri 1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1165 1190 1180 1195 5 tonnes sper pound) for Ju 21.17); 16 day avera 1154 1157 1164 1145 1173 1156 1180 1180 1195 1180 1180 1195 25 tonnes 15 tonnes 16 tonnes 17 tonnes 18 tonn
p 936 957 982 987 992 99 1012 99 1050 morver: 6186 70 morver: 6186 957 91 1149 91 1149 91 1180 97 1180	945 972 986 1013 1033 1051 1033 1051 (3077) lots of prices (SDRs) 3.69 (1219.92) (1246.94)  8 8 Pravious 1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lots of prices (US continues	944 933 972 982 986 989 1015 1010 1031 1024 1050 1043 10 tennes per tenne). Delity pri- 10 day average for 1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1155 1173 1155 1183 1166 1190 1180 1190 1180 21.17); 15 day average 1 high/Low 230.20 224.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
957 9 982 9 1032 9 1032 p 1032 p 1032 p 1050 mover: 6186 CO Indicator 1 187 1 8 : 1241,70  NFFEE E/honn 1 189 p 1149 p 1149 p 1149 p 1189 rr 1180 comp. dillocator p	972 905 1013 1033 1051 (3077) lots of prices (SDRs (S)	### 982 983 989 1015 1010 1015 1010 1024 1050 1043 10 tonnes per tonne). Delty pri-10 day average for 1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1166 1190 1180 1195 5 tonnes to per pound) for Ju 21.77); 15 day average 1154 1155 1163 1160 1190 1180 1195 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 1180 118
y 1912 1032 1032 1032 1032 1032 1032 1032 10	1013 1033 1051 (3077) lots of prices (SDRs 1,599 (1218-92) (1246-94)  8 Previous 1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1285 (4285) lots of prices (US centres (US c	1015 1010 1031 1024 1050 1043 10 tyrunes per tyrunes, Daily pri .10 day average for 1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1156 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 tyrunes 28 per pound) for Ju 28.177; 15 day avera 1154 1157 1155 1168 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 25 tyrunes 25 tyr
1032 p 1030 p 1030 p 1050 p 1050 p 1050 p 1050 p 1139 p 1149 p 1149 p 1160 p 1180 p 11	1033 1051 (3077) lots of prices (SDRs   3.99 (1219.92) (1246.94)  e a Previous 1154 1177 1180 1196 1195 1195 1255 (4285) lots of prices (US continues (US co	1631 1024 1050 1043 10 tomes per tome!. Delly pri .10 day average for 1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1156 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 1160 1195 1
mover: 6186 CO Indicator Jun 7: 121: 18: 1241.70 Clost 11:39 p 11:49 p 11:49 p 11:49 p 11:69 p 11:80 p 11:80 comp. daily 7.70 (117.46)	(3077) lots of prices (SDRs (SOR (SDRs (SDRs (SDRs (SOR (SDRs (SOR (SOR (SOR (	1050 1043 10 tomes towned, Delity prints towned, Delity prints towned, Delity prints 1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1165 1180 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 towned to day average towned, Delity 1165 1180 1180 1195 1180 1180 1195 25 towned towned, For July 21.17); 15 day average 118.00 223.00 224.00 223.00 224.00 223.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
Control of the contro	prices (SDRs	Pigh/Low  1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1156 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 tonnes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 20.20 224.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
Jun 7: 1213 18: 1241,70 Close Close 1139 1149 1149 1160 1160 1160 1160 1160 1160 1160 116	3.59 (1219.92) (1246.94)  8 Previous 1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lots of wrices (US contributes (US contributes) (US	High/Low  1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1165 1183 1165 1190 1180 1195 5 tennes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 16 day avera  High/Low 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00
Close 1139 pp 1149 pp 1149 pp 1149 pp 1149 pp 1169 pp 1180 pp	(1246.94)  a Pravious  1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lots of prices (US continues (US continu	High/Low  1154 1147 1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1166 1190 1180 1195 5 tennes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
Close 9 1139 9 1149 1169 11 189 11 189 11 1180	a Previous 1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lots of rices (US cent 1979 122.52 (1:  bonne e Previous 231.00 0256.00 00 225.00 00 224.60 00 225.60 00 224.60 00 225.60	1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1166 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 tennes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
Close 9 1139 9 1149 1169 11 189 11 189 11 1180	a Previous 1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lots of rices (US cent 1979 122.52 (1:  bonne e Previous 231.00 0256.00 00 225.00 00 224.60 00 225.60 00 224.60 00 225.60	1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1166 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 tennes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
7 1139 p 1149 p 1149 n 1189 n 1189 n 1189 n 1180 r	1155 1184 1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lots of rices (US cent 1978 122.52 (1:  bonne e Previous 231.00 0256.00 90 225.00 90 224.60 90 223.20 90 224.60	1154 1137 1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1166 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 tennes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
p 1149 pv   160 pv   160 pv   160 pv   189 pt	1184 1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lois of prices (US cent 1979 122.52 (1) 1979 122.52 (1)	1164 1145 1173 1155 1183 1156 1190 1180 1190 1180 1195 5 tennes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 21.17); 15 day avera 22.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00
w [168] n 1189 n 1189 lr 1190 1190 lr	1172 1180 1195 1205 (4285) lois of ordiness (US centress	1173 1155 1183 1165 1190 1180 1195 5 tennes 5 per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 21.17); 16 day avera 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00
ur 1180 ur 1190 mover: 3038 O indicator p Comp. dully 7.70 (117.40).  PGAR \$ per   W Clos. 219.4	1195 (4285) lots of sirices (US centifies (US centifies) (US centi	1190 1180 1195 5 tonnes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 21.17); 15 day avera 20.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
y 1180 mover: 3038 0 indicator p Comp. dully 7.70 (117.40).  PGAR \$ per PW Clos 224: 219.4 224: 219.4 227: 228: 228: 228: 238: 248: 248: 248: 248: 248: 248: 248: 24	1205 (4285) lots of viries (US cent 1979 122.52 (1) tonne e	1195 5 tonnes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 3 High/Low 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00
O Indicator p Comp. delity 7.70 (117.46). JGAR \$ per Per Close 22 243. 218.4 22 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0	bonne Previous 20 231.00 225.00 223.00 223.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60	5 tennes ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 15 day avera 1 High/Low 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00 223.00
O Indicator p Comp. delity 7.70 (117.46). JGAR \$ per Per Close 22 243. 218.4 22 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0	bonne Previous 20 231.00 225.00 223.00 223.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60 225.60	ts per pound) for Ju 21.17); 16 day avera 3 high/Low 20.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00
7.70 (117.49).  PGAR \$ per    PGAR \$ per	tonne e Previous 20 231,00 (0 225,00 30 228,00 50 224,20 50 223,20 50 225,60	30.20 224.00 230.20 224.00 225.00 225.00 225.00 223.00 223.00
FIGAR S per 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	tomne e Previous 20 231,00 40 225,00 80 224,20 60 224,20 60 223,20 60 224,60 100 225,60	230,20 224,00 225,20 219,00 225,00 223,60 218,00 223,00 223,00
NW Clos  15 2242  15 219.4  16 222.6  17 217.8  19 218.6  18 Close  19 258.0	e Previous 20 231,00 60 226,00 90 229,00 90 224,20 90 224,90 90 224,60 10 225,60	230,20 224,00 225,20 219,00 225,00 223,60 218,00 223,00 223,00
NW Clos  15 2242  15 219.4  16 222.6  17 217.8  19 218.6  18 Close  19 258.0	e Previous 20 231,00 60 226,00 90 229,00 90 224,20 90 224,90 90 224,60 10 225,60	230,20 224,00 225,20 219,00 225,00 223,60 218,00 223,00 223,00
21 219.4 22 22.8 217.8 217.6 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0	60 226.00 90 228.00 80 224.20 30 223.20 10 224.60 10 225.60	226.20 219.00 225.00 223.60 218.00 223.00 223.00
219.4 222.8 217.8 217.6 217.6 218.0 218.0 218.0 218.0	90 228.00 90 224.20 90 228.20 90 224.60 90 225.60	225.00 223.80 218.00 223.00 223.00
ar 217.8 ay 217.6 ag 218.0 2 218.0 hillin Close	60 224.20 30 223.20 30 224.60 30 225.60	223.60 218.00 223.00 223.00
ay 217.6 ng 218.0 n 218.0 nile Close	30 223.20 30 224.60 30 225.60	223.00 223.00
218.0 http://doi.org/ 10/259.0	00 225.60	
ntie Close		
ıg 259.0	e Previous	High/Low
ig 259.0		
<u> </u>	0 262.50	263.00 258.00
	0 256.00	258.00 251.00
c 251.0 er 254.5	0 256.00 0 258.50	255.50 251.00 258.50 257.00
ry 255.0	0 259.00	259.00 257.00
		oto -d 60 seeses, 1/0-
59 (1320).	9900 (E-E-) W	and do the seasonal sett
5 141U, MG	MOU, MEY IN	CO, AUG 1430
S OIL S/tons	M8	
		High/Low
		141.75 139.00
140.2	5 139.25	740.25 138.00
		141,00 139,25 142,25 140,50
t 143.0	0 142.75	143.00 141.25
		143.50 142.25 144.25 143.75
		145.00
		100 tonnes
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
AINS E/tonne	0	·
		High/Low
		108.00 107.90 105.70 104.95
r 107.0	0 108.00	107,75 107.00
		109.80 109.15
		111.90 111.20 114.35 113.45
_		
		high/Low
		101.50 101.00 103.75 103.00
		105.50 105.40
107.75	108.36	108.15 107.75
<u>/ 110.10</u>	110.75	110.50 110.10
	257.6 258.1 258.1 258.1 258.1 258.1 258.1 259.1	257.00 280.00 252.00 282.00 252.00 282.00 252.00 282.00 252.00 282.00 252.00 282.00 252.00 282.00 252.01 252.01 253.01 25

E/tonne			LONDON	METAL EXCHA	HOE		(Prices supp	iled by Amalgar	nated Metal Trading)
Close	Previous	High/Law		Close	Previous	High/Low	AM Offici	al Kerb olose	Open Interest
917	924	923 913	Aleenlatum	, 99.7% purity (\$	per tonne)			R	ling turnover 0 tonne
936 967	945 972	944 933 972 982	Cash 3 months	3780-800 2735-65	3795-815 2730-50		3735-55 2710-30	2730-50	5,750 lots
982 1012	996 1013	996 989 1015 1010		.29.5% portly (£					urnover 24,800 tonne
1032 1050	1033 1051	1031 1024 1050 1043	Cash	2082-7	2085-105		2050-60		
r: 6186 (307			3 months	1494,5-5	1492-4	1498/1465	1479-80	1492-3	58,858 lots
dicator pric 7 : 1213.69	es (SDRs p 1219.92) .1	er tonne). Delly price IO day everage for	Copper, ea	1480-5	1498-603	1482/1480	1481-2	- mg t	urnover 24,050 tonne
1241.70 (124	46.94)	• -	3 months	1278-9	1263-4	1290/1272		1273-4	70,825 lots
E/tonna			Copper, St	andard (E per to					ing turnover 0 tonne
Close	Previous	High/Low	Cash 3 months	1280-305 1235-45	1310-30 1235-55		1275-300 1230-40		47 fats
1139 1149	1155 1184	1154 1137 1164 1145	Stiver (US	cents/fine ounce	<del></del>			_	Ring turnover 0 ozs
f f60 1169	1172	1173 1156	Cash	700-2	730-3		713-6		
1180	1180 1195	1183 1166 1190 1180	2 months Lead (£ pe	713-5	743-6		725-9	715-20 Dina h	709 lots urnover 18.400 topne
1190 er: 3038 (42	1205	1195	Cash	379-81	372-4	387/376	376-8	- rang u	211049L (0'400 10th)
lcator price	s (US cents	per pound) for June	3 months	352-4	352-3	356/361	350-2	353-4	11,393 lots
o. Cully 1975 117,48),	122.52 (12	1.17); 15 day average	Mickel (\$ p					Ring	turnover 1,320 tonne
			Cash 3 months	16350-450 14600-700	15700-6000 14450-500	16900/189		14450-550	6,116 lots
t \$ per tonn	_		Ziec (£ per	tonne)			-	Ring to	mover 20,700 tonne
224.20	Previous 231.00	High/Low	Cesh	777-82 705-7	770-\$ 700-2	782/780	782-5		******
219.40	226.00	230.20 224.00 226.20 219.00	3 months	US-1	100-2	712/998	710-1	703-5	20,873 lots
222.80 217.80	228.00 224.20	225.00 223.60 218.00							
217.80 218.00	223.20 224.60	223.00	POTATOES	Shonne			LONDON BUI	Lion MARKET	
218.00	225.60	223.00		iose Previou	s High/Low		Gold (fine oz)	\$ price	Instaviupe 2
Close	Previous	High/Low		92.0 92.5 00.0 100.0	91.5 <b>91.</b> 0 98.5		Close	458-458 <sup>1</sup> 2	252-252 2
259.00	262.50	263.00 258.00	Apr 1	38.8 139.0	141.0 137.0		Opening Morning Sx	458 ¼ -458 ¾ 458.75	252-2521 <sub>2</sub> 251.784
251.00 251.00	256.00 256.00	258.00 251.00 255.50 251.00		49.0 148.0 399 (219) lots of	150.0 149.0		Alternoon fix Day's high	457.85 458 \ -458 \	251.359
254.50 255.00	258.50 258.00	258.50 257.00		MEAL Extense			Day's low	457 4 457 4	
257.00	260.00	259.00 257.00		ilose Previou	s High/Low		Coles	\$ price	£ equivalent
258.00	262.00	s of 50 tennes; White		68.00 173.00	171.00 186.		US Engle Medicions	472-477 472-477	260-263 280-263
320).	•			55.50 173.50 70.50 175.50	173.00 184.1 175.00 187.1		Britannia Krugerrand	472-477 457-490	260-263 251 ½-258½
		Aug 1501, Oct 1470, 5, Aug 1495	Turnover:	361 (465) lots of	100 tonnes.		1/2 Krug 1/4 Krug	239 <sup>1</sup> 2-248 <sup>1</sup> 2 120-128	131 년 - 138 년 <b>6</b> 8-70 년
		- <del></del>	FREIGHT F	UTURES \$10/Ind	ex point		Angel 1/10 Angel	471-476	2594-262
L \$/tonne Close	Pravious	High/Low		Rose Previou	<u>-</u>		New Sov.	48-63 108-109	26-1 <sub>1</sub> -29-1 <sub>8</sub> 59-1 <sub>2</sub> -60-1 <sub>4</sub>
139.50	141.25	141.75 139.00		297.0 1242.0 384.0 1340.0	1297.0 1250 1385.0 1350		Old Sov. Noble Plat	108-109 <sup>3</sup> 2 600.5-607.9	591 <sub>2</sub> -601 <sub>2</sub> 330.6-334.65
140.25 141.00	139.25	140.25 138.00 141.00 139.25		380.0 1364.0 437.5 1395.0	1395.0 1365 1437.5 1400				
142.25	140.50 142.25	142.25 140.50		287.0 1288.0			Silver \$2.	p/line oz	US cts equiv
143.00 143.50	142.75 145.00	148.00 141.25 143.50 142.25	Turnover:	E37 (381)			Spot	394.80	719.10
144.75 148.75	147.00 147.00	144.25 143.75 145.00	10.1-20-11				3 months 6 months	403.45 412.30	739.55 747.90
r: 6849 (571							12 months	430.95	778.85
	<u> </u>	<del></del>	WOOL	<del></del>					
E/tonne				or new business			LONDON MET/	L DICHUNCE T	RADIED OPTIONS
Close	Previous	High/Low	week's b	n was for most E ank holiday shut	down. Uncertain	ties	Aluminium (98.	7%)	Çalis Puts
107.90 104.95	108.45 105.00	108.00 107.90 105.70 104.95		not least in reap gree, and in the			Strike price \$ 1	tonne du	y Sept July Sept
107.00 108.15	108.90 110.15	107,75 107.00 109.80 109.15	themselv	es. In the major	market of Austr	elia.	2500	420	
111.20	112.20	111.00 111.20	appreciat	eson irregulariti ing by 30c while	Others declined	lbw	2700 2900	273 162	3 223 84 228 2 147 172 348
113.45	114.65	114.35 113.45		clouding what he the alide from p			Aluminium (99.	5%)	Calls Puts
Close	Previous	High/Low	Stightly is	ncreased lavolve	ment by the		2500	415	
101.00 103.05	101.50 103.75	101.50 101.00 103.75 103.00	determin	n Wool Corporati ation to use flexi	ble intervention	in i	2700 2900	265 153	
105.40 107.75	106.20 108.35	105.50 105.40 108.15 107.75	prevent a	ny substantial ta re entering the m	ill. in Such a clin Mirkel only on th	nafe,	Copper (Grade	A) (	Celts Puta
110.10	110.75	110.50 110.10		rders in hand. In			2100		272 12 95

		MEIALS W	DEMONIST.	121 1010		17 <i>.2</i> 7				- 4014		00 bu min; çe		
nne trad	ding, ext	ending ear	lier sligh	t losses as	اول وريم	17.38	17.37 17.45	17.36 17.48	17,26 17,34		Close	Previous	High/L	
		on of a firm		dollar,	Sep	17.43	17,47	17,49	17.37			FIETOUS		.OW
loca	al and tr	ade seliing	elected		Nov	17.45	17.47	17.49	17.40	Jul	850/4	882/0	880/0	859/0
nne com	nmissio	house sel	i stops, a	is the	Dec	17.49	17.46	17,48	17.39	γυρ	865/4	887/0	685/0	863/0
- mar	rkets pe	netrated ne	arby suc	poort	Feb	17.39	17.40	0	0	Sep Nov	861/4 862/0	886/4	882/0	861/0
		rts Drexel			Mar	17.30	17.37	17.30	17.30		866/4	890/4	8864)	-981/6
		following a			Apr	17-28	17.34	17.30	17.28	Jen Mar	872/4	866/4	891/0	868/0
					MEAT	NO OH 49	000 US gai	a contest to	2 th-	May	868/0	901/2	895/0	872/0
		revious da			100-7-1					- Jul	855/C	889/4 875/4	883/ <u>0</u> 873/0	864/0
				ide selling,		Letost	Previous	High/L	)W/	Aug	840/0	854/0	845/D	855/0 835/0
touc	ching of	stops in mo	oderate v	<i>r</i> olume.	Jul	4580	4623	4815	4555	Nov	708/0	716/0	722/0	707/0
nne Ener	rgy futu	res reacted	to mildi	y bearish	Aug	4620	4855	4650	4590					(1)/4
AP.	.i. Statis	tics by wea	kenina a	n trade	Sep	4695	4722	4715	4670	BUTA	BEAN OIL (	30,000 lbs; ce		
ores	ssure to	llowing ear	lier track	hinding	Oct	4765	4792	4785	4740		Close	Previous	High/L	~
	fae fell r	n eneculati	hen tona	liquidation,	Nov	4855	4862	4853	4836					
ozs Com	oo kale	n specueu		11401020014 	Jan	4940	4952	4940	4935	Jul	25.23	25.96	25.79	25.15
		a iuliy <del>au</del> i	in suppo	rt area and		4925	4685	4925	4925	Aug	25.46	28.17	26.00	25.45
		nission hou			Mar	4725	4760	4730	4720	Sep Oct	25.88 25.87	26.35	26.25	25.68
		near July			COCO	10 tonner	-4/200000			Dec	25.21	26.52	25.45	25.時
tollo	owing to	ide pressu	re. Sugar	eased on	-					Jan	26.20	26.90	25.50	26.20
a co	əmbinati	on of trade	and spe	culative		Close	Previous	ı High/Lo	W	Mar	26.30	28.95	26.85	28.20
والعو	ing as ti	e market r	eacted to	the	- <del>Jul</del>	1549	1577	1573	1547	May	26.65	27.20 27.65	27.00	26.30
		eans by br			Sep	1579	1603	1601	1576	Jul	28.50	27.50	27.20	26.65
					Dec	1611	1635	1638	1610	Aug	26.60	27.57	27.20 26.60	26.50
		ris of unex			Mar	1649	1673	1652	1648	-		414	GAU!	26.80
		forecasts f			May	1673	1897	0	0					
				beans and	Jul	1696	1723	1710 .	1710	JUYAL		. 100 tone; \$/	lon	
		. Soymeal			Sep	1728	1746	1730	1730		Close	Previous	High/L	
		rt commerc					XIIbe; cents		<del></del>	44				
		h. Wheat c			WITE		AHDE, CENS	7106		Jul Ava	273.5	280.5	290.5	273.0
						Close	Previous	High/Lo	~	Aug	271.2	278.2	278.5	271.8
		selling, but			Jul	137.79				Sep Oct	268.5 265.7	276.0	275.5	257.5
zppa	arent ill	spring whe	ST ST O	912	Sep	138.74	138.32 139.30	136.10	137.20	Dec	265.2	274.5	273.5	205.5
mari	Kets Wit	h continued	I SECK Of I	moisture.	Dec	139.81	140.59	139.15 140.10	138.20 139.55	Jan	263.5	272.5 270.0	271.5 270.0	265.0 263.5
_					Mar	139.95	140.66	140.11	139.50	Mer	260.2	257.G	257.Q	200.0
Ma	ew Y	7aul			May	140.38	140.90	140.50	140.50	May	280.5	266.0	268.0	258.0
146	SAA I	OFR			ليول	141.50	141.35	0	0	Jul	260.0	265.0	264.0	250.0
					Sep	141.50	141.85	ŏ	ō	<b>DUA</b>	257.0	265.0	253.5	. 251.0
GOLD	100 troy	OL; Sitroy oz	<u>.                                      </u>				11" 112,000			_	-			
_	Clas	Previous	High/Lo	OW/						MAIZE	5,000 hrs	th; cents/560		
Jun	456.1	460.0	459.7			Close	Previous	High/Lo	7	===				
Jul	457.		460.0	456.3 460.0	74	9.85	10.16	10.00	9.80		Close	Previous	High/Lo	3W
Aug	460.7		464.4	460.6	Oct	9.76	10.04	9.95	9.71	Jul	251/0	257/2	25540	246/4
— Oct	455.8		469.5	465.5 ·	Jen	9.70	10.04	9.25	9.96	Sap	260/4	266/0	205/0	256/2
Dec	471.1		475.0	470.5	Mar	9.70	9.95	9.88	9.66 ,	Dec	272/0	278/6	276/0	257/0 267/0
Feb														275/0
100	476.4	480.8	479.8	4/8.D	May	9.71	9.96	9.88	2.67	Mar	279/2	283/6		
Apr	476.4 481.5		479.8 484.0	478.0 484.0	Jul	9.74	9.95	9.95	9.67 9.72	May	279/2 263/4	283/6 288/0	262/0	270/2
Apr Jun	481.£ 487.4	496.3 492.0							9.67 9.72 9.72	May Jul	263/4 284/0	283/6	262/0 265/4	279/2
Apr	481,5	496.3 492.0	484.0	484.0	Jul Oct	9.74 9.72	9.96 9.98	9.95	9.72	May Jul Sep	263/4 284/0 266/0	283/6 283/0 289/9 267/0	262/0	279/2 281/4
Apr Jun Aug	481.4 487.4 493.3	486.3 492.0 498.0	494.0 490.5 0	484.0 490.5	Jul Oct	9.74 9.72 6 50,000; o	9.98 9.98 ents/fbs	9.95 9.90	9.72 9.72	May Jul	263/4 284/0	283/6 288/0 289/9	262/0 265/4	<i>279/2</i> 281/4 0
Apr Jun Aug	481.4 487.4 483.3 THEUTHI 50 (	496.3 492.0 498.0 Toy oz; \$/troy	494.0 490.5 0 0z.	484.0 490.5 0	Jul Oct	9.74 9.72	9.96 9.98	9.95	9.72 9.72	May Jul Sep Dec	283/4 284/0 266/0 251/0	283/6 288/0 283/0 267/0 255/0	262/0 265/4 267/0 0 250/0	279/2 281/4 0 250/0
Apr Jun Aug	481.4 487.4 493.3	496.3 492.0 498.0 Toy oz; \$/troy	494.0 490.5 0 0z.	484.0 490.5 0	COTTO	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; o Close 65.80	9.98 9.98 ents/fbs	9.95 9.90 High/Lor	9.72 9.72	May Jul Sep Dec	283/4 284/0 266/0 251/0	283/6 288/0 283/0 267/0 255/0	262/0 265/4 267/0 0 250/0	279/2 281/4 0 250/0
Apr Jun Aug	481.4 487.4 483.3 THUHM 50 ( Gloss 576.5	496.3 492.0 498.0 roy oz; \$/troy 9 Pravious 598.0	494.0 490.5 0 0z.	484.0 490.5 0	Jul Oct	9.74 9.72 \$50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82	9.98 9.98 ents/fbs Previous	9.95 9.90	9.72 9.72 v 66.80	May Jul Sep Dec	263/4 284/0 265/0 251/0	283/6 288/0 289/9 267/0 255/0	262/0 295/4 257/0 0 250/0	279/2 281/4 0 250/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI	481.6 487.4 493.3 THEUM 50 ( Close 576.5 582.0	486.3 492.0 498.0 roy oz; \$/troy 9 Previous 588.0 604.8	494.0 490.5 0 oz.	484.0 490.5 0	Jul COTTON Jul Oct Dec	9.74 9.72 50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82 61.46	9.98 9.98 ents/fbs Previous 67.80	9.95 9.90 High/Lot	9.72 9.72 9.72 965.80 62.75	May Jul Sep Dec	283/4 284/0 266/0 251/0	283/6 288/0 283/0 267/0 255/0	262/0 265/4 267/0 0 250/0	279/2 281/4 0 250/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI	481.4 487.4 483.3 Gloss 576.5 582.0 590.0	486.3 492.0 498.0 roy oz; \$/troy 8 Pravious 589.0 604.8 611.6	494.0 490.5 0 0z. High/Le	484.0 490.5 0	Jul COTTON Jul Oct Doc Mar	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; or Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 62.07	9.98 9.98 enta/fbs Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.02	9.95 9.90 High/Lox 67.00 64.20 62.85 63.50	9.72 9.72 v 66.80	May Jul Sep Dec	263/4 284/0 265/0 251/0	283/6 283/0 283/0 263/0 263/0 263/0 Previous	262/0 285/4 287/0 0 250/0 b-bushel	279/2 281/4 0 260/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Oct	481.6 487.4 493.3 THEUM 50 ( Close 576.5 582.0	486.3 492.0 498.0 roy oz; \$/troy 8 Pravious 589.0 604.8 611.6	494.0 490.5 0 0z. High/Le 594.0 800.0	484.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8	Jul COTTO! Jul Cot Dec Mar Mey	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; or Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 62.07 62.10	9.95 9.98 Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90	9.95 9.90 High/Lox 67.00 64.20 82.85	9.72 9.72 v 65.80 62.75 61.48	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT	263/4 284/0 266/0 251/0 6,000 bu s	283/6 283/0 283/0 267/0 265/0 hin; centa/80 Previous 378/0	262/0 285/4 287/0 0 250/0 15glvLo 378/0	279/2 281/4 0 280/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Oct Jen Apr	481.6 487.4 493.3 Close 576.5 582.0 590.0	486.3 492.6 498.0 roy oz; \$/sroy 8 Pravious 568.0 604.8 611.6 818.8	484.0 490.5 0 ez. 594.0 800.0 606.0 614.5	434.0 450.5 0 5w 574.1 579.8 586.8	Jul COTTON Jul Cot Dec Mar May Jul	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; or Cicee 65.80 62.82 61.46 82.07 62.10 62.15	9.98 9.98 Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 63.95	9.95 9.90 67.00 64.20 62.25 63.50 0	9.72 9.72 9.65.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Jul Sep Dec	263/4 284/0 265/0 251/0 6,000 bu r Close 369/6 379/0 388/4	283/6 289/0 289/0 285/0 265/0 Previous 378/0 384/4	262/0 265/4 267/0 0 250/0 High/Lo 376/0 866/0	279/2 281/4 0 265/0 368/4 377/4
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Oct Jen Apr	481.6 487.4 483.5 Gloss 576.5 582.6 601.0	496.3 492.0 498.0 Foy oz; \$/troy 8 Pravious 588.0 604.8 611.6 818.8	494.0 490.5 0 ez. 594.0 600.0 614.5 roy ez.	484.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 588.0	Jul COTTON Jul Cot Dec Mar May Jul Oct	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 82.07 62.10 52.15 60.15	9.98 9.98 enta/fbs Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 63.95 61.85	9.95 9.90 67.00 64.20 62.85 63.50 0	9.72 9.72 9.65.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10	May Jul Sap Dec. WHEAT Jul Sap Dec Mar	263/4 284/0 266/0 251/0 551/0 Close 369/6 379/0 389/4 391/0	283/6 283/0 283/0 267/0 265/0 hin; centa/80 Previous 378/0	262/0 265/4 267/0 0 250/0 19glv/Lo 378/0 386/0 396/0	279/2 281/4 0 260/0 358/4 377/4 387/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Oct Jen Apr	481.6 487.4 493.3 Close 576.5 582.0 590.0	496.3 492.0 498.0 Foy oz; \$/troy 8 Pravious 588.0 604.8 611.6 818.8	494.0 490.5 0 ez. 594.0 600.0 614.5 roy ez.	484.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 588.0	Jul COTTON Jul Cot Dec Mar May Jul Oct	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 82.07 62.10 52.15 60.15	9.98 9.98 enta/fbs Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 63.95 61.85	9.95 9.90 67.00 64.20 62.85 63.50 0	9.72 9.72 9.65.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Jul Sep Dec Mar May	263/4 284/0 266/0 251/0 6,000 bu s Close 369/5 379/0 386/4 381/0 376/0	263/6 288/0 269/0 265/0 265/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 386/4	262/0 265/4 267/0 0 250/0 High/Lo 376/0 866/0	279/2 281/4 0 265/0 368/4 377/4
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Oct Jen Apr SELVE	481.6 487.4 483.3 FRUJU 50 1 Gloss 576.5 582.0 590.0 601.0 ER 5,000 to	486.3 482.0 483.0 483.0 Foy oz; Stroy 604.8 611.8 618.8 Gy oz; cents/h	494.0 490.5 0 0 22. 594.0 800.0 606.0 614.5 roy cz.	434.0 430.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 588.0	Jul COTTON Jul Cot Dec Mar May Jul Oct	9.74 9.72 \$50,000; or Close 95.80 62.82 61.46 62.07 62.10 52.15 60.15	9.98 8.98 Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 68.95 61.85	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 67.00 64.20 62.25 63.50 0 0	9,72 9,72 9,72 965,80 62,275 81,48 62,05 62,10 0	May Jul Sap Dec. WHEAT Jul Sap Dec Mar	263/4 284/0 266/0 251/0 551/0 Close 369/6 379/0 389/4 391/0	283/6 283/0 283/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 778/0 384/4 396/4 396/4	262/0 265/4 267/0 0 250/0 19gh/Lo 378/0 366/0 396/0 396/0	279/2 281/4 0 250/0 350/0 377/4 287/0 390/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Jul Jen Apr SELVE	481.4 487.4 483.3 Gloss 576.5 582.0 590.0 601.0 Closs 709.0	496.3 492.0 492.0 Froy oz; Shroy 9 Pravious 598.0 604.8 611.8 618.8 Froy oz; cents/h	494.0 490.5 0Z. High/Le 594.0 606.0 614.5 roy cz. High/Lo	434.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.6 588.0	Jul COTTON Jul Cot Dec Mar May Jul Oct	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 82.07 62.10 52.15 60.15	9.98 9.98 enta/fbs Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 63.95 61.85	9.95 9.90 67.00 64.20 62.85 63.50 0	9,72 9,72 9,72 965,80 62,275 81,48 62,05 62,10 0	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul	263/4 284/0 265/0 251/0 5,000 bu s Close 369/6 379/0 389/4 391/0 375/0 342/4	263/6 263/0 263/0 265/0 265/0 265/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0	262/0 295/4 257/0 0 250/0 19gh/Lo 378/0 366/0 366/0 362/0 347/0	279/2 281/4 0 280/0 368/4 377/4 380/0 375/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Jul Jen Apr Sil.vii	481.6 487.4 483.3 FRUJU 50 1 Gloss 576.5 582.0 590.0 601.0 ER 5,000 to	486.3 482.0 482.0 Froy oz; Shroy 5 Pravious 588.0 604.8 611.8 618.8 Oy oz; cents/h	494.0 490.5 0 0 22. 594.0 800.0 606.0 614.5 roy cz.	434.0 430.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 588.0	Jul COTTON Jul Cot Dec Mar May Jul Oct	9.74 9.72 \$50,000; or Close 95.80 62.82 61.46 62.07 62.10 52.15 60.15	9.98 8.98 Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 68.95 61.85	9.95 9.90 67.00 64.20 62.28 63.50 63.50 0 0	9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul	263/4 284/0 255/0 251/0 5,000 bu s Close 369/6 379/0 389/4 391/0 375/0 342/4	263/6 263/0 263/0 265/0 265/0 265/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0	262/0 295/4 257/0 0 250/0 19gh/Lo 378/0 366/0 366/0 362/0 347/0	279/2 281/4 0 280/0 368/4 377/4 380/0 375/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Oct Jan Apr StLVE	481.9 487.4 483.3 Close 576.5 582.0 590.0 601.0 ER 5,000 9	486.3 482.0 482.0 Froy oz; Shroy 5 Pravious 588.0 604.8 611.8 618.8 Oy oz; cents/h	494.0 490.5 0 0 0 2 1 High/Le 594.0 606.0 614.5 roy cz. 716.0 728.5	434.0 430.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 586.8 586.0	Jul Cot COTTO Jul Cot Dec Mar Mey Jul Cot CRANG	9.74 9.72 4 50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 62.07 62.10 60.15 E JUICE 15 Close 173.25 167.15	9.98 9.98 Previous 67.50 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 63.95 61.85 ,000 fba; ce	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 67.00 64.20 62.25 63.50 0 0	9.72 9.72 9.72 v 65.80 62.75 61.46 62.05 62.10 0	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul	263/4 284/0 266/0 251/0 5,000 bu s Close 369/6 379/0 388/4 391/0 375/0 342/4	283/6 288/0 289/0 287/0 255/0 265/0 265/0 265/0 378/0 384/4 386/4 383/0 383/0 383/0	262/0 265/4 265/4 0 250/0 250/0 378/0 556/0 398/0 398/0 347/0 7bs	279/2 28144 0 28040 28040 377/4 387/0 38040 375/0 340/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Jul Jen Apr Stl.ve	481.4 487.4 483.3 Gloss 576.5 582.6 6871.0 ER 5,000 to 703.0 713.0 717.9	498.3 498.0 498.0 Previous 599.0 604.8 611.8 611.8 9 oz; cents/h	494.0 490.5 6 High/Le 594.0 600.0 606.0 614.5 roy cc. High/Le 716.0 728.5	434.0 490.5 0 574.1 570.8 556.8 598.0 709.0 711.0 0	Juli Cot COTTON Juli Cot Dec Alar Mey Juli Cot CRANCI	9.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; o Close 65.80 61.46 62.10 62.16 60.18 60.18 60.18 60.18 60.18 60.18 60.18 60.18	9.98 9.98 Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.95 61.95 61.95 61.95 774.50	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 64.20 62.85 63.50 0 0 ents/fbs High/Lon	9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Sep Dec Mar May Jul	263/4 284/0 255/0 251/0 5,000 bu s Close 369/6 379/0 389/4 391/0 375/0 342/4	263/6 263/0 263/0 265/0 265/0 265/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0	262/0 295/4 257/0 0 250/0 19gh/Lo 378/0 366/0 366/0 362/0 347/0	279/2 28144 0 28040 28040 377/4 387/0 38040 375/0 340/0
Apr Jul Oct Jul Oct Apr St.VE Jun Jun Jun Jun Step Step	481.4 487.4 483.3 TREJM 50 0 Close 5762.0 590.6 601.0 EN 5,000 0 Close 709.0 713.0 713.0	496.3 492.0 492.0 492.0 592.0 599.0 604.8 611.6 618.8 9y az; cents/h 723.7 723.0 732.9 737.8	494.0 490.5 0 0Z 594.0 800.0 606.0 674.5 roy cz 716.0 728.5 0	434.0 430.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 586.8 586.0	Juli Cot GOTTON Juli Oct Dec Mar May Juli Cot GRANGI	8.74 9.72 \$ 50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 62.10 62.10 62.15 E JUICE 15 Close 173.25 167.15 154.00	9.98 9.98 Previous 67.50 84.75 63.48 64.02 63.95 61.95 61.95 61.95 61.85 174.50 168.45 168.45 158.45 158.55	9.95 9.90 67.00 64.25 63.56 63.50 0 0 rts/fbs High/Lot 174.10	9.72 9.72 9.72 v 65.80 62.75 61.46 62.05 62.10 0	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul	263/4 284/0 266/0 251/0 5,000 bu s Close 369/6 379/0 388/4 391/0 375/0 342/4	283/6 288/0 289/0 287/0 255/0 min; conta/50 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 383/0 383/0 383/0 00 lbs; canta/	28270 29574 28574 0 25504) 8-bushel High/Lo 37870 39670 39670 39670 34770 7bs	279/2 28144 0 28040 35844 377/4 387/0 380/0 340/0
Apr Jul Jul Aug PLATI Jul Apr SILVE Jun Jul Aug Jun Jul Aug Jun Jul Aug Jun Aug	481.8 487.3 487.3 687.3 687.5 582.0 587.0 687.0 703.0 713.0 717.8 727.8	486.3 486.0 486.0 Previous 598.0 604.8 611.6 618.6 Oy oz; cents/1 723.7 728.0 737.8 753.2	494.0 490.5 0 0Z 149hvz.e 594.0 800.0 606.0 614.5 roy 62 Highr.c 728.5 0 738.0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 589.0 709.0 711.0 9 720.5 736.9	Juli Oct	9.74 2.72 4 50,000; o Close 65.80 62.82 61.46 62.10 62.15 62.10 62.15 62.15 63.15 64.15 197.15 196.15 196.15	9.96 9.98 Previous 67.80 64.75 63.48 64.62 63.90 63.95 61.95 174.60 168.45 168.45	9.95 9.90 High/Lor 67.20 62.25 63.50 0 0 0 rts/fbs High/Lor 174.10 168.35	9.72 9.72 9.72 v 65.50 62.25 61.46 62.05 62.10 0 0 172.80 168.80 157.95 158.50	May Jul Sep Dec WHEAT Sep Dec Mar May Jul LIVE G	265/4 284/0 255/0 251/0 5,000 bu r Close 362/6 378/0 368/4 391/0 376/0 342/4	263/6 268/0 268/0 265/0 265/0 min; comta/60 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 388/0 383/0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	282/0 285/4 0 235/4 0 250/4 B-bushel High/Lo 378/0 396/0 396/0 396/0 396/0 396/0 396/0 396/0 396/0 396/0 73.25	279/2 281/4 0 250/0 250/0 358/4 357/0 360/0 375/0 340/0
Apr Jul Oct Jul Oct Apr SKLVE Jun	481.4 487.4 483.3 FREJRI 50 ( Close 576.5 582.0 580.0 501.0 FREJRI 5,000 to 713.0 717.9 722.8 737.7 742.6	496.3 492.0 492.0 492.0 592.0 599.0 604.8 611.6 618.8 9y az; cents/h 723.7 723.0 732.9 737.8	494.0 490.5 0 0 22. HighrLc 696.0 674.5 roy cz. HighrLc 778.5 0 738.0 738.0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 586.8 598.0 709.0 711.0 9 720.5 736.0 0	Juli COTTON Juli Oct Dec Mary Juli Oct GRANGI Sop Nov Jen	9.74 9.72 8 50,000; or Glose 65,80 62,82 61,16 62,10 62,10 62,15 60,15 Close 172,25 167,15 154,00 163,16 164,00 163,60 16	9.98 9.98 Previous 67.50 84.75 63.48 64.02 63.95 61.95 61.95 61.95 61.85 174.50 168.45 168.45 158.45 158.55	9.95 9.90 F1.00 61.20 62.25 63.50 0 0 res/los High/Los 174.18 168.20 158.75 154.60	9.72 9.72 9.72 96.20 62.25 81.48 62.05 82.10 0 0	May July Sep Dec WHEAT Sep Dec Mary July LIVE G	285/4 285/0 285/0 251/0 6.000 bu t Close 369/6 379/0 383/4 391/0 375/0 342/4 ATTLE 40,0 Close 72.76	263/6 268/0 269/0 265/0 265/0 265/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 386/0 380/0 380/0 380/0 380/0 380/0 380/0 380/0 380/0 380/0 380/0	28270 29574 20770 0 25920 119771 37870 39870 39870 39870 39870 39870 39870 39870 39870 37720 73.25 60.25	279/2 281/4 0 285/6 357/4 357/4 357/6 350/6 350/6 350/6
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Apr SILVE Jun Aug Sep Jen Aug Aug Mar May May	481.8 483.3 784.9 50 1 600.5 576.5 582.0 580.0 601.0 703.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0	486.3 482.0 482.0 482.0 Previous 589.0 604.8 611.6 618.8 611.6 618.8 723.0 723.0 732.9 753.2 753.2 753.2	494.0 490.5 0 0 0 22 HightLo 606.0 614.5 noy co: HightLo 716.0 728.5 0 738.0 771.0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.6 598.0 709.0 711.0 0 720.5 738.0 0 754.0	Juli Oct	9.74 9.72 9.70 65.80 65.80 62.87 62.15 60.15 60.15 60.15 172.25 167.15 156.15 156.15 156.15 156.15 156.25	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.7.80 94.75 93.48 94.62 63.95 61.95 9.000 bs; ca Previous 174.85 158.15 154.95 154.95 154.95	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 97.00 64.20 62.55 63.50 0 0 0 rts/fba High/Lon 174.19 168.20 158.75 154.63	9.72 9.72 9.72 v 65.50 62.25 61.46 62.05 62.10 0 0 172.80 168.80 157.95 158.50	May Jul Sep Dec Sep	283/4 284/0 285/0 285/0 251/0 5,000 bu r Close 369/6 379/0 386/4 391/0 374/4 ATTLE 40,0 Close 72,76 57.12	283/6 288/0 289/0 289/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0 383/0 378/0 383/0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	282/0 285/4 255/4 0 259/0 259/0 378/0 398/0 398/0 398/0 347/0 252/0 347/0 73.25 687.90	279/2 281/4 0 245/4 245/4 357/4 367/
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Apr St. VE Jun Aug Jun Aug	481.4 483.3 TREUPH 50 to Close 576.5 582.6 601.0 ERI 5.000 to Close 703.0 713.6 717.9 72.6 758.4	486.3 482.0 482.0 482.0 Fravious 588.0 604.8 611.8 611.8 9 92 cents/h 723.7 728.0 737.8 758.2 768.2 769.2 769.2	494.0 490.5 0 0 0 594.0 608.0 614.5 118.0 728.5 738.0 771.0 771.0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 589.0 711.0 0 720.5 738.9 0 754.0 768.0	Juli Oct Oct Dec Alar May Juli Oct Oct Oct Oct Oct Oct Oct Oct Oct Oct	9.74 9.72 15 50,000; or 65,80 62,82 61,85 62,07 62,15 60,15 E ARICE 16 167,15 156,15 156,15 156,15 156,55 152,55	9.98 9.98 97.80 97.80 94.75 93.45 94.62 63.95 91	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 84.20 84.20 85.50 0 0 mts/fbs High/Lon 174.10 168.75 168.75 158.60 158.30 158.30	9.72 9.72 9.72 96.20 62.75 81.48 62.10 0 0 772.80 188.80 157.95 153.50 153.00	May July Sep Dec WHEAT Sep Dec Mary July LIVE G	269/4 284/0 285/0 251/0 6,000 bu r Close 369/6 379/0 361/0 375/0 342/4 ATTLE 40,0 Close 72,76 67,12	263/6 268/0 269/0 265/0 265/0 265/0 265/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 396	28270 28574 0 25070 0 25070 1High/Lo 37870 39670 39670 39670 39670 34770 73.25 66.25 67.20 69.56	279/2 281/4 280/6 280/6 377/4 287/0 380/0 340/0 72.25 66.72 86.66
Apr Jul Jul Apr St.VE Jul Aug Jul Apr St.VE Jul Aug Sep Dec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec J	481.4 483.3 786.64 50 0 576.5 582.2 582.2 582.6 583.0 583.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0	486.3 482.0 482.0 482.0 Frevious 588.0 601.8 611.8 618.8 Frevious 723.7 728.0 732.9 737.8 753.2 769.2 769.2 769.2 769.2 789.4	494.0 490.5 0 622. High/Le 690.0 695.0 614.5 roy cc High/Le 728.5 0 738.0 758.0 771.0 770.0 792.0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 686.6 598.0 711.0 0 720.5 738.9 0 754.0 768.0 778.0	Juli Oct	9.74 9.72 9.70 65.80 65.80 62.87 62.15 60.15 60.15 60.15 172.25 167.15 156.15 156.15 156.15 156.15 156.25	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.7.80 94.75 93.48 94.62 63.95 61.95 9.000 bs; ca Previous 174.85 158.15 154.95 154.95 154.95	9.95 9.90 FF.00 64.20 62.95 63.50 0 0 174.10 168.30 168.35 153.30 0	9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 0 772.80 166.80 157.95 153.50 153.00 0	May Jul Sep Dec Jul Sep Dec Jul Sep Dec Jul Sep Dec Ger Mar May Jul Aug Out Dec Feb Apr	28540 28540 28540 28540 28540 28540 36946 37540 38544 39750 34244 ATTLE 40,0 72.76 67.12 67.20 89.07	285/0 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 386/4 386/4 386/0 380/0 00 lbs; cantal Previous 73,10 68,17 69,65 79,57	28270 285740 0 25040 8-bushe Hightle 37870 39870 39870 34770 2bs 14gh/Lo 24770 73.25 67.90 67.90 67.90 67.90	279/2 201/4 201/4 201/6 301/6
Apr Jul Jul Apr St.VE Jul Aug Jul Apr St.VE Jul Aug Sep Dec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec Jec J	481.4 483.3 786.64 50 0 576.5 582.2 582.2 582.6 583.0 583.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0	486.3 482.0 482.0 482.0 Fravious 588.0 604.8 611.8 611.8 9 92 cents/h 723.7 728.0 737.8 758.2 768.2 769.2 769.2	494.0 490.5 0 622. High/Le 690.0 695.0 614.5 roy cc High/Le 728.5 0 738.0 758.0 771.0 770.0 792.0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 686.6 598.0 711.0 0 720.5 738.9 0 754.0 768.0 778.0	Juli Oct	9.74 9.72 15 50,000; or 65,80 62,82 61,85 62,07 62,15 60,15 E ARICE 16 167,15 156,15 156,15 156,15 156,55 152,55	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 FF.00 64.20 62.95 63.50 0 0 mts/fbs High/Lon 174.10 168.20 158.75 154.50 0 0	9.72 9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.05 153.05 153.00 0	May Jul Sep Dec Mar Mer Jul LIVE G Jun Aug Oct Feb	283/4 284/0 285/0 285/0 251/0 5,000 bu r Close 369/6 379/0 386/4 991/0 374/4 4 4 4 717LE 40.0 Close 72.76 57.12 67.30 89.95	263/6 268/0 269/0 255/0 255/0 255/0 255/0 376/0 354/4 356/4 363/0 353/0 353/0 72,10 68,17 67,67 69,65 70,57 72,25	2820 28570 0 25900 b-bumbel 18900 3780 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 39	279/2 201/4 0 250/4 377/4 357/
Apr Jul Aug PLATI Jul Apr StLVE Jul Aug Jul Au	481.4 483.3 786.64 50 0 576.5 582.2 582.2 582.6 583.0 583.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0	486.3 482.0 482.0 482.0 Frevious 589.0 604.8 611.8 611.8 611.8 613.8 723.7 728.0 732.9 737.8 753.2 769.2 769.2 780.4 780.4 780.7 803.7	494.0 490.5 0 622. High/Le 690.0 695.0 614.5 roy cc High/Le 728.5 0 738.0 758.0 771.0 770.0 792.0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 588.0 709.0 711.0 0 720.5 736.0 0 754.0 768.0 0	Juli Oct	9.74 9.72 15 50,000; or 65,80 62,82 61,85 62,07 62,15 60,15 E ARICE 16 172,25 167,15 156,15 154,00 162,55 152,55	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 FF.00 64.20 62.95 63.50 0 0 mts/fbs High/Lon 174.10 168.20 158.75 154.50 0 0	9.72 9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.05 153.05 153.00 0	May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Dec Mar May Jul Dec Apg Oct Peb Apg Jun Apg Ju	28944 28460 28500 28500 28500 28500 3696 3780 38944 391/0 37640 34244 34244 34711.E 44.0 Close 72.76 67.30 89.07 72.17	283/6 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 378/0 354/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0 383/0 373/0	28270 285740 0 25040 8-bushe Hightle 37870 39870 39870 34770 2bs 14gh/Lo 24770 73.25 67.90 67.90 67.90 67.90	279/2 201/4 201/4 201/6 301/6
Apr Jul Jul Jul Apr St.VE Jul Aug COPPE Dec Jul Aug COPPE COPPE	481.4 483.3 186.84 50 10 186.84 50 10 186.85 576.5 186.85 576.5 186.85 576.5 186.85 776.6 186.85 776.6 186.85 776.6 186.85 776.8 186.85 776.8	486.3 482.0 482.0 482.0 Previous 588.0 601.8 611.8 618.8 671.8 671.8 728.0 728.0 732.9 737.8 753.2 769	490.5 490.5 0 622. High/Le 690.0 690.0 690.0 671.5 770.0 770.0 770.0 770.0 770.0 141gh/Le	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 570.8 586.8 588.0 709.0 711.0 0 720.5 738.0 0 754.0 768.0 768.0 769.0	Juli Oct ORANGI Oct ORANGI Nov Juni	8.74 9.72 150,000; or 65,80 62,87 62,17 62,15 60,15 E JURCE 15 172,25 167,15 168,15 152,65 152,65 152,65 152,65	9.98 9.98 9.98 97.80 94.75 93.49 94.02 63.95 61.95 61.95 174.60 160.45 154.95 154.95 154.95 154.95 153.90 153.90	9.95 9.90 FF.00 64.20 62.95 63.50 0 0 mts/fbs High/Lon 174.10 168.20 158.75 154.50 0 0	9.72 9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.05 153.05 153.00 0	May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Dec Mar May Jul Dec Apg Oct Peb Apg Jun Apg Ju	28944 28460 28500 28500 28500 28500 3696 3780 38944 391/0 37640 34244 34244 34711.E 44.0 Close 72.76 67.30 89.07 72.17	283/6 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 378/0 354/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0 383/0 373/0	2820 28570 0 25900 b-bumbel 18900 3780 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 39	279/2 201/4 0 250/4 377/4 357/
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Aug St. VE Jun Aug St. VE Jun Aug St. VE Jun Aug St. VE Jun Jun Jul Aug St. VE Jun	481.4 487.4 487.3 487.4 487.3 Close 576.5 582.5 590.4 601.0 Close 700.0 713.0	#86.3 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 Previous #86.0 #86	494.5 490.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.6 589.0 709.0 711.0 9 720.5 738.0 0 754.0 768.0 769.0	Juli Oct Dec Mary Juli Oct ORANGI ORANGI Sop Nov Jen Mary Juli Juli Sop Nov Jen Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	8.74 9.72 150,000; or 65,80 62,87 62,17 62,16 60,15 E JHCE 15 167,15 168,10 162,65 152,65 152,65 152,65 152,65	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 F7.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 mts/flos High/Lon 174.10 168.20 158.75 158.35 158.00 0 0	9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 0 772.80 153.50 153.05 153.00 0	May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Dec Mar May Jul Dec Apg Oct Peb Apg Jun Apg Ju	285/4 284/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 509/6 375/0 386/4 381/0 375/0 375/0 375/0 375/0 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.13 59.07 59.95 71.80 72.17	283/6 288/0 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 Previous 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 386/0 380/0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2820 28570 0 2500 8-bushe Highto 3780 3950 3950 347/0 7525 67.95 67.95 77.25 77.25	279/2 261/4 250/6 250/6 357/M 367/M 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0 360/0 375/0
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Apr St. VE Jun Apr St. VE Jun Jun Jul Jul Jul Jul Jul Jul Jul Jul	481.4 481.4 483.3 TREUFII 50 1 Close 576.5 582.4 601.0 EN 5,000 8 Close 713.9 717.9 712.8 758.4 775.8 775.8 175.9 105.1	#86.3 #86.0 #82.0	494.0 490.5 00 02 494.0 594.0 608.0 614.5 709 c2 Highrto 7789.0 7789.0 7792.0 0 1100.00 1100.00	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 589.0 711.0 9 720.5 738.9 0 754.0 788.0 789.0 0	Juli Oct Dec Mary Juli Oct ORANGI ORANGI Sop Nov Jen Mary Juli Juli Sop Nov Jen Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	8.74 9.72 150,000; or 65,80 62,87 62,17 62,16 60,15 E JHCE 15 167,15 168,10 162,65 152,65 152,65 152,65 152,65	9.98 9.98 9.98 97.80 94.75 93.49 94.02 63.95 61.95 61.95 174.60 160.45 154.95 154.95 154.95 154.95 153.90 153.90	9.95 9.90 F7.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 mts/flos High/Lon 174.10 168.20 158.75 158.35 158.00 0 0	9.72 9.72 96.80 62.75 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 0 772.80 153.50 153.05 153.00 0	May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Dec Mar May Jul Dec Apg Oct Peb Apg Jun Apg Ju	28944 28460 28500 28500 28500 28500 3696 3780 38944 391/0 37640 34244 34244 34711.E 44.0 Close 72.76 67.30 89.07 72.17	283/6 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 378/0 354/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0 383/0 373/0	2820 28570 0 25900 b-bumbel 18900 3780 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 39	279/2 201/4 201/4 201/4 201/4 301/4
Apr Jul Jul Aug PLATI Jul Aug StLVE Jun Aug Jun Jun Aug Jun Aug Jun Aug	481.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 500.0 576.5 582.2 582.4 582.4 582.4 771.2 772.8 772.7 772.8 772.7 772.8 772.7 772.8 772.7 772.8	#86.3 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 Previous #86.0 #86	490.5 490.5 0 600.5 600.0 600.0 614.5 109.6 118.0 770.0 770.0 770.0 770.0 119.0 119.0 0	434.0 490.5 0 574.1 570.8 556.8 588.0 709.0 711.0 0 720.5 736.0 0 754.0 768.0 768.0 0	Juli Oct Dec Mary Juli Oct ORANGI ORANGI Sop Nov Jen Mary Juli Juli Sop Nov Jen Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	8.74 9.72 9.50,000; or 65,80 62,87 62,17 62,15 60,15 60,15 172,25 167,15 168,15 152,65 15	9.98 9.98 enta/fbs Previous 67.80 64.75 63.95 61.95 61.95 154.50 159.55 154.95 153.90 153.60 259.60	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 97.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 rts/fba High/Lon 174.19 168.30 168.75 153.00 0 6	9.72 9.72 95.80 62.25 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.06 153.06 0 0	July Sep Dec Mar Mey July Sep Aug Oct Aug Oct Aug Cot LIVE H	285/4 284/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 509/6 375/0 386/4 381/0 375/0 375/0 375/0 375/0 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 57.12 69.95 71.80 72.17 69.95 71.80 72.17 69.95 71.80 72.17 72.17	283/6 288/0 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 384/4 386/4 386/0 385/0	28240 285740 0 25040 8-bushe Highto 39840 39840 39840 34770 75.225 67.93	279/2 201/4 201/4 201/4 201/4 301/4
Apr Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Jun Aug Sep Dec Jen May Lad Jen May Lad Aug Sep COPPE	481,4 483,3 483,3 483,3 483,3 483,3 483,3 576,5 576,5 582,6 601,0 601,0 601,0 601,0 713,0	#86.3 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 Frevious \$88.0 601.8 611.8 618.8 Frevious 723.7 728.0	494.0 490.5 0 0 22 High/Le 614.5 176.0 729.5 0 771.0 770.0 770.0 110.00 110.00 97.70	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.3 586.6 589.0 709.0 711.0 9 720.5 736.0 0 754.0 768.0 768.0 0	Juli Oct Dec Mary Juli Oct ORANGI ORANGI Sop Nov Jen Mary Juli Juli Sop Nov Jen Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	9.74 9.72 150,000; or 65,80 62,87 62,17 62,15 60,15 E JUICE 15 167,15 156,15 158,10 162,65 15	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 F7.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 rts/fba High/Lou 174.19 168.20 0 0 6 158.75 153.95 153.95 153.95 183.95 183.95 183.95 183.95 183.95	9.72 9.72 95.80 62.25 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.06 153.06 0 0	May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Sep Dec Mar May Jul Dec Mar May Jul Dec Apg Oct Peb Apg Jun Apg Ju	285/4 284/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 369/6 379/0 386/4 391/0 375/0 342/4 375/0	283/6 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 378/0 384/4 386/4 386/4 383/0 383/0 383/0 383/0 72,10 68,17 67,87 69,85 72,25 72,27 72,25 72,27 1b; castarilia Previous	2820 28570 0 25900 8-bumbel 18900 3780 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 39	279/2 281/4 281/4 281/4 377/4 381/4 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0 375/0 340/0
Apr Jul Aug PLATI Jul Aug St.VE Jul Aug Dec Jen Apr Jul Aug COPPP Jul Aug Jul Aug COPPP Jul Aug Dec	481.4 481.4 481.4 481.4 481.4 481.4 481.4 481.4 50.0 576.5 582.6 5	#86.3 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 Frevious #86.0 #86	490.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 686.6 598.0 711.0 9 720.5 738.9 0 754.0 768.0 769.0 0	Juli Oct Dec Mary Juli Oct ORANGI ORANGI Sop Nov Jen Mary Juli Juli Sop Nov Jen Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary	8.74 9.72 9.50,000; or 65,80 62,87 62,17 62,15 60,15 60,15 172,25 167,15 168,15 152,65 15	9.98 9.98 enta/fbs Previous 67.80 64.75 63.95 61.95 61.95 154.50 159.55 154.95 153.90 153.60 259.60	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 97.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 rts/fba High/Lon 174.19 168.30 168.75 153.00 0 6	9.72 9.72 95.80 62.25 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.06 153.06 0 0	July Sep Dec WHEAT Sep Dec Mary Aul LIVE GI Aug Out Aug Out LIVE HC LIVE HC Jun	289/40 289/40 289/40 289/40 289/40 378/40 389/40 378/40 391/40 377/40 377/40 377/40 377/40 377/40 389/47 377/40 389/47 391/40 39	263/6 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 265/0 378/0 384/4 396/4	28240 285740 0 25040 0 25040 119141 37840 39540 39540 39640	279/2 201/4 201/4 201/6 307/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30
Apr Jun Jul Aug PLATI Jul Jul Aug Sep Dec Jen Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Aug Sep Lon Jul Aug Sep	481.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 501.0 578.5 582.6	#86.3 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 Previous #86.0 #86.8 #81.6 #818.6 #	490.5 0 490.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 570.8 656.8 588.0 709.0 711.0 0 720.5 736.0 0 788.0 788.0 788.0 0 0 109.00 104.50 0 96.00 98.30	Jul Oct Dec Mary Jul Oct ORANGI Sop Nov Jen Her May Jul Sop Nov Jen Her May Jul Jul Sop Nov Jen Her May Jul Sop Nov Jen Nov Je	8.74 9.72 150,000; or 65,80 62,80 62,80 62,10 62,10 62,10 62,15 60,15 E JRICE 15 169,15 169,15 159,10 162,65 159,25 159,15 1	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 97.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 mts/flos High/Lon 158.75 158.35 158.35 158.35 0 0 6 18 1931 = 181 181 1931	9.72 9.72 96.80 62.25 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 172.80 153.05 153.05 153.05 153.00 0 0	May July Sep Dec Mer Aug Oct Aug Oct Apr Jun	289/4 284/0 284/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 5000 bu r Close 369/6 379/0 386/4 391/0 376/0 372/4 4 4 4 4 771/E 40.0 72.76 67.72 67.30 69.95 71.80 72.17 69.95 71.80 72.17 69.95 51.42 51.42 51.42 55.20	283/6 288/0 289/0 287/0 255/0 255/0 255/0 255/0 378/0 384/4 386/4 383/0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2820 28570 28570 0 25940 1495VLC 37840 395550 39540 39540 39540 39540 395550 3950 39	279/2 281/4 280/0 280/0 280/0 370/0
Apr Jun	481,4 481,4	#86.3 #82.0	494.0 490.5 00 490.5 00 490.5 00 490.5 00 698.0 674.5 may ez. Highrus 7789.5 7789.0 7779.0 177.0 177.0 177.0 0 197.0 0 197.0 0 683.70 683.70	434.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.3 886.8 589.0 709.0 711.0 9 720.5 736.0 0 754.0 768.0 768.0 0 104.50 0 0 104.50 0 86.30 0	Jul Oct Dec Mary Jul Oct ORANGI Sop Nov Jen Her May Jul Sop Nov Jen Her May Jul Jul Sop Nov Jen Her May Jul Sop Nov Jen Nov Je	8.74 9.72 150,000; or 65,80 62,82 61,85 62,17 62,10 62,10 62,10 62,10 62,10 62,10 172,25 167,15 159,15 159,15 159,15 159,85	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 97.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 mts/flos High/Lon 158.75 158.35 158.35 158.35 0 0 6 18 1931 = 181 181 1931	9.72 9.72 96.80 62.25 61.48 62.05 62.10 0 172.80 153.05 153.05 153.05 153.00 0 0	May July Sep Dec July Sep Ju	289/4 284/6 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 569/6 379/0 386/6 379/0 386/6 379/0 342/4 375/0 342/4 40.0 Close 72.75 57.12 69.95 77.17 005 30,000 Close 51.42 51.35 50.20 44.42	263/6 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 265/0 384/4 386/4 388/0 383/0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2820 28570 0 25900 8-businel 19ghtu 3780 39570 50570 5	279/2 281/4 281/4 281/4 357/4 387/4 387/4 387/4 380/6 376/6 377/2 380/6 68.72 48.66 68.72 48.72
Apr Jul Jul Aug PLATI Jul Apr StLVE Jen Apr Jul Aug Jul Aug	481.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 500.0 576.5 582.2 582.4 582.4 582.4 582.4 771.8 772.8 772.7 742.8 775.4 775.4 775.4 775.4 775.8 786.3	#86.3 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 Previous #86.0 #86.8 #87	490.5 490.5 0 622 High/Le 594.6 600.0 605.0 614.5 716.0 728.5 0 771.0 770.0 770.0 110.00 107.00 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 570.8 586.8 588.0 709.0 711.0 0 720.5 736.0 0 754.0 780.0 0 104.50 0 96.00 98.30 9 92.30 0	Juli Oct Dec Alar May Juli Oct Oct ORANGI Sep Nov Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen Spot Sep Nov Sep	8.74 9.72 8 50,000; or 65,80 62,82 61,86 62,07 62,16 60,15 E JURCE 18 172,25 167,15 154,00 162,65 172,65 15	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 97.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 mts/flos High/Lon 158.75 158.35 158.35 158.35 0 0 6 18 1931 = 181 181 1931	9.72 9.72 95.80 62.25 61.48 62.25 62.10 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.05 153.05 153.05 0 0	July Sep Dec Well And Sep Dec Mary And Aug Out LIVE HO LIVE HO LIVE HO Dec Peb Jun Aug Out Dec Peb Jun Aug Out Dec Peb Jun Aug Out Dec	28940 28940 28940 28100 Close 36946 37940 38944 39140 37540 3744 ATTLE 40.0 Close 72.76 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.20 69.95 71.86 72.16 69.95 71.86 72.17 69.95 71.87 72.17 69.95 71.87 72.17 69.95 71.87 72.17 69.95 72.17 72	263/6 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 265/0 378/0 384/4 396/4	28240 285740 0 250740 0 250740 11907410 37870 39970 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39	279/2 201/4 201/4 201/4 307/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30
Apr Jun Aug PLATI Jul Aug Sep Sep Aug Aug Sep Aug Sep Aug	481.4 487.4 487.3 487.4 487.3 Close 576.5 582.5 582.6 590.6 501.0 Close 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 713.0 110.0 105.1 100.1	#86.3 #86.0 #82.0	490.5 490.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 579.8 586.8 598.0 711.0 9 720.5 736.0 0 788.0 788.0 788.0 0 109.90 0 96.00 96.00 98.30 0	Juli Oct Dec Alar May Juli Oct Oct ORANGI Sep Nov Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen Spot Sep Nov Sep	8.74 9.72 150,000; or 65,80 62,82 61,85 62,17 62,10 62,10 62,10 62,10 62,10 62,10 172,25 167,15 159,15 159,15 159,15 159,85	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 High/Lon 97.00 64.20 62.95 63.56 63.50 0 0 rts/fba High/Lon 174.19 168.30 158.75 158.00 0 0 6 18 1931 ≈ moth ago 1778.6 or 31 1974	9.72 9.72 965.20 62.25 81.48 62.05 62.10 0 157.28 158.60 157.26 153.00 0 0 0 1000} yr ago 1607.8 - 100) 129.26	July Sep Dec Mary May Aug Oct Dec Apr Jun Aug Oct Dec Feb Apr Aug	285/4 284/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 369/6 378/0 386/4 391/0 376/0 374/4 391/0 374/4 371/E 40,0 Close 72.76 69.95 71.86 72.17 69.95 71.86 72.17 69.95 51.42 51.35 50.20 44.42 44.62 44.62	283/6 288/0 288/0 289/0 285/0 255/0 255/0 255/0 378/0 384/4 386/4 389/0 381/0	2820 28570 0 25900 0 25900 3780 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 3980 39	279/2 281/4 281/4 281/4 381/4 281/4
Apr Jul Jul Aug PLATI Jul Aug St.VE St.VE Jul Aug Jul Aug Aug Oec Jul Aug	481.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 487.4 500.0 576.5 582.2 582.4 582.4 582.4 582.4 771.8 772.8 772.7 742.8 775.4 775.4 775.4 775.4 775.8 786.3	#86.3 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 #82.0 Previous #86.0 #86.8 #87	490.5 490.5 0 622 High/Le 594.6 600.0 605.0 614.5 716.0 728.5 0 771.0 770.0 770.0 110.00 107.00 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70 0 97.70	494.0 490.5 0 574.1 570.8 586.8 588.0 709.0 711.0 0 720.5 736.0 0 754.0 780.0 0 104.50 0 96.00 98.30 9 92.30 0	Juli Oct Dec Alar May Juli Oct Oct ORANGI Sep Nov Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen DOW Jen Spot Sep Nov Sep	8.74 9.72 8 50,000; or 65,80 62,82 61,86 62,07 62,16 60,15 E JURCE 18 172,25 167,15 154,00 162,65 172,65 15	9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98	9.95 9.90 F7.00 84.20 62.85 63.50 0 0 0 174.10 168.75 154.60 158.35 158.30 0 0 0	9.72 9.72 95.80 62.25 61.48 62.25 62.10 0 772.80 168.80 157.95 153.05 153.05 153.05 0 0	July Sep Dec Well And Sep Dec Mary And Aug Out LIVE HO LIVE HO LIVE HO Dec Peb Jun Aug Out Dec Peb Jun Aug Out Dec Peb Jun Aug Out Dec	28940 28940 28940 28100 Close 36946 37940 38944 39140 37540 3744 ATTLE 40.0 Close 72.76 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.12 67.20 69.95 71.86 72.16 69.95 71.86 72.17 69.95 71.87 72.17 69.95 71.87 72.17 69.95 71.87 72.17 69.95 72.17 72	283/6 288/0 288/0 288/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 285/0 378/0 384/4 386/4	28240 285740 0 250740 0 250740 11907410 37870 39970 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39070 39	279/2 201/4 201/4 201/4 307/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30/4 30

Val Lest

**EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** 

4 10 B

84 4

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS : 25 073 B = 814 C = Cell P = P4

BASE LENDING RATES

Co-operative Basil ....

Executerizat Bank pic ...... Executer Truck Ltd ......

Figureial & Gen Sec....

First National Back Pla...

Robert Firmers & Co......

Robert France & Piers. ....

Heritable & Geo toy Bit ...

Hongkoog & Shangh ... Lioyds Bank ... Keghraj Bank Lid .... Midland Bank ...

Committee Bit N East ..

Constitute Co .... Cyprus Popelar Bia Dendust Bank PLC

Duptan Lawre.

HFC Bank PLC.

Hambros Bank.

• Kill Samuel ..... C. Hoare & Co. .

Cabbrok KA

320 50

#### **FOREIGN EXCHANGES**

ine o logg

is they to be sent to the sent

The mile of the party of the contract of the c

to our party as given and a control of the control

mber

A roller coesse

A file Cash Pois

A file Cash P

and the the based of

Wink mickel be wind yesterns with a lorder for the field

a aid

II. MCA STS.PO

nat of posing

of Party per cent of

and at the end of

in time like an

a the final in

mentlement die until he me

Course name

mt to 2 Val

uilliem such ह

des drawn wob 🍷

ter stifffill "

and on the besig

The Committee of at the base of un-

in arra The Cas sate the terpetal Die Part feine fan-

TO VINC BERNE A COMPANY IS AN \*\*\*\*\*\* at data

ാവാന കണ്ടുവിജ Berna. Beeche 8

St. 199 Park PROPE

11. 121 of Pt Ett-

in beisen a

in the same

កស្នះ ប្រជា**ល់** 

्रकार के का **व्यक्तिक है** 

grandskog **effet** 

- i.e. beim

100 miles

an annual to

### Sterling renews its advance

remains volatile and highly sensitive to movements in rates, but is also susceptible to fears about rising UK inflation and a widentiage current account payments deficit.

Sterling climbed to DM3.1250 speculative money beck into the ircent two-stage rise of 1 p.c. in UK bank base rates.

It was also helped by the fore
back to sterling, and attention switched back to sterling, and attention switched back to sterling. The relative attractions of the DM7.5bn, from DM3.2bn in February, but the figures are likely to be completely overshadowed by the US trade figures. A trade deficit above \$13bn may encourage the US trade figures on Tuesday. The French franc was steady about two money back to sterling.

The relative attractions of the DM7.5bn, from DM3.2bn in February, but the figures on Tuesday. The French franc was steady about two money back to rise to the DM7.5bn, from DM3.2bn in February, but the figures on Tuesday. The French franc was steady about two money back to rise to the DM7.5bn, from DM3.2bn in February, but the figures on Tuesday. The French franc was steady about two money back to sterling.

UK bank hase rates.

It was also helped by the forecast from the London office of Goldman Sachs, in its monthly review, that the pound could soon reach DM3.20. This repeated SFr1.4230 from SFr1.4290, but fanc indicates that the socialist maproved to FFr5.8000 from majority may now be smaller than forecast, before the first round of elections lest Sunday.

The market is expecting a left of the market is expectin investment house.
The pound was around 1 cent

higher against the dollar for England, the dollar's index fell to and that there is less threat of a much of the day, but finished 93.4 from 93.6.

The D-Mark had a weaker tone parliament. points to \$1.8180. .

Sterling also improved to FFr10.4550 from FFr10.4550, but was unchanged at Y227.75, and fell to SF12.5875 from SF12.5900. On Bank of England figures the pound's exchange rate index rose 0.2 to 76.7.

Another unit to be regarded in the same way as sterling is the Australian dollar, which rose to 80.55 US cents from 79.65 cents. After a period of strong demand at the end of last month,

£ IN NEW YORK

ines	<u>Laied</u>	President Clarke					
£ Spet	1.8200-1.8210 0.09-0.08bce 0.36-0.33pm 1.44-1.34pm	1.8135-1.8140 0.11-0.09pm 0.43-0.49pm 2.00-1.85pm					
STERLING INDEX							
Just Previous							

8.30 am 9.00 am 10.00 am 11.00 am 11.00 pm 2.90 am 3.00 pm 4.00 pm	-	76.8 76.8 76.8 76.8 76.9 76.9 76.9 76.9 76.8 76.7	76.4 76.4 76.4 76.5 76.6 76.5 76.5				
CURRENCY RATES							
Jane A	Bank rate	Special* Drawing Rights	European Correity Unit				
Charles		A TENETY	0444601				

June B	Bank rate	Special* Drawing Rights	Europea Carreiq Unit
Sterling U.S. Dollar U.S. Dollar Septime 5 Austrian Sch Berginn Franc Deutsch Warte Heth Geffder French Franc Speake Hark Heth Geffder French Franc Speake Pranc Speake Franc Speake Franc Gerek Drank Infah Frank	202 202	0.752527 1.36373 1.67789 16.4139 48.27761 8.89429 2.3348 2.62342 7.89940 171.421 8.5349 154.163 154.163 154.163 154.163 154.163 154.163 164.663 164.663	0.66460 1.2055 1.4895 1.4895 1.4895 1.4895 7.90200 2.0775 2.33166 7.0146 1.2423 1.2423 1.75625 1.7312 1.6636 0.77630
"ALI SDIR rates at		1.7	

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS						
June 8	Szek of England Lades	Morgan *** Guaranty Changes %				
Sterion  Il 5 Dotter Canadian Boster Canadian Boster Austrian Schillian Belgian Franc Danish Krose Destache Blark Serias Franc Gelider Franch Franc Lira You	76.7 93.4 82.3 237.7 99.6 92.3 107.1 172.1 136.0 86.0 246.4	-16.5 -13.3 -4.8 -12.3 -6.2 -1.8 -22.0 -22.1 -14.8 -13.7 -20.3 -483.1				

OTHER CURRENCIES

| Angestian | 13,9700 | 14,1660 | 7,6800 | 7,7900 | Angestian | 2,2740 | 2,2770 | 12,280 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,2790 | 1,

**MONEY MARKETS** 

London rates easier INTEREST RATES were mostly lower in London yesterday, following a further improvement by sterling. With the pound trading over DM3.12, prospects for another rise in rates receded.

In Frankfurt call money continued Tuesday's charact transfer large larg

another rise in rates receded.

The key three-month interbank rate fell to 8%-8% p.c. from 8%-8% p.c. on Tuesday, while the 12-month rate slipped to 9%-9% p.c. from 9%-9% p.c. from 9%-9% p.c. from 9%-9% p.c.

hands and repayment of any late mount fell to DM56.6bm on assistance together with a take released down from DM57.0bm at up of Treasury bills draining the end of last week.

Figures for Tuesday and vasuation taking away a further rigures for Tuesday and yesterday. These were more than offset by Exchequer transactions which added £250m, and banks balances brought formula at the state of the latest Treasury bill auction. balances brought forward £145m

The Bank of England forecast a surplus of around £250m with factors affecting the market included at \$.45 p.c. against an extension to their reserves to meet to make the surplus of around £250m with factors affecting the market included at \$.45 p.c. against an around \$.450m. Was quoted at 3.45 p.c. against an average rate of 3.40 p.c. on Tuesday. While minimum reserve levels are currently above the expecing, bills maturing in official the amount fell to DM56.6bn on

FINANCIAL FUTURES

### Firmer tone on lower cash rates

April

LIFFE LONG FILT FORTISES OFTICES

FF75.7925. than forecast, before the first According to the Bank of round of elections last Sunday

	Ecr central rates	Currency Strictures Systems: Econ June: 8	% change from certical rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Dhergenz Sent, %
Franc Krose a D-Mark Franc arkfer pet	42,4582 7,85212 2,05863 6,90403 2,31943 0,768411 1483,58	43 4232 7.90200 2.07758 7.01465 2.33168 0.776306 1542.51	7.64 7.65 7.65 7.65 7.65 7.65 7.65 7.65 7.65	1937 1947 1947 1947 1947 1947 1947 1947 194	±1.5344 ±1.5404 ±1.0981 ±1.3674 ±1.5012 ±1.6684 ±4.0752

POUND SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND

	Day's	1		*	Ther	7-2-
Jane 6	spread	Cose	One meetin	pã	menths	pã.
edet par striz	1899 - 1820 22175 - 2232 3,493, -3513 65.05 - 65.45 11,854 - 11,993 11,854 - 11,993 11,854 - 11,993 3113 - 3124 255 70 - 256.95 205 70 - 206.65 2315 - 2323 11,333 - 11,38 205,4 - 10,54 11,334 - 11,38 20,524 - 10,54 11,334 - 10,54 21,87 - 22,54 21,87 - 22	1 8175 - 1.8105 2 2215 - 2225 3 504 - 3.514 65 20 - 65 30 11.87 - 11.88 1 1660 - 1.1670 3 124 - 1.124 254.00 - 255.00 251.84 - 27104 11.364 - 11.374 11.364 - 11.374 11.364 - 11.374 2714 - 2224 21.89 - 21.92 21.89 - 21.92 21.89 - 2594 Financial least 65.66	0.11-0.00cpm 0.17-0.27cdb 11-1-1cpm 20-2cpm 20-2cpm 20-2cpm 20-3cpm 15-1-1cpm 48-85cds 24-3cds 1-4-1cpm 11-2-1cpm 11-2-1cpm 11-2-1cpm 11-2-1cpm	0.63 -1.19 4.28 2.02 -0.44 -0.77 4.80 -1.45 -1.81 -4.82 1.00 -2.20 3.95 4.28 5.51 tenant d	0.37-0.32mm 0.49-0.51mm 4-1-3-pm 50-30pm 13m-1-65: 0.25-0.35db 4-1-3-1-pm 185-27-bm 18-27-bm 4-3-3-21 21-27-pm 21-27-pm 21-27-pm 21-27-pm 21-27-pm 21-27-pm 21-27-pm	0.76 -0.99 4.245 0.04 -1.08 -1.48 -1.73 -1.47 -1.28 4.79 5.70

**DOLLAR SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR** 

Jame B	Day's spread	Clope	One month	** 	Times months	P.L
UKt	1,8150 - 1,8230 1,5570 - 1,5620	1.8175 - 1.8185 1.5575 - 1.5585	0.11-0.08cpm 0.05-0.10cms	0.63 -0.58	0.37-0.32pm 0.25-0.35ms	0.76 -0.77
Canada	1 2200 - 1 2270 1 9200 - 1 9300	12220-12230	0.17-0.20cms 0.61-0.59cm	191	0.52-0.5545 1.76-1.72nm	325
Belgium Denmark	35.75 - 35.95 6.504 - 6.535	35.85 - 35.95 6.53 - 6.53 -	6-4cpm 0.30-0.80predis	167	17-13pm 0.90-1.40ds	177
W. Germany . Portugal	17705-17795 1404-1404	1,7180-1,7190	0.61-0.58pipm 35-50c(ls	416 -364	1.79-1.74pm 130-180ds	岩
Spale	113.00 - 113.50 1271 - 1276	113.40 - 113.50 12754 - 12754	20-30cds 2.20-3-20fires8s	-245 -255	60-70dis 7.70-9.70dis	-230 -273
Horway France	578 - 5804	6254 -6254 574 -5804	2.75-2.95predis 0.35-0.05cpm	5.48 0.41	8.40-8.70± 0.65-0.35pm	-548 045
Sweden	5.964 - 5.994 124.95 - 125.40	5.984 - 5.994 125.20 - 125.30	1.25-1.35oredis 0.39-0.36ypm	-261 340	3.70-3 90ds 1.14-1 09pm	놿
Austria Seitzerland	12034 - 12074 14245 - 14335	12071 - 12071 1425 - 1428	3.90-3.60grapes 0.60-0.55cpm	173 4.83	11.75-10.75em	3.73 -4.88
t UK and bela	nd are quoted in US	terrency. Forward p	reniums and discour	ds apply to	the US dollar and	not no to

**EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES** 

•	June.8	Short term	7 Bays notice	One Month	Three Mosths	Str Months	üse Year
	Sterling US Destar Con. Bollar D. Gastler Sterline Perschmark Fr. Frant Lindian Liet B. Fr. (Chal) Yes B. Fr. (Chal) Yes Ob. Krown Acian SSing	474872 24864 54874 874 574872 24864 54874 874 54874 54874 54874 874	4794644444444 749444444444444	84-84 7-8-7-34 94-9-34 23-7-3-3 24-7-3-3 34-7-4 64-5-4 84-84 7-5-7-4 84-84 7-5-7-4	85-85 74-75 92-93 44-28 35-35 74-75 105-55 64-64 84-85 72-72	85-84 78-712 95-94 45-25 35-25 37-71-104 65-64 65-64 45-85 75-75	91-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-94-

Long term Eurodollars, two years 81-85, per cent; three years 91-81, per cent; from years 91-9 per cent; five years 91-91, per cent manufacil. Short term rates are call for US Dollars and Japanese Year, others, two days' notice.

**EXCHANGE CROSS RATES** 

June 8 E S DN Yes FFr. SFr. H.FL Lura CS B.Fr. 1 1818 1725 227.8 10.55 2588 3588 2319 2222 65.25 0.550 1 1719 1253 5.803 1424 1430 1276 1222 55.89 DM 0.320 0.582 1 72.96 3.376 0.828 1.123 742.1 0.711 25.88 YEN 4.390 7.961 13.72 1000. 46.31 11.36 15.40 10180 9.754 286.4 FF: 0.948 1.773 2.962 215.9 10. 2.453 3.325 2198 2.106 61.85 SF: 0.386 0.702 1.207 88.02 4.077 1 1.255 896.1 0.899 25.21 H FL 0.285 0.518 0.891 64.94 3.007 0.738 1 661.1 0.433 18.60 Lin 0.431 0.784 1.348 98.23 4.549 1.116 1.513 1000. 0.958 28.14

C5 8.650 0.818 1.406 102.5 4.748 1.165 1.579 1044 B Fr. 1.533 2.786 4.789 349.1 16.17 3.966 5.376 3554 1 3,405 Vas per 1,000: French Fr. per 10: Lina per 1,000: Belgian Fr. per 100.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING (11.00 a.m. Jane,8) 3 months US sollars 6 months US Dollars bid 7% offer 7%

The fixing rates are the arithmetic means rounded to the marret one-obsteenth, of the hid and offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five repersors beafts at \$11.00 a.m. and working day. The banks are Mational Westminster Bank, Bank of Totyn, Destche Bank, Banque Mational de Paris and Morraya Goatrant Treat.

NEW YORK (Luncht lime) Prime rate Broker ban rate Fed hands Fed faults at intervention	9 74-3	Doe mostik		6.19 Four; 6.61 Five; 6.99 Seen		B.97
. June 8	Overalght.	One Month	Two Months	Three Monties	Str Months	Lomban
Frankfurt Park Zark Zark Assterian Toko Millan Brances Debtis	3.40.350 64.68 13-14 13-24 3.34375 94-104 650 64-7	3.35-3.45 74-72 24-24 38-33; 3.9665 104-1114 6-64 74-75	340-350 72-74 72-74	355-345 74-77 24-24 44-44 35-875 104-114 64-63 75-74	3,75-3.90 74-74 8-84	4.50 7.00
LONDON MON	EY RAT	ES				

Jame.8	Overnight,	7 days notice	One Mosta	Three Moute	Six Months	One Year
trhank Offer	772	772	8 4 8 4 8 4 8 4	859	9	93
rlipo CDs.	2	9-2	1 24	55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.	819 87 94	91 91 92 92
al Authority Dess	54	64	] 🔐	J 8∳	] <u>≅</u> }}	) %
al Authority Boads	T	97	81.	👯	87	,
count Mist Deps	53.	67	8	i ši	714	76
nozov Denosits	53 <sub>2</sub> 63 <sub>8</sub>	`` <b>`</b>	l să	l 🔣	R39	
ance House Deposits		_ :	81	816	計	34
ecury BHIs (Ben)			i šť	i št		78
sk Bilts (Bar)	- J	-	ğζ	85	8.2	]
e Trade BIDs (Bug)	- 1	-	81 <sub>2</sub>	9	92	· -
r CDS	- 1	-	7.45-7.40	7.60-7.55	7.70-7.65	8.20-8.15
Linked Dep Offer	- 1	-	<b>b</b>	62	62	68
R Linkes Dep Bad	- 1	-	5%	瑞	6	62
Listed Dep Otter	- 1	-	號	9%	62	14
Lisked Dec 816	- 1	-	5[1	64	62	64
Treasury Bills (sell); one-	mostin 75 ne	east: three me	eris S per cent.	Rank Balls (set)	: car-mosth 77	per cent the
क्षेत्र हैं हर धर्म, रिकास्त्र	IIIk A	sension rate of	Server 8 1767	n.c. FCGD Flor	d Rate Steel on	Francisco

improvement took many people by surprise, driving cash rates

Calls - 5cp - 623 - 428 - 242 Page 50 10 24 101 216 357 551 Dec 638 455 322 209 116 43 21

Estimated valuese total, Calls 621 Puts 972 Previous day's open int. Calls 17572 Pats 23645 LIFFE \$/\$ 0PTIONS C25,000 (cests per \$7)

010 149 144 Asq 362 231 143 079 038 025 0.13 Previous Cay's open lat: Calls 552,09 Previous day's volume: Calls 20,403 LONDON (LIFFE)

Close High Low Prev. 120-19 120-26 120-22 120-23 96-09 96-18 96-08 96-14 Estimated Volume 11768(16296) Previous day's open int. 34738(35167)

Estimated Volume 0(69) Previous day's open int. 2510(2479)

Estimated Volume 545(539) Previous day's open int. 458(436)

ted Volume 1863(2757) ns day's open set, 10914(11136)

THREE MONTH EVEN Elm points of 100% Est., Vol. (Inc. flgs. ant shown) 7647(4758) Previous day's open Int. 42773(42151)

CURRENCY FUTURES

LIFFE-STENLING (25,000 S per £ Close Nigh Law Prev 1.8171 1.8216 1.8216 1.8104 1.8130 1.8055 1.8085 1.8005

Spot LEIST 1-mob. 3-mats. 6-mats. 12-mats. 1,6171 1,6246 1,8098 1,8030 and steading is not f

Latest High 1.8180 1.8215 1.8148 1.8178 1.8100 1.8140 Low Prev. 1.8175 1.8135 1.8140 1.8084 1.8100 1.8030

above target.

Upmons anead of next week's auction for adding liquidity appear to be limited. Treasury to a flat position and the Bank gave no assistance in the morning or afternoon.

Consequently traders found litting the many force the authorities the difficulty in acquiring cheap the finds through currency swaps.

Upmons anead of next week's auction for adding liquidity appear to be limited. Treasury Bis in the mount of the limited appear to be limited. Treasury Bis in the mount of the limited at the Bundesbank are relatively low at the moment, and the moment, which may force the authorities to inject funds through currency at the moment are not a seen day some left and only an inject funds through currency are not at seen day some left and on the limited and one limited and the limited are not like the original seen like the limited and like the limited limited

pound's recovery could be sustained, and this, as well as the recent volatility in UK interest However the speed of sterling's rates, encouraged dealers to err on the side of caution.

Consequently the September LUFFE HS TREASURY MEND FUTTINES OFTENS

Person 12 22 43 114 211 332 538 Estimated volume total, Calis 25 Pms 10 Previous day's open lot. Calis 487 Pms 709 LIFFE EURSOBLIAN 8973 Clm paints of 100%

Jun 101 76 52 29 19 20 Estimated volume total, Calls 70 Puts 75 Previous day's open us., Calls 4379 Pats 3168

Sep 19.05 16.40 8.85 4.40 2.30 1.10 0.90 CHICAGO

192.29 93.91 91.56 91.56 91.20 91.06 90.94 90.84

266 10 267.90

**Company Notices** 

G. T. INVESTMENT FUND Société Anonyme 2, boulevard Royal R. C. Luxembourg B - 7443

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING The shareholders of G.T. INVESTMENT FUND (the "Corporation") are bereby convened to an extraordinary general meeting to be held in Lunembourg on June 17, 1988 at the registered office, 2, boulevard Royal, at 9,30 a.m. with the following agenda:

L to amend the Articles of Incorporation so as to

1) adjust such Articles in order to satisfy the requirements of the law of March 30, 1988;

2) convert the Corporation into a "Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable"; make certain further adjustments to the Articles, including the extension of the duration of the Corporation to an undetermined duration.

 accordingly, to restate the Articles (subject to such further changes not of substance as may be necessary under applicable laws and regulations). A copy of the Draft Articles is available at the registered office of the Fand and at the office of GT Management Pic, 8th floor, 8 Devoushure Square, GB

- London EC2M 4YJ. III. to split each share of the Corporation into three sheres of equal value, such split to take effect at the close of business in Luxembourg on July 28, 1988.

Resolutions on the agenda of the Extraordinary General Moeting will require a quorum of at least 50% of the outstanding shares and will be adopted if voted by the 2/3 of the shareholders present or represented.

In order to take part at the meeting of June 17, 1988, the owners of bearer shares will have to deposit their shares five clear days before the meeting with one of the following banks who are authorized to receive the shares on deposit: Banque Internationale à Luxembourg 2, boulevard Royal L - 2953 Luxembourg

Banco Della Svizzera Italiana 2, Via M. Magatti CH - 6900 Lugano

Bayerische Vereinsbank A.G. Kardinal-Fanihaber-Strasse, Kardinal-Fanihaber
D - 8000 Munich 2

#### African and European **Investment Company Limited** (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Registration No. 01 (02154 06

Preference dividend No. 80

On Wednesday, June 8 1988, the directors of the company declared the half-yearly dividend on the six per cent cumulative preference stock in respect of t six months ending June 30 1988, as follows: equal to (South African currency)
Lost day to register for dividend (and for changes of address or dividend instructions)
Registers closed from to (inclusive) 3 cents per stock unit Friday, July 1 1988 Saturday, July 2 1988 Saturday, July 16 1988 Ex-dividend on Johannesburg and

Monday, July 4 1988 London stock exchanges Currency conversion date for sterling payments to strareholders paid from London Monday, July 4 1988 Dividend warrants posted Monday, August 8 1963 Payment date of dividend Monday, August 15 1988 Rate of non-resident shareholders' tax

Johannesburg 2001

15 per cent The full conditions relating to the dividend may be inspected at the Head and London offices of the company and its transfer secretaries By order of the board Anglo American Corporation of South Africa Limited

per R. W. Ketley Divisional Secretary June 9 1986 Head office: 44 Main Street London Office: 40 Holborn Visduc <u>aage</u>

London EC1P 1AJ

STERLING MOVED back under the Australian dollar has tended the spotlight yesterday, as the spotlight yesterday, as the sterling investors switched back into the pound, with dealers rates, and the relative supported by high interest rates attractions of the form.

This trend illustrates the present quandary of the Bank of England over exchange rate policy and interest rates. The pound interest rates. The pound interest rates. The pound interest rates. The pound interest rates also susceptible to fears about overall, led by renewed demand for the pound in the short of sterling. Investors switched back into the pound, with dealers improvement helped to push up three-month sterling futures from the back into the pound, with dealers are suggested that volume level of 96-16 and Trestory of the pound with dealers in provement and improvement helped to push up three-month sterling futures from the pound with dealers are suggested to move to the day's close in the Liffe market yesterday, although values to morrow, as more and more investors were inshed below the day's highs.

This trend illustrates the present quandary of the Bank of England over exchange rate policy and interest rates. The pound interest rates are suggested to push up the current base rates of 8% p.c. One trader improvement helped to push up the day's close in the Liffe market yesterday, although values to finished below the day's highs.

Short term investors were insided below the day's highs.

West Germany's trade figures for the lound interest rates. West Germany's trade figures for the pound's recovery and down to levels consistent with to current base rates of 8% p.c. One thread they of any close of 96-16 and Trestory of any close in the Liffe market yes were suggested that volume level of 96-16 and Trestory of any close in the Liffe market yes were suggested to move to the day's close in the Liffe market yes were lakely to fall today and tomorrow, as more and more active burst of the day's tips.

The starting further of 100 for trade in parts of continue. Trading volume was ABN P light, as investors awaited the light, as investors awaited the release of May's producer price index on Friday and next week's

> LIFFE FT-SE MIDEX FUTURES OPTIONS Puts-sett Jun 10 57 198 477 879 1342 Jun 1661 1170 717 358 137 39 8

Estimated volume total, Calls 1934 Pers 1186 Previous day's open int. Calls 13564 Pers 11560

Associates Cap Corp.
Activoty Bank
B & C Merchant Bank Geest Hapcalon Sank Lew SI (UK) Bank Credit & Compa Bank of Cypros Bank of Ireland Basic of India ..... Basic of Scotland Earque Beige Ltd Barciays Bank ...... Benctmark Bank PLC ... Regisser Basek AG. Bent, Bik of Mild East..... Braum Shipley
 Business Hitge Tst ...
CL Bank Nederland ... Central Capital .

AES Earl 812 AZONA COMPAN 812 ALS Allord AZO Bk 812

Aller has Both

Herry Asstactor .....

ANC Barbier Groom .....

विकास कि विकास कर किया ...... PK Finans, Inthill ()
Provinced Bank PLC...... R. Rustivel & Sers ..... Restricted & France .... Royal Bit of Scotland ... Royal Treet Basik Smith & William Sees. ... Scandard Chartered ...... Useted Microbo Bank .... Usety Trust Bank Ptc .... Western Trest ...... Westpac Bank Corp. ... Whiteaway Laidlaw ...

Nat Ra of Kinsakt.

Basting & Securities Houses Association. ° 7 day deposits 3.46% Saverise 6.18%. Tesp Tray-CID,000-instant zoness 8.00% a Mortagay base rzte. § Demand deposit 3.00%. Mortagay 9.125% - 9.5%

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

G.T. INVESTMENT FUND S.A. Registered Office: 2. Boolevard Royal, 2953 Laxembourg R.C. Laxembourg No.7443

Notice is hereby given to the shareholders, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING in G.T. INVESTMENT FUND S.

of Banque Internationale a Luxembourg, Societe Anonyme, 2, Boulevard Royal, 2953 Luxembourg, on Friday, 17 June, 1988 at 10.00 n.m. with the following agenda: 1. To consider and approve the Reports of the Board of Directors and of the

To consider and approve the respons of the Board of Directors and of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Operations as at 31st December, 1987.
 To discharge the Directors and Statutory Auditor with respect of their performance of duties for the year ended 31 December, 1987.
 To elect the Directors and appoint the Auditor.
 To consider and nonconset the response of a disorder.

4. To elect the Directors and appoint the Auditor.

5. To consider and approve the payment of a dividend.

6. Any other business.

The shareholders are advised that no quorum is required for the items on the agenda of the Annual General Meeting and that decisions will be taken on a sample majority of the shares present or represented at the meeting. In order to take part at the meeting of 17 June, 1986, the owners of bearer shares will have to deposit their shares five clear days before the meeting with one the following banks who are authorized to receive the shares on deposit:

- Banque Internationale a Luvembourg,
2, boulevard Royal, Luxembourg,
- Credit Industriel et Commercial,
66, rue de la Victorie, 75009 Paris;
- Banca della Svizzera Italiana,
2, via M. Magatti, 6900 Lugano;
- Bayerische Vereinsbank A.G.,
- Kardinal-Faulhuber-Strusse 14, 8000 Munich 2.

MAFINA B.V. Notice to the Holders of Bonds of the issue 41/2% 1973/1988 of U.S. Dollars 75,000,000

### Final Redemption

Notice is hereby given to the holders of bonds that the amount remaining outstanding i.c. U.S. Dollars 30,720,000 is redeemable at par on or after July 1st, 1988.

Bonds should be presented for payment at the offices of the paying agents set forth in the prospectus and the conditions of the bonds. Interest accruing on the outstanding bonds will cease as of July 1st, 1988.

Banque Internationale à Luxembourg Société Anonyme

Luxembourg, June 1, 1988

HOKKAI CAN CO., LTD. US\$80,000,000 5 per cent. Bonds Due 1993 with Warrants (the "Warrants")

to subscribe for shares of common stock of the Company Pursuant to the provision of Clause 3 of instrument relating to the Warrants, we notify you of an adjustment of the Subscription Price of the Warrants (the "Subscription Price"). We hereby certify that:

1. On 31st May, 1988, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to make a free share distribution to the shareholders of the Company as at 3.00 p.m. on 30th June, 1988 (Tokyo Time), at the ratio of 0.13 share per one share held; and

As a result of such resolution of free share distribution, the following adjustment of the Subscription Price shall be made: Subscription Price before Adjustment : Yen 1,702.00 Subscription Price after Adjustment : Yen 1,506.20 Effective date of the adjustment (Tokyo Tune): 1st July 1988

Hokkai Can Co., Ltd. Marunonchi Mitsui Building. 2-2 Marunouchi 2-chome.

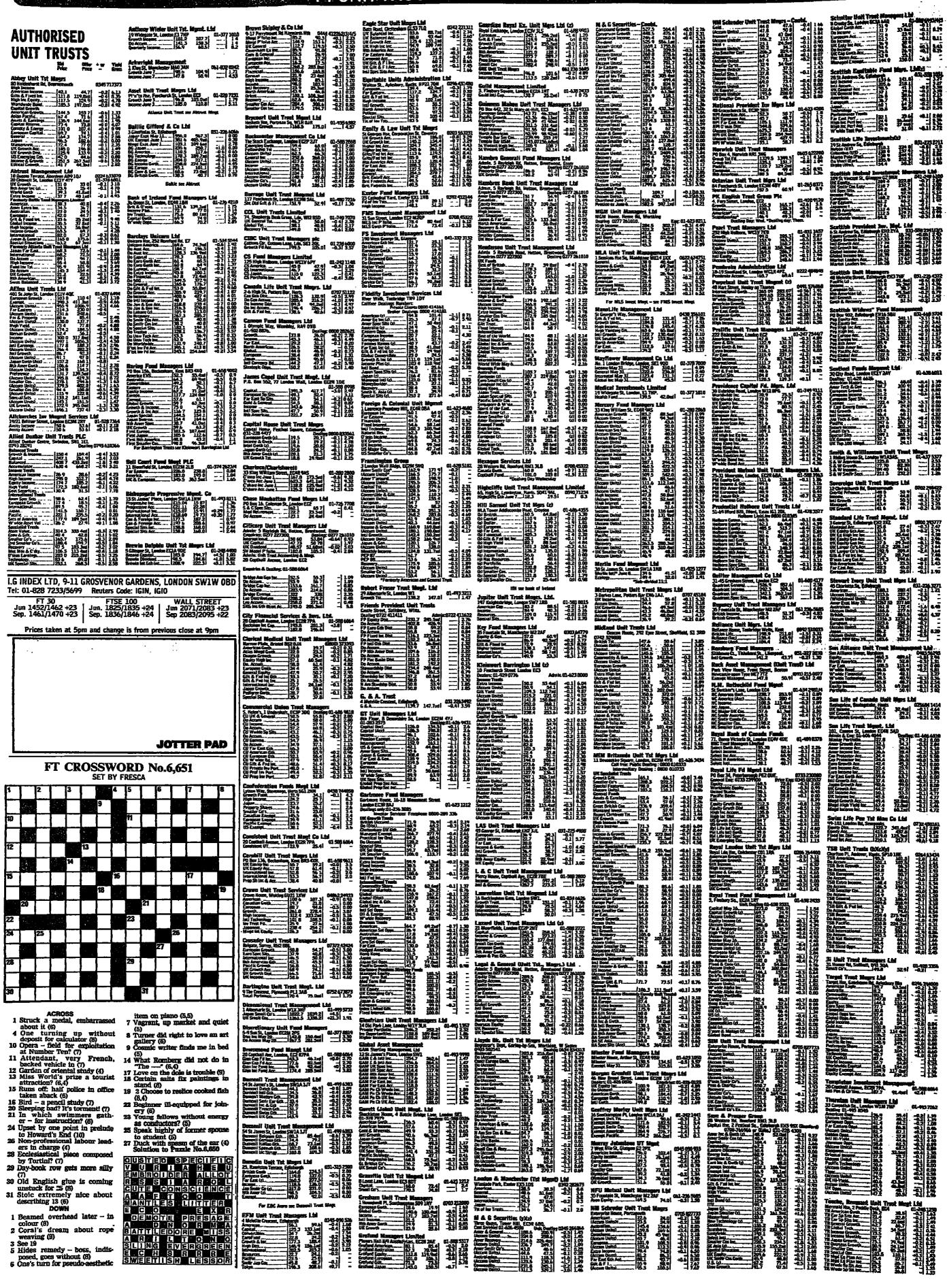
9th June, 1988

Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100, Japan

ÿ

秀.

### FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE



une 9 1988

40

The state of the s

N A

Mail dilli

Threat Manual Control of the Control

ad Lid ∵ar

のでは、これの、のなり、からから では、これで、これで、これを 所には、これで、これで、これを 所には、これを

H Unit Treat

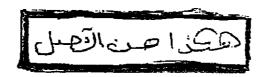
Name Cal

Right Lis

Family Man List

Francis Man L

The state of the s



#### Financial Times Thursday June 9 1988 33 Crows Financia Property George Francia Francia Esprity European Francia European Francia European Francia European Francia European Europe Victoria Road, Chelmad Victoria Road, Chelmad Andre Exert Life 1. Albert Piet Life 1. Albert Life 1 95 4 502 5 197 3 200 4 1215 7 378 0 203 2 278 5 482 9 140 5 482 9 140 5 200 20 المفطونية همقطفيفيضيغ مفهنمفففهفففففففففففاطية المفطونية همقطفففيفي يستمده ومتاهدة ومتاهدة 180 mm | 0225 744 | 100 mm | 1 とろんしょ も たんようごかももももら おしまさんほうしょ か あるもちももももももももももも ひまじょる や もしまりじゅいかいが しもののたっぱんか か かっちゃりだいしゃ ### Journal | Charles | Hammers Limbiral | 26 Sections | Limbiral | Limb Lawryol Fo. - Street Life. Lower Fo. Life. L 649.8 643.6 268.1 257.7 259.9 Stag Gitt Edges. Deposit Harth America European Property Indea Llated Far Eastern Urf. Eastley Fized Interest 1922 Saries Managad Crystader Insurance Pic Regate Sarty RV2 B81 has not Pricounts Pri 6737 242424 404 405 404 405 402 402 402 402 ast des desdellastes desdesdes 350 9 9 140 14 508 9 150 266.8 [40.5] 1936 953 1236 909 865 1932 884 1665 1284 1102 2581 243 0 254 8 144 3 144 3 145 2 146 4 146 5 146 6 257 5 257 5 257 5 156 7 258 7 157 6 258 7 25.27 97 1.10 29 27 1.10 27 1. Grechtern Unit As 2-b Prince of Wate, Br Grechten Services III Related Ford Earth Electronic Convert Electro Go List 6-141 6-142-1 204-2 109-1 109-1 209-3 119-4 11 Desentative Life Desentative Life Desentative Life Desentative Life July 2 Gardenner St., W12 SMG desented 1991 July 2 Gardenner 1991 July 2 Gardenner 1991 July 2 Gardenner 1994 July 2 Gardenner 19 0202 752900 807 4231 60.7 -60.8 -60.5 185 420 145 155 154 155 148.8 1880 ? 114.3 114.3 186.8 191.9 130.9 112.4 182.7 124.2 124.2 124.2 124.3 125.2 126.2 126.2 126.2 126.2 126.3 27:58 12:58 12:77 12:77 12:77 12:77 12:77 1999999999 154 555 373 373 433 433 153 165 167 2 30 -03 -10 -29 -03 -03 -03 -10 174 8) 142 2 143 6 153 0 153 0 153 0 153 1 153 1 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 153 2 totale totabites 6-6 280314154 325 55 67 1212914154 325 55 67 Pen Index Land Sun. 1190.5 122 Pen Index Land Sun. 1190.5 122 Eagle Star Insurance Co Ltd Bata Rand. Cheltrolum GL53 712 Stee Chip Furd. 136.1 13.3 125 Steer Fand. 136.1 13.3 125 Performance Fand. 166.2 136 Afteritorium Fand. 166.2 131 Pentinom Ber Carlo. 136.3 132 Pentinom Ber Carlo. 136.3 132 Pentinom Performance. 136.3 132 Pentinom Machinerom. 136.4 3 146 Pentinom Well Profess. 1119.5 136 844 4444 4444 11 89 6 74 7 163 2 87 9 129 1 88 1 88 1 76 9 180 7 77 5 50 6 9 120 8 43 1 90 9 -46 7 70 1 122 6 132 +15 +83 +20 +13 +05 +34 -03 1193 1538 1660 1624 1141 1212 1054 1194 85 9 233 4 136 6 166 1 199 2 Lengton Rome, 200 Managed Series 3 Bise Chip Series 3 Bise Chip Series 3 Bise Chip Series 3 High Income Series 3 Pair, Mod. Eth Series 3 Closed Managed — Closed Lowery Greek Closed Lowery Closed Closed Lowery Closed 239 0 488 0 104 4 85 2 490 7 284 6 203 0 203 0 108 6 Ecodomic Insurance Company Ltd Lundon Rd. Stileghoure, MELD IPE Manager 96,3 101 4 Ecoly, 94,8 99,8 Overlant Soily 96, 5 101 4 Ecoly, 94,8 99,8 Notices Isoly 96,8 55,1 Notices Isoly 96,9 105,2 Pros. Ecologic Ecoly; 94,9 99,9 Pros. Devocate Ecoly; 96,9 84,5 Pros. Stooky, 100,6 107,0 Hatlemal Mertani The Priory, Priory R. Managed Proyel Family Managed Proyel Family Managed Proyel Family Managed Proyel Par III Louis Proyel Managed Proyel Louis Proyel Family Prox. Decrease Louis Prox. Decrease Louis Prox. Deposit Prox. De 6795 24321 312.5 281.7 332.0 524.9 212.4 237.6 163 0 - 0.7 200 1 Pens Borber. | 100 6 | 107.0| Equitable Life Assurance Society Water St. Ariestery Berts 1972 709. | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 ent Ltd 81-405-3172 02% 393100 -06 --03 --01 --01 --02 -Growth & Set. Life Asses. Soc. Ltd Bill Cree RJ. Roysent Hb. W Serses D444 G13007 Firstlike Featon 23-3-21 Landom's Sec. Acc. 286 GL 75/3.76 6.6.5 Sept Fo. 286 GL 75/3.76 -0.5 -0.4 ----Hartigeand Provide, 48 Gracecharch St, Lo Hanaged, U.S. Essery L. Gerardian Royal | Royal Entrary Ecs Seardian Assurance Seardian Assurance Peoper's Bonds, Cabics Wils-Pits Up-ts Colock Wils-Pits Up-ts Colock Seardian Assurance Colock Seardian Assurance Colock Seardian Co 01-283 7101 973 991 996 957 031-225-8494 25.5 26.5 26.5 26.8 26.9 +0.7 +1.0 +0.1 +0.1 +0.9 +0.6 +0.6 +2.8 +1.1 Microbant Laweston, Part of the MI Group Leon House, 233 High St. Property Pess. Leon Types Leon House, 133 High St. Property Pess. Leon Types Market Microbant Morey Mich Pess. Degical Regical Pess. Market Microbant Regical Pess. Market Managed Leon Ma 25145 25145 27485 Special St. 212.3 Egyptly & Law Egyptly & Law American Road, High Wecrobe US Contine Fund. 1970.2 1972.7 Property Fund. 342.5 Final Interval Fund. 1972.5 Front Index 1972.6 For East Fund. 1972.2 1972.7 1 522.7 544.7 520.9 1102.4 120.4 171.5 223.0 169.5 278.3 129.6 122.4 162.1 104.8 220.4 237.2 168.3 OTHER UK UNIT TRUSTS 150.4 138.3 145.5 147.3 158.1 218.3 91.5 188.9 142.7 7 141.8i 127.7 179.2 139.7 146.8 134.9 98.5 149.5 149.5 149.5 157.8 117.9 117.9 117.5 1 international Acc..... Propiety Acc..... IX, Equity Acc.... IX, Equity Acc.... IX, Equity Acc... IX, E | Company of A Franchisto Name | South 59.4 68.0 50.1 63.9 58.6 54.2 Foreign & Colnois Peer Mag Lbd | TideSupton Ed., Stratistics-com-Austra LY27 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/20 | 1/2 -26 -12 -01 -1.0 -09 01-405-8441 -1.9 -1.0 -0.3 -0.1 -0.1 0272 294941

	ET LINET TOUCH IN	ODMATION CEDVICE	Financial Times Thursday June 9 1988
		ORMATION SERVICE	Framiliagton Overseas Fund Mogit. Lits Theretas Source, Lordon W 14 716 GL 477 7262
Profific Life & Pensiters Ltd (2)  Stranscoper, Kentell, Combris L49 495  Manyage Fd	- UK Gentu - 476 - 50.1 +0.81 - Section Strateger - 156.5 164.7 - 1.7 - Global Emity - 156.5 164.7 - 1	Target Life Assurance Co. Ltd. Could.   Harsh Financial Management Ltd   Lipux   133 0 365 8   -1.2     2/4 Vale No. Tushridge Weit. Tit 10.1   (892 81546 6 10.2   14.2     14.2	P0 Box 255, 18-74. Point-German, 1994 of D44   1 92   England Fatter   119 of 20 9905   40.56   England Formation   10 057 0.889 of 1 1 92   England Formation   10 057 0.889 of 1 1 92   England Formation   10 057 0.889 of 1 1 92   England Formation   10 057 0.889 of 1 1 92   England Formation   10 057 0.889 of 1 1 92   England Formation   10 057 0.889 of 1 92   Engla
För E23	- IK Carty	10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Total Spatial   Total Spatia
Consertable & Bill Fd	Feel Equity	Pression French   1218 2   1282 4   -0.1	Gartmare Investment Ltd Starting September 1 Starti
Section   Section   1975   40.0   Section   1975   4	market frame (c) 1941 4 964	Ber: Global Porg	Columb   C
High Inc Pan Acc.   412.2   433.9   -1.6   1.5   2.5   2.5   1.5   1.5   2.5   2.5   1.5   1.5   2.5   2.5   1.5   1.5   2.5   2.5   1.5   1.5   2.5   2.5   2.5   1.5   2.5	Giff Peer Fd. 77.3 51.5 Japan Specual Sits	- Cast Corner m. 191 - 130 8 1362 - 01	Nth American Fd
Pertifulo 2000 134, 131, 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	- MLS Pem Fand	Prize Plan Exempt 1238 PBR Fund Menseement Ltd	10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10
Vision 1 Feb. 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 2	Enerty	Prize Plan Eastrot	Global Resources
PFC Preservity Fd	- 00. Accept	Province	Greitund Invest Manages (Guernsy) 154 90 Br 25, Germy, 12, 422 P0 Br 25
For Capital Unit and Other Prices ring 0539-33733 Praction Funity-Series B & C Acr. Property	Bo, Resett 178.2 187 6 46.1 Archite Per 20 52.0 52.4 40.1 Economic Nation 178.2 187 6 46.1 Economic Nation 178.2 187 6 46.1 Economic Nation 178.2 187.6 293.3 -1.6 European Sar Can. 108.8 114.5 -1.6 Billion Society Fd. 109.1 109.1 -1.6 1 European Sar Can. 108.8 114.5 -1.6 Economic Nation 178.2 187.6	- Worthury Rd., Morphan. 0812 [5]. 9687 40833 Predicater Managed Presiden Predic. 121.0 127.3 +0.4 Managed	Clothal Fel   120   12
Property Equity & Life Ass. Co   Early   100.5   100	Scrittish Equitable Life Assre. Soc.   Sec.   Sec	- Deposit   105 b   112 d     RextBorder(s) Financial Management Lot   105 b   112 d       51.0 to   112 d         51.0 to   112 d	Was Cabri Bond 54 1312 54 13211 40 051 303
Cartifore Pin Euro. 93 101 42 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	Technology	State   Stat	PRIME REPORT OF THE PROPERTY O
Property Fund (JU 398.0 - Addra Presion Fund 146.9 154.7 +4.7] Property Fund (JU 398.0 - Register Fund 156.7 +4.7] Apricolitaral Fund 594.4 +0.1 - Accept For Fun 121.6 281.7 +4.9 Apricolitaral Fund 594.7 +0.1 - Secret For Fun 121.6 281.7 +4.9 Abbry Bat Fund 157.2 +0.1 - Special Research Fund 157.4 +0.6 Abbry Bat Fund 157.2 +0.1 - Special Research Fund 157.4 +0.6 Abbry Bat Fund 157.2 +0.1 - Special Research Fund 157.4 +0.6 Abbry Bat Fund 157.2 +0.1 - Special Research Fund 157.4 +0.6 Apricolitaral Fund 157.4 +0.6 April 157.4 +0.1 - Special Research Fund 157.4 +0.6 April 157.4 +0.1 - Special Research Fund 157.4 +0.6 April 157.4 +0.1 - Special Research Fund 157.4 +0.1 - Specia	Cash.	WK Hoose Castle 9, Salestery SP1 ESR   6722 396242   Siftata Food Alexangers Limited	DEMAN RES Boot   CS247 2 233 - 0.03 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Appen   Appe	Pris Fage Interes	Interf American	Derrisory U.S
International Fe   373.2   -2.5   Headerson Acc   113.0   113.0   123.0   1	TSR American.	Pers Section 200 112.6   177.4 186.8   187.4 186.8   187.4 186.8   187.4 186.8   187.4 186.8   187.4 186.8   187.4 186.8   187.4 186.8   187.4 187.8   187.8 187.8   187.4	Hellerup Scantification Famil Ltd
Constitution of the second sec	Filence	- Writton Hous, Teffard Screening (0952) 630036   Tewry Law & Ce   Tewry L	100   100
Prop. Pear. Cat. U.S.   201.6	- Pos. IIK Euripe. 221.6 223.3 +1.2 - Cartrare Manager 202.4 233.0 +0.2 Pos. America 134.9 142.1 +1.2 - Hendeson Manager 175.4 189.6 +0.8 Pos. Pacific 275.6 288.1 +1.5 Hundy Manager 107.2 112.8 +0.1 Pos. Europeas 205.6 258.7 -1.9 - Perptisal Manager 107.2 112.8 +0.1 Pos. Neuropeas 189.9 +0.8 Pos.	Git	US Dellar Rissoget.   \$25,13   25,47   40,03   Secritor Fig.   47,6   50 7   -0.2   - Secritor Fig.   47,6   50 7   -0.2   - Secritor Fig.   47,6   50 7   -0.2   - Secritor Fig.   47,5   50 7   -0.2   - Secritor Fig.   47,5   50,7   -0.2   - Secritor Fig.   47,5   -0.2   - Secritor Fig
Providence Capital Life Assc. Co Ltd	Pors. Managed	N 1987 Fest 1575 1 276.3 Vaphraph Life Ass	Allias Presidia
Moory Acc.	187 St Viscosi St, Sissope	- Redai & Revity Life   130 G   130 G   -	Pgitts Perticile
Partine Act	109 St Viscost St, Stategov	MANAGEMENT SERVICES  MANAGEMENT SERVICES  MINITURE Lance Ratch, Recit 9716  MINITURE Lance Ratch Recit 9717  MINITURE Lance Ratch Re	Jardine Flemming & Co Ltd
10.2   10.2	International Fund. 150.7 158.7 - CRt Sc Foul II Fund. 100.4 126.8 - 0.2 - Sen Alliante Insurance Group infer-Linker Fund. 100.2 113.9 40.1 - Sen Alliante Insurance Group 115.2 121.3 - Sen Alliante Insurance Insurance Group 115.2 121.3 - Sen Alliante Insurance Ins	- D Aaron Lines (Ry H 126.5 153 0   - Dirth Bedie (Ry H) 131.0 137.9 D Aaron Lines (Ry H) 131.0 137.9 D Aaron Lines (Ry H) 131.0 137.9 Colum Manager (Sch. ) 150.1 157.9 Des Con Stan D 160 0 16.5 Security (Soct Mythad) 100.3 105.6 Des Con Stan Pess. 108.3 113.9 Pension Fund (Mgs. H) 113.7 119.7	Kleinwart Besson (Goernsey) Fd Maget Ltdl 70 8on 44, Guernsey Q RS 680°. 103.99 13.94   8.86 Estrablic Assertance Group RS 680°. 103.99 13.94   8.86 5-11 Mertiner St, London WI N 788 01.431 0778
Janan Intital   112.3   12.3	- Carli Franci	- 1 Part View, Harrogate, HCI SLY 0423 523331.  Life Managed Finds 1 1957.1 186.1 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19.4 19	RUS Sterling Asset*
Backfordial Prop Init.   116.4   Series Equilibrium   116.4   Series Equ	Pits For East Fed	- Persions Manager From 128.4 129.2 42.3 - OVERSEAS - APM Manager Brook 128.2 53.4 42.3 - OVERSEAS - APM Manager Brook 128.2 54.2 48.4 - OVERSEAS - Astrolite From Manager Brookers Ltd - Astrolite From Manager Ltd - Astr	PO Ber 325, Steller, Jersey  Mary June 2
E High Inc. Movey Fd	Progress   100   1	286 Oxford Rd. General 8019 4PY 00274 870445  - Aut Dec. Man St.1 58.5 93.2   -0.1 -   - Aut Man Fa St. 50.	Conscience. 03.940 1.0001 40.000 0.00 17864 0.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.0
Print Acc   100,1   106.9   +3.6     107.2	- Early	- Atticus Fizancial Services Ltd	Bell Bond. 331-529 10-927
Pacific Acc. 133 0 240.4 4-2	Do. Ord	- Blackstone Franks Pic - 26-34 Did Street London Etc. 1000   01-250 3300   Title Capital Street London Etc. 1000   Title Ca	Deliter Fired interest
15   16   16   17   17   17   17   17   17	Do Del 2015.9 227.4 e0.1	- Bryan Walls & Partners Ltd The Rezul Pf	PFC Internall Pertfeilo Fd Megt Lts Family F
Prevident Life Assec Ltd Prevident Review Prevident Review Prevident Ltd Prevident Review Prevident Ltd Prevident Review Prevident Ltd Prevident Review Previous Previo	Son Life of Canada (UK) List  Son Life of Canada (UK) List  Batley View Baringstoke, 9621 202 (256 84).  Fin Pol 1 Jury 3	Cameron Law & Company Ltd. Capital House Fund Moyes, (C.I.) Ltd.  - 16811934 Control St. Shrainston R3 WT (2) 2005192 Ph. Rev 199 Control Ho. Both St. St. Maller Large	Stategic Reserve Fel.   ST.030   1040
Property Fuel 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15: 15:	- Microf Frant 273.7 283.2 -1.6 - Franty Fa. Account 192.5 202.7 Equity Frant 273.7 283.2 -1.6 - Franty Fa. Account 192.5 202.7 Equity Frant 192.5 194.7 -0.0 - Franty Fa. Account 193.5 194.5 - Franty Fa. Account 193.5 194.7 -0.0 - Franty Fa. Account 192.5 272.2 - Franty Fa. Account 192.5 194.7 - Franty Fa. Account 192.5 194.7 - Franty Fa. Account 192.5 194.7 - Franty Fa. Account 192.7 192.7 - Franty Fa. Account 192.7 192.7 - Franty Fa. Account 192.5 194.7 - Franty Fa. Account 192.7	High Field Inv Fd	P.O. Box 61, St Peter Port, Gernitry.  P.O. Box 61, St Peter Port, Gernitry.  P.O. Box 62, St Pe
Prevident Normal Life Assc. Assn.   Silest Nos. Nife.   130.5   130.5   140.1	Pens. Equity Fi. Ord	- investment Perrisdo1108.9 114.71	Spritter International Management Ltd PO Ser 200 Port Georgey 0481 36248 Dender Lord Read 1 107
Overvia Equity Int. 208 6 219 6 -12 - State Investments 56.1 39.1 -1   Departs first 158.5 144.8 - Flex law Flaming 111.1 117.0 +2.5	- Et Unit Acc.   615.4   635.5   -	Cliffon Figure 1 Ltd September 2 Sets Fence. Free 2 Sets Fence 5 Sets	Postet, Intel. F. East. 33.59 177 40.09 PB Batter-worth intel. F. East. 33.59 177 40.09 Batter-worth intel. F. East. 33.59 177 40.09 Batter-worth intel. F. East. 33.59 177.0 177.0 Themselves Serving 110.0 177.0
Perulan Funds California 122.0 128.5	40 Usbridge Rd, W3 285.  Said ( Jir Hand)	- Determinant Moores Pic Cate Allen Hous, S. Heller, Jessey, C. 263 A 7898 1 Hadden Street, Looken WLR 00E (01-439 1061 C AGH hadnes 68 55 92 25 45 12.97 Privillar Fr Green Press, 171.0 76, 9 40.2 - C AGH, & February 1159 0 12950 - 456 100 Privillar Press, 139.8 147.1 -0.2 - C AGH for From 15 11.74 - 341 C AGH From 15 150.07 11.74 - 354 100 Privillar Press, 130.07 10.08 - 5.95 100 Privillar Research Pertolia Life Common COD 16 4 75 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	OCIR. 45. ASS Jan 00001 9.55 OCIR. 51. CSA 267 0056, 7.54 OCIR. 61. OCIR. 62. OCIR. 62. OCIR. 63. OCIR. 63. OCIR. 64. OCIR. 65. OCIR. 65
Overseas Equality Ord283.5 298.4 -1.9 - Overseas Equality Ord	Shield Searce   95.7   190.5   States Barrion, British B579 73.   207.7 4966   Searce Pent.   95.9   190.7   States Barrion, British B579 73.   190.7   States Barrion, British B579 73.   190.7   1	- First Financial Services PLC Gree Street, St. Heder, Jersey, Cl Gree Street, Jersey, Cl Green, Jersey, Jers	70 E 185   HCSL2/216   40.079   50   E 18 Fred lettered   277   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3
Depart Office   102 7   102 3   10.1   10.1   10.5   10.	Gill Pins Fd	SWF June 9	Y-2-C-5::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Minster Food   182   271.4   47.7   65.3   47.7   65.3   47.7   65.3   47.7   67.7	American Equity Mc. 00.7 84.9 3.0 - 3 m Life Proplem Bianagement Ltd American Special Sits. 85.5 90.0 - 0 mink for individual popular contract? - 0.6 American Special Sits. 85.5 90.0 - 0.2 - Pest, Managed Acc. 124.0 8.41 4.0.6 Except Special Sits. 128.5 135.2 - Pest, Enginy Acc. 124.0 23.1 1 +1.0 Except Decree 100.0 97.6 136.2 - Pest, Enginy Acc. 124.0 92.6 4.0.3 - Pest, Enginy Acc. 124.0 92.6 4.0.3 - Pest, F. Julius Acc. 125.9 92.6 4.0.3	- Christofillascie 7 Residuel 267 Red. 64 10.1   Beyth Am Early June 6 \$10,347   115.1   104.1   105.1   10	10
Role	Ger & Full internet	- HIS M LE FORM ACC. 1253 1251 14.5 Bland French 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	Region Growth A
Prop. Ref.   126.5   Prop. Ref.   Prop.	South East Acts. 117.0 127.1 - Pens. Earn. Acc. 95.8 100.9 - 1	PS Bood Fd	Berta America Fd
Gay Branker Fd	American Saile Cat 79.5 83.6 -0.1 - Swiss Lindo Principles Lindo 4.2 - Swiss Lindo Principles Lindo 4.2 - Swiss Lindo Principles Lindo 6.2 - Swiss Lindo Principles Lindo 6.2 - Swiss Lindo Principles Lindo 6.2 - Swiss Lindo 7.2 - Swiss Lindo	December 15	Section   Sect
Class Contr 1540 2043 -051 - Primario Primi 1400 8641	- Tropery - 144 9 194.1 +0.5	Norman Williams & Company Ltd Income. 19910 - 1.92 Last Rev Bod Street, Lepton Wil vol. 4 01-409 1138 "Offer price includes 5% prelin, charge KW M66 Wanger icc. 1105.5 110.9 -0.1 - Equity & Law International Feed May 134	Day at Treet Fig Blogt CD Ltd. http://doi.org/10.1001/
Final Interest.   138 9   983 9   40.3   -	Adaption 5d 0pps. 72.2 75.9 -2.6 Properly Find 125.6 171.3 -0.3 Marged Finds. 125.2 171.5 -0.5 Properly Find 125.6 171.3 172.5 -0.0 Properly Find 125.6 171.3 172.5 -0.0 Properly Find 125.6 171.3 162.5 -0.0 Properly Find 125.6 Properly Find 125.6 Properly Finds. 12	- KW Ground Man	near see a College Group
	Edita largue	XW M & 5 Car   72.2 76.0	Series   Prosper International   200   2
Presidential Persions Limited	- Kop Kong	00 Private Speculator	Part
Cap 1 yad viz. 2 1/10 4 10.5 1	Name	- M & E Financial Management Pic 5-9 Mail: "cy teach. 517 mt 611 75 mt 611 7	132 0ff horse Investment Fuel Ltd   132 0ff horse Investment Fuel Ltd   132 0ff horse Investment Fuel Ltd   132 0ff horse Investment State   100.10   100.81   1772   172

هكذا منهالتكل

1.00

y June 4 law

Color of the state of the state

AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

: INSURANCES

Fig. 1. Sept. 1. Sept

2 1/d

100 Jane 1 8 672

State Me

r ran Çta.

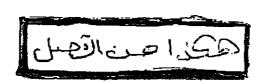
9 (2011) (1011)

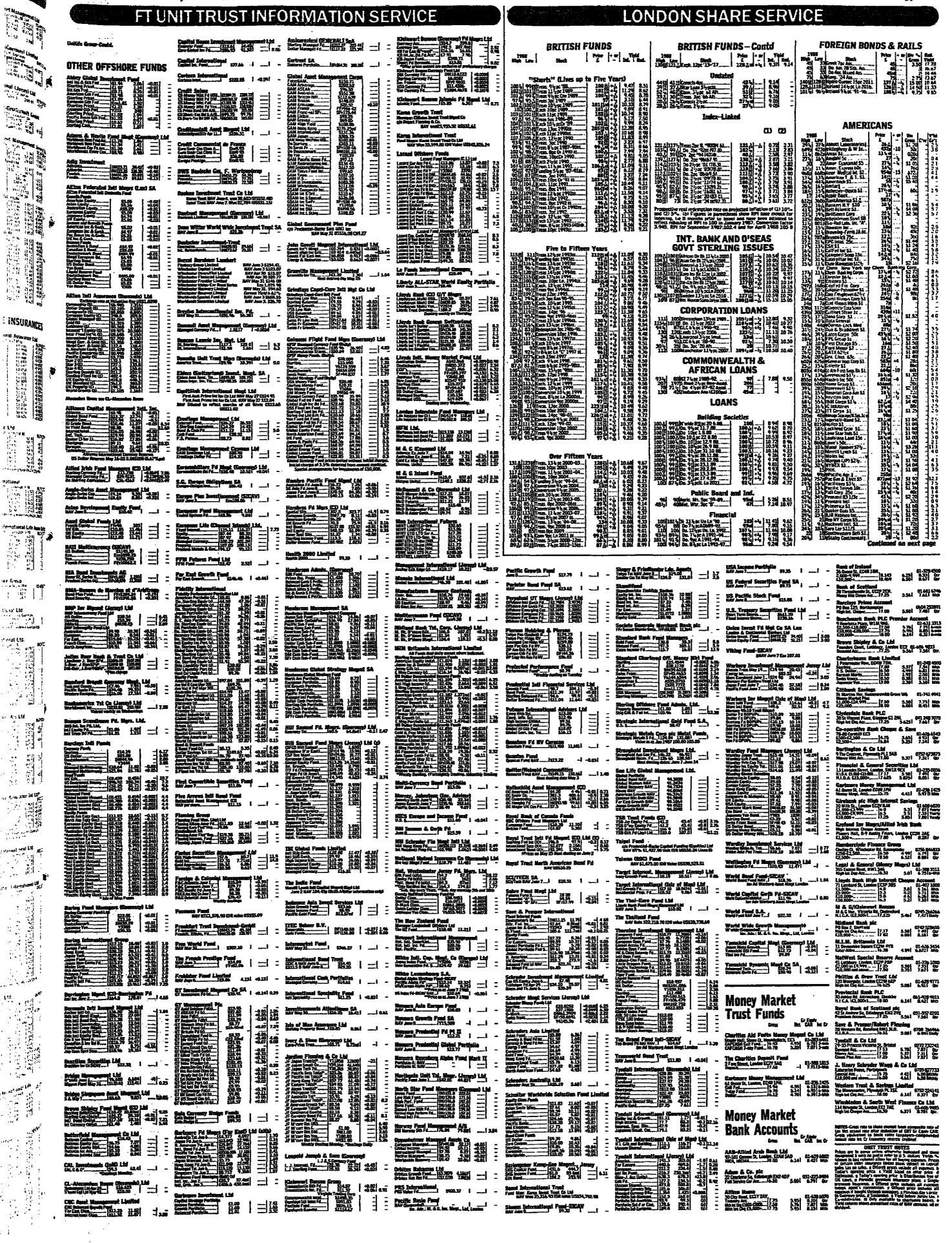
in An Lis

The second secon

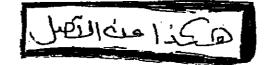
The land of the la

The state of the s

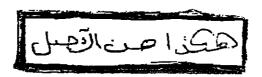




		LONDONSIIA		The system of the state of the	INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.)—Contd.
1928   Stack   Price   + m   Bit   Grass   Cwr   Grass   Stack   20   Stack   193   Stack   20	BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS —  Contd  1965    1966	DRAPERY AND STORES - Contd	### Contains   Price   Stack   Price   Met   Cry Gris Pre   Met   Met   Cry Gris Pre   Met	INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.) - Contd   1988	1986   1987   1986   1986   1987
CANADIANS  30°9 1900/ABM Gold Corp 1 1966 6 1 10°90/ABM Gold Corp 1 10°90/ABM Gold Corp 1 1966 6 1 10°90/ABM Gold Corp 1 1966 6 1 10°90/ABM Gold Corp 1 1966 6 1 10°90/ABM Gold Corp 1 10°90/ABM Gold	289 1882 3 23 3 10.0 162 111Lawreuc (W ) 8 162 10 475 3.3 3 10.0 175 160 In Olar Carderide 475 3.3 3 10.0 175 160 In Olar Carderide 475 3.3 3 10.0 175 160 In Olar Carderide 475 3.3 3 10.0 170 95 160 6 Crudeside 485 65.7 1.4 7.2 12.0 260 218 Lorell (Y , J.) 420 .	## Company of the Com	\$\frac{6130}{130} \times \frac{78/94}{130} \times \frac{78/94}{130} \times \frac{78/94}{130} \times \frac{137/4}{120} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \f	202 200 Bostson Clark V 202 45 85 1.0 5.06 27.5 202 1351-8 Bostson Clark V 202 45 50 27 3.3 14.8 207 166 Bostson Clark V 202 45 50 27 3.3 14.8 9.3 166 Bostson Long 100 V 36 0.8 177 42 15.37 3.2 4.0 9.3 168 308 senior 100 V 36 0.8 17.1 22.8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	110 500001 90 Cm 193-72  573 1120atwood Grp. v 555 45  162 1050016c 6 Elect. v 34 11  138 1050016c 6 Elect. v 34 11  139 1050016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  131 132 1350016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  131 132 1350016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  134 12  135 1350016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  135 1350016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  136 1360016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  137 136 1360016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  138 1500016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  139 1500016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  130 1300016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  134 12  135 1350016c 6 Elect. v 36 12  136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136
3829   222   Vicalactic Resources   3829   122	284 2121 armis 50p o 239 - 3 /2-3 31 4.11 (0.5 38) 256 [73 hours y 376 - 5 16.2 5 (0.2 21 1.9 445) 351 [73 ritor Woodrow p 435 + 3 10.5 (2.8 3.2 14.3 370) 233 [71 bry Group y 376 + 100 9.2 4 3.3 4 3.3 13.3 351] 337 [73 ritor k model p 376 + 100 5 3.7 2.5 13.3 351] 337 [73 ritor k model p 376 - 100 5 3.7 2.5 13.3 351] 337 [73 ritor k model p 376 - 100 5 3.7 2.5 13.3 351] 337 [73 ritor k model p 376 - 100 5 3.7 2.5 13.3 351] 337 [73 ritor k model p 376 - 100 5 3.7 2.5 13.3 351]	538 acroit Group 105. v 38 115 - 1.8 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15	115	224 Bodycare letol. 7 277 5.0 4.2 2.4 13.0 30500 Pel. N 100 35 5.0 4.2 2.4 13.0 125 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95	137 94 06 Warriams 59. 129 55 94 1.1   168 1/Pittipsium 59. V 187 74 129 13 12 14 15 1 16 1 17 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
25% 177 pWisper Gold Winkey   25% 25% 211   25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25% 25%	286 189(1974 Corp. 8 2864 5 83 3.01 3.9 11.4 55 44 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 135 187 180 122 90 187 180 122 91 261 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 18	210 1709Cont   Nicrowne.   175	208   179 steri James	184 1338bridge 5p. 9 133 +5 5.5 3.8 4.0 42 20 102 998C24 Salterte 10p. 9 77 3.0 0.7 4.1 24.0 25.7 1358CCF 5p. 9 142 3.0 6.8 2.6 15.6 123C1 lodustis 10p. 9 149 (2.8 3.4 2.6 13.6 199 117eCSR ASL. 199 44 (10b. 1.5 3.9 17.5 220 10b.Chel & Armstra 5p. 9 28 22 2 6.0 3.1 2.8 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 2.6 13.6 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 2.6 13.6 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 2.6 13.6 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 2.6 13.6 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 2.6 13.6 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 12.8 0.75 -1.7 125 (2.8 3.4 12.8 0.7 12.8 12.8 0.7 12.8 12.8 0.7 12.8 12.8 0.7 12.8 12.8 12.8 0.75 1.7 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8	211 103 Wellane Set Gry Sp v 1191 49 10 3 49 10 3 196 166 Retyon v 353 30 3Retwick Gross v 355 45 49 12 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
*218 1848aak iriladi (*18 204 +1 016.5*	506 441 Amersham Intl B 449 10.0 4.3.0 0  *42 27/stra Notdana 50 y 29 b K0.87 3.2 3.9 120  \$553_1573_1285F A6 DM 50 \$21.5 + 2  \$715_1579_1297 A6 DM 50 \$903_14. v2004. 2.3 3.5 12.4  \$183 1468Eagles Inds y 164  \$183 1468Eagles Inds y 164  \$77 1.138*enr Chems 10p B 139 5.2 1.9 5.0 12.6  70 51]Cambridg Estay I y 58 -2 1.09 5.0 12.6  \$70 51]Cambridg Estay I y 58 -2 1.09 5.0 12.6  \$70 51]Cambridg Estay I y 58 -2 1.09 5.0 12.6	387 267 Eurotherm Inc. 10p p 387 -17 6.0 41 2 14.3   52 279 F & H Group 10p 628 14.76 25 9 6   143 1137 KH Babock 10p e 1251 + b 2 35 4.7   143 1137 KH Babock 10p e 1 628 1 628 1 629 1 6   179 147 F armel Etec. 50 8 169 + 2 35 3.7 2.4 12   179 147 F armel Etec. 50 8 169 + 2 35 3.7 2.4 12   192 76 1 F armel Etec. 50 7 169 + 2 25 16 4 191   192 76 1 F armel 10p e 1 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	330 240TACE 10p 323 -2 10.0 2.3 4.112.8 318 +3 10.0 2.5 4.2 11.2 186 194Tetns 20p 7 176 5.0 1.3 3.8 25.4 112.8 15.3 10.8 25.4 17.2 0.0 15.3 10.8 25.4 17.2 0.0 15.3 10.8 25.4 17.2 0.0 15.5 12.5 (Thermion 6. W.) 5p. y 145c 7 15.0 1.4 4.7 20.0 16.5 (Thermion 6. W.) 5p. y 145c 7 15.0 1.4 4.7 20.0 16.5 (Thermion 6. W.) 5p. y 145c 7 15.0 1.4 4.7 20.0 16.5 (Thermion 6. W.) 5p. y 145c 7 15.0 1.4 17.2 0.0 16.5 (Thermion 6. W.) 5p. y 145c 7 15.0 1.4 17.4 17.4 17.5 (Thermion 6. W.) 5p. y 15p. y 15p	111   Silyko of Designers So. v   90   13.0   2.8   4.4   10.7   21.5   174 (congustor People So. v   12.3   3.6   3.7   2.5   13.0   10.1   85 (cons. Sot. p   10.1   85   10.0   2.2   4.5   20.3   15.0   2.5   3.5	1.18 7.3 0.3 38.7 330 21.0 0. 37 9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1 9.1
33 15½ 9F1cx Pac. Hide, 50: 38	188 147/Elik & Everard   8   184   184   27, 3 4, 14, 3	224 19243220 Setton 100 y 224 4 1.7 4.1 1.1.2 1.7 70 46Hightand E. 200 y 10 1024 -1 03.1 4 1.2 4 1.2 5 24 5 0.10.2 164 84Holms Patert 30 0.1 1024 -1 03.1 4 1.2 4 1.2 5 295 12 5 5 0.10.2 165 43Hightands fically 199 5 1 41 1.2 0.3 3 5 5 2 7.8 199 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	FOOD, GROCERIES, ETC  183 154ASDA Grozn	310, 1600PC 50	100   113   113   115
109 68 00. Warrants. 9 95-19 40 24 \ WRithwells ASO 50 34-19 412 57 7.1\ 144 1.0 373 27 Floral Bt. Scaland. a 359 44 12.7 4.3 4.7 6.5 1.5 a 125 castearing Bt Wits. 9 15.7 a 15.6 1.5 a 12.7 b 1.1 a 15.7 b 1.1 a 15.	160 13(19) 75	327 118Togica 100 8 317 +1 91.7 84 0.7122 124 124 1318 43 15 213 124 1318 1315 213 124 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	103   67#Becoss Crisn 10s   73	201 151; Esgle Trust 21; e	131   1585   1
Hire Purchase, Leasing, etc.  191   155Anglo Leasing 100. v  174   159CLT 550	82 55,9Assis Group 100 y 73 - 2 997 337,94can 100 B 399 + 1 16.0 4.3 2.0 15.4 12.2 13.3 13.4 12.0 15.4 12.2 13.3 13.4 12.2 15.2 12.0 13.0 12.1 12.0 13.0 12.1 12.0 13.0 12.1 12.0 13.0 12.1 12.0 13.0 12.3 12.0 13.0 12.3 12.0 13.0 12.3 12.0 13.0 12.3 12.0 13.0 12.3 12.0 13.0 12.3 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 12.5 12.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13	1891   8/94 CT   FOCS   100	5331 5351 Wash to \$1.00   5361 L 1053 64   3.00	66 Softwallbur Jewelley	150 45 Friedrich St. D. V 59 Q48c 4 5.3 4 95 86 Friedrich St. D. V 59 Q48c 4 5.3 4 95 86 Friedrich St. D. V 59 Q48c 4 30.2 9 17.3 10 17.5 Friedrich St. D. V 59 Q48c 4 30.2 9 17.3 10 17.5 Friedrich St. D. V 59 Q48c 4 30.2 9 17.3 17.3 10 18.4 10 Q48c 4 9 18.4 10
441 372Attied-Lyons of 418 4 13.092.4 4.2 11.8 857 7588.as. of 405 ethanes 8 45 12.955 3.9 12.10.4 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5	78 448 SHICHARTS 109 Y 43	68 48Pect 39 6 8 51	370 3001kmik Save 100	\$11\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(\)\(	180 153Warer Neardispis, v 165 3.0 4 2.4 4 103 6 103 6 1 Waterford Glast Sp. B 107 4 1 107 6 4 1 103 6 1 Waterford Glast Sp. B 107 4 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
319 125   1.7 2.0 26.8   1.7 2.0 26.	250 251Etam 10p. 8 275 6.0 2.8 2.9 1.9 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	105	577 3895ember land Holes. vg 577+1 1.1 2.1 2.20.  584 7401 236 6 yiele CL	135 78May Groman 10p. y 123c; +1 h1.67, 3.4 1,8; 21.7 93 59Meisith Cre Sers. y 50	283 229 Wolseley 8 9 257 - 2 17.0 3.7 3.7 9.2 19.2 99 Wood (Arthur) 50.
270 145Asher y 2865 4773; 45 2.116.3 488 343Anglis Sec 10p. y 4434 1.011 0.9 3.149.7 138 90Amclife 10p y 4344 1.011 0.9 3.149.7 138 90Amclife 10p y 131 -2 3.17 4.0 3.2 8.1 140.3 40.3 409&xiteat Group 10p. y 138 47 160, 25 2.5 117.9 106 96Aukert Assoc 5p. y 318 47 160, 25 2.5 117.9 106 96Aukert Assoc 5p. y 391 12 2.5 2.5 13.4 2.9 12.3 3.0 2.0 88.9 10p. y 27 12.5 2.9 3.4 13.6 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3 12.3	177 1238/arrs 0 wer. 20p. or 159 *2 45.79 0.7 4.8 36.5 46 33 siletien [10 8 37 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1.6 5.9 11.6 1 163 1 16	323   25985passe Control 59.   362   3.2   5.9   1.4   5.9	98 46 Merchan St. Ric Sw	433.1 S. Peinelogy 10	133   99-8   9
168	383 344 Metales (J.) B 322 +2 58 5.0 22 12.0 384 Metales (J.) B 322 +2 58 5.0 22 12.0 384 Metales (J.) B 322 +2 58 5.0 22 12.0 395 12.0 395 1.4 27.0 296 245 Metales Bros 20p a 459 45 10.0 35 1.4 27.0 295 245 Metales Bros 20p a 450 45 10.0 35 1.4 27.0 295 245 Metales Bros 20p a 450 45 10.0 35 1.4 27.0 295 245 Metales Bros 20p a 450 45 10.0 35 1.4 27.0 295 245 Metales Bros 20p a 450 45 10.0 35 1.4 27.0 295 245 Metales Bros 20p a 450 45 10.0 35 1.4 27.0 295 245 Metales Bros 20p a 47 125 2.6 3.5 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 12	ENGINEERING  134 106/APV 10p. 8 113 42-2-5 5-0 11.0 250/Advert 6 rum. 8 347 - 2 12-4 3-6 152 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 162 16	INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.)  166 926AF iorr. 7 hp. y 166 377 3.8 3.1 10.2 17.3 2.3 3.8 3.1 10.2 17.5 17.4 2.1 10.0 12.5 1.1 10.2 17.5 1.1 10.0 12.5 1.1 10.2 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12.5 12	136 1061 DH Group 150 v 1112 0.66 7.8 0.8 21.7 151 133 Haiding Tourste. v 145 4.79 2.3 4.4 11.3 83 65 136 126 126 126 126 126 126 126 126 126 12	1250 aris McLerin St. 221.   222.01   1.6 4.5   1.6 0   1.6 0
2301 230Fairtriar 10n v 400 +3 6.8 4 2.2 4	77% 2006Set Seatel Sei J 270 +3 (1135 4 4 6 744 7 )	238 16394ths Con Em 50. 7 238 7.0 2.7 3.9 12.7 116 734mra109 7.9 219 194 215 22 3.5 16.5 17.0 2.7 3.9 12.7 21 148alley (C. H.) 7 194 21 22 2.7 21 137Banv Inds. 20p. 7 128 7.0 2.3 4.6 13.4 13.4 13.5 16.5 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.5 17.5 17	250 210Alumasc	147 115Magnolia Gross	LEISURE  1834 65-ba & M Gross 100 7 177 - 2 125-4 1.6 7.1 122 183 1508 as   10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1



THE THE PERSON AND TH



Financial Times Thursday June		DON SHARE SERVICE		37
LEISURE - Control	ADPER PRINTING ADVERTISING - Control  TEXTILES  TEXTILES		The control of the	THIRD MARKET  Stock  St

Also bearing down on the mar-

ket were the growing fears that a

further round of staff cutbacks

may be about to hit the City.

maker will shortly follow last week's lead from Chase Manhat-

slipped back into the doldrums. While turnover remains higher

Amstrad quickly returned to

Amstrad Fidelity branded 60CM

dish and receiver, aimed squarely

Only recently the group announced new audio and video

products including the long

awaited video camera which is intended to sell at around half

the current market average. At the same time the purchase of the Fidelity brand was also

announced. Amstrad took pride of place as one of the most

the good at 1990. Shares in Dalgety surged 12 to

334p in early trading on market rumours that aggressive Hills-

were also mentioned as possible

FT – ACTUARIES INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times. the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

9.89 18.15 9.87

9.16 8.89 10.67 8.46 8.61 6.68 7.98 9.88 8.23 18.94 11.51 10.83 7.14 11.71 10.55 10.64 11.39

+0.5 9.75

+2.4

+8,4 -0.1 +8.6 +0.4 +0.5 +0.5

2074.62

397.54

465.13 274.69 1282.94

1078.52 1115.21 966.43 1972.35 1824.62

1320,19 489,41 3391,79 816,22 578,79 883,70

1159.79 1032.30

1178.67 1904.42 945.27

Wednesday June 8 1988

3.98 4.00 4.82 3.36 4.37 1.448 4.36 1.55 3.54 4.09 4.46 4.29 4.76 4.48 4.42 4.48 4.42 4.48

11.94 9.86 12.97 14.29 11.77

15.20 15.48 17.67 16.02 12.86 15.41 13.20 10.05 11.38 17.66 18.44 18.89 12.51 11.69 10.06

at the mass market.

THE UK equity market was boosted at the end of a dull trad. There were strong rumours yes ing session by the strong opening terday that a major UK market-on Wall Street. Led by a general maker will shortly follow last mark-up in New York quotations week's lead from Chase Manhatfor American Depositary Receipts tan by laying off trading staff, (ADRs), the UK blue chip international formula including some senior employees. tional stocks closed with wide-spread gains. However, there was a dearth of genuine buying slipped back into the doldrums. orders to back up the higher price quotations.

than in pre-Big Bang days, it is not high enough to cover the sub-For most of the day, the market was easier on sheer lack of trading volume. The City contin-ued to keep a close watch on the stantially increased cost struc-tures imposed on some City firms ued to keep a close watch on the currency rates and the late tive, electronic marketplace. mprovement came as an early gain in the pound was trimmed. Once again, the institutions the limelight as the market responded favourably to news of appeared unwilling to commit the group's venture into the sat-themselves until the outlook for ellite television market with an appeared unwilling to commit UK interest rates becomes more

Government bonds also traded very quietly. Opening prices were a touch higher, but this was often little more than a catch up after a rally at the close of the previ-ous session. The early gains melted away and by the end prices were barely firmer on the

The FT-SE 100 Index closed 8.0 up at 1828.2, after spending most of the session on the downside. The 1820 support level was not regained until mid-afternoon. Seaq turnover dipped to 399.4m

Uncertainty over the pound revived after Goldman Sachs, in the June edition of its Economic Analyst review, repeated its previous forecast that sterling is headed up to DM 3.15-3.20 and \$1.90-2.00 on a six month term. Last week's dip in the pound was no more than a "short term cor-

**EQUITY GROUPS** 

& SUB-SECTIONS

Mechanical Engineering (56)...

Metals and Metal Forming (8). 

Brewers and Distillers (21)

Food Manufacturing (23). Food Retailing (15)......

Health and Household (12)...

Packaging & Paper (17)..... Publishing & Printing (16) . Stores (35)

Shipping and Transport (12).... Telephone Networks (2).....

OTHER GROUPS (92).

Miscellaneous (26)....

Textiles (18).

Agencies (19) .. Chemicals (20)

Figures in parentheses show r stocks per section

Electricals (12) . Electronics (31) .

Daily average equities turnover

# US influences boost equities at close of sluggish

session while Gilts hang fire

June June June June June Year 1988 Since Compilation												
	8	7	6	3	2	Ago	High	Low	High	Lew		
Covernment Secs	89.78	89.72	89.62	89.43	89.50	92.70	91.43 (18/4)	86.97 (1371)	127.4 (9/1/35)	49 18 (3/1/75)		
Fixed interest	98.21	98.15	98.49	98.32	98.38	98.42	98.67 (25/5)	94.14 (B/1)	105 4	50 53 (3/1/75)		
Ordinary 🛡	1455.2	1445.1	1452.8	1444.4	1443.4	1752.2	1478 7	1349.0	1926 2 (16/7/87)	49 4 (26/6/40)		
Gold Mines	232.5	236.0	234.3	232.1	224 0	398.8	312.5 (7/1)	195.4 (13/5)	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)		
Grd. Div.Yield	4.53	456	4.54	4.58	4.58	3.25		S.E AC	YTIVIT			
Earpines Yid. %ColD		11.73	11.66	11.76	11.76	7.83	la	ndices	June 7	June 5		
P/E Ratio (netXº) SEAQ Bargains (5pm)	10.51 22,647	10.43 25,739	10.49 25,961	10.41 32,180	10.40 27,761	15.76 52,856	Equity Barg Equity Valu	Bargains ains è	1897	104 6 180.9 1868.7		
Equity Turnover (Em) Equity Bargains Shares Traded (ml)		1277.39 29,271 483.2	924.53 27,913 399.7	1370.03 35,108 571.5	1190.75 28,973 491.4	1637,50 59,187 607.2	Gilt Edged f Equity Barg	ige ,, Bargains pains e	114.9	113 9 189.6 2280.3		

Day's low 1440.5 Day's High 1455.2 . Secs 15/10/26, Fixed Int. 1928, Ordinary 1/7/35, Gold Mines 12/9/55, S E Activity 1974, \* Nii=10.40.

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX; TEL. 0898 123001

and dealers suggested the shares

down Holdings may be about to have not yet been placed. bid for the company. Nestle. Dalgety shares have had a said he hoped to confirm the sale Grand Metropolitan and Hanson strong run over the last two of Reed's European paper interweeks and ironically takeover bidders, with some dealers rumours hardened on the day according these little credibility. Barclays de Zoete Wedd, the Mr Harry Solomon, chairman of securities house, issued a "trad-Hillsdown, said "I am afraid we ing sell" note on the company. never comment on market The shares eased in the early

Mos Jua 6

index No.

45-53 2966-24 2971.47 17.77 1607.16 1619.50

Fri Jun 3

index No.

9.60 9.85 9.94

360 390 420

290 300 330 58 40 16

10.23 10.65 10.68

10.23 10.65 10.68

rumours", but one analyst said afternoon as the wider market

announced. Amstrad took pride of place as one of the most actively traded stocks (some 11m) thought a bid unlikely. Hillsdown is currently tryon traded up, but ended better at 334p on turnover of 2.8m.

Reed International joined the list of companies which have prodried up, but ended better at 334p per cent stake in Tate & Lyle to duced results above expectations raise around £20m, but volume in only to see their share price tum-Tate & Lyle shares was again low ble. Profits of £242.8m were fully 20 per cent above forecasts and chief executive Mr Peter Davis

> ests for around £600m within a month. Despite this, sellers appeared and the share price fell away to 407p, down 18 on turnover of 3.3m shares. One dealer said thefigures looked good "until you pulled them apart". But a more likely explanation for the fall is that the price was reacting to a

day's figures. British & Commonwealth shares reacted to a Press story which indicated that negotiations buy-out of its subsidiary Bricom were near to a successful conclusion. After a quiet opening which saw the shares drift back, they climbed 5 to 263p on volume of

strong\_advance ahead of yester-

A B&C official offered no comment on the suggested price of £350m for Bricom, but analysts are confident that the figure is not far out and expect a formal announcement by B&C later this week. Dealers then anticipate a bid for merchant bank Singer &

130 140 160

13 5

10.4 per cent stake, but its shares were quiet and ended the day unchanged at 85p.

Abbey Life, the unit-linked life assurance group, closed unchanged at 310p, but turnover remained brisk at 2.1m shares. Strong buying from the Contiascribed to stake-building by Banque Paribas, the French financial group.

The clearing banks shaded easier in unexciting turnover, as the market waited for the next move in domestic interest rates. TSB held steady at 104 %p despite City predictions that it is the most directly in line to suffer the increased competition when Girobank is privatised in the autumn. Legal & General jumped 6 to 290p in good turnover and the other composites were firm. Good

profits, togther with a favourable report on the troubled North American operations, lifted C.E. Heath by 8 to 424p. BP traded actively again, the new shares shading to 70p on

turnover of 4.2m shares, and the old, unchanged at 267p, with 3.7m Both LASMO, another 6 up at

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

also at 458p. continued to reflect market belief that a merger of the two is not far away. Burmah Oil moved up 9 to 557p

58p. and Enterprise, 13 better

on the back of continued specula-tion that HSV might make a move on its stock. Sovereign closed up 8 at 145p with analysts anticipating speculative buying . Another notable performer was Great Western Resources rising 5

Brewers were subdued in early trading, but several features emerged. Guinness remained a strong market and edged up a penny to 334p on turnover of 2.0m shares. Scottish & Newcastle closed below what dealers had seen as a support level, ending the day at 309p, also on volume of 2.0m. Fears that a bid may not be forthcoming were allayed by the presence of a good buyer picking up stock at its lower levels.

International stocks did little more than follow the trend in sterling which drifted back from firm start. Glazo, down to 912p initially, rallied to close 12 better on the day at 930p.

Beecham, awaiting today's preliminary figures, traded on a brisk note with shares closing 5 to the good at 484p in a volume of some 4.1m. Analysts are looking for pre-tax profits ranging from £405m to £415m. Boots, also trading period is expected to have limited progress, with fore-casts pitched around the £235m

recommendation, came to life ket, with the shares putting on 11 to 323p, while Coloroll, reflecting better-than-expected preliminary figures. ted preliminary figures, rose 9 to 191p. Arenson responded afresh to the bid approach, rising to 160p before settling 8 up on the day at 156p. Myson, in contrast, ran into profit-taking after the

reacted to close 6 cheaper at 215p. Dixons enjoyed a brisk trade (some 5.4m shares) and closed 8 higher at 183p, with persistent buying prompted by hopes that it will benefit from Amstrad's move into the satellite market.

Elsewhere, Empire met with a

50 87

24 38 58

#### NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1988

20 14 9

57 30 13 50 15 14

28 18

34 18 10

13

35 14

NEW LOWS (11).

revival of demand and put on 6 to 243p. Ellis and Goldsteln edged up 2 to 110p on hopes of an increased offer from Berketex.

British Telecom traded on a relatively quiet note awaiting today's announcement of the pre-liminary figures. Profits esti-mates range around the £2.3bn mark (£2.07bn). Some 3.6m shares changed hands, with the price closing a shade dearer at 240p.
Oxford Instruments gained 9 to

229p after the preliminary figures. Automated Security, by contrast, gave up 6 to 237p on the group's funding moves. The company is proposing to raise around £39.8m via a rights issue. The money will be used for expansion which is that to be achieved by which is likely to be achieved by

The food sector featured a late rise in Cadbury Schweppes, up 7 to 406p on turnover of 5.2m shares as dealers reported an active London buyer and a large trade in the options market. At one stage, Cadbury shares were well down on the day at 390p. Rowntree was marked up 9 to 1044p as the day progressed. Mar-

ketmakers expect a higher bid from Nestlé and turnover was light at 429,000 shares. S. Daniels jumped 10 to 95p on rumours that a potential bidder was increasing existing stake, while Dee and Argyll saw buying interest and both edged up 3 to close at 187p.

The motors sector came to life with Lucas leading the way, the shares rising 15 to 528p as buyers came into the market in late tradscheduled to report annual ing. A well-timed Country Nat-results today, closed 5 higher West WoodMac circular pointed 222p. However, a poor Christmas out that Lucas is taking analysts to the US next week to view its facilities and suggested that this

> short term. ing continued to make progress no double options were reported.

would push the price up in the

ahead of today's interim figures Dealers are expecting \$1.4m and the shares rose 4 to 199p. Quick (H.J) confused marketmakers when its 1-for-1 split was

postponed until today, but better liquidity hopes pushed the price up 10 to 275p. Caffyns reported barely improved profits, nut the shares held steady in a thin market and eventually closed 3

higher at 5730. Among papers, Associated Newspapers was a firm market and the shares ended up 3 at 493p, while regional publisher EMAP edged up 2 to 206p ahead of next Monday's figures. Analysts are forecasting £22-24m.

Interest in the Property market again centred on companies again centred on companies announcing trading statements with Hardanger, 720p, and Regal-ian, 180p, rising 25 and 5 respec-tively after preliminary results. Textiles were featured by a flurry of speculative acticvity in Lister which moved up 11 to 124p

amid talk of a possible bid from Illingworth Morris. Turnover in Traded Options slackened off, with the overall total down to 27,617 contracts, made up of 19,286 calls and 8,331 puts. Beecham stood out, recording 3,002 calls and 949 puts.

#### **Traditional Options**

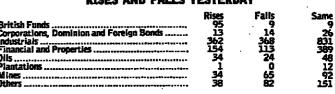
 First dealings May 31
 Last dealings June 10 ● Last declarations Sept 1

• For Settlement Sept 12
For rate indications see end of London Share Service Dealers reported a fairly active day in the Traditional option market. Stocks to attract money for the call included Western Mining, Bristol Channel, Consolidated Gold Fields, Resources, Racal, TSB, Virgin, Delswick, Magnet, Stanhope, Rutland, Morgan Grenfell, Cadbury Schweppes, Amstrad, Ultramar, Noble & Lund, Burndene, Courtanids, and Christies International Philosophysics (1997). national. Puts were arranged in Oliver Resources and NSM, but

#### TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS



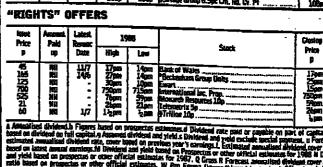
### RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY



731 1,558 675 Totals LONDON RECENT ISSUES EQUITIES

### 560 150 9280 Since Steer before the state of the second state of the second se 330 #30 2110 27/5

FIXE	F.P. [	ERES			nan Partnerskip 10p	讶 "	R4.5	3.0 4.	<u>4</u>
fazore Price	Astronomi. Pald	Latest Remoc	19	188				Clothey	F
E	10	Date	High	Low	1.	Rock		Price E	ĺ
100 1100 1100 100 100 100 121e 1100 100 100 100	F.P. 2356 880 879 F.P. 629 F.P. 629 F.P. 629 F.P. 629 F.P. 629	30/11 8/7 4/8 2/9 1/7 1/7	19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	123 40p	HA & M Group 10se C. SSA Group & Tippe C.m. Canthal & Chanathe 9 7, Tippe C.m. Canthal & Chanathe 9 7, Tippe C.m. Carbina & Chanathe 9 7, Tippe C.m. Ca-Op Bank B 45bc Cam Empryres OH 10 1 be 10 Francis Gro New 7 3, p LIT Hidgs 9, 47pc Cm 8, In with Assettle 9 1, p R with Assettle 9 1, p Rathers 6 25p Cr. Cm. 1 R with Sangle Or. Cm. 1 R Stronge Group 6. Spc Cm. R Stronge Group 6. Spc Ch. R Stronge Group 6. Spc Cm.	HO. CO. P. E. La Mort. Di. V. Crn. Rei. Pr. L. Red. Prt. 201 In Le. 2013 Int. Com. Prf. Le. 1998-08 Le. Mag. Db. Le. S. 189 LV Rei. Prf. LV Rei. Prf.	The property of the property o	逸	
"RIGH	ITS" (	)FFE(	RS					-	_
farms		I also d		_					<u>.</u>



#### 65 40 Cable & Wil (\*359 ) 55 37 11.31 765.38 767.76 765.18 932.97 11.36 991.71 992.67 998.42 1238.14 25.92 1559.33 1561.61 1565.89 1593.36 17.77 1607.16 1619.59 1620.75 278.25 6.85 396.84 395.82 390.88 498.36 6.92 465.25 465.35 464.18 528.96 5.22 278.88 273.77 273.29 352.85 21.24 1282.27 1288.87 1277.94 1538.29 13.83 1873.94 1881.20 1074.76 1396.18 13.58 1116.69 1121.57 1112.36 1221.55 13.67 966.92 966.40 956.49 993.94 221.46 1964.63 1981.41 1991.09 2419.57 10.93 1899.34 1827.43 1381.52 2541.92 18.36 13311.92 1317.24 1305.96 1338.96 6.18 489.48 492.40 490.56 671.92 44.73 3439.55 3412.85 3387.02 3859.31 11.24 888.49 816.03 811.56 1114.89 10.99 575.12 582.23 585.96 788.39 18.17 878.95 884.01 873.77 1107.28 1153.60 1161.04 1149.05 1495.29 1153.60 1161.04 1149.05 1495.29 1153.60 1161.04 1149.05 1495.29 1153.60 1161.04 1149.05 1495.29 21.53 1022.55 1029.53 1018.76 1328.44 16.27 1165.48 1173.51 1172.78 1349.56 29.61 1902.16 1990.55 1902.25 252.35 1902.61 1185.13 1199.00 1169.91 1482.50 12.04 951.10 956.40 949.86 1168.59 Courtauld (\*333 ) 330 360 390 58 35 22 65 45 30 18 33 160 170 180 22 h 19,2 zį 17 17 Boots (\*220 9 23 Jagsar (°267 ) 3.86 12.84 12.04 951.10 956.40 949.86 1168.59 40.2 10.45 5.53 12.35 39.80 1844.61 1858.87 1848.84 2190.18 26 14 7 14 30 692.50 760.83 662.39 792.22 994.41 1087.88 538.70 554.70 977.79 1192.34 Britail (\*524 ) Rolls-Royc (°1,23°) Harson (°1,34 ) STC (\*257 ) 9 24 55 280 300 330 43 33 20 34 21 10 360 390 420 420 460 500 36 13 41<sub>9</sub>

	_~_				• •	240	Ιī	1 64	. 1 77	jų[	<b>z</b> ő	23	ž
1 2 72	3	2½ 5 11	31 <sub>2</sub> 61 <sub>2</sub>	Thorn E	MI	600	42,	- 58 21	7	1	1	20 40	27 48
72 4	10	12	13_	(*640	1)	650 700	7 2	21	1 45	2	15	40	48
4	7 14 33	13 22 38	18 28 42	Upiler		420 460	43	<u> </u>	64	.	1	.8	12
	.23 .4			(*460	"	500	°،	15	2	1	8	19 45	208
I NN	岁	1122	1527	Wellco (*535	me :	500 550 680	37g	69 39	85   57	; T	21 67	21 45	30 53
•				٠	"	600	1	1 -	1 -	- 1	67 I	- 1	_
b. ]	Ашд.	Nor.	Feb.										
5	15	14	20 32 48		otion		Aug	Nov	Fet	1	<b>.</b>	Nov	Feb
<u>.</u>	15 33	26 42	48	Com. 91, 9	2005	100	3,,	34	1	関		15	18
4	Д 11	PFE	19	102	.,	102 104	15	1 14	ii 2	241	14 24 24	34	24 39
			19 28	Tr. 12% (*112	1995	116	2 1	2	1	4	.3	7	
5	282	18 38 65	23 43	1-112	٠ ا	112 114	Į	2 1	1	į	17	35	15 25 3 <u>8</u>
듸													•
9	11	5 16 30	12 20 32					• 1	T	-			
<u> </u>	26			Optio		Jun	Jul		Sep	مورار	Jel	Aug	Sep
7	22	# CX	30 45 62	FT-SE Index	1650 1700	舜	135	145	諁	3 5	lú	11	17 26
_	45	58		(°1821)	1750 1800	1 39	92 57 30	107	띪	9 21	·#	31 48	26 37 55 78
3	2 4	3	7		1850 1900	19	30 14	72 43	83 55 33 22	48 92	8	103	78 108
긔	11	20	25		1950	112	ē	<b>Ž</b>		140	142	142	145
	14	15 23	23 32 53	Je	ne 6 To	ET-SI	tracts 2	7,617 ( Calls 7	Galls I 93 Pu	9,286	Pats	8,331	
0	32	44	53					09 SECU			•		

24	SOU SHAKE IND	EX 1500	}	<u> 14,70</u>	.93   H	<u>0.4  </u>	1.85	4.10	12//	1434	1826.5	5   1032.59	1025.75	1255.25
61	FINANCIAL GR					8.4 -		4.76	- 1	14.08	699.6	695.53	692.50	760.63
62	Banks (8)	**********		673	.42 +		.24	6.05	6.34	18.03	670.M	668.84	662,39	792.22
65	Insurance (Life)					I	- 1	4.91	<b>!</b> - !	24.97	1817.9	1008.46	994.41	1887.88
66	Insurance (Comp	osite) (7)		534		8.5   -	- 1	5.53	- 1	13.82	531.7			
67	Insurance (Broke						1.02	6.53	12.94	26.67	971.8			1192.34
68	Merchant Banks	(11)		375	.86	0.4	:	3.70		3.94	377.3			385.44
69	Property (51)			2.228	42   1		.82	2.61	26.60	21.21	1224.3			
70	Other Financial						.54	4.88	12.77	5.96	384.27	_		497.22
71	Investment Trust					15		2.98		18.24	876.60			1949.18
81	Mining Finance	(2)		534	.80 H		.03	3.52	12.51	8.12	533.2			519.30
<u>91</u>	Overseas Traders	(8)		1134	27 +		286	4.93	12.07	27.23		1138.60		
99	ALL-SHARE IN	EX (713	}(	944	.98 +	0.4	<u>. 1</u>	4.17		14.09	940.97	944.69	938.84	1121.61
	!			Inde				Day's	مورا	jug	1 <del>au</del>	Jan.	Jan	Year
_	<u> </u>			No.			_	LOW	7	6	3	) 2	1	290
	FT-SE 100 SHA	re inde	X 4	182	8.2 J	8.9   18	28.2	1813.3	1829.2	1832.7	1819.	1810.3	1805.7	2256.1
	<del></del>						1				Ī	ſ		
	2-T1	YED 1		1	AVER	AGE GRO	55	- 1	Wed	Tue	Year			
	PL	KENI	REST			ı	KEUE	MPTION'	LIETIN	- 1	Jun 8	Jun	age (approx.)	
							L					١		mpprox.
	PRICE	Wed	Day's	Tue	xd adi.	xd adl.	Г		Covernme		$\neg$			
	INDICES	Jun	change	Jun	today	xd adj. 1988	į į	Low		5 years		8.83	8.87	7.82
		8	%	_ 7 _ 1		to date	3	Coupen	5	15 years	<b>-</b>	9.16	9.18	8.60
	British Government						]	il		25 years		9.61	9.01	8.61 8.63
				<b> </b>		l	3	Medium Council		5 years		9.27 9.37	9.33 9.39	8.85 8.85
1	- ,	122,92		122.89	8.20		! ?	Coupen		15 years 25 years		918	9.28	9-92 20 0
1	5-15 years		+0.18	141.06	0.12	5.09	١ž	High	•	5 years		9.36	9.41	8.85 8.87
3	Over 15 years	149.67	+0.06	149.59	<b>–</b> 1	6.28	Ιė		<b>s</b> :	15 years		9.51	9.53	8.97
4	irredeemables	166.26	+0.02	166.22	_	6.31	9			25 mars		9.23	9.25	8.78
5	All stocks	137.59	+0.16	137.49	0.13	5.32	10	_	mables		1	9.85	9.88	8.72
	Index-Lipked						ĺ	Index-L			_	1	- 1	
4	5 years	127 67	-0.61	127.68	_	0.51	[ ]]		nrate 5%		Syrs.	2.72	2.71	2.2 <del>9</del> 3.58
9	*						12		m rate 5%		žyrs.	3.83	3.83	3.58
7	Over 5 years			120.84	-	1.18	נו		n rate 109		5 yrs.	1.77	1.76	1.89
8	All stocks	121.34	+0.10	121.23	_	1.12	14	inflatio	m rate 109	6 Over	5 yrs	3.67	3.67	3.50

ing index 1815.3; 10 am 1813.6; 11 am 1817.1; Noon 1818.3; 1 pm 1819.3; 2 pm 1819.2; 3 pm 1820.8; 3.30 pm 1820.3; 4 pm 1820.6

93.09

+0.29

in the interior leads of the first that the first t

Appears Asserting the control of the

onal Options

Creai Options

College May 31

College June 10

College J

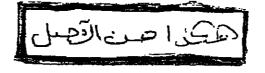
if one were report

c. perili fyradiy ar al

Freek
Financia;

A March A Marc

STOCKS





### Have your F.T. hand delivered in Germany

Let you work in the business centre of HAMBURG, BERLIN, DÜSSELDORF, NEUSS, KÖLN, BONN, FRANKFURT, OFFENBACH, HÖCHST, ESCHBORN, RÜSSELSHEIM, MAINZ, WIESBADEN, MANNHEIM, LUDWIGSHAFEN, STUTTGART, MUNCHEN, or in the TAUNUS AREA - gain the edge over your competitors.

Have your Financial Times personally hand

delivered to your office at no extra charge and you will be fully briefed and alert to all the issues that influence or affect your market and your

When you take out your first subscription to the F.T., we'll send you 12 issues free. Then see for yourself why William Ungeheuer, Time magazine's senior financial correspondent, describes us as "the paper with the best coverage of international finance."

and ask Karl Capp for details.

Frankfurt 0130-5351 for the cost of a local call

**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

•	10s	) Jan	368	1,580	Ι,	1700			الاستجر
	7	6	_3	2	Hilgh	Line	Hk		نعا
ladastrials	2054.59			2052.45	2110.08 02/49 91.25	1679.14 (20(1) 86.12	2772 (25/8)	S C	41.22 2(1)32)
loger Boack	87.86	87.65	67,76	67.58	( nn	嬲	1		1232
ransport	854.24	857.97	854,24	847.67	10012	1 (21(t)	1101 048 227	勮	
KUHLES ,	177.04	1,77.99	178,34	177.45	196.02 29/1)	20140	ezh	酚	10.50 88/4/320
Day's High 2082.86	2083.93	Lost 204	2.85 (207	5.21)					
STANDARD AND PDG Composite \$	875   245.17	267.05	266-45	265.38	20.5	242.63	536.	<b>%</b>	4.40
الأفاء العلم	306.54	308.57	307.58	306.36	33/0	20/I) 277.86	758 733	2	016/32) 02/6/32)
Firencials	23.91	24.33	24.03	23.95.	2340 2413 7763	201	25/8 25/8 25/8	80	8.64 CL/10/740
YSE Composite	109.60	150.55	15031	149.67	153.20	196.72	187	99	4 46
tenes Mist. Value	30261	301.94	300,88	299.08	03/40 306.57 012/40	28/1) 28/76 102/1)	05/8 01/8	ונהא	25 4 42) 29:31 (9)12 72)
VASDAD DTC Comp	579.32	379.34	376.86	374.65	翻	33.97 (1211)	455. (26/8)	劃	54.87 G1/10/72
		<u> </u>	<b>Ja</b> 3	May	20	May 13	year a	190 G	Pbblost?
low Industrial Div.	Yjela		.58	3,6		3.6		2.8	
	1.1.		pR .	11.27		May 18	year a	250 (2 2.57	Marok')
& P industrial div	ı, yield		433	32 13.2	9.	3.30 13.21		ສິ່ງ	7
PADING ACTIVITY			t¥	elone			W YORK	- Jan 6	
	Milion Jan 7	S Jan 6	Jan 3	-   7	State Treated		982	1,952	
	<u> </u>			- i!	Citys		634 872	650 626	9% 536 482
	168.710 10.603 140.753	153.052 8.610 109.974	9.68	4	Aciategni New Highs New Lans		46	476 24 6	18
NAMADA				<u>'</u>					
CANADA	-   -	<b>-</b>		إسدا	Jen		1988		
MAN N	$\perp$	7	8	3	2	High			Low
fetals & Minerals		9018.2 332.6	3009.2 3340.4	2950.6 3325.0	2919.0 3306.4	3018.2 (8 3402.4 (1)		297	8.7 (8)2) 7.9 (8)2)
MONTREAL Portfolio .	16	36.90	644.08	1638.45	1631.63	1681.54 (1	2/4)	1305	.06 (27 JU)
NEW YOU	Skets States States \$150,7	Ciosia	e Creat	ge ay 1, 1,		. 1	aded 902 900	Closing price 51 352	# 4
Occidental Pet	7,55	-	• •	1- 4-					
(ccidental Pyt texister (c) terity teritad Basic	(36)	ASI /	•	4	itanced Mics Mr R. Semicouch		757,600 731,900 707,800	驖	- }

ACA Gene SE CS/1/859 215.95 213.76 213.44 213.36 215.95 (8/6) 180.68 (4/1) 7146 646 rai (1975) 530.6 (15/1) 338.3 125.7 335.2 123.5 251.3 (29/1) 89.7 (29/1) 2684.13 (14/4) Sant G1/7/64 2408.98 2587.03 2590.39 2548.35 **222**3.56 **8**42 545.07 (18/3) e, ital, 0972) 423.91 (9/2) 249.5 206.2 251.6 207.1 249.2 205.5 290.3 (24/2) 211.7 (14/4) 205.7 (4/1) 157.9 (11/1) 327.78 **(29/1**) JRE Names land. (20/12/66) 1040.51 (2/6) 833 (19471) 295.17 (7)(6) 294.93 291.34 **225.50 (4/1)** 295.17 SE CON 12/05 & P. (31/12/56) 2975.2 2148.5 (4/1) 528.6 523.7 466.6 (13/1)

25, GNC 1.16 3.5116 556 45, 211 GPU 1.12 3.5 1.16 556 45, 211 GPU 1.20 3.5 1.17 175 554, 211 GPU 1.20 3.1 1.20 7.1 184 591, 211 GPU 1.20 7.20 7.1 184 591, 211 GPU 1.20 

Financial Times Thursday June 9 1988

### NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES

**AMEX COMPOSITE PRICES** 

### 1 100 1 1 100 1 1 100 1 1 100 1 1 100 | D-D | D-D

**OVER-THE-COUNTER** 

Nasdaq national market, 3pm Prices June 8

Side 28 | Lemind S. 12 | A \$ 1980 Side 324 | Side 44 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 294 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 294 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 294 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 294 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 294 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 294 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 294 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 223 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 23 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 23 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 27 23 Side 304 Side 44 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980 AA 2.5 1 | 1 |
Side 304 | Life 1980

Have your F.T. hand delivered . . .

... every working day, if you work in the business centre of ATHENS

**Athens (01) 7237167** 

And ask Bill Vogiatzis for details or call Hellenic Distribution Agency on (C) Athens (01) 9919328/9922483

**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

# Have your F.T. hand delivered in Switzerland

If you work in the business centre of BAAR, BASEL, BERNE, GENEVA, LAUSANNE, LUGANO, LUZERN, ST GALLEN, ZUG, ZURICH or WINTERTHUR — gain the edge over your competitors. Have the Financial Times hand delivered to your office at no extra charge and you will be fully briefed and alert to all the issues that affect your market and your business.

12 FREE ISSUES

When you take out your first subscription to the F.T., we'll send you. 12 issues free. Then see for yourself why William Ungeheuer, Time magazine's senior financial correspondent, describes us as "the paper with the best coverage of international finance."

> Geneva (022) 311604 And ask Peter Lancaster for details.

**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

AMERICA

## Dividend-related issues lift volume as Dow rebounds

#### **Wall Street**

EQUITIES AND bonds bounced back yesterday, registering point higher.

back yesterday, registering point higher.

by late trading, the CRB index was down nearly four points, and prices were up more than a full point. The Treasury's benchmark Janet Bush in New York.
The Dow closed 48.36 points

higher at 2,102.95, within only a few points of its post-crash high of 2,110.08 on April 12. Volume shot up with more than 310m shares changing hands. However, significant proportion of trading centred on various stocks due to go ex-dividend. The New York Stock

Exchange's limits on the use of its Superdot system for stock index arbitrace went into effect during the afternoon as the Dow registered a gain in the session of

Pacific Gas & Electric, which has a dividend yield of 12 per cent and goes ex dividend today was by far the most active issue on the New York Stock Exchange. By noon, more than 94m shares had been traded in Pacific Gas & Electric alone.

Traders said they did not see evidence of much more active participation by institutions or individual investors despite the much better tone which emerged in the market last week. However, some genuine buying was seen during the afternoon as the Dow's rise gathered momentum and there does seem to be a sense of confidence building up. The bond market has spent the

week almost exclusively focussing on the Commodity Research Bureau's futures index. A ½ point surge in the index on Tues-

Tokyo

THE NIKKEI average failed for

the third day running to close above 28,000, although it again

made a brief foray above that

level in Tokyo yesterday, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The day was dominated by a mix-

ture of strong buying interest and concern over precariously high prices. The Nikkei average closed

54.67 points down at 27,912.65 after moving between a high of

28.024.20 and a low of 27.880.16 on

a turnover of 1.9bn shares, down

from the previous day's 2.2bn.

Declines outpaced advances by

551 to 352, with 166 issues

movements have followed a supply and demand pattern over the past three weeks in the absence

of special market-moving factors.

Individual investors and business

corporations have sought low-

priced giant-capital and smaller-

capital speculative issues for quick profits, on the recommen-

dations of leading securities com-

Stocks priced at about Y500 were particularly popular, and many market participants expect

them to move steadily above

Concern over the market outlook persists, however, as the Nikkei average climbs daily into

The list of the 10 most active

stocks was dominated by those costing less than Y1,000 yester-

day, and their volume accounted

for 46.8 per cent of overall turn-

Among the top 10 issues mostly steels and shipbuildings
- laggards in the large-capitals

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS

World Ex. Japan (2007).

uncharted territory.

The Tokyo stock exchange's

unchanged.

day morning appeared to be the main reason behind a ½ point fall in bond prices and yesterday a decline of nearly three points in the CRB helped push prices 1/2

30-year issue was quoted 1 1/6 point higher.

The sharp rise and fall in both markets on successive days this week provides evidence of how nervous the mood is. Inflation remains the main issue. The CRB is dominated by the bond market and both bond and equity traders are highly nervous about tomorrow's producer prices figures.

The consensus forecast is for a rise of 0.4 per cent in May, the gain recorded in April However, some forecasters are looking for a rise of 0.6 per cent, and there were rumours in the market on Tuesday that prices may have risen by as much as 0.7 per cent.

Figures released yesterday by the Department of Commerce on wholesale trade in April provided evidence of a softening in domestic demand compared with March. Trade fell between the two months, and there was also tentative evidence of a build-up

in inventories. Traders are keeping a careful eye on the dollar with sensitivities about the currency particu-larly sharpened in the run-up to next week's US merchandise trade figures for April. Forecasters are looking for a deficit of between \$12bn and \$14bn compared with the shortfall of \$9.7bn in March.

Today the Commerce Department is due to release seasonal-

Y437. Kawasaki Steel, third busi-

est with 131m shares, closed unchanged at Y535 after hitting

Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy

Real estate issues drew investor interest because of their improved earnings due to large-

scale urban development pro-

jects, with Mitsubishi Estate climbing Y190 to Y2,710, Tokyu Land Y15 to Y995 and Mitsui Real

Stronger demand for stainless steel boosted related stocks

across the board. Nippon Yakin Kogyo gained Y55 to Y915 and

mum loss - on rumours that a

Industrial slipping Y30 to Y2,530 and Sony Corp falling Y50 to Y5,150. Heavy electricals, which had been recent gainers, closed easier, with Toshiba Corp down Y7 at Y913 and Hitachi off Y20 at

Bonds moved little in the absence of news, with dealers

and institutional investors keep-

Estate Y80 to Y2,180.

tive group.

sector were bought heavily, with ing for the first time in nine trad-Kobe Steel, second busiest with ing days, with the OSE stock trading. 153m shares, advancing Y29 to average losing 10.39 to 27,788.14 Bell R

Industries firmed Y28 to Y979.

et another all-time high of Y545.

ly-adjusted monthly trade figures for 1986, 1987 and for the first three months of this year. Next Tuesday's trade figures will be

Among featured stocks on the equity market were Macmillan, which was quoted \$% higher at \$75%. Macmillan rejected a sweetened takeover bid of \$73 a share from the Robert M. Be Group which has also offered to FOOD is still the focus for Swiss thought, as Nestlé and Jacobs Suchard continue the fight for restructure the company on more favourable terms than Macmillan

Murray Ohio Manufacturing rose \$1% to \$63% after the com-pany said it was talking to third parties about a possible takeover to rival the offer for the company

#### Canada

A surging New York stock market firmed share prices here although activity was moderate. Firmer US bond markets ignited

the New York rally.

Toronto's 300 composite index ended at 3,366.53, up 33.98, as advancing issues led declines 419 to 343. Volume totalled 23,450,000 shares compared with 25,790,000 on Tuesday, and the value of trading amounted to C\$299.8m compared with C\$328.2m.

The market's advance was broadly based, with mining issues up 1 per cent on index, industrial products up 2.4 per cent, forest products up 2.1 per cent, consumer products up 13 per cent, financial services up 12 per cent and oils up 1.4 per cent. Gold-mining stocks slumped on a weakening bullion price.

21.5m shares. Bando Chemical Industries slid

Y23 to Y750 and Araya Industrial

Australia

Turnover was 141m shares

worth A\$211m and buying focused on stocks paying fully-franked dividends. Earlier selling

come mainly from overseas

turnover of 7m shares, including about 3.4m in special sales rang-

ing from A\$1.95 to A\$2.02. Th

stock has been performing well in anticipation of approval from the Papua New Guinea Govern-

A\$185m shortly before the end of

Bell Resources lost 9 cents to shares.

TUESDAY JUNE 7 1988

ing in early trading.

group of speculators had sold its The sharp turnround picked up shareholding to another speculather All Ordinaries index from a

tive group. low of 1,580.7 to its close at Blue-chips stayed out of 1,591.3, down 5.2 from the previ-favour, with Matsushita Electric ous day.

ing a low profile, reflecting persistent anxiety about a possible
upsurge of US interest rates.

The yield on the benchmark 5.0
per cent government bond, due in
ing joint venture with Renison

4.535 per cent in inter-dealer trad-ing on buying by a big securities was one of the few stocks to close

FT – ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co.

Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

investors.

miya rose Y100 to Y2,460.

burg yesterday as the bullion price declined, but afternoon buying propped them up a little and they ended off their lows. Randfontein lost R10 to R252 and Val Reefs shed R3.50 to

GOLD stocks eased in Johannes

UK sweet maker Rowntree.
Food giant Nestlé, which fell

to a post-bid low on May 15 -

after which, fears of UK Govern-

ment intervention receded - has

since seen its bearers rise SF7740

since seen its bearers rise ST7140
to SFr8,640, up SFr20 yesterday
after Tuesday's bid extension.
Bearers of chocolate maker
Suchard — expected to publish
its formal offer in the next few
days — have gained SFr700 from

May 9, their lowest point since

SOUTH AFRICA

its April 13 dawn raid. Yesterday they lost SFr25 to SFr7,650.

day edged down 0.2 to 451.8.

Mining financials and diamond shares followed suit, with Anglo American falling 75 cents to the 600-mark last weekend for the R52.50 and De Beers dropping R1 first time in about two years and

# Concern undermines buying interest

cents to A\$2.46.

on a volume of 198m shares, off A\$1.63 and Bell Group declined 2

1000 Suchard

**Hong Kong** lost Y70 to Y1.380, whereas Izu-PROPERTY stocks led equities market higher in moderate trad-ing. Sharp rises in real estate TATPRI hounced back from early prices are attracting increasing losses as the weighted index numbers of investors to land

passed the 4,900 mark for the first time ever, adding 63.37 to end at the day's high of 4,951.58. company stocks.

The Hang Seng index rose 21.95 2,608.98 in turnover of HR\$1.2bn, up from HK\$1.1bn. In initial trading, prices slipped in response to the overnight fall on Wall Street. However, they Nippon Metal Industry Y17 to INSTITUTIONS moved in to pull started to bounce back as investors took the view that the Wall Tokyo Rope, in contrast, tumbled a maximum Y400 to Y2,510

— its second consecutive maximum documents of the property sector, New Morld Development uses 20 contents. in the property sector, New

World Development rose 30 cents to HK\$11.80, Hongkong Land added 10 cents to HK\$7.65 and Cheung Kong gained 5 cents to HK\$7.50. ATV moved up 2.5 cents to

HK\$2.10 amid takeover rumours, while Tai Cheung closed 7.5 cents lower at HK\$3.875 before announcing annual net profit of HK\$259m, up from the previous year's HK\$159m.

### Singapore

SPECULATIVE buying and bar-gain hunting propelled stocks higher, after the overnight fall on Wall Street created an uneasy mood and prices opened lower. December 1997, finished and Placer Pacific Renison eased unchanged at 4.545 per cent in 30 cents to A\$9.70 and Placer block trading on the Tokyo stock Pacific fell 12 cents to A\$2.60.

exchange. It later dropped to CSR, the building materials, lated, property and Malaysian

cheaper stocks. company.

Osaka Securities Exchange after announcing a 28 per cent prices turned down on profit-tak-rise in annual operating profit to Among active issues were property stocks DBS Land, which gained 2 cents to S\$1.11 on volume of about 1.9m shares, and NOL, up 1 cent at S\$1.58 on 1.4m

113.26 100.00

114.45 | 131.19 | 113.37 | 134.48

135.02

145.74

### Overseas demand leads to late rally French production and distribu-tion agreement with Pernod, The Affärsvärklen index inches

OVERSEAS buying helped reverse earlier losses in Frankfurt, Paris and Amsterdam, where morning profit-taking cut into recent rises, and most Euro-pean bourses closed higher.

FRANKFURT saw profit-taking in early trading but closed higher after overseas institutions stepped up their buying in the

The firmer dollar, which rose in afternoon trading to DM1.718, also aided sentiment, with chemicals and cars ending mostly higher. The midday FAZ, which did not reflect the late rally, was 2.28 lower at 459.94. Special situation stocks were

popular, with paper and engineering stock Feldmühle Nobel reaching a 1988 high of DM309.50, up DM16, in anticipation of an unprecedented hostile tender offer. Volume was heavy at about 200,000 shares.

Utility RWE, which fell initially on Monday's news of its purchase of Deutsche Texaco, found DM9.50 to close at DM208.50, and retailer Kaufhof, which confirmed it wanted to FFr46 higher to FFr791.
buy Italian retailer Standa from Pernod, which heard that a buy Italian retailer Standa from the Montedison-Ferruzzi group, added DM1 to DM390.

Bombay's stock exchange, with

blue chip share prices rising 50

The BSE 30-share index passed

reached 628 yesterday. Daily

in a session lasting just one and a half hours. But stocks continued

Speculators are on the ram-

page, helping to fuel a rally which chartists say is a bull

Ihn over the period.

their upward climb.

try's stock turnover.

#### London

THE strong opening on Wall Street gave a much-needed boost to shares in London and the FT-SE 100 index closed 8 higher at 1,828.2. International blue chips were marked higher in line with American Deposi-tary Receipts in New York.

Bonds closed little changed with the 6½ per cent 1998 unit yielding a steady 6.56 per cent. PARIS gained ground in afternoon trading after opening mixed, with the session seeing continued strong demand for Parrier and luxury goods group

The CAC index, based on opening prices, eased 1 from Thesday's 1988 high to 340.4. Perrier rose FFr33 to FFr888 amid reports of stakebuilding. LVMH added FFr20 to FFr2,500, and rumours of a large contract pushed Avions Marcel Dassault

Paris court had ordered Coca-Cola of the US to comply with its

perilously close to 213.7, the nadir

reverses to the ruling party.

touched last July when markets

Now, favourable news is no longer discounted and the market

takes heart from such facts as

ment allowance, abolished two

cent in 1987/88 following a di-

tion agreement with Pernod, found FFr3 to FFr939.

AMSTERDAM was encouraged by the slightly higher dollar and opening gains on Wall Street, and share prices made a late rise in thin trading. Overseas investors were the main players, unworried by the possible split in the Dutch The ANP-CBS index, computed

at midsession, slipped 0.5 to 249.
Chemical company Akzo,
which announced it had agreed
to acquire the fine chemicals
division of Ferrosan of Denmark, moved up F1 2.70 to F1 116.80. Airline stock KLM gained 30 cents to FI 35.80 after Sabena of

Belgium confirmed on Tuesday that the two airlines, together

with Swissair, were discussing a joint venture.

RRUSSELS finished higher in moderate trading, with the stock market index climbing 41.9 to

Bine chip Petrofina was again in demand, rising BFr125 to BFr12,175 with 18,000 shares traded while chemicals issue Solvay eased BFr25 to BFr12,975. STOCKHOLM recovered from early losses to finish only slightly

down 0.1 to 860.2.

Asea B free shares lost SKr3 to SKr375. The West German unit of engineering company Asea Brown Boverl, which Asea jointly owns with Brown Boveri of Switzerland, predicted a fall in 1968 orders and job losses.

Electrolux B shares rose Skri to SKr249. The company said it would pursue its bid for Murray Ohio Manufacturing of the US despite its rejection. MILAN remained quiet in the

absence of any fresh news and closed slightly higher with the MIB index adding 6 to 986. Ferruzzi group stocks gained ground on continued speculation of their possible sale, with retailer Standa up £1,150, or 6.4 per cent, at £19,200 and cement maker Calcestruzzi £600 higher

MADRID fell for the first time in six sessions as profit-taking set in, and the all share index eased 0.79 to 294.38. Bank stock Banesto rose 20 to 1,385 per cent of per after Tuesday's news that a 2 per cent stake was being bought by



Share prices reap benefit of good monsoon forecast

Activity has been curtailed this years ago, improved corporate reek by a strike over wages at profits and the official forecast of week by a strike over wages at profits and the official forecast of the exchange, which opened yes-terday for the first time this week india's GNP grew by just 2 per to the present rally, including a takeover bid for Associated Cement Companies, India's largest cement group, which has seen its share price double to Rs 250 in Industrial deregulation giving greater scope to private sector, in the eighth five-year development plan starting in 1990, is also seen

Government approval for the expansion and diversification plans of Tata Iron and Steel Company, the market leader on the BSE, has boosted its price by two-thirds in the past 10 weeks to Rs 902

However, not all of the country's six main stock exchanges far are do are enjoying the rally, which is price rise.

Other events have contributed so far restricted to Bombay and even there to about 60 active issues. The All-India index has risen by less than a quarter since the end of March, compared with the 50 per cent jump in the BSE 30-share index.

Another cautionary note is found in the fact that speculators dominate the markets at present - the individual investor has yet

BSE authorities are threaten ing to curb excessive speculation but the restrictions imposed so far are designed to restrict the

### Times All-India share index, one the start of the year, had soared of three indicators, hit the year's to Rs 238 yesterday. **Company Notices**

phase on the Bombay Stock as good news.

Exchange, India's largest with The impetus for the present

more than two-thirds of the country's stock turnover.

reacted bearishly at the slightest chip company Reliance Indus-provocation. The Economic tries. The issue, priced at Rs 72 at

Just 10 weeks ago investors textile companies, boosting blue

**Bombay speculators** 

set exchange alight

SPECULATORS are setting alight low at 218 by March-end and was

per cent since the end of March dropped on fears of political to a two-year high. dropped on fears of political instability following electoral

turnover has quadrupled to Rs the reintroduction of the invest-

#### REMY FINANCE B.V. FRF 300.000.000 **GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1993**

For the three months, June 06, 1988 to September 5, 1988, the

The interest due on September 6, 1988 against coupon or 7 will be FRF 19806 and has been computed on the actual number of days elapsed (92) divided by 360.

The Principal Paying Agent, SOCIETE GENERALE ALSACIENNE DE BANQUE 15. avenue Emile Reuter LUXEMBOURG

### LEUNE INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT'S N.V. INVESTMENT'S N.V. US SEO MILLION FLOATING RATE NOTES 1999 EXTENDIBLE AT THE MOLDEN'S OPPION TO 1992 (FIRST ISSUE). The interest rate applicable to the above Notes in respect of the sur month period continencing Thursday, 9th June 1968 has been fixed at 8 Viv.'s per annum. The unterest amountine to US SAO 98

The interest amounting to US \$40.98 per US \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes will be paid on Friday. BANK LEUMI TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK Principal Paying Agent

**Legal Notices** 

bank leumi בנק לאמי 🛞

ADVERTISEMENT OF CREDITORS' MEETING UNDER SECTION 48 (2), INSOLVENCY ACT 199

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 49(2) of the Impolvency Act 7898, that a meeting of the unsecured creditors of the above-name company will be held at the offices of Corr Gutly, Abscus Court, 6 Minshutt Street, Menchester IN 360 at 11,00 am on Thursday 3 June 1968 for the purpose of having laid before it a copy of the report prepared by the administrative receivers under Section 49 of the sele Act and, if thought fit, appointing a committee.

(a) they have defivered to us at the address shown below, no leter than 1200 hours on Wednesday 25 June 1920, written details of the debts they claim to be due to then from the company, and their claims have been duly admitted under the provisions of Rule 3.11 of the Insolvency Rules 1905; and

Cyril W Nield Joint Administrative Cork Gully Abscus Court & Minshuli Street Manchester M1 SED

**Art Galleries** 

LEGER, 13 Old Bond Street, 01-629 3538; GASNS-BOROUGH, Two musical masterpleone, "Abel") and "Clerges" Tues. 7th June until Wed 22nd. June only. 9.30 to 5.20. June only, 9.30 to 5.20.

RICHARD GREEM, 4 New Bond Street, W1 480.

S888 MODERN BRITISH PAINTINGS Mon-Fri
10-6, Sats 10-12.30

WALK SITG A WORLD OF ANTIQUES The Fine
Art and Antiques Pair, The GRAND HALL
CLYMPTA LONDON June 3 - 12 (case Monday,
June 881). June 3 - proview day (2 par - 8 pm)
\$12.00 weakdays (11.30 am - 6 pm) \$4.00.

Weekend (11.30 am - 6 pm) \$4.00.

### Legal Notices

T PRICE & SON (STAMPERS) Progratured number: 148668 Trading name:- Prilect Hatture of belowing the heating appliances and components Trade classification; 211

Trade classification; 211
Date of appointment of joint administrative receivers; 25 May 1988 Name of appending the joint administra-five ricelvers; National Westminister Benk pic JOHN FREDERICK POWELL and IAN NAPIER CARRUTHERS Joint Administrative Receivers (Office holder nos 248 and 814) Izant Callet Cork Gully 43 Temple Row

MELLER CARREGRE SECURITIES LINETED NOTICE TO ALL CREDITORS AND CLASSANITS

IN THE LIQUIDATION OF MILLER CARNEGE

TAKE NOTICE THAT Insurice Charles Without of Grant Thornton House, Motion Street, Euston Square, London NW1 2EP the liquidator of the company has applied to the High Court for directions as to the status and distribution of the funds presently held by him. The application is to be heard on the 22 day of June 1968 at 10.20 a.m. in Court 38, Royat Courts of Justica, Strand, 5 randon.

Any Creditor or claimant may attend the hearing or obtain further details about it and a copy of the Summons by contacting the liquidator or his solicitors, Herbert Smith (Ref 33/L9) of Westing House, 35 Cannon Street, London ED4M 55D, Telephone number (it 495 500).

Personal

**Obituaries** 

Colling. John Charles Suddenly at home on Sunday June 5th. The adered and dearly leved hasband of Frances and adored tafter of Jonathan, Charlotte Josefca & Charles. Funeral Friday 10 John. The Crematorium. Horsburn ST. Falth, Mortolic 1,30 pm. 12,30 from house, and afterwards at church, St. Mary's Cherch, Saulingham Denations on Shelter, National Campaign for the Homeless, 38 Citi Street. 1 prices FC1.

# THE DEFINITIVE GUIDES TO INVESTMENT

◆ THE UNIT TRUST YEAR BOOK 1988 ◆

The explosion in activity in the unit trust market means that the

The explosion in activity in the unit trust market means that the investor now faces a choice of more than 1,200 authorised trusts offered by more than 160 management groups. The Unit Trust Year Book simplifies this daunting task.

Interpreting performance figures is one of the most important factors in choosing a unit trust. By providing comparative performance tables for both individual unit trusts, sector performance and management groups, the Year Book offers a wealth of statistical information on which investors can best their choice. Whether you are interested in capital growth or high income yields, the Unit Trust Year Book provides the essential information to help you make the right investment decision.

sook provides the essential manufaction so help you make the right investment decision.

All the available unit trusts are analysed in a format that enables you to compare them quickly and easily.

Extensively revised and updated, the Unit Trust Year Book is the essential guide to this foat noving industry. Private investors and professional advisors will benefit from the comprehensive analysis of the unit trust scane. Published May 1988.

● THE INVESTMENT BOND YEAR BOOK 1988 ● Designed as a companion to the secressful Unit Trust Year Book, investment Bond Year Book fills a major gap in the published mation svalishle on investment bunds and the linked insurance

The investment Bond Year Book specifies the benefits of a single premium investment-linked policy; defines its potential benefits to you; illustrates the range of options available; analyses the products in the nursies; assesses their relative merits for you; advises on the risks and opportunities; counsels on the significance of this option to you; calculates and compares performance; guides you to more effective investment decisions.

stment decisions.

All the available insurance funds are analyzed in a format that, bles you to compare them quickly and easily.

Investment bonds are an increasingly important option for the rate investor. This book from Financial Times Susiness information lains why, how, who, where and when. Find out more shout the estment Bond, but act today.

Please setum no: (Mail order address only) The Marketing Dept., Financial Tunes Business Information 7th Floor, 50-64 Broadway, London SW1H ODB Rel: 01-799 2002.	LOIM
Please note payment must accompany order. Prices include packing.	postage and
Please send mecopy/copies of *	
Unit Trust Year Book 1988 £25.00 UK or £30.00/US\$4! Investment Bond Year Book 1988 £25.00 UK or £30.00 overseas.	overses, /US\$45
l enclose my cheque value L/USS made payable m	

I wish to pay by credit card (mark choice):	/isa Access Arnex Disner
Card No.	
Card Expiry Desc	
*I wish to order 5 or more copies o	of one title, Please send details of built

(BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE)

Picase allow 28 days for delivery. Refunds are given on books returned in perfect condition and within 7 days of receipt. Registered Office: Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 48Y. Registered in England No.980896

्रे क्रिकेट विकास के क्रिकेट अस्ति के क्रिकेट के क्रिकेट के क्रिकेट

هكذا من النصل

show number of stocks per grouping Sterling Index Div. Yield 145.11 87.77 124.41 124.09 130.93 137.11 119.53 Australia (88). 78.26 110.76 109.85 116.32 117.07 89.06 68.76 105.23 123.09 67.05 136.52 143.03 400.53 93.02 61.64 105.37 111.19 87.80 140.976 71.12.68 Austria (16 87.85 87.85 123.76 121.91 129.17 137.98 96.81 77.55 103.79 135.63 70.27 171.94 Belgium (63) Canada (125) 97,89 76,96 104,93 136,10 70,38 172,43 144,14 142.77 162.42 105.43 80.94 124.43 119.13 136.91 162.45 105.68 81.13 124.11 119.65

WEDNESDAY JUNE 8 1988

91.16 84.35 99.14 107.06 111.42 106.78 72.77 67.78 84.90 104.60 62.99 133.61 107.83 78.23 110.02 108.62 114.81 117.84 87.97 69.14 104.14 122.55 66.75 136.62 141.81 87.98 117.86 126.52 119.63 71.88 101.26 99.75 105.69 112.89 77.21 63.45 84.92 110.97 57.46 114.68 114.68 114.68 112.89 112.44 101.30 65.89 112.18 71.58 101.45 101.19 106.77 111.81 62.76 85.57 110.99 57.39 140.61 117.54 132.86 86.16 101.21 101.21 101.99 132.86 66.02 112.68 90.13 98.18 139.89 125.49 130.93 137.98 97.89 80.79 105.83 136.10 81.74 177.27 144.14 Denmark (39) ... Finland (25) 108.51 91.24 122.05 127.48 100.16 160.22 169.28 ireland (18)... Italy (102).... Japan (456) Malaysia (36) 107.83 90.07 95.23 64.42 98.55 97.99 118.16 130.73 96.92 75.60 123.09 99.19 169.28 218.48 117.60 97.71 139.28 142.11 161.41 114.23 114.79 92.24 399.65 92.60 61.88 105.69 110.76 88.34 140.08 109.74 71.34 112.18 144.14 176.90 110.66 82.00 132.23 119.65 139.07 163.05 125.50 86.75 141.18 110.52 Norway (25).... Singapore (26).... South Africa (60) 135.12 162.92 123.78 80.95 138.18 110.52 163.05 123.80 80.53 137.10 Spain (42) ...... Sweden (36) ..... Switzerland (55) United Kingdom (327) USA (578) 89.22 137.58 118.25 89.02 74.97 100.22 117.56 105.74 93.77 134.56 118.34 +0.4 +0.3 +0.4 +2.2 +0.1 +1.0 +0.4 3.77 0.72 1.65 3.51 3.28 3.93 1.72 109.53 168.69 145.04 111.24 91.76 123.68 110.71 172.26 147.53 Europe (1013) 89.32 137.56 118.28 94.10 97.01 130.81 120.36 109.05 134,47 118.41 168.15 144.52 Pacific Basin (673) . Euro-Pacific (1686) 142.94 122.08 101.96 127.93 142.61 132.91 134.31 122.26 99.78 80.27 87.51 120.26 111.77 North America (703). Europe Ex. UK (686). 90.71 74.83 100.86 117.62 111.28 92.81 123.68 118.49 108.80 108.11 82.48 108.84 117.94 115.62 91.63 122.48 143.68 129.23 129.87 109.76 82.27 208.69 117.84 114.69 Pacific Ex. Japan (217). World Ex. US (1885) World Ex. UK (2136) 144.23 130.53 131.16 111.41 146.49 +1.0 +1.0 +1.5 106.44 106.96 90.86 2.09 2.28 3.63 130.53 131.16 111.41

115.52 104.56

115.34

2.30 129.92

106.30

The World Index (2463)..... Base values: Dec 31, 1986 = 100; Finland: Dec 31, 1987 = 115,037 OUS 5 Index), 90.791 (Pound Sterling) and 94,94 (Local). Copyright, The Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Wood Mackenzie & Co., Ltd.1987

Ŀ

rate of interest has been fixed at 7 3/4% P.A.



After 40 years of National Party rule South Africa gropes for an alternative to apartheid. As

pressures mount at home and sanctions and disinvestment press in from abroad, the future shape of Pretoria's perestroika is obscure, writes Anthony Robinson

# White fears, black hopes

nation in the making". Its remaining divisions on racial lines are the source of deep-rooted internal conflicts and make it the object of increasing sanctions, disinvestment and other international pressures.

Per all its faults, South Africa

is also the most dynamic and prosperous country in Africa deeply emeshed in a complex pro-cess of change at all levels. Remaking its society in a non-ra-cial mode, whether under the Nationalists or any other conlikely to be the work of decades not months – like perestroika in

Armeted to Books o to to show was

than a onne g

harch, compared a

erint jump millek ationary 📭 📥 that spends

the contract of he

Streethers are three

: 1 / See the Ships The second second

ik 1988 €

in an are the the - THE REPORT

post a september poi e traditionale post a seri post a total

in the factor was the fact that the factor was the factor of the factor

gard in the factor

germai (hal etglik)

or Vent land from

್ಲಾಗ್ ಪ್ರಾಸ್ತೆ ಸ್ಥಾಪ್ತೆ ಸ್ಥಾಪ್ತ್ ಪ್ರ

DENOK 1988 0

grafinger ke<mark>ng flade.</mark> grafin digeland

Section 1998 1998

Section 1998

Section 1998 1998

Section 1998

Section 1998 1998

Section 1998 1998

Section 1998 1998

Sect

لنظ نصاح م د ...

المنتجار المناور وي. عنا المعاور وي.

Order .

white urban areas, despite all the laws, humilistion and violence haps, more to the point, they used to keep them out. A major have also lost the loyalty and positive result is that South votes of the "Afrikaner volk" positive result is that South votes of the "Afrikaner volk" Africa, uniquely on the Continuous which once swept them to power nent, now has millions of increase and sustained them.

education, accustomed over three boldly, confidently and mambig-or four generations to industrial usualy led in the direction of a their economic and political racial future it was not instead, potential, it is the expansion and the party fudged the issues, opt-development of this black urban ing to modernise rather than to class which provides the key to abolish apartheid. Its "reforms",

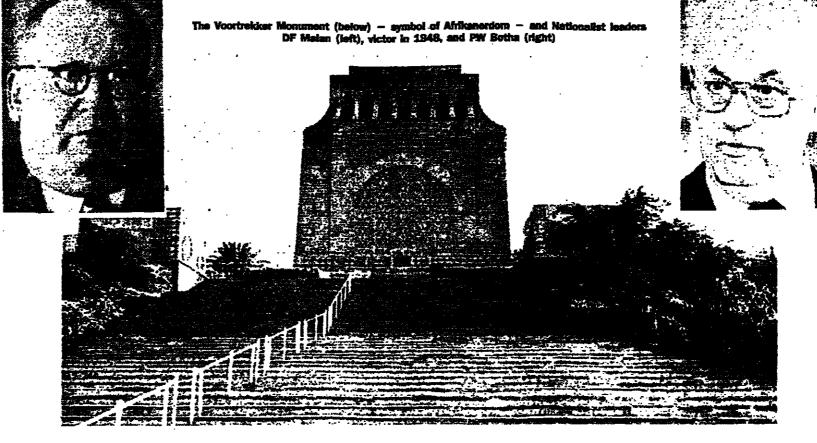
FORTY YEARS after the Afrika-ner-dominated National Party ingly skilled middle and working swept into power at the 1948 elec-tions South Africa is still a middle ground for the building of democracy. A similar socio-economic transformation of Franco's Spain, after all, allowed a democratic transition there only a gen-eration after the Civil War. If black aspirations are frustrated indefinitely, or rudely reversed, the prospects become much dar-

> Meanwhile the "Nats" are drifting. Despite the soul-searching of Afrikaner intellectuals and middle class professionals, old-style leaders like President PW Botha cannot bring themselves to ask forgiveness for past crimes or abandon the ethnic or "group"

not months – like perestroika in the Soviet Union.

What undermined apartheid was not a white change of heart but economic forces which brought millions of blacks into like Mr Wynand Malan and Dr brought with the seeks reconciliation via "rebels" like Mr Wynand Malan and Dr brought with the seeks reconciliation with the seeks reconcil Frederik Van Zyl Slabbert. Per-

The "volk" might have fol-lowed the "Nats" out of their Exposed to the mass media and ideological blind alley had it been cipline and ambitious to fulfil new vision of a prosperous, non-



## South Africa

and Indians, provoked anger by excluding black participation. The refusal to give real power and a fiscal base to the black local authorities made them powerless targets of black revenge The rejection of multi-racial power sharing in Natal undermined black and white leaders who sought to put power-sharing

The expected partial reform, instead of clear cut abolition, of the Group Areas Act later this parliamentary session appears doomed to create new multi-ranumber of "grey areas" and so exaggerating the influx into them. Faced with the emergence of unofficial black leaders and organisations, the government has fallen back on banning and repression after its initial indeci-

After four uninterrupted decades in power, a bloated bureaucracy demands a tax tribute which has hobbled economic growth. Faced with sanctions, disinvestment remains deeply flawed but still and presidential wrath, however, the only viable vehicle for changing the once week business comments. the future. Its growth into a sta- as a consequence, have proved the once vocal business commu- ing the system it has created. I

deeply flawed, offending many but pleasing none.

The tri-cameral segregated paraget. It has welcomed the gov. The tri-cameral segregated paraget. The tri-cameral segregated paraget. On the Polishing for whites conversion to Thatch.

On the Polishing the Conversion to Thatch.

On the Polishing the Conversion to Thatch.

On the Polishing the Conversion to Thatch. On the Right is the Conservaerite privatisation and deregula-

KEY FACTS	KEY FACTS		
Population	33.2		
Area	1.2sg kg		
GNP per capita	\$1.75		
GDP	\$61.6b		
Trade			
exports	\$14.1b		
Imports	\$21b		
current account balance	\$3.2b		
Structure of merchandise exports			
food, beverages, tobacco	\$1.3b		
precious metals and stones	<u>\$1.8</u> %		
base metals			
mineral products	\$1.9b		
Structure of merchandise imports			
manufactured products			
of which machinery and transport	,\$5.7b		
chemical products	\$ <u>1:.5</u> b		
Foreign debt as a percentage of GNP	35.5		
Average annual growth rate	0.5% (1986		
Average annual rate of inflation	16.1% (1987		

without conviction, kept in tion and is aquiescing in plans to tive Party, and para-military Afripower by a fragile coalition of curb the black unions.

middle class Afrikaners and yet it would be unfair to blame (AWB), itching to turn the clock frightened English-speakers, a all South Africa's historical ills back 40 years. On the Left is the vast security network and and the unresolved conflict African National Congress bureaucracy and an autocratic between white fears and black (ANC), still theoretically commit-president, insulated from reality, aspirations on the government ted to the violent overthrow of After four uninterrupted decades alone. For all its faults the NP,

the majority". Collapse of the At the other end of the spec- increasing external diplomatic middle ground leading to a polar trum sits the banned African and internal political pressure to

isation of white and black society
Isation of white and black society
Isation of white and black society
Isational Congress. Its leaders are
revise its aims and strategy. Its
between these two extreme could
in jail or in exile but it is still
lead to unprecedented violence.

The Right won 30 per cent of blacks as the embodiment of into a quixous conflict with the

### CONTENTS

Gold: Pushed from the world Minerals: Only coal has been Banking: Reserve Bank brakes

Johannesburg Stock Exchange Decline expected for the rest of

Consumer demand: Boost fe. motor industry employment Taxis: Now taxi operators are agents of social change

Politics: in a state of flux and Trade unions: Greater emphasis Homelands: Underlying tensions

Angola: Negotiations could mark a Namible: Battle lost long ago to

ganda" through landmines, greade attacks and bombs inside

South Africa.

The object of this strategy - to force the South African govern ment to negotiate a "transfer of power to the majority" - appears at least as unrealistic now as it did 25 years ago, if no: more so. This, at least, is the Zulu Chief Mangosuthu Buthe-lezi, whose Inkatha movement has been engaged in a bloody proxy war against the ANC in the townships around Pletermar

itzburg, and Afrikaner "ver-ligtes" like Dr Van Zyl Slabbert. The ANC is coming under

lead to unprecedented violence.

The Right won 30 per cent of the vote in the May 1987 whites only elections and twice that perceived by millions of ordinary only elections and twice that perceived by millions of ordinary only elections and twice that perceived by millions of been kind to however, has not been kind to the ANC. Forced underground in the ANC and constituting and conspirate that the economy and South African society has radically changed in the meantime. It believes in taking Dr Hendrik Verwoerd's grand apartheid vision to its logical conclusion. This means partition of the country into a whitesonly homeland containing most of the mines, farming land, industry and wealth — linked to economical response to a series of major and the ANC's four-pronged strategy.

The CP says it would deprive and whether this is a matter of conviction or merely a response to a series of major and the ANC's four-pronged strategy in the a which opens up the ANC's four-pronged strategy in the a which opens up the ANC's reasonable and democratic image. Welcome that millions of blacks will passively allow themselves to be transported to the prospect of a negotiated setting to the ANC south African to the ANC south African society has radically and political co-operation to the ANC's reasonable and democratic image. Welcome that the complexity of the issues, the multiplicity of interests and the depth of suspicion of major and the strategy of the issues, the multiplicity of interests and the depth of suspicion of South African society and its external isolation can be turned around before the theorem that the complexity that the strates of the strates o that millions of blacks will pas-sively allow themselves to be cally, making the townships can be turned around before the transported to their new "coun-tries" and accept re-imposition of tive power structures and, change, suffers irreversible dam-the pass laws, influx control and

### Economy

# Some bright spots in an otherwise sombre picture

SOUTH AFRICA may still have the strongest economy on the Continent but a decade of low growth. Itsing government eighthorized its capacity for growth. This was heavily underlined last month when the Reserve Bank upped hank rate to 11.5 per cent and Mr Barend du Plessis, the finance minister, announced a 20 per cent rise in hire purchase deposits and other credit restrictions.

The decision to apply the brakes after a mere six months of rapid credit-fuelled, consumer-led growth was explained as a stitch in time designed to avoid the need to take more drastic action in a few months.

The authorities still remember the traumatic afternash of the rank coves of July/Angust 1984 when months of indecision were followed by a 25 per cent prime this otherwise sombre picture.

South AFRICA may still have the fourth quarter of 1987. Imports of components and finance decade. Imports of components and finance is the found to push the current account into the red and led trapayers' backs is only part of tax payers' backs is only part of the stratural challenge facing textural challenge facing the scromony if it is to adjust undergreated to be adjust undergreated to a void the payer thanks the dollar between January and unid-May.

Taken together, rand depreciation against the dollar between January and unid-May.

Taken together, rand depreciation to ight payers to ight payers to ight payers the comony if it is to adjust undergreate the stratistics from the stratistics from the statistics from the statistics from the mediant payers and reductivity in manufacturing, for example, rose by 0,6 per cent charged with making their businesses has time when productivity

when months of indecision were followed by a 25 per cent prime rate leading to a steep recession. This not only destroyed business confidence for nearly three years

Skill shortages are a handicap to growth

through resulting mass lay-offs and high inflation.

In some ways the 1984/86 recession was the price paid for the delayed adjustment to the post-delayed a

a poorly enticated black radour force and prevented many who have acquired skills from legally using them. This is particularly so in the mines where the gov-ernment continues to hedge about the long-promised abolition of the radial limits on advance-

the soft private state of private states and de-regulation of business in and designation of the business in special decline in the gold price. The adjustment has now been made but, in the meantime, the cut-off in foreign capital and the August 1985 partial debt moratorium, compled with sanctions and distinvestment, have tightened the restraints on the economy.

What made the May package of restrictions inevitable was the need to protect the balance of perpetents and maintain a surplus from which to repay debt. South Affica, essentially a developing economy, has been forced for political reasons to become a capital economy, has been forced for political reasons to become a capital economy, has been forced for political reasons to become a capital economy, has been forced for political reasons to become a capital economy, has been forced for political reasons to become a capital economy, has been forced for political reasons to become a capital economy which creates employment and growth but escapes attaint capital economy which creates employment and growth but escapes that a repaid more than 30 per cent rise in moter in circulation, all point to a large and growth is the state arms corporation Amuse the forced for political reasons to become a capital economy. The still remains to be stated arms conversion to the virtues of private enterprise, amounced to the factor of the state of the such and the comment of the private enterprise, amounced to the factor of the same and soldiers are such as the contract of the same and soldiers are contracted in the private enterprise, amounced to the factor of the same and the down to a sustainable 23 per contract, with the emphasis shifted the accomment of the private enterprise, amounced to the homelands but far from the force, and the private enterprise, amounced to the factor of the same and the factor of the same

exchange and negative real interest rates, meanwhile, has transformed the debt situation for many South African companies. The heavily restructured motor industry has been a principal gainer from the consumer boom, which has also produced record profits for a wide swathe of supermarkets, food and consumer goods industries after

three bleak years.

The gold industry, beset by

### **SOUTH AFRICAN ECONOMY BALANCE OF PAYMENTS ADJUSTMENT** AND GROWTH PERFORMANCE

by DR GERHARD DE KOCK Governor of SA Reserve Bank

A higher rate of economic growth During the past year, and particularly since September 1987, considerable additional momentum has been imparted to the upswing in the South African economy. Compared with 1 per cent in 1986, the rate of growth of real gross domestic product amounted to about 21/2 per cent in 1987. Moreover, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate, real gross domestic product increased by nearly 5 per cent during the fourth quarter of 1987 and by about 4 per cent in the first quarter of 1988.

Real gross domestic expenditure showed an increase during calendar 1987 of nearly 5 per cent, compared with an increase of only 1 per cent in 1986 and a decrease of as much as 81/2 per cent in 1985. During the first quarter of 1988 it surged forward to a level about 101/2 per cent higher than that of the first quarter of 1987.

It is perticularly encouraging that real gross fixed investment increased further in the first quarter of 1988 for the third consecutive quarter. In addition, inventory investment showed a particularly sharp increase in the first quarter of 1988. Further evidence that the upswing was gathering momentum was provided by the growth of manufacturing output, wholesale and retail trade, and imports.

Decline in rate of inflation

What makes the acceleration of real growth over the past two years all the more gratifying is the fact that it was accompanied by a marked decline in the rate of inflation. The twelve-month rate of increase in consumer prices slowed down from 20,8 per cent in January 1986 to 13,3 per cent in April 1988. The twelve-month rate of increase in the production price index showed an even more pronounced decline, name ly from 20,7 per cent in October 1986 to 12,0 per cent in March 1988.

A major reason for this rare combination of higher growth and lower inflation was the considerable progress made during the past year or more in restoring confidence in the political and economic prospects of South Africa. This stemmed at least partly from the success achieved in combining the maintenance of law and order with political reform.

In retrospect it is clear that overseas perceptions of the South African situation reached a lower turning-point just before Soweto Day on 16 June 1986. This is not to suggest that these perceptions have now become "favourable" or that the stresses and strains in South Africa's foreign relations have diminished to any significant extent. Far from it. The basic underlying problems are still there. But the situation has taken a turn for the better. Overseas perceptions of conditions in South Africa are clearly not so distorted, misguided and inaccurate as they

**Balance of Payments Adjustment** 

This combination of higher growth and lower inflation has been ac-companied by impressive balance of payments adjustment in the face of capital and trade sanctions. The surplus on the current account of the balance of payments amounted to R6,2 billion in 1987. This means that the current account has now shown surpluses equal to between 31/2 and 5 per cent of gross domestic product for three consecutive years. The South African economy, moreover, repaid about US\$5 billion of foreign debt between the end of 1984 and the end of 1987. This was equivalent to about 71/2 per cent of exports of goods and services dur-

Against this background South Africa's ratio of foreign interest payments to exports of goods and services, which amounted to only 10,7 per cent in 1985, compared with an average of 30,2 per cent for Western

Hemisphere developing countries, declined to 9,5 per cent in 1986 and to a mere 7.1 per cent in 1987.

Similarly, South Africa's ratio of foreign debt to total exports of goods and services declined from a peak level of 171 per cent in 1984, which was not inordinately high, to 108 per cent in 1986 and 93 per cent in 1987. In contrast, the comparable ratio for Western Hemisphere developing countries deteriorated from an average of 273 per cent in 1984 to 350 per cent in 1986, and an estimated 332 per cent in 1987.

Despite these debt repayments South Africa's total gold and foreign exchange reserves increased from R3.9 billion (US\$1.9 billion) at the end of April 1986 to R7.9 billion (US\$4,1 billion) at the end of 1987, and to R8,1 billion (US\$3,7 billion) at the end of March 1988.

Of course, South Africa had to pay a price for this effective balance of payments adjustment. Belts had to be tightened. As capital flowed out, the exchange rate depreciated, and the rate of inflation accelerated temporarily. In 1985, 1986 and 1987 real gross national product per head of the population declined by an average of about 1.2 per cent per year, real personal disposable (after tax) income per head by an average of about 2.1 per cent per year, and real private consumption per head by an average of about 2.5 per cent per year.

Nevertheless, far from facing collapse, South Africa has recorded a quite remarkable balance of payments and debt repayment performance, and is now growing at an accelerated if unspectacular rate.

As a result of these developments, the current state of the South African economy differs fundamentally from that of a year ago. Indeed, general economic activity and total spending have increased so strongly in recent months that the monetary authorities have deemed it desirable to adopt a less accommodative policy stance. Bank rate was accordingly increased from 91/2 to 101/2 per cent in March and to 111/2 per cent in May 1968. In addition, other economic stabilisation measures were introduced, including a tightening of hire-purchase terms.

These steps followed the marked further upsurge in demand during the first quarter of 1988, which showed signs of exerting undue pressure on both domestic resources and imports at a time when exports

The exceptional rise of total spending was made possible by an increase in the broad money supply, M3, at a seasonably adjusted annual rate of 23,5 per cent during the first quarter of 1988. This brought the provisional March figure for M3 to well above the announced target range of 12 to 16 per cent. During April, however, M3 actually declined.

The latest adjustments to monetary policy are essentially designed to correct and forestall excesses in credit extension, money creation and domestic spending that would eventually create a need for more severe corrective measures. A stitch in time saves nine. That is why timeous action in this field is so important. But monetary policy as a whole remains conducive to the attainment of a growth rate of real gross domestic product of between 2 and 3 per cent in 1988.

### **SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK**

P O BOX 427 PRETORIA 0001

# Sanctions limit growth rate

THE INTERNAL and interna-black by the turn of the century. tional debate over sanctions and "In my view nothing should be disinvestment from South Africa done to retard this steady accuhas turned the economy into the mulation of economic power," he reluctant battleground of the said.

Similar views are held by the

oppose sanctions and argue that omist Intelligence Unit incorpo-fast economic growth in a dere-gulated capitalist economy offers earlier book "Apartheid and Capi-the best chance of incremental talism". black advancement and a future society based on merit not race. opposing "primacy of politics"
Its supporters include black school of thought is infinitely

majors, which believe it is essential for South Africa, whatever its trade union federation.

It was Hendrik Verwoerd, the maintain its links with the global economy.

Conservative raily Architecture of Desmond Tutt; and the Cosatu trade union federation.

It was Hendrik Verwoerd, the architect of grand apartheid theory and practice, who told whites

investors leave they will never white supremacy and prosperity. come back to Southern Africa, It was an admission that apartand point to the lack of foreign heid was an essentially feudal investment in post-independence system which would be fatally Zimbabwe and the parious eco-eroded if capitalism were allowed tries in the region.

Influential social scientists, like Mr John Kane-Berman, Director of the Institute of Race Relations, also argue the case for more, rather than less, foreign Government's socio-economic business involvement in South reforms by reintroducing influx Africa. In a paper delivered control and the pass laws and before the US Congress in March, abolishing newly-acquired black Mr Kane-Berman argued that the property and other rights. first erosion of apartheid dated The Conservative Party is also first erosion of apartheid dated

The Conservative Party is also vergence of policy between the ing back the farm" has reduced from the early 1970s when the strongly opposed to the government, faced with the dryment's privatisation plans, seeing ing up of the white skilled labour the state-controlled industries as are both suspicious of capitalism foreign companies which operpool because of fast economic sheltered employment for large growth, chose to train blacks for numbers of Afrikaners and other semi-skilled jobs in hitherto white voters.

whites only jobs. sion of apartheid laws has fol-ner state itself, are monuments lowed changes on the ground to national socialism which have brought about by economic fac-tors which have made blacks 65 white opposition to black per cent of the economically advancement. Somewhat ironiactive population, supplying one cally this has not dimmed the third of high-level manpower. On enthusiasm of the new black

academics like Ms Merle Lipton, In one corner are those who whose recent study for the Econ-

What may be described as the leaders considered by the author- more variegated. It brings ities to be moderates, such as together some extraordinary Zulu Chief Mangosuthu Buthebed-fellows, ranging from the late lezi; the big South African corporations; and those remaining for eign companies, including the oil Conservative Party; Archbishop

They fear that once foreign that they had to choose between nomic state of most other coun- free rein and blacks were incorporated fully into the economy.

This remains the belief of the present Conservative party which, if it comes to power, promises to abolish the Botha

The state-controlled industries, Since then, he argued, the ero- like much of the post-1948 Africaent trends, nearly 80 per cent trade unions for more socialism

present trends, nearly 80 per cent trane unions not more social of high school graduates will be and more nationalisation as capitulate to the rightful Further sanctions in the pipe-demands of the black majority. line could reduce the growth rate The viability of this theory is even further, unless they force

> tions-promoting tours abroad. gests that an economy which The most damaging clauses of earns 60 per cent of its foreign the Total Disinvestment Bill are exchange from high-value, lowthose which would deny federal bulk exports which are difficult oil leases in the US to foreign oil to embargo like gold, platinum companies which supply South and diamonds, will not be fatally Africa, and those which demand weakened by further sanctions. retaliation against foreign companies which "take advantage" of more suggest that the white elecdisinvestment by American com- torate is more likely to swing furpanies. A recent example of the ther right than capitulate in the new Bill's potential effectiveness face of foreign pressure. This was the decision of Japan's Mit-indicates that sanctions will prosubishi Corporation to withdraw voke more of a whimper than a a \$600m tender for a steel mill bang from the economy. Howbeing ordered by the Iron and ever, they will almost certainly

> being forced out of the US mar- available for black economic, ket and remaining in the globally educational and social advance-marginal South African market, ment. Moreover, there is no evi-there is little doubt which way dence that making whites poorer



European Community codes of

eign capital since august 1985,

Archbishop Desmond Tutu

called for by the utopian "free-will jump.
dom charter" of 1955. The charter, adopted by the biggest union day of "liberation" is another
federation Cosatu at its 1987 conquestion. The short-term results
gress, calls for nationalisation of of disinvestment so far have been mines, banks and major corpora- to create several new white mil-

lionaires and cheap assets for Despite the differences in existing white South African-intention, the net result is a con- owned businesses to buy. "Buyextreme Right and the Left the dividend outflow but it has which, for contrasting reasons, also diminished the influence of and in favour of more "social ated according to the Sullivan or

Two of the most famous cru- conduct and ran extensive black saders for disinvestment and eco-advancement programmes.

nomic sanctions are US Senator By far the most important negEdward Kennedy and Archbishop ative effect of sanctions, disin-Desmond Tutu. They are flag vestment and the cut-off of forbearers of the theory that the eign capital since august 1985 best and fastest road to black has been to place a limit of, effec advancement lies through crip-tively, 3 per cent on the econo pling the white-controlled econ my's growth potential. This is omy to the point where it would barely enough to compensate for force the white government to rising population.

likely to be put to the test if, as the government to put its own now looks likely, the US Conhouse in order. This would gress passes the Total Disinvest-require cuts in the bloated civil ment Bill and, if, as Pretoria service, lower taxes and speeding increasingly fears, Mr Michael up both the sale of state assets Dukakis, backed by the Reverend and de-regulation of the econ-Jesse Jackson and millions of omy. Such a package is now black voters, becomes president, widely seen as the only way to in May Mr Dukakis was morally ensure growth in a siege econendorsed by Archbishop Tutu on omy. one of his hugely successful sanc- The balance of evidence s

Steel Corporation (ISCOR). lead to slower political change Faced with a choice between because fewer resources will be the remaining 150 or so US com- and less secure makes them more panies, including Caltex and liberal.

Mobil, or multinationals with big
US interests like Shell and BP,

Anthony Robinson

83.5 1979 89.9 654.9 9.7 0.9 12 95.0 1.3 8.5 99,9 9.5 1.7

13.4

15.7

7.8

8.3

7.1

GOLD PRODUCTION BY CHAMBER MEMBERS

THE DAYS of cheap gold, like 107.7m tonnes in 1986. Average the days of cheap oil, are over for grade, further depressed by lower good. The resulting sea change in quality ore from surface stock-the industry world-wide has left piles, fell 6 per cent from 5.63 South Africa still the world's grammes to 5.28 grammes per st producer but losing market share and beset by rising

637.0

605.9

568.7

104.6

107.7

costs and falling profits. This relative decline accelerated last year when total gold production fell a further 5.2 per cent, to 605 tonnes from 638 tonnes in 1986 (this is for both Chamber and non-Chamber mines together). Seen against the background of rising production in North and South America and Australia, as well as a proliferation of small but low-cost Third World producers, last year's results pushed South Atrica from its pedestal as producer of half the non-Communist world's gold. Part of South Africa's problem

is that so much of its high quality ore was mined out in the days omy has continued to increase. when the gold price was fixed at \$35 an ounce and production illustrated in April when Dr Gerpeaked at 1,002 tonnes in 1970. Since then the South African industry has seen an inexorable decline in production and average yields as mines have aged and deepened, while years of lim-ited exploration activity has failed to find new deposits on the old scale.

Thus far, higher gold prices have more than compensated for lower yields by permitting the mining of ever-increasing quantities of lower grade ore from stopes at ever-increasing distances from mine shafts. Last vear, however, for the first time, the five week strike by thousands of black miners made it impossible for the mines to increase ore output and milling through-put

to compensate for lower yields.

The tounage of gold-hearing ore milled by the major mining companies linked to the Chamber of Mines actually fell, albeit mar-ginally, to 107.6m tonnes from

tonne milled.

1.9

24

25

23

2.5

23

Pushed from the pedestal

The combined effect of strikes and rising costs of all kinds was a 19.6 per cent rise in overall working costs and a 25 per cent hike in costs per kilogramme of gold produced. The net effect on the bottom line was a 14.6 per cent drop in pre-tax profits to R7.09bn from R8.31bn in 1986, despite an average 8 per cent rise in the rand price of gold over the year.
Fortunately for South Africa,
however, the steady decline in gold production over the past 28

years has been more than compensated for by higher dollar and, above all, rand prices. This has ensured that gold's relative importance to the overall econhard de Kock, Governor of the Reserve Bank, opened Anglo American's R733m Eastern Gold Holdings project. Since 1970, he explained, the dollar price of gold rose on average 16 per cent a year and the rand price by 23 per

cent. Average costs per tonne milled rose, however, on average by only 16 per cent in rand terms. As a result, gold's share of GDP rose from 5.5 per cent in 1970 to 9.1 per cent last year, while its share of total export revenue rose from 30 to 37 per cent over the same period. By the same token, the yellow metal's share of the value of total mining production has also risen to 65 from 55 per cent.

Once again, the rise in the dollar price of gold from its low of \$285 in Pebruary 1985, to its peak of \$503 in December last year, helped bail South Africa out by keeping the economy afloat in the face of sanctions, disinvest-



st year the five week strike by thous

changes in key areas, including In retrospect, last year's labour relations, if the industry is protracted and bloody strike by to compete successfully against a black miners marked a water-

ber mines rose to R2.48bn from The crunch came on the deep R2.42bn last year but failed to mines, like Anglo's Western Deep keep pace with inflation. The Levels, where intense pressure most important new mine to be made seams dangerous and announced was the R1.5bn Oryx unworkable.

mine in the Orange Free State

This year the NUM has put forwhich Gencor will bring on ward an initial 40 per cent pay

Gencor, which in 1986 obtained nearly 46 per cent of its total gold production of 106 tonnes from more than the total spent by all six major mining houses in 1985 and reflects a strong upsurge in exploration activities industrywide which cost more than

R300m last year. mines or extensions to existing viability of the industry, security mines requires increasingly large of employment and continuing amounts of long tarm continuing amounts of long term capital profitable investment in an Deeper mines and new technol increasingly competitive environogy also require constant upgrad- ment. ing of skills and greater attention to mine safety. These key factors,

ment and the cut-off in new for-eign capital after the August 1985 organised black trade unionism, partial debt moratorium. have created fundamental partial debt moratorium. have created fundamental The fact that costs substanchanges in the underlying nature tially outstripped revenue last of the industry which are only year, however, underlines the now becoming clear to both need for major structural sides.

background of rising production shed. It was a trial of strength from lower-cost non-South African which cost the union 12,000 lost can mines and few signs of any jobs and some of the naivety dramatic increase in the gold which assumed that the mining price.

Capital expenditure by Cham-faced with united labour the deep the deep control of the contr

claim and minimum wage demands which, while high, are below last year's starting 55 per cent demand. Neither unions nor short-life mines with less than 10 management seem prepared to years production left, has been put up with a protracted dispute forced to step up its exploration this year. Management will be mines. It spent R140m last year seeking to keep increases around on exploration alone - this is more than the total spent in the union peeds to constitute the constitution in the constitution is the union peeds to constitution in the constitution in the constitution is the union peeds to constitution in the constitution in the constitution is the constitution in the constitution in the constitution in the constitution in the constitution is the constitution in t The union needs to strengthen its own organisation and cohesion.

In the longer run, what industry thinkers like Anglo's Bobby Godsell hope to achieve is a recognition by both sides that the Finding and funding new main targets are to secure the

**Anthony Robinson** 

Coal is the only mineral to have been affected by sanctions

# Reputation for producing

IN APRIL, when American news-papers began publishing appar-ently official threats by Pretoria to retaliate against sanctions by cutting the sale of "strategic" minerals to the US, South African minerals producers were totally bemused. They had heard nothing of the sort from the government and further interference in the minerals market was the last thing they wanted.

The threat of sanctions is not under-estimated in mining company boardrooms and effective counter-sanctions strategies are largely based on making particular South African products indispensable. With the exception of coal, sanctions seem to have had little effect on minerals exports. In private, some mining industry executives believe other countries' failure to honour export contracts has emphasised South Africa's reliability as a supplier and could ensure US legislators

continue to exclude strategic metals such as chrome, vanadium, manganese and platinum from the sanctions net. The mining industry is convinced Pre-toria would do nothing which detracted from the country's reputation as a reliable producer, no matter how severe sanctions res became.

The mining companies argued that an embargo on sales to the US would be ineffective since it would be impossible to prevent minerals exported to other countries being re-directed to Amer-ica. Withholding minerals from export markets is not an option because it would end any hopes of generating the trade surplu needed to finance scheduled foreign debt repayments.
Last year South Afr

st year South Africa earned R23.95bn from exports of minerals - gold contributed R17.49bn, while coal weighed in with R2.29bn. It is not possible to strip out the individual contributions of diamonds or platinum group metals (PGM), but it is clear that any disruption in the country's base minerals trade would have a

startling effect on trade balances.

Coal is the only major mineral export to have been affected by American and European sanc tions. But though coal exports and revenues fell last year, and earlier plans for expanding South Africa's export capacity have been shelved, it is not possible to quantify the direct effect of sanctions. One study sponsored by South Africa's coal exporters said export coal prices had been affected by the South Africans' ability and preparedness to cut prices to maintain export market

share While this has been a factor in the coal export market equation, export prices have also been under pressure from slack a giut of oil and the arrival of new exporting nations such as Colombia on the market scene. Last November Ermelo Mines, an export colliery, cut its annual production rate to 1.8m tonnes from 3m tonnes as BP, which has a one-third interest in the mine, decided its coal was too expensive. Ermelo cut its workforce to 970 men from 2,135 but said the cut-back was due to weak market demand, not sanc-

Ermelo's problems stemmed from its development as an exclusively export colliery with com-paratively expensive under-ground mining operations. Other, newer collieries are less likely to be affected by cost pressures. They are tied to the new power stations being built by Eskom, the state-owned electricity utility, which are designed to burn particularly poor coal. This allows the tied colliery to produce a high quality product for export, while having a guaranteed market for the poorer qual-

This is taking export coal processing about as far as it can go.
Additional domestic processing of
minerals is regularly proposed as
a means of increasing export
earnings, but with readily available export commodities such as

Export

F-14-7	Service in the	18 Tel 18 11	To the world	* * *		
	a. sub ii:					
2			70			
	- X	11 m	200			
7	1 N			~વ્ ક		
	* 5*	Ž.				
#. A.	01					
	See V					
		3				
	# 300		2000			
	20 II					
<b>3</b>						
	a. 11					
	<b>T</b> . \$					
	**		<b>⊃</b> a⊑			
**!*	<b>1</b> 11					
7 C 1	r					
	<u>42</u>					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	***				
			<u> </u>	XX		
	±-,•\v	### 1 Y # # #	7.7	Ç. 900		
4.50						
			34		. ***	To .
	* * *			-		7 7
	ALPHO A			** * ·	+ 5 to 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	À
attended to	S. Maria S. A.			1 1 A 1 1 4	Carrier Contract	31.4

coal there is no scope for any from the list of South African beneficiation beyond production products which cannot be of a clean product. The same is probably true of metals such as platinum in which South Africa dominates

the world market. Platinum industry executives believe sell-ing fabricated platinum goods. such as auto exhaust catalysts, domestic South African market is too small to provide a base load, while fabricated products have to surmount import tariff hurdles in most countries.

By way of contrast, Samancor. the manganese and ferro alloys exporter, is building a sinter plant at its Mamatwan mine to produce the beneficiated product demanded by steelmakers. New steel technology has eliminated demand for lower grade ores and generated demand for manganese ore grading 50 per cent or more

The manganese industry's experience mirrors that of the chrome producers several years ago. It was only when new technologies were developed for making stainless steel from low-carbon charge chrome that the South African mining companies found a market which justified the building of large plants to produce ferro-chrome from the low-grade but plentiful Transvaal ores. Now the South Africans dominate the world ferro-chrome market and are unlikely to be affected by sanctions.

Platinum companies appear completely unfazed by sanctions. Platinum is specifically excluded.

mported into the US. De for PGM is forecast to rise steadily through to the turn of the century as Europe follows America in legislating the removal of pollutants from auto-mobile exhausts and as new tech-nologies, such as the fuel cell. open new markets for the metals. Each of the three principal platinum producers - Rustenhave expansion projects under-way, while at least three other mining companies will bring mines on stream by the early 1990s. New technology, whic allows metal to be recovered from the previously un-treatable UG2 platinum reef, has opened

new mining opportunities.

De Beers, the diamond company, has taken another antisanctions route, Last July it sold an effective 2.6 per cent interest in itself to the Botswanz government in exchange for a large inventory of Botswanan gems. Botswanan mines managed by De Beers produce over half of the diamond group's own gems. At the time De Beers said the political advantages of closer links with Botswana "had not been lost" on the group. US diplomats involved in their country's anti-apartheid sanctions campaign acknowledge that the prospect of harm being done to Botswana could be a powerful argument against sanctions aimed at De

Jim Jones



Banking

# Reserve Bank brakes hard

credit cures and higher interest rates have brought bankers down to earth with a bump. In public most bankers agree the tighter financial restrictions of what Dr Gerhard de Kock, the introduced by the South African Reserve Bank early in May were necessary to cool the economy and protect the balance of payments. In private they are con-cerned that the officially-encouraged consumer spending boom is to be slowed before being translated into greater demand for credit by industrialists needing to finance new plant and equip-

Over two years of stagnant demand for bank credit ended in the middle of 1987 as comparatively cheap finance and aggressive marketing persuaded households they could afford new mortgages and additional hire purchase debt. First National, the country's largest bank, doubled its mortgage book in 12 months and mortgage lending alone com-

new advances. By way of contrast, Nedbank. which directs its business more towards the corporate or wholesale sector, scarcely increased its advances over the past year. Apart from anything else, May's credit tightening underscored the banking sector's particular vulnerability to South Africa's exclusion from international capital markets and emphasises just how that exclusion has shortened eco-

increase in imports of consumer credit creation was in danger of and related interest rates during goods could have been financed by foreign credits. Now, less than Reserve Bank was not concerned In most countries recovery

of what Dr Gerhard de Kock, the import propensity.

Reserve Bank's governor, called a its concern is over loan foreign exchange "crisis" later schemes which are ostensibly

Nor are bankers convinced May's curbs will be the last this year. If consumer spending is to be reined in, hire purchase and mortgage credit have to be pushed out of the reach of many lent to 110 per cent of the price of household budgets. Interest rate a house, while Standard Bank increases alone will be inadequate and bankers forecast home owners to use their mortincreases in legally-required hire gage accounts as call accounts. purchase deposits and a reduction in the permissible length of hire purchase contracts.

New opportunities and flexibil-ity had been expected by some bankers and analysts as divestment freed local managers from decisions taken in parent boardrooms in London and New York. Unfortunately for the bankers, harsher economics now predominate. A new dynamic had been forecast as the re-structuring of the country's financial services industry had more or less been completed early in 1987. All but one of the larger building society year. By the start of this year ies had ceased to be mutuals and were competing with the banks above 1988's 16 per cent targeted on their own ground.

The banks, in their turn, had turned aggressively to the mort March's M3 22.5 per cent higher gage market. The lending than in March 1987, with prosomic horizons.

free-for-all, as much as anything, pects of a further advance despite its could disappear if South in happier days the inevitable persuaded the Reserve Bank that a tentative increase in Bank Rate Africa becomes too eager a bor-

mortgage-based but which are designed to encourage spending on consumer durables with high import contents. UBS Holdings, which controls the largest building society, offered loans equivaoffered a deal which allowed

Easy money and negative real interest rate policies were orchestrated by the Reserve Bank throughout 1987 to drive the domestic economy into the 3 per cent real growth needed to halt rising unemployment.

However, easy money policies only started having an effect on bank lending during 1987's second half. Throughout most of 1987 weak demand for industrial and consumer credit left M3 money supply growth well below the lower 14 per cent target set by the Reserve Bank early in the

Preliminary estimates put

upper limit

Jim Jones

ance current account deficits and

which needs a current account

surplus of R3bn this year to cover

its foreign debt repayment obliga-

So when domestic demand

sucked in imports and pared this

the Reserve Bank slammed on

the credit brakes. It is now in a

quandary. The economy is on the

move and the motor industry is

hiring more men since new car

sales were 30 per cent higher in

the first quarter of this year than in the corresponding period of

1987. But imported components

make up half of the value of each

new car and this year alone imported auto parts will cost an estimated R3bn if sales continue

as they did in the first three

Tighter credit should restrain

car sales and imports, but the central bank also hopes higher

domestic interest rates will per-

suade South Africans to finance

foreign trade with offshore trade credits and that this will take

some of the pressure off the cur-

rent account of the balance of

payments towards the end of the

vear. Inside the banks, foreign

exchange dealers remain wary

and fear that foreign trade cred

its could disappear if South

year's first quarter trade surplus.

m tonnes m tonnes m tonnes 1979 103.8 634 23.3 749 509 1980 115.1 82.2 29.2 688 1981 126.4 1.110 97.1 25.6 1982 136.8 105.9 1,378 25.6 1,094 143.5 1123 1.394 28.1 121.0 38.1 1.712 1985 173.5 124.9 1.938 44.9 1986 176.7 2,203 45.5 127.0 3.157 2.513 42.8 2,294

COAL'S ROLE

Local sales

Local soles

the first of the control of the cont

ay June 9 1998

thereforce of mixed thank trade unance that defindance the anderlying necessity which are no ming clear to be

or pect. last feet and bloody substitute that the state of the state o

the union 1500 kg. the union 150

into intense prese

ms dangerous E

the NUM has put

ital 40 per cer's it minimum to it minimum to thich, while high a

car's starting Se

tit seem preparet:

a prostructed dispe

Management with

स्टब्स्ट मान्यव्यक्त जन्म स्टब्स्ट मानिसम्बद्धाः

ments to strengtha.

arger from what in-: like Angles But

per for achiere Bay

s in the states there

44 are to see t

the industry serment and conter

envesiment le s

y competitive cars

**Anthony Robin** 

ections

··· · · South

which dank

the IS to the first to the firs

The best of the be

Bush NEW YORK

is a troth and cohesin

# South Africa

For further information about South Africa write to the South African Embassy, Trafalpar Square, London WC2N 5DP from whom copies of this speech can be obtained.

Introduction

What will be the future of South Africa? Has it a future in its present form? If not, what will the new form be! And when will the change take place! Everyone in South Africa asks these questions, and many in the world beyond too. They are very difficult to answer: much more difficult than most of those who hold strong opinions on South Africa suppose. I think the best way to begin answering them is by putting forward this preliminary proposition: what happens in South Africa will depend to a large degree on what happens in the rest of the African continent. Why so? Because South Africa is in many respects a rypical African country.

Now this may seem a paradoxical and provocative statement. So let us examine it. First, let us look at the ways in which South Africa is a typical African country, and then at the ways in which it differs from the rest.

Population growth

Now there are six important ways in which it is typical. The first is perhaps the most critical. Like every other state in Africa, without exception, it is undergoing a very rapid population increase. Africa is the last of the continents to experience what is commonly called the population explosion. Now very rapid increases in population are not just demographic events. They have important olitical and often geopolitical consequences. The first population explosion occurred in 19th century Europe, which accounts for the phenomenon of European mass-migration and colonialism. It then spread to Asia and South America, both of which, like Europe after 1918, are emerging from the phase of fast growth and the revolutionary turmoils which accompanied it.

In Central America the 'explosion' is at its height, and that is one prime reason for the intense political instability and feat we find there.

producing a later than the curve of population growth is rising rapidly and it is already producing Maldrussan commer-effects in the form of over-cultivation, droughts, famines and wars. So far, South Africa has avoided the worst of these but it is feeling intense population pressures, like every other African country.

Demographic growth exacerbates what is the most striking single characteristic of the African continent its lack of racial, cultural and linguistic unity. No other continent is so fragmented, especially south and south-east of the Sahara, Before colonialism intervened, Africa was beginning to evolve

larger units by a process of tribal imperialism.

The effects of the colonial period, which lasted roughly a century, was to accelerate the process, and to transform many thousands of tribal societies into about fifty superficially modern states which are now independent. Scarcely one of them is homogenous. Even small states like Ruanda are split by deep, radical fissures. In the first quarter-century of independence, these divisions have produced appalling civil wars in Chad, the Sudan, Zaire, Uganda, Nigeria, Ethiopia and elsewhere. Sometimes, as in Angola and Mozambique, these civil wars have a strong ideological element. But in every case the tribal or racial element is there too, and it is usually predominant.

Racial problems

This brings us to the second respect in which South Africa is typical. It is a large and populous African country and because it is large its racial problems like those of Nigeria, Zaire and the Sudan, for instance, are particularly complex.

There are at present at least five major civil wars taking place in Africa. So far South Africa has managed to avoid a similar disaster, and this is a considerable achievement. But, as in other African states, there are forces pushing towards civil war, and many influential people, inside and outside, who actually want one. The assumption outside the African continent is that any civil war in South Africa would necessarily be between whites and blacks but of course the reality is much more

complicated.

The largest racial group in South Africa is the Zulu — more a national than simply a racial group. since it is divided in turn into about 200 tribes, each subdivided into clans. The next largest group is the whites but these, too, are composed of diverse echnic and cultural groups — Dutch, English, French and German, for instance, and have two distinct languages, Dorch-Afrikaans and English. There are important sub-groups too: Portuguese, Greeks, Jews, Italians and the so-called Rhodesian Whites. Third in size are the Xhoss followed by the Coloureds, the North Sotho, the South Sotho

In addition to these seven major groups, there are seven minor racial groups, ranging from the Shangsan and the Asians to the Venda. The Venda are the smallest of the main groups but even they have twenty-seven distinct tribes. Indeed, all fourteen of the racial divisions of South Africa contain internal subdivisions. Thus the Asian population is split between Hindus, Moslems, Christians and Buddhists. Among the various groups of blacks the linguistic divisions are particularly important, with four major and twenty-three minor languages spok

Urbanisation

The third way in which South Africa is repical is that population pressure on the land is driving people into the towns and especially into the big ciries. In Cazo, Africa now has its first megalopolis but all over the continent ciries like Lagos, Dakar, the Johannesburg conurbation, Kinshasa, Kharroum, Nairobi and Harare are expanding at impressive speed. Most of the new arrivals live in shanrytowns, unless deliberate and forceful measures are taken to settle them elsewhere. In these immigrant cities, also characterised by very high and rising birthrates, the statistics of serious crime, especially murder and rape, are appalling.

These burgeoning and ultraviolent giant city-complexes pose featful problems to the authorities in all African countries, and here again South Africa is typical. Governments have found that, unless they respond ruthlessly, the shannytowns and immigrant suburbs quickly become no-go areas for the police and see ruled and partitioned by rival gangs, with the danger of the entire city becoming

So governments respond with what has become the consect the continent — social engineering. People are treated not as individual human beings but as atomised units and shovelled around like

South Africa is now moving to end the pass-laws and movement control, having been the first to impose them - and this is very welcome - but unfortunately the use of identification papers has spread all over Africa and when movement is restricted the bulldozer is never far behind. Most African governments use them to demolish unauthorised settlements. Vast numbers of wretched people are made homeless without warning by governments terrified of being overwhelmed by lawless multinudes.

In the black African countries immediately south of the Sahara, for instance, the authorities fight desperately to repel normadic desert dwellers driven south by poverty or drought. When the police fail, punitive columns of troops are sent in.

Security forces

South African has the most efficient, though by no means the largest, internal repressive force on the continent, it is much admired and imitated by other African governments who buy or con-South African police hardware when they can. All these security forces are ruthless and liable to act with unpredictable violence. Bur, unlike the South African police, many are ill-paid and undisciplined and therefore far more brutal. The human cost of social control and social engineering in black Africa goes largely unreported. South Africa, by contrast, has a large, varied and in many ways excellent press. Hence, despite all the legal restrictions on reporting, we know pretty well what goes on there.

Social engineering African social engineering is perhaps inevitable, given the lack of homogeneity, conducted on a racial cultural basis. Here again South Africa is typical. All African states tend to be racist. Almost without exception, and with varying degrees of animosity, they discriminate against racial/religious groups: Jews, or whites, or Asians, non-Moslems, or minority tribes or even majority tribes. There is no such thing as a genuine multiracial society in the whole of Africa. There seems to be no African country where tribal or racial origins, skin colour or religious affiliation are not of prime importance in whether people are accorded or denied elementary rights.

Discrimination

African countries vary in the extent to which their practice of discrimination is formalised or entrepched in law codes and official philosophies. Many have political theories of a sort, cooked up in the political science or sociology departments of local universities. Thus Tanzanis has Ujasma, Ghana Conciencism, Senegal Negrinude, and Zambia 'Zambian Humanism'; Zaire has a national philosophy named after its military dictator, Mobutoism. Apartheid, whose modern, sophisticated form was pur regether in the social psychology department of Stellenbosch University, is a typical example of this distinctive African brand of political theory which has developed over the last halfcentury. Paradissical though it may seem, Apartheid is not a concept which divides the Republic from the rest of Africa. It is, on the contrary, the local expression of the African ideological personality. No continent has ever suffered more at the hands of its politically-minded intellectuals, and here again

These then are the six main ways in which South Africa is very much part of the continent. But there are also five important ways in which it is quite untypical. The first is in wealth and in infrastructure.

Wealth and infrastructure

South Africa in some ways is a third world country, like all other African states; but, alone among them, it also has some characteristics of a first world country. Its wealth is both created and intrinsic. It has by far the richest and most varied range of natural resources of any African country. Insertlements, both white and black, were originally poor, entirely agricultural, largely pastoral. But since the discovery of diamonds in quantity in the 1880's, it has emerged as the richest depository of minerals in the world,

exceeded in quantity only by Soviet Russia. It exports about eighty-five percent of what it mines or refines. It is the world's largest supplier in nine key commodities and it's second largest in two more, in addition it is among the world's top ten suppliers in such basic commodities as copper, tin, nickel and coal. In many essential and scarce metals it has between fifty and ninety percent of the West's known reserves and over a wide range of important commodities South Africa and the Soviet Union between them control virtually all the world's supply and reserves.

Modern economy

The second way in which South Africa differs is that its mineral wealth has become the basis of a modern economy — the only modern economy in the whole of Africa. South of the Sahara, South Africa has under ten percent of the population. But it has nearly sevency-five percent of the total Gross National Product. The care of this modern economy is mining and after the Soviet Union it has the largest mining industry in the world, employing 700 000 people, as opposed to 470 000 in the United States, the next largest. In many important respects the South African mining inclustry

is the most efficient and technically advanced on earth-The strength of the mining inclustry accounts for the third way in which South African differs.

# The Future of

PAUL JOHNSON

With very few exceptions — the Ivory Coast, the Cameroons, Kenya, Malawi and Botswana are five which spring to mind — most black states have experienced falls in real income per capita since independence. In some cases the falls have been severe and states have virtually passed out of the international economic system. In South Africa, by contrast, the real incomes of blacks have risen substantially in the last quarter-century, in the decade 1975-85, for instance, black wages in the mining industry more than doubled in real terms, and this improvement has continued despite the severe recession which began in 1984 and from which South Africa is only now emerging.

Education

This improvement in the fortunes of South African blacks is not confined to purely financial matters. Though the education available to blacks is poor compared to what the whites get, it is good compared to what is available almost anywhere else on the continent. The number of blacks completing secondary education now approximates to the white total. So, perhaps surprisingly, does the number of black women with professional qualifications — well over 100 000. There are probably more black women professionals in the Republic than in the whole of the rest of black Africa put together.

Migrant labour

However, it is important to remember that this modest but rising prosperity is not confined to blacks born in South Africa. About half of South Africa's black miners come from abroad, chiefly from Malawi, Mocambique, Lesotho, Swaziland and Botswana, and most of their wages are remit ne; so about ten-million people, in half a dozen countries, are directly or indirectly financially dependent on South Africa's mining industry.

Their governments are likewise dependent, in varying degrees, on those hard-currency earnings, and pressure from other African governments was one factor which brought to an end the recent mining strike. The point can be summarised quite simply: continuing South African prosperity is essential to the economic well-being of all Southern Africa, and in the battle for higher black living standards throughout this sub-continent it is one of the very positive factors.

Libertarian endowment

The fourth way in which South Africa differs from the rest of the Continent is that it is in many respects a free country. This difference is very little appreciated in the outside world, but it is of transcendent importance. South Africa is essentially a British creation, and as such was endowed with most of the political and individual liberties Britain evolved over centuries and transmitted to her overseas possessions: not least it enjoys the rule of law, more precious in some ways than the right

This libertarian endowment has been eroded since South Africa became independent and especially since 1943; but the crosson has gone much less far than in other former British territories in Africa - or in other African ex-colonies given western-style judiciary, what is in many essentials a free press, and a multi-party parliamentary system, albeit elected on a racially-restricted franchise. No other African state still enjoys this combination of benefits.

With its natural resources, its modern economy, its ability to raise its living standards and its residual freedoms, these four ways in which South Africa differs from other states on the continent are greatly to its advantage. But those four plusses are balanced by a serious minus. The tifth way in which South Africa differs is that it alone, in the whole of Africa, is the object of overwhelming interest in the outside world, an interest which often takes the form of active hostility.



PAUL JOHNSON Author of "A History of the Modern World from 1917 to the 1980's"

**External** hostility

Honey of no historical precedent for such widespread and persistent international obsession with the internal affairs of an independent country. The curious thing is that it comes at a time when the outside world has little interest in the African continent as a whole. From the 1860's onwards, for an entire century, curside it world-system: its wars were Africa's wars, its booms and slumps Africa's, it transmitted its institutions, religion, technology, sports, virtues, vices.

For most of the 1960's as Africa became independent this interest remained, but with the rise of the military regimes, the collapse of economies and the ravages of chronic frontier disputes and civil wars, the world turned its back on Africa - except for the Republic, on which world attention has been increasingly concentrated. It is as though the world, unwilling or unable to do anything to assist the new black states to survive their post-independence mistakes, has selected South Africa to be the moral scapegoat, to carry the burden of the sins of all. Hence the world's focus on South Africa, to the exclusion of the rest of the continent, is itself distorted, since it is not really interested in any aspects of South African life which is not directly related to the race proble

That those who form international opinion should wrench South Africa out of its continental context, and then in turn wrench its racial difficulties out of their national context, obviously does not make for understanding or wisdom. And indeed the policies pursued towards South Africa by those, at the United Nations, in the United States Congress and elsewhere, who are pleased to call themselves the agents and spokesmen of the world's conscience, have been exceedingly foolish and have often achieved the opposite of the ends desired.

Sanctions and boycotts

Let us actually look at what has happened since the UN first mounted embargoes, boycosts and sanctions against South Africa. It is a recurrent lesson of history that economic sanctions are usually ineffective against a strong, modern economy. Often they merely enforce improvements, in quire South Africa was traditionally a colonial-style economy which exported commodities and

imported manufactures. The sanctions imposed over the last quarter century have simply accelerated its progress towards economic self-sufficiency.

The arms embargo, now more than two decades old, merely led to the creation of an indigenous arms industry. South Africa exploited the technology of its mining industry to become a world leader in the manufacture of conventional explosives rivalling the hitherto unchallenged supremacy in this field of the United States and Sweden. It also specialises in mine-resistant armoured vehicles, in which it seems to have outstripped all its competitors. From an importer of arms it has become an exporter, selling its products all over the world but especially to other governments, whose needs are similar. Hence the UN, which once instructed its members to stop selling arms to South Africa, is now driven to begging them not to buy arms from her,

Again, the oil embargo had the predictable result that South Africa, in order to make itself more than eighty-five percent self-sufficient in energy, has created a synthetic fuel industry, whose chief component, Sasol, the semi-public organisation which turns coal into petroleum products, is now the world leader in this technology.

This involved modernising and expanding the coal industry, and as an unforeseen but very important by-product of the embargo, South Africa has created the lowest-cost coal-export trade in the world. It has captured a large slice of the Japanese market and even contrived to export coal at a profit to the United Scates, something which would have been inconceivable when the embargo was first imposed. These exports are vulnerable to protectionism posing as sanctions but there is no doubt about this competitive edge.

Disinvestment

The latest attempt to exert pressure on South Africa, the disinvestment campaign mounted in the United States, and copied to some extent in Britain, appears to be having similar results. One of South Africa's weaknesses was that both its mining industry and still more its financial institutions were to a great extent controlled from abroad. The process whereby South Africans have acquired a dominant stake in their own mines has been proceeding for many years and distinvestment has merely

But in the financial sector, the recent changes have been much more important, as British and American institutions have handed over ownership and control to local affiliates or management consortiums, often at bargain-basement prices. South Africa is thus in the process of acquiring what no other African state possesses, and at nominal cost — its own locally-owned array of modern financial institutions. In the end, the result may well be the opposite of what those who demanded distinvestment wished to see, for South Africa is emerging from the process with its economic sovereignty and its power to defy its foreign critics greatly enhanced.

Of course disinvestment was designed to starve the South African economy, and especially its mining industry, of funds. It is hard to see how this purpose was advanced by ensuring that South Africa acquired its own money-raising institutions. The truth of course is that so long as investment in South Africa, especially in mining, remains highly profitable, capital will find its way there.

Economic forces

Now this brings me to one of the main points I want to make. Capital, in searching for a place to rest and fructify, is not interested in United Nations resolutions. It is so with all these impersonal economic forces. The gold price, that primary factor in South Africa's economic health, rises or falls according to principles of motion which are all its own. It is not motivated by political, ideological or humanitarian reasons. So too with capital as a whole. It is deaf to speeches, heedless of 'isms', impervious to demonstrations: not least, it is colour-blind. It does not make ethnic or ethical judgements, merely financial ones. It is a rationalising force, the great destroyer of unreason, prejudice, illogicality and ancient follies. For capitalism is not really an 'ism' at all: it is merely what happens at certain stages in the development of a free market, unless you do something very forceful and positive to stop it.

Hence, it is the great dissolvent of cases and classes, swooping away in its impersonal search for profits the artificial inequalities mankind creates among itself, whether based on heredity, occupation, caste or colour. It destroyed the feudal system. Left to itself, it must destroy apartheid.

Capitalism and apartheid

What is apartheid? it is not as many people seem to think, the extreme right-wing end of the political-economic spectrum. Quate the contrary, it is more accurately described as ethnic socialism. A regressive and primitive system which necessarily involves state interierence in every aspect of economic activity, a huge state sector, an ever-growing state encroachment on the national income and a mass of restrictive laws which inhibit the operations of a free market.

Capitalism is incompanible with aparthoid for broadly the same reasons it is incompatible with feudalism — it cannot co-exist with a social and political system based on inherited racial caste, which forbids freedom of movement and a free market in labour, and which subordinates all business decisions to the needs of an irrational world-view.

Hence capitalism will read to decays aparthead, unless positively prevented from doing so. Indeed we can go further. Being colour-blind, it has an inherent tendency to advance the interests of blacks. If we look at the aspirations of the blacks in South Africa, not as imagined in theory from the outside, but as they actually ease, we find the black privaties centre on five practical objects. These are, in probable order of importance: better education for their children; rights of cruzenship; the right to own property, especially house-title, anywhere in the country; freedom of movement and residence; and — a natural consequence of the last three demands — freedom from excessive police supervision. To this I think I would aid a sixth aspiration, especially among blacks with good education and technical qualifications - the right to a job on the basis of ment alone.

The business community

Now it is a significant fact, in all these different demands, the blacks have the vigorous support of virtually the whole of the business community. Nor is this surprising, for such rights are not merely competible with the capitalism system, they are directly conducive to its successful performance. The needs of capitalism and the hopes of the blacks complement each other. This is why they have a common interest in dismantling apartheid.

It is of the nature of capitalism to create consumers, to expand their purchasing power, to raise

their sights, to create a world in which all have middle-class standards of consumption which the immense productive capacity of capitalism can then satisfy.

Now we know man does not live by bread alone. But it helps. South Africa's blacks are no different from anyone else. They want better homes. They want cars and appliances. They want better schools and health-care. Probably, most of all, they want a better future for their children. All these, if left to uself, capitalism can eventually supply, as it has supplied them in Europe and North America, as it is now supplying to councless millions in East Asia.

Historical perspective

Of course such aspirations cannot be divorced from the political context. But the historical reasons show that where capitalism advances, the vote is never far behind. In Britain, the first wave of the Industrial Revolution was followed, in due course by the first Reform Bill, extending the franchise and parliamentary representation. In the United States, industrialisation and democracy advanced hand-in-hand. In the long run, the kind of mass prosperity generated by free-market capitalism is incompatible with the denial of political rights.

If we take Europe today west of the livin Curtain, we find the market system everywhere triumphant, living standards higher than ever before, and - for the first time in history - every single European state is a parliamentary democracy under the rule of law. Are these things connected! Of course they

are - for economic freedom and political freedom are indivisible. Now you may say: but that is Europe, and here we are in Africa. Of course, the differences are enormous. But in the long perspective of history, they are nothing compared to the similarities. We have seen over the past quarter-century, half a dozen states on the Asian rim of the Pacific,

with cultural traditions very different to Europe's, create astonishingly successful free market economies. which have brought unprecedented prosperity to their peoples. The number of such states is growing in Asia, as the progress of the pioneers is noted and their example spreads. Why, given time and patience, should Africa prove any different.?

The political fallacy

In answering this question, all the newly independent states have made mistakes. In some cases, Uganda, Tanzania, Ghana, for example, the mistakes have been very serious, near-fatal indeed. But though the mistakes have varied in degree, they have tended to follow a common pattern, what am I tempted to call the political fallacy — the assumption that all comomit and social problems are susceptible to political solution, provided it is pursued ruthlessly enough.

The fallacy was stated most clearly in 1963 by Kwame Nkrumah. Africa's aims, he declared, including its unity, constituted "above all a political kingdom, which can be gained only by political means. The local and economic development of Africa will come only within the political kingdom, not the other way round." Well, he was wrong, wasn't he?

Other leaders - Nyerere, Selsou Toure, Mengistu, to mention only three fairly typical ones, made the same kind of mistake, and their countries paid for it. South Africa, too fell into the political fallacy, which here took the form of apartheid.

All these errors, stressing as they did the supremacy and invincibility of the political, ideological solution, involving as all did a great deal of social engineering, of pushing around ordinary men and women, were different forms of state socialism. They have all failed economically; and all, in varying degrees, have led to internal violence.

Now it seems to me, after a quarter-century of putting its trust in the political kingdom, the African continent as a whole is beginning to learn better. It is beginning to grasp that social and economic problems are not susceptible to drastic simple-minded and abstract political solutions. Throughout the advanced countries of the world, socialism and its monstrous progeny, the all-embracing, allpowerful state, is on retreat. Even in Moscow and Peking it is beginning to shrink. Africa is not temmune to this worldwide trend. Slowly, painfully, almost reluctantly, African political leaders are beginning to grasp that the state cannot do all - indeed can do scarcely anything well, except perhaps kill and that social and economic arrangements are best left to the wit and wisdom of private men and

Capitalism and economic leadership

Where the state gives up and retreats, capitalism cheerfully steps in to fill the vacuum. The process is beginning in many parts of Africa. It will take a very long time to bear fruit, for incalculable damage has been done to economic infrastructures which were, to begin with, inadequate and fragile. However, Africa is at last turning in the right direction.

Now here is the opportunity for South Africa, as the leading economy in Africa -- the only modern economy in Africa — to play its part. Can it learn the lessons of its own version of the political fallacy. and dismantle apartheid with all deliberate speed? Can it create by exercions, and demonstrate by its example, the functioning free market economy which alone can provide the dynamism to carry Africa onto the plateau of the affluent society? Can it, emerging from its isolation as the continental scapegoat, take up the role which nature and its own skills surely allotted it — the economic leadership

I think the answer to these questions, which are still very much open, will depend in great degree on the young people of all taces who are growing up in South Africa today. We look to the old for wisdom but only the young can supply the idealistic passion which is so uncorrigibly a characteristic

After the ideological follies of the past quarter-century, there is a spirit of cynicism and moral defeatism in Africa which needs correction. The market system, left to itself, will undoubtedly do the spadework. But, as I say, it is blind, impersonal, materialistic, non-human. It cannot, of itself, supply the necessary corrective of idealism. It needs a moral dimension and only people can supply that. Africa needs economic example. But she needs moral leadership too, the kind of moral lead which recognises how essential economic sucress is to achieving anything else, which sets about getting it in a businesslike way, but which knows that materialism is not enough.

Optimism for the future

When I look at the prospects for South Africa over the next twenty years, I am inclined to be optimistic. Twice in my lifetime, once in the early 1960's and again in 1985-86, doomsday predictions for South Africa, foreseeing a crescendo of violence culminating in a destructive change of regime, have been invalidated by actual events. I no longer have the smallest belief in a catastrophe solution, for South Africa. Too many people,

of all races, have too much to lose; and too much to gain from the rational alternatives. Moreover, reason, and the gifts of reason, are the rewards of the open-minded. And, by a curious paradox, South Africa — supposedly obscurantist, inward- and backward-looking South Africa — the South Africa of the larger — has in recent years, quite suddenly, become extraordinarily open-

minded about its future. How to face the future has become the leading topic of discussion, more so perhaps than in any other country in the world at present. In this respect, the hostile actions of the outside world have

not been an unmixed evil; they have forced, or at least encouraged, South Africans to think deeply and systematically about what they ought to do. As Dr Johnson may have said, the knowledge that one is to be distrivested in a fortnight concentrates the mind wonderfully. South Africa is beginning to concentrate its mind; and this process must, in my judgment, propel

it along the path where the underlying forces of capitalism are already taking it — towards a society based not on class or cases or race, but on merit. So the next twenty years will see radical reform and power-sharing though whether, in its initial phases, it will be reform from above or reform by negotiation. I am not able to say: a bit of both I suspect.

What I am sure of is that, to be successful, and to lay the foundations of a durable future in the 21st century, this process of reform will require not only economic sense and political daring, but also and perhaps most important of all, moral wisdom.

The future of South Africa

In the long run, the future of South Africa — the future of the continent as a whole — rests in the hands of its own people, of all races, religions and cultures. The ourside world can be, at best, of only marginal assistance or hindrance. It cannot do much either way, by showering Africa with aid, or bombarding it with embargoes and sanctions. The international community must realise that Africa has really no alternative but to go it alone as a continent, and work out its own salvation.

Whether it goes it alone in harmony and companionship, or in discord and violence, will depend in great part on the quality and intelligence of the leadership which South Africa, as its most powerful

ZIMBABVYE

### Johannesburg Stock Exchange

# Decline expected for rest of year

EQUITY CAPITAL RAISED THROUGH THE JOHANNESBURG STOCK EXCHANGE (Rm)				
Year	Issues by listed companies	New Issue		
1981				
Q1	100.5	iin		
Q2	1,080.3	20.4		
Q3	228.3	1.8		
Q4	126.3	109.5		
1982				
Q1	399.8	20.9 3.3		
O2	168.2	3.3 18.2		
Q3 Q4	210.4	7.3		
	61.6	r.a3		
1983	#70 B	nil		
Q1 Q2	376.2 218.3	101,3		
Q3	337.7	الم		
Q4	2.326.0	160.6		
1984				
2964 Q1	313.3	nil		
Q2 U1	577.1	25.8		
Q3	76.3	159.9		
Q4	308.2	0.9		
1985				
Q1	175.3	425.0		
<u>02</u>	287.9	nii		
Q3	944.2	871.5		
Q4	459.4	497,9		
1966				
Q1	320.2	420.4		
Q2	2,240.7	327.8		
Q3	396.3	720.6		
Q4	1,016.7	1,468.6		
1967				
Q1	<u>322 2</u>	573.0		
Q2	815.8	1,034.6		
Q3	1,980.7	1.841.9		
Q4	745.9	2,973.0		

Exchange parted company with stock markets in the rest of the world in the wake of last October's Black Monday, emphasising South Africa's increasing financial and economic isolation from the rest of the world.

While other exchanges hesi-tantly recovered large parts of last October's losses, the JSE's tentative recovery soon aborted decline since the start of 1988. Most brokers expect the decline to be extended for the rest of this year, and only a rapid increase in the gold price would change their

peaked at 2,804 on October 19 and plunged 40 per cent to the year's low of 1,675 on November 5. The subsequent recovery, which came with gold's advance towards \$500, lifted the index to 1,890 on January 7 before gold began to slide and the rot again set in. By mid-May the overall index was below 1,600 and low trading volumes were pushing some of the smaller private-client stockbroking firms to merge and shed staff.

Of course the JSE is driven by



reluctant to buy shares in compa-nies which have improved substantially in the past 18 months. As stockbroker Richard Stuart sees it, shares in many leading companies offer good value but investors are put off by the pros-

pect of rising interest rates fur-ther affecting share prices. Corporate balance sheets have been strengthened and though few firms have been spending to raise capacity, many have protected themselves from further falls in the rand's value against other currencies by building invento-ries of imported commodities. Last year and the latter part of 1986 were heady days for the market despite the fact that for-

gold and it is easy to argue the eigners were net sellers of South market is largely responding to African shares. Equity capital deteriorating gold mining dividends crimped by static rand cheap financing option and led to gold prices and operating costs a flood of new issues and issues which have been rising by just by quoted companies. This year short of 20 per cent each year. It it is practically impossible to sell is easy to argue that thesis, but it new shares to institutions which does not altrougher evolution why were clarecuring for new issues. does not altogether explain why were clamouring for new issues Johannesburg's investors remain before black Monday.

Institutional fund managers appear caught in the same web of capital shortages as the rest of the economy. Many institutions which were over-invested as last year's stock market boom peaked are now keeping their investment powder dry in anticipation of large-scale privatisation of stateowned corporations and to finance purchases of firms sold by foreign divestors. But this in itself tends to deprive private sector firms of new and acceptably priced equity capital.

Government is now trying to

state-owned assets, threatening to divert funds away from the private sector to the state. The institutions are also put off equities by credit curbs and interest rate increases orchestrated by the Reserve Bank this year. One fund manager asks why he should invest if the authorities feel obliged to nip economic recovery in the bud

before the private sector's invest-

BOTSWANA MOZAMBIQUE SWAZILAND NAMIBIA OCEAN INDIAN DOBAN

ment cycle was under way. As he ment in just over five years reduce its massive debt legacy of sees it, corporate growth prospects are limited by the fact that foreign exchange surpluses are limited by the fact that years of over-spending by selling

> The reluctance of local institutions to buy equities is exacer-combining to cut dividends. At bated by foreigners' unwilling-present, prospects of capital ness to buy South African stocks. Apart from fears that American investors might decide to ditch South African shares at almost any price, market sentiment has been affected by the fact that few back many years. And they continue to deal in gold shares. But to South African equities. In London this year investors have been only trading this market, not switching from gold shares into investing here."
>
> South African gilts on the basis Paradoxically, the financial South African investing that risks are diminished by rand's discount to the commeryields which offer capital recoup- cial rand indicates something of

foreign exchange surpluses are pre-empted by foreign debt repay-they are steering clear of gold ments. Keith Bright argues. He says they are steering clear of gold mining shares as flat gold prices and fast-rising mining costs are combining to cut dividends. At gains provide no compensation for poorer dividend yields on gold shares. Of course there are many investors, particularly in London,

an improvement in foreign per-ceptions of the JSE. The effective exchange rate of the financial rand (FR), which provides a measure of off-shore demand for. South African investments, discounted that of the commercial rand by less than 30 per cent in May this year. A year ago the discount was in the region of 50

But, as one broker sees it, the financial rand's strength is "a mystery". He wonders why the FR's effective exchange rate is so "high" when the large divestment flows through the FR market do not appear to have been matched by foreign purchases of

### Consumer demand

# Boost for motor industry employment

SOUTH AFRICA'S attempts to the Japanese foreign ministry's reports of higher earnings with vidual black businessmen have pull its economy out of recession worked well, too well. Cheap ing trade with South Africa. pull its economy out of recession worked well, too well. Cheap money, easy credit, falling infla-tion, improving consumer confi-dence and consumers' needs to replace ageing cars and durables combined to lift retail sales sharply in the second half of 1987 and to give consumer spending added impetus during the first four months of 1988.

Increased spending had been forecast, but its recent rate left motor manufacturers, in particular, affected by component and

By early-May, however, looming balance of payments prob-lems persuaded the authorities to which pulls in imports. Interest rate increases alone are probably insufficient to cool consumer demand, economists believe. As a result, they forecast further tightening of hire purchase regula-

Apart from trade surplus problems, the consumer boom in motors has had two other important effects. It lifted employment in the motor industry to 32,000 at the end of 1987 from 29,000 a year earlier. It is still far short of the 50,000 employed at the end of 1981, but the effect on rust-belt cities like Port Elizabeth, where black unemployment averages about 50 per cent, has been stri-

The other effect was to draw

Furniture retailers are less willing to extend credit because it is far from easy to reclaim

try not to increase their sales to many households to concentrate South Africa.

Toyota, the largest South African carmaker, has responded to plans to increase the local weight bly the economic limit of local manufacture given South Africa's comparatively small domestic market and limited scope for exports. And this, in turn, has persuaded Toyota to set up alternative procurement channels in case the flow of components from

The advance in consume spending has translated into strong bottom line earnings increases for the major, white-owned retail chains. Earnings increases owed much to resumed buying of durables and semi-durables which generally carry greater mark-ups than food or non-durables. However, the retail groups' boards have accompanied

Two-way trade with Japan soared sales - none relish the prospect benefit. Black retailers are, parato \$4bn last year and Japanese of a return to the grimmer trad-doxically, among the strongest motor companies came under pressure from the foreign minispressure from the foreign minispre

goods from people living in turbulent townships

spending on food. ironically, the latest consumer spending spree has not led to an with increasing urbanisation.

appreciable expansion of black Consumer credit is, of course, appreciable expansion of black content of its cars to 70 per cent retail businesses. They generally available to blacks, but it is genfrom 65 per cent. That is probafrom 65 per cent. That is p ised since bankers are more blacks than to whites. No-one city centres to traders who are

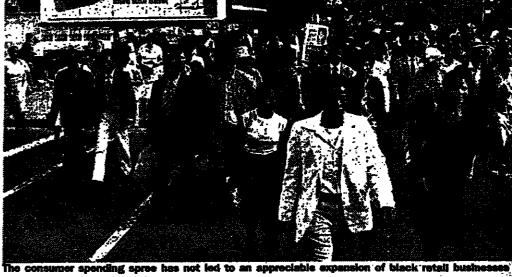
Act since since it keeps the major, well-capitalised white-owned retail chains out of the

Nor has the consumer spend-ing boom been fuelled by appreciable increases in consumer credit granted to black South Africans. According to the University of South Africa's Bureau for Market Research, black consumers account for 40 per cent of the nation's total retail spending. and the total is growing rapidly

reluctant to extend credit to interest rates and who have been used its members' not white and the fact that black far from easy to reclaim goods the next few years. consumer spending is growing from people living in turbulent far faster than white. Many inditownships.

buying power. It recently calculated that new vehicle sales had risen at an average rate of 5.5 per cent since the 1950s. Purchases by black South Africans are now estimated to rise at an annual rate of 10 per cent to 12 per cent through the rest of the 1980s and 1990s, provided the country's economy and political situation

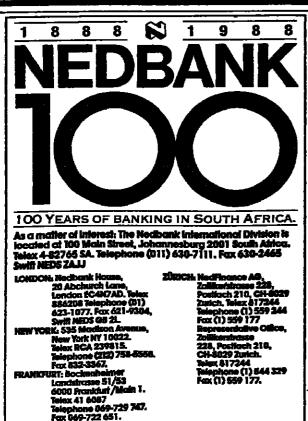
remain on an even keel. The forecast relies to some extent on the assumption that the white-owned banks can overcome their reluctance to lend to blacks. Bankers' attitudes are slowly changing under pressure from organised black trade asso-ciations such as Sabta (Southern African Black Taxi Association), quick to repossess goods when to persuade banks to revise their forecasts a change in the situa- instalments have fallen in criteria for making loans. Its lead tion despite the opening of some arrears. These days they are less is likely to be followed by other willing to extend credit since it is black trading associations over



Taxi operators as agents of social change

# A vital alternative to public transport

Car and vehicle sales Thousand units 500 Total vehicles 400 300 200





ONE FINGER up - I want to travel into the city; one finger down - I want a ride inside the city; hand pointing left with fingers extended - I want to take a

black entrepreneurs. On the surface the tax operators are simply providing a trans. African life, is politically however, to police privately-port service based on mini-buses charged. The state owned railway award to the privatelyoperated as shared taxis. It is system and government-regusafer and more comfortable to lated bus services help perpetutravel by taxi than in over- ate racial segregation. Black peocrowded buses and commuter ple are not allowed to travel on trains in which passengers are most buses serving white subdaily prey to muggers. But, by urbs - an added impediment to asion, the shared-taxi industry is rapidly freeing black people from the restrictions imposed by government-controlled transport services designed simply to carry workers between black townships and jobs in the cities.

The second secon

It is also changing the attitude passenger. Ms Happy Madlala, a of the white-owned banks highly-skilled heart and lung towards black businesses and machine operator, wanted to could well be the opening for blacks to win broader control of the country's transport sector. roadside signals to black taxi Taxi operators may not see themoperators — part and parcel of selves as agents for social black life and a total mystery to change, but their potential to most whites - are the marks of a erode apartheid's structure of social revolution spearheaded by controls is realised inside the

government Transport, like most of South charged. The state-owned railway residential integration.

The plight of blacks was highlighted yet again in May when the driver of a racially-segregated

travel from a white suburb to her work at a Johannesburg hospital and refused to heed the driver's instruction to get off the white bus. While the buses and trains remain segregated people like Ms Madlala cannot use public transport to get to work if they live sewhere than in a black township. It is virtually impossible,

The development of the black taxi industry would probably have been much slower had it not been for Sabta (Southern Africa Black Taxi Association), which represents 45,000 of the country's 120,000 black taxi operators. Led by Mr Godfrey Ntatleng Sahta, it has prised open loopholes in transport regula-Johannesburg bus drove to the tions allowing fare paying pas-nearest police station to have a sengers to be carried economiblack passenger thrown off. The cally in 15-seat mini-buses.

The taxi industry has grown from virtually nothing in the early 1970s to an enterprise with an investment in taxis alone of more than R2bn - the equivalent of two new gold mines. It carries about 2bn passengers each year - four or five times the number carried by the state-owned rall-ways and 20 times the number carried by the heavily-subsidised white-owned bus companies

In many cases the taxi or mini-bus is the only available transport for workers migrating between jobs in the cities and their families left deep in the rural homelands. That, Mr Ntatleng, says, is because the authorities will not admit there are far more people living in the town-ships than enumerated in official ses. Facilities such as taxi ranks are only provided based on covernment officials' estimates of what is needed and the chaos has been exacerbated by the granting of operating permits to anyone are generally now able to

senerally means you are a bad following Shell's lead. Shell has credit risk, at least in the eyes of the white-owned banks. Until she who wanted to buy minibuses to operate as taxis were rarely granted him. taxi operators were a good credit hire purchase marke An innovative use of the "stok-vel", a traditional mutual aid sys-

tem used by blacks, provided the together to put up money for a weekend party at the house of a group member. Generally he would take the cash to buy liquor and food to sell at the party and then use the profit to finance whatever he wanted to buy. The next weekend it would be someone else's turn to take the pool Sabta adapted the stokvel to persuade Western Bank (Wesbank), First National's hire purchase arm, to extend loans to black would be taxi owners. Sabta members contribute to a central fund deposited with the bank as a guarantee against bad debts. Wesbank was also persuaded of borrowers' security by Sabta's agreement to trace defaulters - members of the black organisation are far better able than white credit agencies to

The system has worked and, so far, the default guarantee fund has not been drawn on. More to the point, black taxi operators

track down black defaulters and

persuade them to honour their

demand and get better hire pur-Bringing some order into this chase credit terms than white is the task of Mr James Chap-consumers. This has been the is the task of Mr James Chapman, Sabta's national marketing open sesame for black entrepredirector and chief strategic planner. His first major task was to business seeing how Wesbank has cornered a large part of the

minibuses to operate as taxis — has sponsored purchases of service stations by Sabta. The chase credit — white bank managers simply did not believe taxi operation was a serious or profitable business.

An innovative use of the "stokwel" a traditional mutual aid suc.

Mr Ntatleng and Mr Chapman breakthrough to tapping bank are now working on developing credit. Traditionally, the stokvel Sabta's wider ambitions. Last operates by people clubbing year Sabta failed in an attempt to buy Putco, the white-owned bus service, after some dubious deals by the taxi organisation's purported representatives. Neverthe-less, Sabta's motive was straightforward. Ownership of the barely profitable Putco would have given it access to an extensive complex of vehicle repair workshops, an extensive communica tions network, and city centre properties which could have been sold to finance Sabta's own devel-

The Putco bid failed, but Sabta has since moved into buses by establishing the passenger ser-vices at Umlazi in Natal. The next logical step, Mr Chapman believes, is for black entrepreneurs to move into the goods transport business currently dominated by the state-owned railways and white-owned trucking firms. De-regulation in the transport sector is in the air and Sabta believes it can use its financial clout to put black truck operators in their own lorries.

. June 9 198

Jr 77D

N OCEAN

ent in foreign is d JSE. The effects

of the inaction provides a technical demand is investment in investment

i investments &

of the comment

(han 3) per cent

if A year ago it in the region of?

broker sees 11. 15

d s strength is s

wonders who the

the large dies

liviar to have be

investments

Ð

· bia's comp

traction of comments

Competition and Sel

And Fairchase a

Shell peril 95

THE LET CHARGE

Aftire Find

#### **Politics**

# In a state of flux and disarray

Set up initially to "normalise"

the black townships which were

head of a technocratic township

upgrading programme. This is

designed to defuse black anger by raising living conditions in the

townships through tarring roads,

laying on electricity, clean water and sewerage, and encouraging

owner-occupied housing through the sale of council houses and a

The theory is that repression of

"radical" organisations and alle-viation of material grievances

will cut the ground from beneath

"radical" blacks intent on follow-ing the ANC's guidelines of

"making the townships ungovernable" and building "alternative structures" based on street

committees and "peoples courts".

black opposition groups by deten-

tions, the government, with the prompting of the security forces, effectively banned 17 organisa-

tions, including the major black

co-ordinating body the United Democratic Front (UDF), on Feb-

ruary 24 and imposed restrictions on the political activities of trade

The net result of these massive

inroads into civil liberties and

civil society has been a further

lurch from an authoritarian to an

Not content with weakening



The aim is to defuse black anger by raising living conditions in the townships

South Africa is always about power, but also about reconciling white fears and black aspirations. Over the last two years whitecontrolled state power has been directed at reducing both excessive fears and unrealistic expec-

The restoration of "law and rder" in the townships has partially succeeded in calming white fears. But continuing uncertainty about the future has boosted the right wing Conservative Party (CP) and its para-military ally the Afrikaaner Weerstandsbeweging (AWB). This was underlined by three CP by-election triumphs in a row in the Transvaal seats of Standerton. Schweizer-Reneke and Randfontein in March.

At the other end of the spec-trum of white politics the Pro-gressive Federal Party (PFP), which lost its official opposition status to the CP at last year's May elections, is re-grouping around its traditional defence of liberal values and exploring some form of alliance with the divided independents. The two main independent groupings are led by dissident Afrikaner Wynand Malan and his rival Denis Worrall, the former ambassador to

Black politics is also in a state of flux and disarray. Few politi-cians, if any, now believe in an cians, if any, now believe in an "joint management centres" increasingly totalitarian state. increasingly totalitarian state. (JCMs) co-ordinated into a The distancing from western over. Most radical opposition figures are either quiescent, agement system" (NSMs).

POLITICS IN ethnically complex detained or underground. The historic leaders of the African National Congress (ANC) remain in jall or, like the released veteran, Govan Mbeki, living under

> The ANC in exile has suffered a series of major defeats at the hands of the security forces. The police have captured or killed dozens of infiltrating guerrillas and seized their arms, while the the sale of council houses and a army has raided ANC facilities in massive new building proneighbouring countries and mysterious hit squads have assassi-nated ANC cadres in foreign capirais. Now the entire military leg of the ANC's politico-military strategy is threatened by a possible negotiated settlement to the Angolan war which would deprive it of its main training and operational bases.

Meanwhile, a fundamental restructuring has taken place in the South African system of gov-ernment. Faced with what Pretoria's military, political and security establishment still defines as a "total communist-inspired onslaught" the Afrikaner-dominated State has reacted with its own security-based counter

strategy.
In effect this is a parallel system of government which covers the country, and especially the black townships, in a network of non-elected, security-dominated

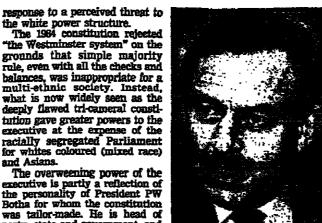
the white power structure. The 1984 constitution rejected "the Westminster system" on the grounds that simple majority rule, even with all the checks and balances, was inappropriate for a multi-ethnic society. Instead, what is now widely seen as the deeply flawed tri-cameral constitution gave greater powers to the

and Asians. The overweening power of the executive is partly a reflection of the personality of President PW Botha for whom the constitution was tailor-made. He is head of party, state and government, and rules in what critics within and without his party perceive as an increasingly imperious and

authoritarian style. In a major policy speech in Parliament on April 21 Mr Botha himself recognised the excessive burdens, rather than powers, of his office and proposed a constitutional amendment which would re-create the post of prime minister to run the government. This would leave the president to deal with affairs of state and concentrate, above all, on ways of bringing blacks into the system without losing overall white con-

Sources close to the President report that he is still in robust good health at 72 years of age and prepared to carry on, if re-elected for another five year term by the parliamentary electoral

Many in his own party, how ever, feel that 10 years in power is enough and there is much jockeying for power behind the scenes. The list of possible con-tenders ranges from Mr Chris Heunis, the minister for constitu-tional affairs, Mr FW de Klerk, the Transvaal party boss and minister of national education, through to General Magnus Malan, the defence minister and Dr Gerritt Viljoen, the minister for black education. Mr Pik Botha, the foreign minister, who is electorally popular but has no power base in the all-important party caucus, retains an outside chance along with Mr Barend du Plessis, the youthful finance mindemocratic models has been ister, still ge partly deliberate, partly a lightweight. ister, still generally regarded as a



The proposed division of executive power between a president and a prime minister, meanwhile has muddled the succession waters and raised the prospect of various combinations. That now being touted by the more liberal or "verligte" wing of the National Party would have Dr Viljoen, a former head of the Broederbond and the most scholarly and intel-lectual of the candidates, as a future state president in tandem with Mr FW de Klerk as prime minister. The scenario most favoured by party conservatives or "verkrampte" would place

General Malan in one or other of the top positions.

Meanwhile, the Conservative Party bides its time and hopes to gain control of town halls and local councils nationwide in October's municipal elections. These will involve local authorities from all race groups for the

first time. If the CP does as well as it hopes, it will greatly compli-cate government plans for functioning regional service councils (RSCs). These links between ethnically separated local councils are designed to channel resources from more affluent white councils to help finance infrastructure development in nearby black areas. It is not a popular concept among busines which will foot much of the bill

The local elections thus pro vide an opportunity for the CP to build a powerful local spring board for general elections next year or in early 1990. The future at that point becomes obscure.

nor among Conservative white

#### Trade unions

# Greater emphasis on shop floor issues

IT WAS briefly like old times at three week-long strike by a rythmic "toyi-toyi" war dance group, sacked over 40,000 men and sang "Tambo uyabuya" - and threatened to close several

February 24 ban on political the citadels of mining power in activities by trade unions. This 1968. was part of its wider crackdown on the United Democratic Front and 16 other opposition groups.

But the mocking was committeen rise in mining costs, and cent rise in mining costs, and was part of its wider crackdown ted, as it were, by consulting this year's underlying we adults in private. The police in the gold price, have badly made no attempt to intervene - affected mine profitablity. and proceedings of the congress. According to Anglo, no less than convened to protest the new 41 per cent of mines are now marpolitical restrictions as well as ginal or loss making proposed amendments to the The NUM has put in a 40 per Labour Relations Act, reflected cent wage claim plus higher bengrowing awareness that in a repressive climate prudence demands greater emphasis on basic shop floor issues and less on confrontational - and now

illegal - political campaigns.

This did not stop the confer-"national peaceful protest" in early June or yet another conference to oppose "apartheid repression". But more thoughtful union leaders and the strong "workerist" element in the movement are aware that the unions are now

Last year unionised workers, of around 14 per cent.

a hardening of employers' atti-tudes came during last year's state of emergency shifted the

the special Cosatu trade union mated 300,000 black miners. It congress at Witwaters and Uni-was called off after Anglo Ameriversity last month. Hundreds of can Corporation, the most union-youthful shop stewards stamped ised as well as the largest mining Tambo is coming home.

Shafts. At the end of the strike
The defiant song in support of Mr Cyril Ramaphosa, the NUM
Oliver Tambo, leader of the bangeneral secretary, warned that it ned African National Congress in was only a dress rehearsal for an exile, mocked the government's even more determined assault on

The gap has widened between a growing anny of unemployed ence calling for three days of and a smaller, but more highly paid, unionised work-force

faced by better trained manage- efits. This is lower than last ment which has adjusted fast to year's 55 per cent opening bid but the reality of a black labour force. Chamber of Mines negotiators which is now 34 per cent union-will be trying to keep the final ised. ward close to the inflation level

spurred on by Cosatu's "living Higher wages have spurred the wage campaign", managed to move towards more capital intenkeep ahead of inflation with aversive, mechanised mining - staffage 19 per cent wage and salary ing on new mines is often 50 per increases. It may be harder to cent below traditional levels. repeat the exercise this year. The Similar developments have led to economy is now expected to cool massive job losses in the engidown fairly rapidly over the sec-neering and other industries. One ond half. Although many compa-of the unintended side-effects of nies reported sharply higher prof-its on the back of a short-lived bined with low growth, has been

Meanwhile, last year's strike statistics demonstrate how the The most dramatic evidence of unions became more militant,



Mr Cyril Ramaphosa

fight against apartheid from the townships to the factories and

According to the annual report of the director general of man-power, the number of strikes rose last year to 1,148 from 793 in 1986. and they lasted more than three times as long, rising from 3.1 to 9.9 days on average.

Lengthy strikes involving public sector railway and postal workers, as well as miners, shop workers, food, chemical, engineering and other sectors, pushed man days lost up by 800 per cent to over 9 million, according to labour consultant Andrew Levy. This is the statistical back-

ground to the government's decision to ban political activity by the unions and amend the Labour Relations Act. The latter will make it illegal for the unions to participate in sympathy strikes and will make it much more difficult to organise legal strikes. They also restrict the powers of industrial courts which have, with past rulings, tended to

enlarge trade union rights.
On both the political and ecois becoming aware that unit labour costs have become uncompetitively high because of high inflation and low productivity

Magnetical countries to widen the gap between a grow-like the unions face a challenging year. But employers are nervous that further restrictions on legal union activity could increase the number of countries of could increase the number of countries of coun nomic fronts the unions face a ised labour relations more

### **Homelands**

# Underlying tensions surface



They should all be citizens of seir own independent countries Kangwane and Bophuthatswana, or the more familiar Transkei, white. It is still a vision of the slons in the major homelands, future offered by the opposition Conservative Party.

Chief Buthelezi is pressing for the incorporation of the troubled future offered by the opposition

eth anniversary in power last Inkatha would receive short month, reluctantly came to the shift from the Kwazulu police conclusion a few years ago, however, that turning the scothern impatient with government tip of Africa into a white-dominated confederation of states was not feasible, at least not in the

The clincher was the refusal of Indaha". the Zulus, led by Chief Mangosu-Venda, Bophuthatswana and Ciskei (the so-called TVBC countries) into a form of independence recognised by no other country but South Africa. Without the

their 14 million inhabitants will the South African army to crush removal of over three million be re-incorporated into a unitary the short lived "Bop-coup" under-people from their homes to the South African state, as demanded lined the limits of "indepen-often barren hillsides of the fledg-

HOMELANDS ARE what the Ver- by the African National Con-HOMELANDS ARE what the Verwoordian vision of grand apartgress. On the contrary, the govheid or separate development ernment is about to pass a new
was all about. According to the
original theory outlined by then
prime minister Dr Hendrik Verwoord, there should not have
wane, Kwandebele, Kwazulu,
here gray block Scath African by
Labour Garantulu and Cusbeen any black South Africans by Lebowa, Gazankulu and Qua-

Meanwhile, months of violent clashes between supporters of the with fancy names like Qua Qua, Zulu Inkatha movement and the Kangwane and Bophuthatswana, United Democratic Front (UDF) in Kwazulu, and military coups Ciskei and Kwazulu. According in Transkel and Bophuthatswana to the master plan, the only over the last six months, have South Africans by now would be revealed severe underlying ten-

Conservative Party.

The national party governance area around Pietermaritzburg ment, which celebrated its fortiimo Kwazulu valved raceive short

Meanwhile the issue of homethu Buthelezi, to follow Transkei, land corruption and the emergence of a new generation of homeland "young turks" was highlighted by the establishment of a military government in Tran-skei under General Bantu Holom-Zulus, the largest tribe with the isa at the new year and Pretoria's most warlike traditions, the military intervention to undo a somewhat shambolic military. This does not mean, however, coup against President Lucas somewhat shambolic military ment. coup against President Lucas In it that the existing homelands are Mangope of Bophuthatswana about to be dissolved, or that three months later. The use of

dence". But a more subtle shift has also taken place in the instruments of Pretoria's hegemony.

ened the purse strings. This is partly in reaction to top level corruption and inadequate financial control by homeland administrations over the billions of rand transferred to them by Pretoria every year to finance services formerly provided by South Africa to its erstwhile citizens. A key role in restoring order to the homeland books is being played by the Development Bank of Southern Africa which over the last five years has pumped squatter camp in the Orange Free R5.87bn into 1,050 infrastructural State into the tiny Qua-Qua development projects in the homelands.

Modelled closely on the mona away.

Bank, the DBSA, which has away.

Old habits die hard and the old habits die hard and the shareholders that include the four "independent" homelands, homelands remain one of the has been deeply involved since most controversial elements of 1986 in "joint financial adjust- South Africa's racial politics. To ment committees". These were set up to monitor and restore discipline to homeland finances. It is also heavily involved in finance voirs. To their apologists they ing the Lesotho Highlands water represent a form of partnership scheme. If current negotiations between first world white South for peace in Angola and rap- Africa and Third World rural prochement with Mozambique black Africans which provides for bear fruit, the DBSA, under its the transfer of skills and capital chairman Simon Brand, hopes to They also offer a limited form of

removal of over three million views.

This was recognised by the Bloemfontein appeals court on March 29 when it rejected as unlawful the government's plans to incorporate over 120,000 Sotho-speaking inhabitants of the Moutse district into the new homeland of Kwandebele, north of Pretoria. The court found that this contravened the intention of the 1971 National States Act, which legitimised forced removals in the name of "ethnic consol-

In effect the court ruled that Pretoria was contradicting the very ethnic principle it used to justify homelands by incorporat-ing people of different ethnic backgrounds and languages into the same state.

Last month the supreme court struck another blow against Pretoria's plans for an "indepen-dent" Kwandebele when it ruled that the 1984 elections were null and void because women were excluded from the vote. This further undermined the standing of the controversial chief ministe George Mahlangu who has pre sided over more than two years of violent protest against inde-pendence in which over 140 peo-ple were killed.

In a move strongly criticise by many lawyers Mr Chris Heu-nis, the minister for constitutional development, made clear after the Moutse judgement that the government intended to go ahead as planned and would simply amend the law to make Moutse's re-integration possible.

Further proof of the continuing steam-roller approach to legal niceties and public opinion was evident in the forced incorpora-tion of the estimated 500,000 inhabitants of the Botshabelo homeland - its capital, with its omelands. newly-built parliament and sports stadium, is over 100 kms

play an even bigger role in co-or-political autonomy and the dinating wider regional develop-chance to hone the skills of modern administration and governin the meantime, however, the ment. Like so much in South tradition of administrative arro- Africa, there are elements of gance, which led to the forcible truth and hypocrisy in both

The world needs metals and minerals - we help to supply that need Gencor has grown and diversified from its beginnings in the gold mining industry at the end of the last century. Companies in the Gencor Group now not only account for 15% of South Africa's gold production, 16% of its uranium, 40% of its platinum and 23% of its coal but also comprise many of the Republic's most important industrial enterprises. Gencor continues to pursue an extensive and energetic exploration programme both in South Africa and overseas. It also spends heavily on research in an effort to improve the safety and efficiency of its mining and recovery techniques. Gencor is working today for the world of tomorrow. Gencor

Michael Holman on the complexities of achieving peace in a violent region

# Negotiations could mark a watershed for southern Africa

Namibia

"ANGOLAN JETS cross bor- West Africa). der . . Cuban force pushes Such an outcome could force South, proclaimed the banner the African National Congress headlines in South African (ANC) into a major strategic

papers last week.
"US arms Unita through Zaire," runs another headline, referring to the Angolan guerrilla move-ment led by Mr Jonas Savimbi. It is too early to tell whether

these military manoeuvrings will become a flashpoint in an intensifled regional conflict, or whether they reflect a jockeying for stra-tegic ground ahead of this month's scheduled four-country

But the build-up in border tensions underlines the gravity of a conflict which, last month, brought together the main protagonists for a meeting that may mark a watershed for southern

The negotiations set in train by the unprecedented London gathering of senior officials from Angola, Cuba, South Africa and the US, could have far reaching results: peace in Angola and inde-pendence for Namibia (South is a military stalemate.

reappraisal, and possibly give Pretoria a respite from international pressure for wider economic sanctions.

Failure, however, would push an already violent region into further confrontation.

As Dr Chester Crocker, the US assistant secretary of state for Africa, pointed out after the Lon-don talks (followed up in mid-May by an Angola-South Africa meeting in Brazzaville), a combi-nation of three main factors may help break the deadlock in the 10-year effort to end the fighting in Angola and implement a UN plan for Namibia's independence. All participants in the Angolan

conflict - the MPLA government backed by 40,000 Cuban troops. and Unita rebels supported by South African forces and equipped with US-supplied Stinger anti-aircraft missiles —

At the same time, there is what Dr Crocker calls a growing con-vergence of interest between the US and the Soviet Union over an summit Neither side is comfortable about the spectacle of its proxies

holding to a different vision of a post-apartheid South Africa, has the negotiations. But two more Maputo and Pretoria is under indicated that it accepts that endformidable hurdles have to way, possibly to be marked by a

Angola over the past six months blocked a major Soviet-supported

and equipped advance by Angolan government Fapla forces,

stiffened by Cubans, but has left neither side with a clear military

ing white rule will be a lengthy

There remains a wide gap between the disengagement time-

issue sufficiently important to table offered by the two sides. have been prominent on the Luanda proposes a Cuban with-agenda at the recent Moscow drawal to northern Angola, reciprocating South Africa's troop departure from southern Angola and Namibia itself. A total with-drawal of the Cubans would take clandestine assistance to the

General Obasanjo, the former Nigerian leader, and President Joaquim Chissano of Mozambique, have so far met with little

Mozambique is playing an addi-tional role. The 1984 Nkomati accord did not end South African fruitlessly slogging it out, destroying Angola's economy and keeping closed the Benguela rail-keeping closed the Benguela rail-benguela rail-b

But a rapprochement between formidable hurdles have to way, possibly to be marked by a becleared: Pretoria maintains meeting between President Chis-that a place must be found in the sano and President Botha. The third factor is that all par- Angolan government for DT Aside from bilateral benefits,

Heavy fighting in southern ties have agreed, in principle at Jonas Savimbi and Unita; and it this development may help conngola over the past six months least, on a plan which sets out is also expected to demand that vince sceptical governments in loath to abandon its Unita ally, tionship with its traditional traditional traditional traditional partners in the US and the basis for peace: a UN-month both an independent Namibia and senior officers suspect that the basis for peace: a UN-month both an independent Namibia and senior officers suspect that the basis for peace: a UN-month both an independent Namibia and senior officers suspect that the basis for peace: a UN-month both an independent Namibia and senior officers suspect that the basis for peace: a UN-month both an independent Namibia and senior officers suspect that the basis for peace: a UN-month both an independent Namibia and senior officers suspect that the basis for peace is undependent Namibia.

would create a cordon sanitaire along South Africa's borders. Although impossible to make watertight, it would prove a major setback to the ANC's guerrilla army.

This regional package, despite the balance of advantages it offers South Africa, gets a mixed response in Pretoria. President Botha has never been comfortable with Resolution 435, and still hankers after a South African-de-Namibia – although a senior vernment official insists that Mr Botha has accepted that the price of a Cuban withdrawal is Mr Sam Nujoma, the Swapo

long advanced a more imagina-tive approach to South Africa's eign. It is also a ministry with limited political clout.

But time is running out for the would all but end trade with pared to receive him at all

South Africa. Few observers believe that the bill will be enacted as it stands, but as South Africa also begins to ess the implications of a possiyour damndest, we'll go it alone" fort from the wave of a friendly attitude to sanctions is being native on the bank as the cance replaced by a more sombre without paddles heads for the assessment of the consequences.

Meanwhile, South Africa's relatored, seven-month transition leading to independence elections, linked by Pretoria and Washington to a withdrawal of Cuban forces.

The obstacles to success, none-theless, are formidable.

There remains a wide control of the present the less of the less of the present the less of the present the less of the less of

tive approach to South Africa's over South Africa's future relationships with its neighbours in the region and black Africa as a

Some officials argue that the But time is running out for the negotiators. Dr Crocker warned that the window of opportunity begins to close as US presidential elections draw nearer, and Congress considers a bill which hostile to South Africa was prepared to receive him at all Such an assessment reflects the wishful thinking that some-

times accompanies Pretoria's view of Africa.
It is a school of thought that ble Dukakis presidency the "do your damndest, we'll go it alone" could be likened to taking com-

Pretoria's side.

NOBODY IS awaiting the outcome of the current Angolan peace talks more anxiously than the inhabitants of Namibia's Ovamboland war zone, just south

of the Angolan border.

For more than 20 years they have been on the front line as the main operational area of guerril-las of the South West Africa Peopie's Organisation (Swapo) led by Mr Sam Nujoma, and since 1975 as the rear base for the South African army's frequent forays blocks - sandbanked emplace-

into Angola.

A handful of bored soldiers manning an animal inspection post is an incongruous demarcation line in the war which has drawn in the super powers, and force, and an atmosphere of war could well determine the political is pervasive. At his desk, in the and economic future of southern guarded enclosure which houses

tory's capital, Windhoek, lie hun- Ovamboland, but subject to Predreds of kilometres of sparsely toria's authority, exercised populated scrub and distant through an Administrator Genmountains of ancient eroded eral in Windhoek. He is caught

But it marks a de facto bound- the pupils to unnecessary danger, ary of Ovamboland, home of 60 argues Mr Kalangula, who symper cent of the country's 1.2m pathises with the 20,000 or so people and political stronghold of who have stayed away from classwapo, fighting since 1966 for ses in protest.

South Africa.

Another 100km down a road interrupted by two more road

ments manned by markedly more businesslike soldiers - is Ondangwa, administrative centre of Ovamboland A dusk-to-dawn curfew is in frica. his office complex, sits Mr Peter Between them and the terri- Kalangula, chief minister of

un in a crisis. The inspection post has as The South African army much to do with the adjacent (which includes the South West Etosha Pan wildlife reserve as it Africa Territorial Force) has set has with the 22-year war for up bases in the vicinity of three schools in the area. This exposes



at discrediting Swapo. The army administration in Windhoek. hits back with counter-charges of Finally, it is apparent that a ing regional conflict.

the road, Bishop Kleopas Africa, Angola, the United States, Dumene, head of the Evangelical Cuba and (indirectly) the Soviet Lutheran Church, speaks pas-umon. What began as a low-key sionately of the misery caused by war for Namibla's independence

The day before, back in Winto resolve Angola's civil war.

The roots of this complex disdhoek, a senior member of the territory's multiracial "internal government" referred bitterly to the occupation of the former Ger-Pretoria's rejection of its draft man colony by South African constitution for majority rule in

three points emerge. South Africa cessive United Nations attempts may be containing the war in to recover a mandate originally Ovamboland, but it long ago lost the battle for hearts and minds. In an adjacent room, one of Mr Pretoria's long-running efforts to Kalungula's aides presents a doc- negotiate an "internal settleumented account of South Afri- ment", an objective now ruled can military brutality, black pro- out by some of the frustrated paganda and dirty tricks aimed members of the ethnically-based

intimidation and brutality by solution to the conflict lies not in Swapo, and the incarceration of Windhoek, but in the external dissidents in Angolan punishment camps.

In his office a little way down the main protagonists: South the main protagonists: South

is inextricably linked with efforts pute go back decades. Following troops in 1914, Namibia (South ne territory. West Africa) was run by Pretoria From a range of conversations, as its fifth province, defying suc-

granted by the League of Nations. Until 1974, Namibia was an African backwater. But the 1974 coup in Portugal, which led to Angola's independence the following year, set off a train of events which turned a little known dispute into a wide-rang-

Some 40,000 Cuban troops today reinforce the MPLA government in Angola in their battle against Unita rebels of Dr Jonas

South Africa and the US. In principle, at least, South Africa has accepted UN resolution 435, drawn up in 1978, which envisages internationally super-vised elections leading to Namibia's independence. But both the US and South Africa have insisted that implementation be linked to a withdrawal of Cuban troops from Angola, which would match the departure of Pretoria's forces from southern Angola and

from Namibia itself. For several years this condi-tion has proved an insuperable obstacle. And, in the meantime, Pretoria has been looking for an in Namibla

1970s, when delegates to a consti- boycotted by Swapo - agreed to establish one of Africa's most complicated and bureaucratic trations were set up, each with responsibility for their "own affairs", such as health, housing

Subsequent developments have been tortuous, Internal elections - again boycotted by Swapo produced a multi-racial coalition administration with limited powers, which lasted four years until than two years Pretoria then would contest elections under the remains a exercised what amounted to CDA banner or throw in his lot chessboard. direct rule, until the installation with Swapo is unclear. In the in June 1985 of a "Transitional meantime, he remains a thorn in Government of National Unity". It continues to exercise limited powers, but its authority declines by the day.

Its critics acknowledge that the "government" can claim some achievements. Much of apartheid in Namibia has been dis although education and health services remain segregated. But it seems apparent that Pretoria, while keeping open the option of a settlement based on Resolution 435, has given priority to the views of the territory's 80,000

Most of them support the National Party of South West Africa, the members of which appear to share the values of South Africa's extreme right Con-servative party rather than the cautious reformist stance of President Botha.

Mr Botha, acutely aware of the

Tourism

Battle lost long ago for hearts and minds

1 Namibla.

This process began in the midity.

The credibility of the local

The credibility of the local narrowed rather than widened, irrecoverable: "I'm now resigned notably in February 1982 when to Resolution 435, but will Mr

Mr Kalangula, leader of the internal divisions led to its disso-implementation of UN Resolution peace process lution early in 1983. For more 435. Whether, in this event, he In the meantime, Namibia

Any lingering claim to credibility by the "government of national unity" was destroyed 's' earlier this year when Pretoria effectively vetoed the administration's carefully drafted majority while certificity which was the rule constitution, which won the backing of all main internal paralternative, internal settlement pendent Namibia, appears reducties - with the critical exception tant to challenge this tiny minor- of the South West Africa National Party. One senior member of the tutional conference in Windhoek administration has, as a result, internal government acknowlbeen fatally eroded. Its base has edges that the position appears

systems of government. No fewer Mr Kalangula withdrew from the Botha come round to it? I simply than 11 ethnically-based adminis-

What strategy South Africa Christian Democratic Action pursues is unclear. The past 10 party, is playing his cards close years have illustrated Pretoria's to his chest. Just as Chief Mango-suthu Buthelezi uses the home-find new variations of the interland of KwaZulu as a political nal settlement policy. On the base but opposes apartheid, so other hand, President PW Botha Mr Kalangula turns the Ovambo-may at last be ready to concede land administration to his own Namibia's independence as part advantage while advocating the of a broad southern African

would contest elections under the remains a pawn on the regional

Michael Holman



potential political repercussions in South Africa itself of an inde-

# News on money

There's a brand new magazine that's worth its weight in

All about money - and how to make the most of it when you live and work ahroad. Make more - save more - invest more - keep more!

It's full of good ideas about cutting tax - boosting investments - keeping ahead of the game. It's called The

International. And the best news of all is - it's free. That's right, it won't cost you a penny: we'll deliver it to you direct every month.

And if that sounds unusual, how about this ... The International is written and produced by an expert team at Financial

Please send me my copy of The International every month. I understand it's FREE, RIGGE CAPITALS PLEASE

Fetter Lane, London EC4A IND, England

Company/Private Address

financial writers at the very highest level - they know their stuff: and they specialise in all the subjects that interest you: paying less tax, making more money, offshore

investments, property. When you live or work abroad, there are lots of opportunities for you and your money. But there are lots of pitfalls too!

Our expert team will keep you right! Steer clear of the sharks - their risky schemes and iffy ventures. This new magazine is dedicated to giving you advice you can be sure of, and insight you can trust. We know where to dig to get the answers you

And we know how to

Exposed - schemes to amid and

Times Magazines. These are keep it simple: you don't have to be a financial wizard to understand us. We talk straight, no frills.

> We'll give you sound advice plus some new ideas you may not have thought of. With our backing, you can use them with confidence!

The International-Free every month.

You can receive your own copy hot off the presses every month by putting your name and address on the coupon below and sending it off

reap the rewards of the very best financial wisdom for people living

\* Just clip the coupon to reserve In the next fee issues, you'll find

UK financial news appletes what's happening back home.
Personal finance news — the lates on tax breaks and regulations. innovative financial ideas designed to appeal to you. ee funds — precions metals - school fies - regular features on topics as they make news

Company profiles – who's best at providing financial advice Cofinancial advice for people living abroad? Questions and Answers - your queries on investment and finance resolved crisply and surely Statistica - offshore fund performances.

Beautiful and seductive land "AH, BUT your land is beautiful," said many a foreign visitor to the late Alan Paton at his home in Natal's Valley of a Thousand Hills. So beautiful that the struggle for control over it has

been fought with a passionate intensity which has caught the attention of the world at large. A visitor curious to find out more could do worse than read Paton's classic "Cry the Beloved Country" or indeed "Ah, but your Land is Beautiful" before arrival and so gain an insight into the historic injustices, moral dilem-mas and human virtues of the inhabitants of this southern tip

Nothing, of course, could be further from the holiday inten-tions of the average tourist who, when he or she goes on holiday, wants a holiday and certainly does not want to get caught up vicariously and dangerously with the host country's politics. That simple truth lay behind a dra-matic fall-off in foreign visitors to South Africa during 1985/6 when the townships erupted in violent protest against apartheid and television cameras were there to record both the violence and police repression.

Now, with "order" restored in the townships and television coverage a distant memory, some 400,000 overseas visitors are expected to spend over R1.2bn this year. The figures are peanuts compared with the 44 million who will visit Spain, for example But they still represent virtually the maximum possible, given capacity limits imposed by the ban on direct flights from places like the US and Australia. Tourism is an industry with huge untapped potential, which will require heavy investment and,

In purely physical terms the only time whites in general, and foreign tourists in particular. were remotely at risk was a brief period in late 1985 when youths stoned cars on the road to Cape Town airport and nervous Cape-tonians joked that they would emigrate if only the airport road

were safe enough.
Those tourists who did come found that the devalued rand and virtually empty hotels gave them the holiday bargain of a life time. Many went back home after visit-ing the game parks, mountains and beaches proclaiming to all who cared to listen that what they read in the newspapers and saw on the television was a monstrons lie.

What they meant was that it is

perfectly possible to visit South Africa, drive for thousands of

black waiters and smiling chamber maids, be pleasantly surist the best way to see the councial assistance ends up here. black office workers and shop-pers and never feel either afraid

or threatened.



Taking advantage of the safety of a zebra crossing

beaches. They could even visit eroded the homelands are Third cheaply in impeccable thatched huts in some of the world's best game reserves or in luxury hotels and country clubs and hardly ever even glimpse a black township or pass through a homeland. Such a tourist would find himself served by mifallingly political politics. They could even visit the game parks, enjoy the marworld world South Africa, Tacked on to each is an Afrikaner bureaucratic-ic-nouveaux-riches-style capital eautiful and seductive place, which shows you just how much whites stand to lose if the transition to a more just distribution of casino, luxury hotels, "parliament", university, shopping centres and suburbs for homelands

try is to take advantage of cheap

above all, an end to South

Africa's "polecat" status to
achieve.

Antheny Robinson

Such a tourist would find him-self served by unfallingly polite power and wealth is botched. The served by unfallingly polite power and wealth is botched. For the more adventurous tour- class. Much of Pretoria's finanprised to find an increasing number of middle class and wealthy car and mini-bus hire rates. The Zululand or the Transkei, with ber of middle class and wealthy that is grand and excellent its magnificent "wild coast", the hotel, and shop in downtown roads make light of the still-business districts througed with metres. Many of the small counhowever. This is the Africa of the hotels have been haveled. try hotels have been hardly traditional mud and thatch "ron-touched for decades. They offer davels", where women wear elabsers and never feel either afraid touched for declares. They offer threatened.

In other words, they would indefinable sense of being transition planted back to the simpler 1940s. The south Africa in which most in the simpler south africa in the simpler south afri write South Africans live, that 83 per cent of the country which includes all the white city centres, suburbs and country that 83 some of the most beautiful and fishing country.

Some of the most beautiful and the endless distribution of the most beautiful and fishing country. tres, suburbs and country towns spectacular scenery, however, is cracks, eagles in the blue sky and as well as the mines, the facto- to be found in the homelands and mountains looming on the hori-

#### **SECTION IV**

# **FINANCIAL TIMES**



ay June 9 igg

icials argue the game of Mr Pil he and to little and to li

army claim to one
in government
in government
in government
in government
in very when the
very when the
very when the
very when the
internal manual manual
all manual manual

all main internal

the corresponds

ioi member of \$

overnment aches

the position sage in I'm now respectively.

round to no lane

unclear The particular and local

enaless capating

arrations of the a

Tesident PR

he mudy to me

d southern the

meantime, Kat

with on the me

Michael line

Prederie indente a E 🍃

1111

Following the disappearance of its once massive coal trade, and the more recent loss of steel and

manufacturing jobs, the Welsh capital has embarked on an exciting new phase in its history. Anthony Moreton the author of this survey, looks at key aspects of the city's...

# **Economic** rebirth

ONCE A week this summer a Boeing 747 slowly gathers speed along Cardiff's airport before launching its enormous weight into take off. The jumbo is destined for Toronto, the first time a scheduled Transatlantic flight has linked Wales and the New

"The introduction of the service is an important step forward for the airport, which will soon add Paris to its list of European flight destinations. It is also symbolic of the way Cardiff is devel-oping into what Mr Tim Holder describes as "the most exciting city in Britain."

Mr Holder might be considered a biased witness: he was born and educated in the city and is now chairman of an architectural practice, Holder Mathias Alcock, that is 21st in size in the UK.

Mr Holder has reversed com-

mon procedure and opened an office in London while keeping his headquarters in a converted warehouse in Cardiff's docklands.
Others, though, brought up
outside the city, share his enthusiasm. Mr Arthur Gilbert, manager of Marks and Spencer, who came to work in the area,

coal in Tennessee as in Tony recovery.

the death knell of the city.



1930s city, while Birmingham with its Bull Ring, Manchester

The decline of Cardiff after Other closures followed but by the ability to pick itself up. When big programme of factory build-the East Moors steelworks closed ing and, eventually, the private in 1978 with the loss of some 5,000 sector moved in, too. Manufacturin 1978 with the loss of some 5,000 sector moved in, too. Manufacturiobs it could have pronounced ing industry continued to decline Instead, it was a watershed. It per cent of the working popula-came just as the city was begin-tion - but the companies which ning to believe in itself once moved into the WDA factories

and commercial heart of Cardiff is now expanding in England. Investors in Industry, says that atrophy. Proposals to make Cardiff the first city in Britain, perhaps in Europe, with split-level around the world and had develope their services six or servicing and shifting coal develope their services six or servicing and substantial steel and general engineering sector, began to slower to realise the potential but around the world and had develope their services six or servicing and substantial steel and general engineering sectors. describes Cardiff as "the bestkept secret in Britain." And Mr
Gwyn Davies, a solicitor with
Edward Lewis, who has returned the physical appearance of a nology know-how. Biotal, Target peeds here.

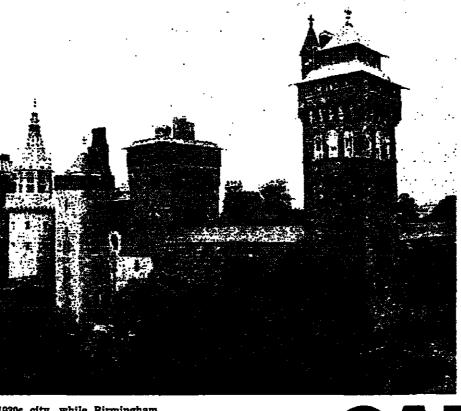
with its Arndale Centre, Newcastle with its Eldon Square and others moved ahead.

But by the late 1970s, Cardiff

was beginning to pull itself together. There were new plans for a pedestrianised shopping centre, a big concert hall and

after working in London. The Welsh Development describes it as "one of the fastest Agency, set up in 1976 by an growing cities in Europe." The interventionist Labour government, had started to make new premises available. The fact that ago. Once, at the outbreak of the Cardiff was a regional seat of first world war, Cardiff was government began to be felt so respected around the world as that when East Moors closed the the centre of the coal trade. The city did not collapse under the film and television production Coal Exchange, in the heart of economic pressure but had the facilities outside London. Some the docklands, set the price of infrastructure in place to make a 30 film concerns alone exist, East Moors was not alone.

- it now accounts for around 15



# CARDIFF

and others joined it. That economic growth, a reflection of what is happening throughout Wales, has been based on the development of service industries and the potential for urban devel opment in addition to the switch into high-technology areas.

By the middle 1980s, a media industry had arisen. Cardiff now has the largest concentration of some of them, like the producers of Superted, becoming interna-tionally famous. The city always 1920 was a mirror image of the then alternative industries were had its newspaper industry, supdecline of coal. The city lost its opening. The Government plemented eventually by televiway, lost its confidence and lost launched, through the WDA, a slon. It now has a plethora of media-support industries, among them public relations, printing,

design and advertising.

A food industry emerged and then came what many see as the jewel in the crown and the sector that will put Cardiff on the inter-national map, financial services.

IN THIS SURVEY

Cardiff Bay: a 21st Century city 3

on extra staff and are very optimistic about the future. Last year, 3i invested in 23 new companies and in a further 13 existing concerns. Eight of those were in buy-outs, five in startups, four were private placings and 19 concerned expansion pro-

Cardiff is one of the most buoymore. Two decades of internecine were new and energetic, like The accountants were the first to planning arguments from the West 'n' Welsh, a home-products see the potential. Mr Charles of England where 3i is operating. And it is not just a matter of backing service concerns. Half The accountants were the first to ant cities outside the South East backing service concerns. Half the new investments were in manufacturing concerns and almost half the finance put into existing companies went to the manufacturing sector.

The growth of the sector, stim-

ulated by the Bank of Wales (three-quarters owned by the Bank of Scotland for the past two

e: chick about to hatch 2 Commonwealth Games:

lab at Blotal, Pictures by Tony

3i itself has been in the van of the expansion of the financial sector. "Business is booming in Cardiff and we are sharing in it." he says. "And there is no sign of it slowing down. We have taken the leadership of the Welsh enormous face-lift as the area is Development Agency. enormous face-lift as the area is being brought into the late 20th

Development Agency.

The strategy behind the move century to enable it to take is to build South East Wales, of advantage of the changing tastes which Cardiff is the focal centre, that will characterise the 21st into a second Edinburgh and century.

challenge the pre-eminence of its Cardiff has been the recipient

needing equity finance.

That venture turned out to be over-ambitious. A large response tary of State for Wales, Mr Nichoneeding equity finance.

That venture turned out to be

because "there has been a big change in the way companies now operate. Many of them have been reappraising their needs and we believe this part of Wales offers them the conditions for their future expansion."

The emergence of what promes to be a strong and viable financial centre is taking place alongside the development of Cardiff's decaying docklands into years) transferring it treasury one of the most exciting urban department into Cardiff from the rejuvenation projects in Europe. City of London, is being further Some 2,700 acres of what was enhanced by an initiative called once known around the world as South East Wales launched under Tiger Bay are being given an

near neighbours Birmingham of several imaginative urban and Bristol. Two years ago the grants. One went to help build WDA put its muscle behind a the Holiday Inn, another to assist similar initiative when it in the rebuilding of the New barrage built to convert the estulaunched the Cardiff Consortium. Theatre into a centrepiece for the with a great fanfare to act as a arts in the city and a home for an inland lake allowing the creone-stop shop for entrepreneurs the internationally-renowned ation of a maritime city.

was not matched by the quality las Edward (now Lord Crickhow-essential to justify syndicated ell), set up the Cardiff Bay loans. The South East Wales venture is different, and stands a bet-plement this city-centre activity ter chance of succeeding, accord-and specifically bring new life ing to Mr Stephen White, the back to the dockland area. He WDA's investment director, took as his model the urban

development corporations set up five years earlier for London and Merseyside. He provided a small amount of pump-priming public money — about £250m over a decade — and told the corporation to get on with the job.

The corporation is trying to refashion the southern part of the city, the docklands area, and make it a place worthy of the 21st century. The strategy drawn up by Mr Inkin envisages some 6,000 new houses being built over the next decade, a quarter of them for the public sector, the building of 5m-6m sq ft of industrial space, about half as much again of commercial premises and leisure facilities, and a tourist centre along the lines of those that have done so much to bring new life back to American cities Boston

and Baltimore.

A start has been made. Tarmac is involved in a £50m project designed by Mr Tim Holder's practice. Staff will, by the middle of summer be moving into a new county hall for South Glamorgan County Council. Crest Nicholson has put up a marina. Bufit by the time the strategy has been executed, some 30,000 jobs are expec-ted to have been created and a barrage built to convert the estu-

silted estuary is home to wading birds and these would be dis-placed by the creation of the lake. There are fears of a yuppie explosion - people living in the area are apprehensive that they will be forced out. The whole development centres on the

in the

# BUSINESS

of backing

BUSINESS

OR MORE INFORMATION ON ONE OF EUROPE'S CAPITAL CITIES WRITE TO GREGORY BYRNE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICER, AT CITY HALL, CARDIFF OR TELEPHONE HIM ON CARDIFF (0222) 494411.

Commercial and industrial property

# Rents move into double figures

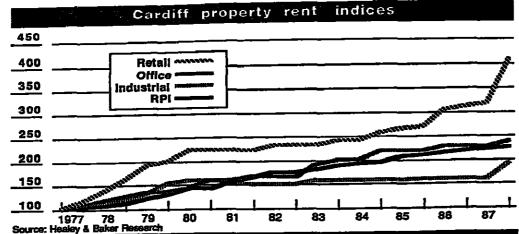
BRADLEY'S COURT is the name given to a 38,000 sq ft block of offices that will occupy a prime site in the centre of Cardiff, near the New Theatre.

In other circumstances, Bradley's Court might be just another office development for a new client, in this case Morgan Bruce and Hardwicke, a leading firm of solicitors. But Bradley's Court has considerable significance even though the builders are only just moving onto the site and it will not be ready for occupation until the end of next year. The block has been pre-let by Debenham Tewson at a rent of £10 a sq ft, the first time rents have moved into double figures

"Demand for all sorts of prop-"Demand for all sorts of prop-erties, commercial as well as offices, has really taken off in the past two years," says the Welsh Development Agency's property services director, Mr Ian Rooks. There has been a very substan-There has been a very substan-tial increase in inquiries for mod-ern space. The initiative nursery units and over £4 should launched by the WDA and the

Mr Paul Guy, managing director of the Bailey Group, which is building Bradley's Court, says that office rents are moving up that office rents are moving up by £1 a year and that two compather that the outskirts of the city, Bailey is

Such a rate of increase may be of between £7 and £8. And Mr a conservative estimate, Mr James, points to others on the Rooks thinks, since they appear to be rising at an annual rate of between £7.50 and £9 when comabout 25 per cent.



The same thing is happening on the industrial side. Mr Rhys James, director of Debenham Tewson, reports that "rents are local authorities to develop Cardiff as a major financial centre is haps, the private sector is becomundoubtedly contributing to this strong demand but pressure is being felt across the board.

Mr. Boul Contributing directions are sectived on new buildings of local authorities to develop Carhaps, the private sector is becomundoubtedly contributing to this ing interested in entering the strong demand but pressure is being felt across the board.

Mr. Boul Contribution of the first time for years.

nies are already interested in putting up three units of 20,000 another of the group's projects of ft, on a business park in conwhich, he believes, will let at £12 junction with the WDA, for which it will be looking for a rent

Cardiff has now become, WDA to build an even stronger according to Mr Roger Thomas, a partner at estate agents, Cooke and Arkwright, a focus for the major property-owning institu-tions and investment companies. "They have been absent from the south Wales market especially in industrial and office property investment, for some years but are now taking an active inter-

financial base in the city.

Much of the heightened interest has come, of course, from the

improvement in the economy nationally. Cardiff has benefitted

from the upswing as much as any other city. This has belped bring

There is just as strong an inter

in the institutional investor.

Gone are the days, he says, one of the leading shopping cen-when good-quality industrial tres in Britain. Coach operators investments were being sold at run trips into the city not just double-figure yields and then to from elsewhere in south Wales. reluctant property buyers. Single-figure yields are now being talked of and this level, coupled with higher rents, will make industrial development viable

Part of the growth is coming from the development of Cardiff as a financial services centre, a growth that will be stimulated by the new initiative led by the This interest has come from the way in which the shopping heart of the city has been rebuilt. Cardiff was late to redevelop its centre, compared with cities such as Newcastle, Manchester and Bath. But the very lateness has its own compensations: it has enabled Cardiff to incorporate the latest design features and present a more modern appear-

There has been strong institu-tional interest in many of the developments. Abbey Life Assurance was involved in one project in which TSB, the bank, took a major slice; Dixons Commercial Properties undertook another. which includes Laura Ashley; and Guardian Royal Exchange is involved in a third, which is now

in the process of being built.

The last major site in the centre is to be started by London and Edinburgh now the private investor is back. The market is, however, being held back by a

shortage of land.

Mr James believes that land in the docks could have been sold 10 times over, but development there was held up while Cardiff est in the retail sector. Cardiff Bay Development Corporation has become, in the past decade, one of the leading shopping cenworked out its long-term strategy. Now this has been published, the way is clear for work to begin, which should ease the situation. run trips into the city not just from elsewhere in south Wales,

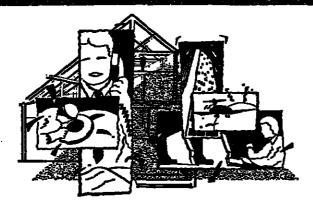
where it has always been seen as the major centre, but from Bristol, Bath, Cheltenham and further east.

There are some warning signs in this picture of buoyancy. Cartiller that there exists the seen as the see Mr Arthur Gilbert, manager of which could affect retail building. Marks and Spencer, relates the And there is a considerable story of how, returning from Lonamount of office space, built in don on the train, he heard his the 1960s, which could take a neighbouring travellers, who had long time to shift. About 125,000 got in at Reading, talking about sq ft is presently available in their shopping visit to Cardiff. three buildings almost next door to each other, and when South Glamorgan County Council moves to its new headquarters in docklands in August a further 75,000 sq ft will be returned to the market.

This is not having any effect on the top end of the market, but it is depressing the bottom end. Despite this, though, everyone involved with the property market agrees on one thing. Cardiff is booming and looks like continving to do so for some time to

affold as Bristol, Bath and Cheltenham, and even further east. Demand for retail space will only be partially eased when construction of Guardian Royal Exchange's Capitol Exchange





# SUCCESS IN SOUTH GLAMORGAN

Your business success can be secured in South Glamorgan, the County that offers total support for innovation and enterprise. Find out if South Glamorgan County Council can help you -

- with a building programme for enterprise that includes land, premises and specialised
- with information and business data, including property information;
- with training programmes for industry; with financial packages, including grants and loans;
- with new technology project development; in short with everything you need to succeed.





FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

R. M. BEAUMONT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OFFICER SOUTH GLAMORGAN COUNTY COUNCIL COUNTY HEADQUARTERS NEWPORT ROAD CARDIFF CF2 IXA Tel: (0222) 499022 Ext. 3402



### WHY WAIT FOR PAYMENTS?

Poor cashflow is the inevitable result of late payments. Barclays Commercial Services gets your business moving by offering cash advances of up to 80% against your invoice totals. We've a range of flexible services to meet your needs.

Non-recourse factoring. Provides 100% credit cover, sales ledger administration,

Recourse factoring. Similar to nonrecourse, but without credit cover.

Invoice discounting. A confidential facility which gives you complete control over your

International factoring. Credit cover and cash advances on foreign transactions.

International finance. Letter of credit facilities, merchanting etc.

For more information reply in confidence to: Barclays Commercial Services Limited, FREEPOST, Arbuthnot House, Breeds Place,

BARCLAYS

COMMERCIAL

SERVICES

Hastings, East Sussex TN34 3BR, Orcall Chris King on Hastings

(0424) 430824.

movingour centre The Cardiff World Trade Centre.

Early in 1990 Cardiff will see the opening of a

We're

A 5,000 seat exhibition hall, sports and entertainment centre, together with luxury hotel and conference facilities, all go to make the largest development of its kind Wales has ever seen.

Which in turn will make Cardiff the centre of



THE BRENT WALKER GROUP PLC

For more information please contract Georgina Bayes at The Brent Walker Group PLC. Knightsbridge House, 197 Knightsbridge London SW7 1RB. Telephone. 01-225 1941

A chick about to hatch

expand its Cardiff office by a can be done in London. Last year

the big accountancy firms operat-ing in the Welsh capital. What is significant is the reason.

The buoyant Welsh economy

means our business is expanding so quickly that we have been forced to launch a recruitment drive," Mr Molyneux explains.
The move came as others are also building up their operations. The Bank of Wales is moving its treasurer's department from the

City (of London) to Cardiff will still have only 22 profes-(where its head office is).

Not only the Welsh economy is the expansion. The big name booming according to Mr Gwyn Davies of Edward Lewis, a lead-

ing firm of solicitors. "Cardiff is, too. All the big solicitors are growing by about a third every year, especially the small hand of those involved in commercial year, especially the small hand of dozen years.
those involved in commercial Mr Roger Thomas, a partner in work. Cardiff is like a chick about to hatch. It is about to explode into life."

Mr Roger Thomas, a partner in Phillips and Buck, Cardiff's leading firm of solicitors, (with 190 staff they are the 16th largest in That optimism is not confined England and Wales outside Lonto the accountants and lawyers. don), says there has been a polar-

Mr Tim Holder, chairman of architects, Holder Mathias the private client and those Alcock, feels the same. His prac- looking to the commercial sector, tice has just moved into Dynasty-style offices (designed by itself, naturally) overlooking Atlantic Wharf, one of Cardiff's old docks now being converted in a Lon-to Phillips and Buck, with don-style development. He says Edward Lewis seeking to join the city in Britain."

The architectural firms under
work generated in South Wales.

city in Britain."

The architectural firms under-

There is much more willingness among businessmen to recognise we can provide, here in the city, the service that they want

Professional services

major cities.

Arthur Young, for instance, will still have only 22 professional staff in its office even after accountants, however, became

aware of the potential of the area long before the lawyers who have only really began to appreciate the potential in the last half a

isation between those looking to For those engaged on the commercial side - essentially Edwards Geldard and Morgan Bruce and Hardwicke in addition

take work for clients in London and the South East of England. The accountants and the lawyers recruit staff from the Home Counties.

"Cardiff is no longer seen as a place where heavy industry accept that we can provide here belches out black smoke," says Mr. Charles Richardson, manager of Si - Investors in Industry - and in the city the service they. In the city the service they.

not London and nor can it yet partner, says the practice has cli-compare with the scale of work being done in some of the other major cities.

Arthur Young, for instance, a substantial PLC, has its head-

and has no operation of any sig-nificance in South Wales." The accountants were undoubtedly the first to see the potential being generated by the Welsh South East

quarters some 200 miles away

Development Agency. If the lawyers lagged behind the accountants in seeing the potential for growth locally, then the banks lagged behind them both. Barclays always had a strong regional headquarters in Cardiff but not all the clearers treated Wales in quite the same way. Even they are catching up

now, though. Regional offices have been given a greater degree of autonomy and have responded by expanding their own services. The Midland has appointed a corporate manager for Wales, Nat-West has moved into a new building with better facilities and Lloyds has a City office.

There is also a small but flourishing broking sector with Lyddons, Heseltine and Moss, and Murray and Co. Mr John Downing, of Lyddons, believes the regional broker now offers a bet-

LAST MONTH, Arthur Young, himself an incomer.

Corporate department at Edwards one of the leading firms of accountants, announced it was to do all the sort of work here that now has full-time specialists deal—brokers are able to spend time do all the sort of work here that the control work here the control work here that the control work here the control work here. The control work here the contro

"The upturn in business meant further 13 in existing companies.

"The upturn in business meant further 13 in existing companies.

"The upturn in business meant further 13 in existing companies.

"Five years ago we could not the inclination to do.

"Five years ago we could not the inclination to do.

There are a number of factors have contemplated such special that could however, inhibit the we were able to bring forward expansion plans," says Mr Mark Molyneux, senior partner in the office.

Molyneux, senior partner in the coffice.

Of itself the move intended to strengthen the audit and insolvency departments, is not particularly significant since Arthur Young is one of the smaller of the big accountancy firms operation. of England does not have a representative in the city. There are no issuing houses. There is a decided weakness on the interna-

tional side.

The Welsh Development
Agency is attempting to iron-out
some of these shortcomings through its South East Wales initiative and through the work of the Welsh Venture Capital Fund, in which it has a stake.

But there is a feeling that financial services are still a ten-der plant that needs a lot of encouragement. The greatest weakness, it is argued, is a physical one - a shortage of the sort of executive housing necessary to in South Wales, perhaps stimu-lated by the amount of work attract high-fliers away from the

Job advertisements bring a good response but Edward Lew-is's Mr Davies says they might be put off through not being able to get the sort of housing to which they have become accustomed in the South East.

the South East.

Given these reservations there is, nevertheless, an overriding atmosphere of confidence among the professions now apparent in Cardiff. There is a feeling not call that almost anothing can be only that almost anything can be achieved within the Welsh capital but also that it is capable of challenging much that is being undertaken in the London area. Organisations like Chemical Bank, the Automobile Associa-tion and others have found the air very much to their liking. Success breeds success.

"Cardiff is one of the fastest growing cities in Europe," says Mr Davies. "People are now really making money here and the facilities exist to service them

MORGAN BRUCE & HARDWICKES INCORPORATING GEO, L. FIRMAS, NETTLESHPACC

### **HELPING BUSINESS** to Expand in Wales

For over a century the partnership has helped companies and organisations within the business sector to grow, Our 24 Partners and 140 Staff are available to provide specialist legal advice in the areas of Commercial and Corporate Law, Litigation and Commercial Property Law.

Please contact in the first instance

MORGAN BRUCE & HARDWICKES

1 Museum Place, Cartiff, CF1 3TX, Tel: (0222) 33677, Fax: (0222) 399288 Princess House, Princess Way, Swimses. SAI SLW, Tel: (0792) 41478. Faz: (0792) 53634

ST. MELLONS BUSINESS PARK **CARDIFF** From 5000 to 60,000 sq.ft. OFFICE/HI-TECH ACCOMMODATION FOR SALE or TO LET A new development in conjunction with the WDA, providing high quality office/hi-tech space in a superb landscaped site close to the M4. Available Spring 1989



Cardiff Bay Development Corporation's docklands regeneration strategy is designed to create...

# A maritime city for the 21st century

ON JULY 13, 1907, Queen Alexandra opened, in the presence of Edward VII, the dock in the heart of Cardiff that to this day bears her name It was not merely a great festive occasion, but a recognition of the enormous economic strength which Cardiff and its docks enjoyed at the beginning of the century.

Դո⊔ն <sup>ց</sup> 1**3**8

even further me

Hally eased who

iadrie from a Long

sarges are long & attle to spend >

invester propi

in the appears preconstitente de a number of the powerer, militar ardill as a line: a strangerunt 🗗 anne trature co or Theorem 12 than binking L mans a might oger not have an the one There had on the man

wantered to the wath East Wale through the sol entaire Capital R

to star er proising

orand, 8 sp. orang dist ty ansitte meresia.

is the law WDA.

Today, those docks present, as they have for the past 20 years or more, a sorry sight. Quays and wharves are empty, the water undisturbed except for the flotsam. Whereas Cardiff was once the greatest coal-exporting port in the world, its sole connection with the mineral now lies in the occasional shipload from Poland or some other far-flung country. All that is about to change, though, and the glory that was Cardiff is about to be resurrected. We are about to turn Cardiff's docklands into a 21st century maritime city," says Mr Geoffrey Inkin. And Mr Barry Lane declares that "we have a vision of the future that we want to create in the docklands. It is an exciting one that will enhance the rest of

Mr Inkin is chairman of the Cardiff Bay Development Corporation, the government-funded body set up the government late in 1986 to rejuvenate some 2,700 acres of the city's docklands. Mr Lane is his chief executive, masterminding the implementation of the plans that will bring new life to an area that, once known around the world as Tiger Bay, has for years, needed both confi-

dence and money. Cardiff's docklands have, since the arrival of the railways in the middle of the last century, always been cut off from the rest of the city by the line which runs east-west. At one time, when there was great activity in the docks, this did not matter too much but with the decay of the coal trade the docks found itself very much on the wrong side of

The local community is appre-hensive that the rebuilding of the area will produce, as it is already authorities. Given even a reladoing in London, an influx of high-income earners who will 4: I from the private sector, capi-force the locals away from their tal spending of around £1.5bn at

Mr Lane is at pains to reassure The corporation's strategy them, saying that no existing envisages some 30,000 jobs being

CARDIFF BAY industrial houses will be knocked down, created in addition to the new long view. Site work is more

other than for essential construction houses and flats. A barrage, cost important at the moment than tion work, and that of the 6,000 ing £50m will encompass 500 actual building. But they can new houses envisaged in the area acres of water and create one of already see a new county hall for immediate opponents to the barin the next 10 years at least a the largest inland lakes in South Glamorgan; the start of rage are the environmentalists quarter will be for rent in the Britain, with 8 miles of waterside work on a 250m scheme by Tarwho say that flooding the bay

There will, though, be enor-

mous changes. It is envisaged the tracks, populated by a low-income community largely occupying public housing and having to
make do with decidedly inferior
make do with decidedly inferior

5. The state of the some running

1. She will be spent creating the
new maritime city. Some £200m
to £250m of that will come from
the government and another
£100m in enhanced land values. that over the next decade some tively modest multiplier effect of 1987 prices should be achieved.

says, "what we are doing is not the conversion of the only two lightly be erased.

The threat posed by the envimban renewal but building some into a small hotel and the other a thing for the 21st century."

1893grain warehouse converted many developers beginning work into flats by Lovell, the building within the area. About \$150m\$ of

London would not now be com-plete without its complement of bankers, corporate financiers and

been allowed for in the plans.

All this hinges on construction
of the barrage, essential if the lake is to be created. A bill to enable the barrage to go ahead will be presented to parliament this autumn. Its success is not a foregone conclusion since a variety of opponents to the whole opment are concentrating their firepower on the bill, which they see as the corporation's

Mr Lane admits that without ment of docklands would be difficult. "If the bill fails it would be a doing is postulated on a maritime environment. A barrage is essential because it enables us to create an environment totally different from that in any other city where there are development opportunities around water.
"If there were no barrage, it

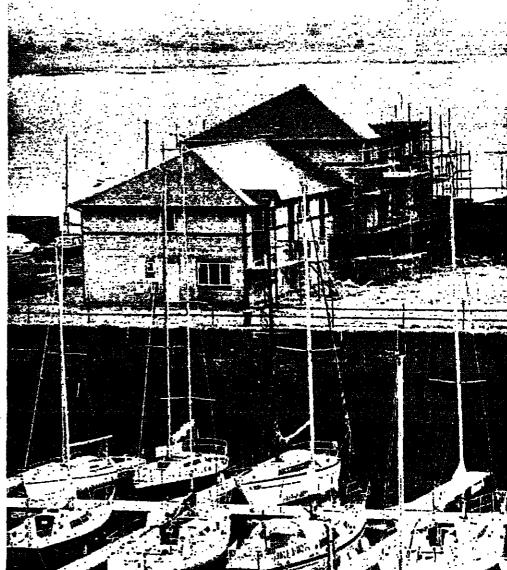
in docklands but to the city of Cardiff as a whole, because the regeneration of docklands is only part, even if an important part, of the steps being taken to create a

truly capital city.

To achieve regeneration you must develop, but development is only a means to an end and the end is to restore the economic health of docklands so that the people who live here, and those who want to live here, have a full

They claim the whole redevelop-ment of the docklands could fail to materialise without it. The

already visited the site. Others group, at a cost of £2.5m. work is already being undertaken have come from Norway, West There is the promise not just of or is committed by the private Germany and other European the inland lake, capable of sector. Infrastructure and other countries as well as countless accommodating Olympic-style public works, such as county numbers from the City of Lonrowing events, but also of a hall, take the figure over £200m. When the corporation unveiled



ondon would not now be comskyline, as the opera house does its strategy plan it did so in the cavernous Coal Exchange building, which it has just bought. A first fruit of the regeneration could be a centre for the performance of the performa



How long can you afford to let your heart rule your overheads?

To keep your finger on the pulse of the financial world it helps to have a presence in the City. But, hand on heart, can you really justify basing your entire operations there?

With soaring London costs breaking more and more hearts, many are now locating their trading divisions and administration centres elsewhere.

But where, exactly? An up and coming location is South East Wales.

thriving economy, highly qualified and flexible staff, and a choice of prime sites and office

accommodation readily available. An area where the latest digital data transmission services, along with high speed rail, road and air links, provide excellent local, national and indeed international communications.

And an area offering outstanding quality of life with superb housing, first-class educational and recreational facilities and beautiful countryside.

In fact Cardiff was ranked one of the best UK cities in a recent quality of life survey.

So if you are considering relocation, don't make any decisions until you've had a heart to heart with Stephen White or Mike Price who head our Financial Services Team.

You can contact them by ringing Cardiff (0,222) 222666 or by writing to the Welsh Development Agency, Pearl House, Greyfriars Road, Cardiff CF1 3XX.

ero iz

A fast growing services sector. An area with a # Cardiff Bay Development Corporation # Cardiff City Council # Gwent County Council # Newport Borough Council # South Glamorgan County Council # Welsh Development Agen Cardiff-Wales airport

# Transatlantic trade reaches take off

TOMORROW MORNING, just after midday, Mr Ian Cran will stand at the window of his office overlooking the main runway of the Cardiff-Wales airport and watch flight WD 169 take off for

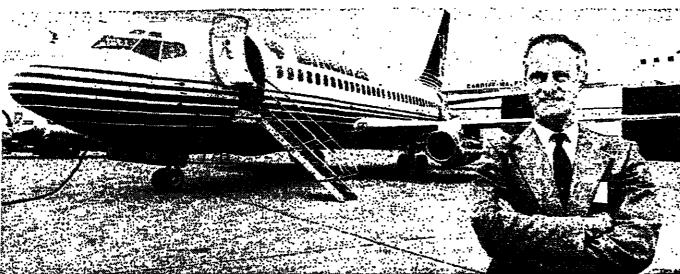
Flight WD 169, a Boeing 747 jumbo, is the weekly scheduled flight operated by Wardair, a Canadian airline. Since the middle of last month, Wardair has been operating this service, the first transatlantic scheduled

flight out of Cardiff. Mr Cran, director of Cardiff-Wales airport, will watch tomorrow's flight, as he has each of the previous Friday takeoffs, with particular interest because he hopes the service, which lasts until the end of October, will be an incentive to other airlines to use Cardiff airport as a gateway

Transatlantic flights out of Cardiff are nothing new in themselves. Another Canadian line, Worldways, has operated a Tristar on charter services to Toronto for several years past. There have also been one-off flights ever ted to begin a Paris service and since the runway was lengthened. Mr Cran remains puzzled why no to take the jumbos.

uled flight as the opportunity to Cardiff is a major centre of gov-press Cardiff's case to be considernment and Welsh business is and Gatwick are at saturation the administrative centre of the and Gatwick are at saturation the administrative centre of the point," he says. "The operators EEC. The quiet of the Cran's are being told to find other air-office is interrupted, too, every so ports. Why should one of those often as internal UK scheduled not be Cardiff? We are capable of flights take off and land. Capital handling all the modern aircraft flies to Leeds, Glasgow and Jersince the runway was extended sey. Danair has a HS 748 to Jerto 2,353 metres in 1986. We really sey and flies daily to Belfast would like a slice of the transat-while Air UK goes to Guernsey.

has a three-times a day scheduled the demand is there. service to Amsterdam and Ryanair began a link just before newly-emerging Cardiff Bay



airport in London's docklands. Since it opened last year the City airport has operated services

to Paris, Brussels and the UK's

walking distance of the shopping

Christmas last year between Car-diff and Dublin five days a week. Next year, Air France is expectake the jumbos.

But Mr Cran sees the schedwith one to Brussels given that as a gateway. "Heathrow, increasingly anxious to travel to antic trade." What Mr Cran would particu-Cardiff can certainly claim to larly like is a feeder into

be an international airport, Gatwick. "We are talking about thought it is a fairly tenuous this," he says, "and also about claim. Netherlines, part of KLM, Manchester-Aberdeen because

But a cloud in the shape of the

FINANCIAL DESIGN & PRINT CITY SERVICE AT REGIONAL RATES Twelve years experience and full in-house design studio facilities including CAD phototypesetting page make-up from clients W.P. or hard copy, instant communications

the financial industry ass

Financial Reports

An integral part

of the Cardiff business scene

**BSC industry** 

**(0633)** 244001

Your partners in finance.

To contact the approachable

Caerphilly, Newtown, Bristol,

**Western Business Centre** 

Ely Bridge, Cardiff CF5 5AS

Riverside Terrace.

**2** 0222 555333

Brecon, Thombury

experts, please telephone Jeffrey Sainsbury on Cardiff

Cornorate Brochures

ia fax and modern link and print management offer ince with the production of: ♠ Circulars Computer forms For further details and brochure contact Neil Barber or Viv Voss at 19 St. Andrews Crescent Cardiff (0222) 29879 or, from July, our new studios at 28 Cardiff Road Taffs Well (0222) 813773

development scheme hangs over cater for upto 1.25m passengers, looking at the possibility of a this view of the future. It has and so provide ample capacity for multi-storey car park. "The hotel been suggested that the massive future growth. Hence, Cardiff development is particularly regeneration scheme being Wales had no difficulty in coping important," Mr Cran says, undertaken in Cardiff's dock- with last year's record movement "because the nearest three- or port to link directly with the City flights).

With developments now in the pipeline, Mr Cran hopes to have morning flights to catch."

Im passengers passing through

It is also possible that West country. Any STOL port in capital-spending programme Cardiff Bay would deal a serious totalling £4.5m has just been blow to Cardiff-Wales airport's started. New holding lounges hopes of securing a Gatwick costing £300,000 were opened in feeder service and other sched-time for Easter and by the end of uled short-haul links.

An airport in Cardiff's docklands would be, literally, within nal along piers onto the aircraft. Other improvements include and commercial areas, whereas extra car-parking spaces, new Cardiff-Wales airport is 14 miles check-in facilities and a redesign to the west. So the new airport of the concessionary area.

could undermine the growing All this is being funded from financial success of the existing internal resources since Cardiff All this is being funded from now a private company owned However, Mr Cran says that by the three councils that are the intention is to market Car-successors to the extinguished diff-Wales as the national airport Glamorgan – has made a profit of Wales. "We intend to provide a for three out of the last four level of service that you would years. This year, it should make expect in any capital around the about £1m pre-tax.

"Other airports may have to Whatever happens in the Cardiff docklands, expansion at Cardiff-Wales has been made easier Mr Cran says, "but we do not. So
by decisions taken nearly two we are outside government conmistic that with incr

The airport was designed to and National Car Parks is time sun.

lands should incorporate a STOL of 690,000 passengers (of whom four-star hotel is in Cardiff itself. (short take-off and landing) air- some 85 per cent were on charter Yet there is strong demand for some 85 per cent were on charter Yet there is strong demand for accommodation at the airport, especially from those with early-

> It is also possible that the old British Airways engineering facility, which has lain dormant since 1982, may be brought back into operation; a private developer is exploring its possibilities as a gas-turbine maintenance and avionics skills centre, as well as an engineering facility. Meanwhile, the Norman Aeroplane Company, which already employs over 100 people manufacturing small aircraft for export, mainly to Third World countries, is planning to build microlights in another former BA building now being modified.

Last year, passenger traffic rose by 21 per cent. That is unlikely to be repeated this year since the holiday trade is much less buoyant. A much more modest rise, probably not much more than one to 2 per cent, is proba-

Nevertheless, he remains optimistic that with increased con-gestion at Heathrow and Gatwick decades ago. The airport was straints on capital spending." gestion at Heathrow and Gatwick then owned by Glamorgan The profitability and the Cardiff could become an important country Council which took the growth, which have gone hand in far-sighted and imaginative decident hand, have led to increased invession in 1972 to invest heavily in tor interest. One group is considering a major hotel development of each Friday into the lunchUniversity-industry links

# A model approach to cooperation

Tony Bates realised the company might have some difficulties at first in maintaining its research facilities in Wales. Not all the staff wanted to move from west London and Merthyr did not have a pool of the highly-qualified echnical staff Hoover wanted.

Dr Bates, now director of CUIC, the Cardiff University Industry Centre, had a solution. The Centre had the sort of facilities the company might want. Why didn't Hoover and CUIC get together to ital fund - and Research Corpo-see if the one could help the ration, an offshoot of an

As a result of his approach, the two have entered into a contract under which they meet six times a year to involve CUIC in the company's research and develop-

ment programme in Wales.
"The project has worked industry as a whole are now

working together." Cardiff has a very good reputation within the university world The Cardiff Business School, for industry-academic links. It the School of Architecture and was cited meritoriously in a the Department of Maritime report commissioned by the Com-mittee of Vice Chancellors and fields. The last of these, under Principals and has modelled itself John King, for instance, pro-consciously on the way in which duced the Times Atlas of the consciously on the way in which duced the Times Atlas of the the Massachussetts Institute of Oceans and Lloyds Maritime Technology operates in the US. Atlas.

The association with industry Ano

is likely to increase as a result of try is provided by the Semicon-the merger this summer of the ductor and Microelectronics Cencity's two leading academic institre under Professors Vernon city's two leading academic institute of the University College and Morgan and Robin Williams. the University of Wales Institute of Science and Technology, into on new materials that each had one combined University of Wales College of Cardiff.

The merger — perhaps better aine — but co-operatively before the University are concerned with a new street.

in which both the University are concerned with a new group Grants Committee and the Gov- of materials called gallium arseernment have had a finger on the wake of financial difficulties at University College which flowed from the government's spending

For almost two years a ques tionmark hovered over the very existence of University College With those doubts now resolved the merged colleges have been planning forward as one acalemic institution with an 8,000strong student body. Resolving the future has been

as important for the University Industry Centre as for any other part of the institution. CUIC was set up by University College in 1974, about a decade before the UWIST formed an industrial liaison office.

The two academic institutions adopted different approaches to the question of industry-aca-demic links. At University College, there was a more hands-on feeling about the organisation, with CUIC concerned to take products and processes from within and make them commer-cial. At UWIST, initiatives were left much more to the individual. Other differences were apparent. CUIC had been funded with government help through the Urban Aid programme, as part of

the process of encouraging new technology into Wales, partly to create jobs but more importantly to create an ambiance of new, modern industry in a country famous for its basic, high-stack, production facilities. With the merger there will now be one industry centre, pooling the better resources from the two former institutions. It will in future act, with Dr Bates as director, as a focus for the uni-versity in its dealings with indus-

try; provide contractual assistance to academic staff in negotiations with outside bodies over matters such as international property rights, publishing rights or costings; assist in the identification of potential exploitation opportunities; and ensure that staff are aware of sources of external funding, especially from the EEC.

The degree of commercialisa-tion of its research activities, and

A YEAR ago, when Hoover, the multinational domestic-appliance be resolved. One way, preferred manufacturer, was about to move by many but not all within the its both its head-office and college, is for the centre to seek operations to Merthyr Tydfil, Dr. Tony Bates realised the company

The materials are the base of optical electronics and are fundamental to communications is that imperial College does in London.

At Imperial, the college has allows the company of the second transfer of the second tr Imperial College does in London. At Imperial, the college has contributed 51 per cent of capital requirements and raised the other 49 per cent from 3t - Investors in industry, the venture cap-

> Cardiff's model is Massachussetts

American charity set up to commercialise university research. The Cardiff centre may be the main focus of the industry-academic interface but it is by no means the only one. There is sub-stantial collaboration in a number of individual departments. extremely well," Dr Bates says. Mechanical and manufacturing "It is also a good example of the systems engineering houses the way in which the university and automation and robotics centre which provides advice and sup-port for industry throughout

Another interface with indus-

and so allow the opportunity to exploit higher frequencies in micro engineering and also in the vitally important field of optical

"Gallium arsenide is the material of the future. But can we produce digital circulations at the right price? How much is industry prepared to pay for speed? Defence industries may pay the price but will commercial companies? Those questions are being addressed by us," Professor Morgan says.

The centre's clean room is adapted from existing rooms within the UWIST building, expensive equipment operating in an expensive set-up within what is almost make-shift accom-modation" Professor Morgan notes. However, this research project has already attracted over £3m from almost every major, and many minor, electronics companies in the UK. Among the companies in the UK. Among the big names have been GEC, Ples-sey, British Telecom, British Gas, STL Harlow and Phillips while Medl. a Lincoln-based concern, and Plasma Technology, of Avon. feature among the smaller ones.

Professor Morgan, like Dr Bates and others, pays tribute to the work of Dr Ron Loveland. director of Wintech, the technical arm of the Welsh Development Agency. "Without his help, we really should not have been able to get ahead as far as we have."

Cardiff would like to think that its work with industry is in the big league. Certainly the report by the University Vice-Chancel-lors, published only a year ago, said so. Dr Bates is determined to use that position of strength as a base for further expansion.

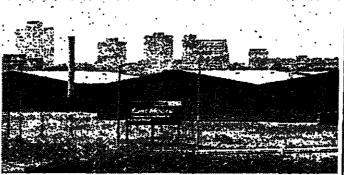
### BSC(Industry) Indigenous focus

navian Sound moved into a fac-tory on what had once been the site of the East Moors steelworks. Today it supplies complete hi-fi cabinet systems to UK concerns such as Sharp, Hitachi and

Tatung and exports 40 per cent of The company had considerable help from RSC Industry in its move. "We came to Wales," says Mr Roger Pearl, its managing director, "because of the good grants available and because we there they there was a good supply of mew there was a good supply of

The company was set up by a Dane, Mr Peter Hasselriis, who had a similar plant in Europe but wanted to be nearer the clients. He and Mr Pearl agree that BSC(I) had been "most helpful". He and Mr Pearl agree that Philip Morgan, a director, says Agency stepped in with a big BSC(I) had been "most helpful".

Another concern which acknowledges its debt to BSC(I) has been most supportive. It has put money into the gramme on the site and BSC(I) acknowledges its debt to BSC(I) company on three occasions, first company and home products group. It has a factory near operation capital and on the last terms, and financial assistance. A occasion to help it with an acquilot of businesses, mainly start-



Scandinavian Sound and Mr sition This was a classical case of

The organisation was set up 13 explains. "The focus now is on years ago by British Steel as a helping the indigenous business iob creation agency to offset closures within the industry. In Cardiff, its task was to respond to ness are quite different to a the closure in the late 1970s of start-up and so we are now protein."

the British Steel Corporation's viding funds through secured
East Moors steelworks with the
loss of some 5,000 jobs.
The Welsh Development ing or development schemes."

occasion to help it with an acqui- lot of businesses, mainly start ups, took them over.
This was most encouraging

growing with the company, Mr because there was a need for a Morgan comments. "The arrival cultural change in Cardiff. People of Scandinavian Sound, which is in the city have traditionally to launch the hi-fi units on the market under its own name in the autumn, and West 'n' Welsh illustrates the changed nature of ture emerge." Mr Brian Margrett, executive director of BSC(I).

### **Holding hands**

CARDIFF has a number of local ncies to assist those was to establish in, or just have infor-mation about the city.

CAVE, the Cardiff and Vale Enterprise Agency (Tel: 0222 494411) has been set up by two councils, Cardill and the Yale of Glamorgan, to offer a complete business advice, information and maeiling service.

South Glamorgan County Councii (0222 499022) has an economic

Winvest, the WDA's Inward nent arm (0222 222886) pro-BSC (Industry) is also available to help (0633 244001) as is British

Coal Enterprise (0222 753282). Cardiff is in an intermediate area for government regional

eligible for selective financial eligible for selective meancies assistance as well as qualifying for soft loans from the EEC. The Welsh Office industry Department (0222 825111) can advise.

The British Overseas Trade number (0222 825111).

The Cardiff Chamber of Comnerce (0222 481648) is one of the largest chambers outside London and has close links with the city

Companies House, efficially the Companies Registration Office, (0222 388588) has its headqua

The Cardin Marketing Bureau (0222 395173) offers advice on a range of botal and conference



SERVING THE CARDIFF BUSINESS COMMUNITY

16 St. Andrews Crescent Cardiff CF1 3RD Tel: (0222) 238239 Teles: 497913 Fac: (0222) 237268 DX: 53001 Cardiff

#### **MERRILS EDE & GRIBBLE SOLICITORS** Established 123 years

Offices in the heart of the Cardiff Business Community and in 3 suburbs, offer industry and commerce a convenient and comprehensive legal service, including: COMMERCIAL PROPERTY LEASING \*EMPLOYMENT LAW\*PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT CONTRACTS\* CORPORATE FINANCE STATE DEVELOPMENT \* MORTGAGE FINANCE \* NEW BUSINESS ADVICE & EXPANSION \*\* MANAGEMENT BUYOUTS \*\* SALE & PURCHASE OF COMPANIES \* COMMERCIAL LITIGATION

For further details of our extensive services contact: Chris Boyle or Roger Jones. Principality Bidgs.Queen St. Cardiff CF1 4LR. Tel:(0222) 371111 Fax:(0222) 383469

#### WHICH STOCKBROKING FIRM STILL LOOKS AFTER THE PRIVATE INVESTOR?

At Lyddon private clients - and their financial intermediaries -still receive the highest standards of professional advice and personal service. It's these standards that have made us one of the leading firms of stockbrokers in Wales today. To find out more please contact one of our offices below.

A DIVISION OF NATIONAL INVESTMENT GROUP PLC SEARCE OF THE INTERNATIONAL STOCK DICHANGE

William Prichard, 113 Bute Street, Cardiff CF1 1QS Tet (0222) 473111

Rupert Miles, 33 Mansel Street, Swansea SA1 1EB Tet: (0792) 475111

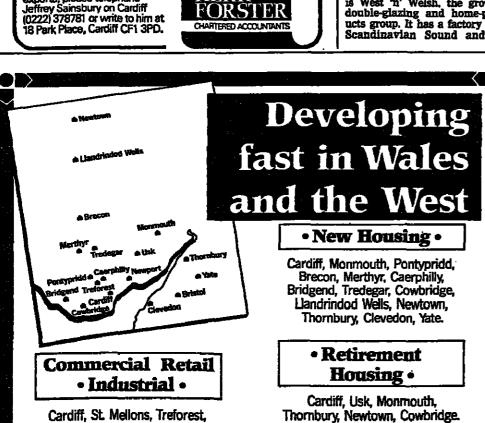


**CHRISTIANI & NIELSEN** WALES & THE WEST

**Civil Engineering and Building Contractors** 

75 YEARS IN THE U.K. 30 YEARS IN SOUTH WALES

Wales & West Regional Office Cymric Buildings, West Bute Street, CARDIFF CF1 5LL Telephone: (0222) 489900 Fax: (0222) 489951



### **CARDIFF 5**

# Capital faces

### Geoffrey Inkin

IF THERE is one special quality Geoffrey Inkin brings to the task of overseeing the regeneration of Cardiff's seedy docklands it is enthusiasm.

dithe 8 169

Edi Car

How Survey to Page 1 to American Comments of Page 1 to America

Charles New York

The second of th

A Anoga A Anoga Bright II Falling II

Tale Course

the mile a

Virgan, Ista the training ST. LATE

and the trace

Section Bergin

المعط تساليا

mit have bear

Wint to be bar

il with the

Court say

er er beide Chin

Carlos de Calcomian.

THE PERSON NAMED IN

BLE

\* \* \*

1.0

. . . Not S#250

racions

Visitors are taken on "a five-guinea tour" with great gusto, spirited from place to place as the chairman of Cardiff Bay Development Corporation enthuses over the potential and the future. It is an enthusiasm be once put into fighting Michael Foot at a general election in Ebbw Vale and later, into running Cwmbran New Town Corporation. Inkin spent the first part of his life in the army, a time he now tends to play down, rising to command the lst Battalion Royal Welch

There is no mistaking him in a when he is seated, probably crowd as he towers over most of uncomfortably given his size, at the rest of mankind and even if the opera.

ERIC CRAWFORD is a recent arrival in Cardiff, having spent the whole of his life hitherto touring around Britain in the ser-

Crawford brings a knowledge of banking at the very top to his post of chief executive of the Bank of Wales, an organisation

that has, up to now, not been over-blessed with it. He ended his time in Poultry as general man-ager in charge of strategic plan-

He brings to Wales, a country

that prides itself on its music, an fine appreciation of the art,

though it may not be to every-

one's liking since he has little

time for 18th-century composers preferring Shostakovitch, Rich-

ard Strauss and Tippett.

vice of the Midland Bank.



resiliers. Today, he prefers to be described as a businessman: he is also chairman of the Land don't. It is a voice that only appears to recede into soto voce

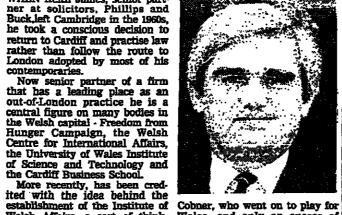
### **Keith James**

WHEN Keith James, senior part-ner at solicitors, Phillips and Buck,left Cambridge in the 1960s, he took a conscious decision to return to Cardiff and practise law rather than follow the route to London adopted by most of his

contemporaries.

Now senior partner of a firm that has a leading place as an out-of-London practice he is a central figure on many bodies in the Welsh capital - Freedom from Hunger Campaign, the Welsh Cantra for International Affairs Centre for International Affairs,

Welsh Affairs, a sort of think-wales, and only an excess of tank for Wales. At school he was edged out of the team by Terry from coming down.



Wales, and only an excess of

### **David Waterstone**

THE SECOND Scot to monopolise the chief executive's seat at the Welsh Development Agency, David Waterstone has done much to turn the agency from a pater-nalistic body into a hard-edged organisation, aiming not so much as to create jobs in Wales as encouraging the sort of compa-nies that will succeed.

After Cambridge he joined the Foreign Office and had a spell in Japan where he picked up a knowledge of the language that is more comprehensive than his understanding of Welsh.

Twelve years at British Steel, where he became the youngest main board director, preceded his arrival in Cardiff in 1983. His principal interest tends towards the financial role of the agency, in particular the develop-chain. A short, private, man, his ment of Cardiff as a financial office contains one artefact offer-

versity – gives ample opportu-Opera, the in-thing with the Cardiff cognoscenti, is out with breakfast table. the rapidly-growing bookshop as wood.



He is a director of Portsmouth from the tower-block office he and Sunderland Newspapers and occupies - an old plane, handy a brother of the Waterstone of for smoothing problems as well

### **Brian Brownhill**

**Eric Crawford** 

Brian Brownhill is a large man; extra large, he admits. Nouvelle culsine is not for him he frankly concedes when out in a restaurant. He has a large frame and he needs substantial food to fill it.

Brownbill, chairman of the Wyndham Group, is also a large man on the business scene. His Wyndham Group is one of the fast-rising companies in the city. It began life in the late 1920s in engineering, converting ships from coal-firing to oil, but engi-neering is now less than a tenth of the business, having been overtaken by property, motor dis-tribution and, above all, financial services, which has become the fastest-growing side of the busi-ness since he became chairman

into the family motor business and a love of old cars led to a spare time he has. Today he consmall collection of 1930s Jags, soles himself with the company Rolis and Lagondas. But that, BMW, knowing that his personal too, has gone, as has an interest taste will also help the company in dealing in antiques, undership with his wife as the taken with his wife, as the ship.



him. A musical family - one son

is reading music at Exeter Uni-

Brownhill followed his father demands of running a public

### **Tim Holder**

FROM HIS office Tim Holder. chairman of Holder, Mathias Alcock, looks down the expanse of Atlantic Wharf, the unmarket name for what was once the upprosaic Bute East Dock.

Holder's office, as belits a modern architectural practice, could be out of Dallas or Dynasty but it took some courage to move into the wastelands of docklands in advance of the planners who are going to turn this part of Cardiff

Holder Mathias Alcock was formed after Holder and col-league Peter Mathias (Brian Alcock arrived later) left college in Cardiff, and has now expanded into London. He believes there's a lot of talent outside London but is now the largest practice in it's still necessary to be there if Cardiff, ranked 21st out of 5,000 in the UK Netwerley by designed



you want the big international in the UK. Naturally, he designed work. his own house, all mod as well as mod con, dabbles in ski-ing and One day that could change as golf, always aiming to be top dog, he thinks Cardiff potentially the even on the fairways.

### Richard Lloyd Jones

FEW PEOPLE could have a more Weish name, yet Richard Lloyd Jones's Weishness is of a remove. He was brought up in Nottingham of Welsh parents, and after grammar school in the city went on to the mandarins' seed bed at Balliol before entering the civil

Now Permanent Secretary at the Welsh Office, he spent the early part of his career in Lon-don, mostly in the Ministry of Defence, but with a spell as a private secretary to the Cabinet Secretary, the usual testing ground for high fliers. This ended when he came to the Welsh





### EDITORS come and go: the mor-tality rate is high. But Geoff Rich, editor of the South Wales Echo, Cardiff's evening newspa-per, has lasted 20 years, which must be some sort of record. His strong support of all things in the city led one businessman to say he had done more for Cardiff than any other single person. Joined newspapers from school and is acknowledged a first-class production man having guided his evening paper through the difficult transition from hot metal to computerised produc-

Geoff Rich

Office in 1978 as No 2.

He moved into the top job in 1985 and is one of only two permanent secretaries still to be knighted. He is far removed from the TV conception of a civil servant conveyed by Yes Minister but sufficiently idiosyncratic to send cryptic memos around the office described as being "out of Le Carre".

He likes good food but eats in 1978 as No 2.

Sees himself as the voice of the man-in-the-street and has a hearty disdain for intellectuals and those Welsh speakers who attempt to force others to be even more Welsh. An increasingly stilling the hours. Fickwickian appearance has led to TV appearances in a quiz game but he can still drive the ship hard as many dented egos would confirm.



### FINANCIAL SERVICES **SOFTWARE**



DEVELOPED IN CARDIFF -- USED WORLDWIDE From its Cardiff head office and development centre, Target provides specialist software to many of the

Worlds largest financial organisations. Target's range of market leading products include: • MORTGAGE PROCESSING SOFTWARE CONSUMER CREDIT SOFTWARE

• FISCAL FINANCIAL SOFTWARE

# **CARDIFF CITY CENTRE** ·Development Opportunity · Prime site in the heart of Cardiff suitable for office (50,000 sq ft approx) or hotel development

#### Profile: Aeroquip

### Seal (and gaskets) of success

THERE IS no car made in Britain the next 5 years and possibly, from Redditch in the West Midtoday that does not have at least depending on conditions, as lands.

The British Aeroquip company according to Mr Brian Jones, marketing director of the commarketing director of the comThe British Aeroquip company is a wholly-owned division of capital — rather than labour — Aeroquip Corporation of Jackson, ration in the price of the dollar pany's seals division. Most of them have a lot more, perhaps as many as a dozen. And all those Aeroquip seals are made in Car-

Many European cars also use its products. The plant has this year won three contracts, worth around £2m, from some of Surope's leading motor manufac turers. It has secured the bulk of the seal and gasket business on the new K series engine being produced by Austin Rover for the R8 model to be introduced next year, as well as all the seals for a

This January it began supplying a new gasket to Ford for its Transit van and, in a breakthrough, is to supply half the valve stem seals to Opel in Ger-

This division of an Americanowned company has reached preeminence in its own industry through a determination to invest in new plant and machinery in order to stay ahead of the game. In the past five years it has game. In the past five years it has ing director. But while the head rather earlier than that for seals, leaders. But that, as Mr. Jones spent 13m and its strategy is to of seals is based in Cardiff his and Cardiff is now considered, says, is the only way to stay in spend at least 50.5m each year for counterpart in hose operates according to Mr. Jones, "to be the business these days.

geared. Nevertheless, it is expanding its workforce, too, and by the time the latest tranche of spending is completed it will have taken its workforce up to 350 and in a position to fight more effectively the competition as George Angus (a Dunlop subsidiary of another as I bloom as

nised that if we are to be successington Brothers it also sold its
ful into the 1990s, and on into the
21st century, then we have to
spend to make sure we are producing a product of the very highest

business two years ago to rikington Brothers it also sold its
name and the remaining part of
the business became Aeroquip.

The seals and allied gaskets
business in the British business

came in almost by the back door. "Every manufacturing work Aeroquip, or to be more precise, centre here will have been completely refurbished or have new company, Super Oil Seals, in the machinery by the end of this early 1960s for its hose technol among others, Renault, Volkswa-

Aeroquip is, in fact, two "com- Now hose and seals at Cardiff the rise in sterling against the panies" on a joint site. The two produces about half Aeroquip's mark has not been so steep as main product lines, hose and £20m-a-year turnover in the UK seals, are made by different divi-sions, each under its own manage business was completed in 1985,

more effectively the competition more effectively the competition that comes from concerns such as George Angus (a Dunlop subsidiary) in this country and Frendenberg in West Germany.

Mr Jones says: "we have recognized that if we are to be successionated that if we are to be succes

Exports to the US are a minor side of the business, though. The seals division sells about a quaryear. It is the only way to pro-ogy and found itself with one of gen and Daimler Benz. Aeroquip duce a consistently high-quality the most important seals con-can live with an exchange rate of over DM3 to the pound because

against the dollar. Even so, the company has to Even so, the company has to keep investing to stay among the

#### Broadcasting

# A coming together in 'Media City'

CARDIFF LAYS claim to being the media capital of Britain. Of course, it does not compare in size or scope with London but, according to Mr Paddy Kitson, chairman of South Glamorgan County Council, "Cardiff could become as synonymous with broadcasting, animation and pro-duction as Edinburgh is with theatre and Cannes with film." If it does, few will have contributed more than Mr. Kitson himself

As chairman of the council's economic development commit-tee he was instrumental in encouraging the media industry to come together and in beginning to promote Cardiff as Media City."

Cardiff has had newspapers for longer than anyone can remember and, if the number publishing is now fewer than in the far past,

the early centres of broadcasting. But the real growth of the service sector has come with the expansion of television and in particular S4C, the separate Welsh authority which runs Channel 4 in Wales.

This triggered a big expansion in demand for programmes, par-ticularly in Welsh. BBC Wales and HTV, the Welsh commercial TV contractor, needed to increase their production facilities - they also were required to supply programmes to S4C. But independent producers, many of them having worked with one or other organisation, were also encour-

aged to set up in the city.

isation set up by South Glamorfore, continue to grow.

Elsewhere in Wales, principally employs only 7,500 miners now in in and around Caernarion, there the whole of South Wales. are another 30. In addition, there Last month the county council

"Half a dozen years ago there image as it does so. Gone are the festival to be compare were just three independent production companies in Cardiff.

Image as it does so. Gone are the festival to be compared days when the city looked to the Edinburgh or Cannes by docks and concerned itself with they begun humbly once.

the city still boasts a daily morning and evening paper as well as Mr Dave Chapman, managing become the home of new, the freesheets. It was also one of director of Media City, the organization up to-date, sectors.

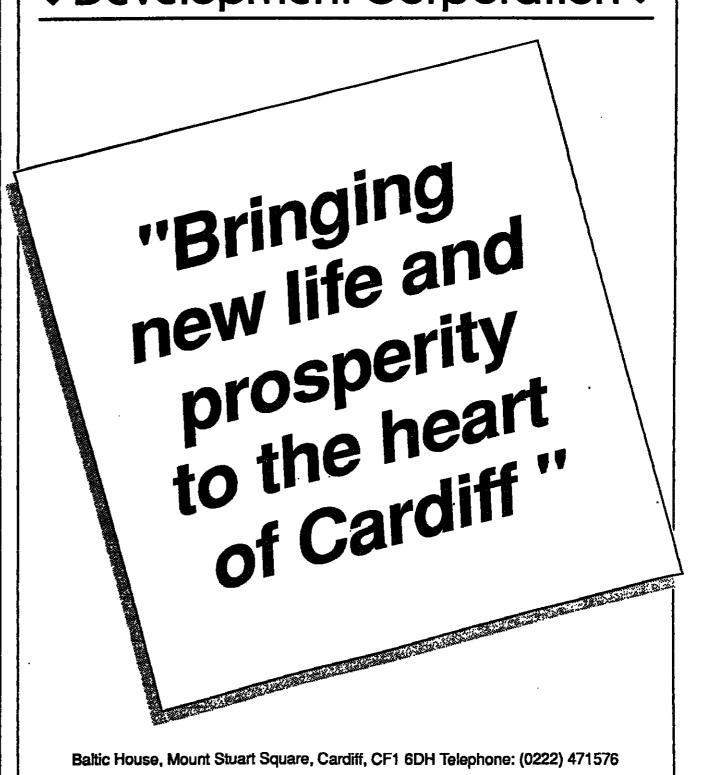
Mr Kitson believes there are gan to promote the sector. And now 5,000 people engaged in with independent producers media-related activities in Cardiff promised a greater share of and the figure is growing, almost broadcasting time under recent weekly. Yet the coal industry, government proposals it is highly which so many outsider still see likely that the sector will, there as the prime industry in Cardiff fore, continue to grow. (even though there is not a pit within 20 miles of the place),

are some 50 design, printing, backed a festival - exhibition, marketing and advertising companies, most of which have called Media 88 to promote not grown to service the producers.

The expansion of this industry

The expansion of this industry illustrates the way in which Car- tre of the industry. In its first diff is changing, shedding its old year it may seem fanciful for the image as it does so. Gone are the festival to be compared with days when the city looked to the Edinburgh or Cannes but even

◆ Development Corporation ◆



Sporting events

# A determined bid to win the Commonwealth Games

representing each country that is a member of the Commonwealth votes. Games Federation, will take their seats in a room in the Hilton Hotel in downtown Seoul and choose the city which will bost the 1994 Commonwealth Games.

Seoul is eight hours ahead of British Summer Time so that by the time the delegates have reached their decision it will be together is it even worth just after breakfast in Wales. Car-competing for the prize? diff will then know whether it has beaten rival bids from Victoria, capital of the Canadian province of British Columbia, and from New Delhi, the Indian capi-tal, and brought back the games to Cardiff after an interval of 36

The decision will be made in will be last since the cases are heard in alphabetical nation place. order - Canada, India, Wales.

case and as iong again to answer be all over.

for as long as most people can a list century and the Games is remember that there have been part of taking us forward, by more than two applicants. For creating the facilities that are the 1986 Games, Edinburgh was essential in such a city.

Then there are the visitors who will actually come Some the only applicant, Brisbane, "Then there are the visitors Auckland and others were all who will actually come. Some straight fights. The first decision 3,000 athletes and officials are will therefore have to be on the expected and countless specta-

theory, need 32 votes. But Fiji is is. There is all too often still a

JUST AFTER lunch on the after upto half a dozen of the Federa-noon of Thursday, September 15 tion's eligible members do not next, 63 men and women, one turn up, so that the winning city turn up, so that the winning city could be chosen by about 29

> Given the financial fiasco at Edinburgh, political boycotts which have devalued any number of international meetings, not least the Moscow and Los Angeles Olympics, and the enormous security precautions now necessary when athletes come together is it even worth Cardiff

> Mr Ron Watkiss, vice-chairman of the steering committee putting together Cardiff's case and leader of the Tories on the city council, has no doubts. He firmly believes the Games will bring enormous benefits.

The application has to be seen in the context of what is taking Seoul because the representatives place in Cardiff as a whole. Enor-of the Commonwealth Games mous changes for the better are Seoul because the representatives place in Cardin as a whole anorof the Commonwealth Games mous changes for the best are there for the opening of the opening bere. We have developing to the opening of the opening bere. We have developing centres in Britain. We're the first to Victoria's presentation, home of one of the best operation that of New Delhi. Cardiff's companies, an enormous redeveloping the property of developing the companies. opment of docklands is taking

The cost of the bid, around Each country has 15 minutes £170,000, has brought great pub-for a video presentation of its licity to the city. We have become well-known across the questions. By teatime, it should Commonwealth as well as in much of the rest of the world. We However, this is the first time are building here a city for the

tors. All these people will see

If Cardiff is to win, it will, in what a magnificent place Cardiff not now a member of the Com-monwealth though it might have coal, dirt and dust. Nothing could reapplied for admission by Sep-be further from the truth, but the tember. And on past experience, image persists."



Mr Ron Wattles, organising committee chairman for the 1994 Commonwealth Games, surveys the beginnings of the athletics complex

Economic benefits would ceressary to provide facilities or stocks. This will be enlarged to dated pool put up for, and carry-tainly flow from the Games in improve existing ones. An athletaddition to the income generated ics stadium to international standards capable of holding a crowd by the building programme necondard for the bad-complex to replace the now out-

them there in the first place that

successes. Next year the Confed-

eration of European Agriculture

many as 1,000 delegates from all

over Europe to the city and the

International Hospital Christian

Fellowship has inquired whether it might hold a 2,000-strong con-ference in 1994. International con-

ferences tend to be even bigger

income earners.

There have been some notable

that facilities such as the St at Seoul David's Hall, focal point for much of the city's artistic life, have Barbados, to Nairobi for last brought a new dimension to the arts in Cardiff and the athletics gart for the 1987 European chamstadium and adjacent swimming complex would do the same for sports. Sport, he says, has always been seen in Cardiff as a medium to develop and reinforce good relations between different countries and the Commonwealth

few exposed nerve ends because this is what many of the black

community live. A commitment to the Games is seen within the city as a commitment towards racial harmony and integration. Cardiff has made loud noises about being antiapartheid in principle and put strong pressure, successfully, on the Welsh Rugby Union, the one body which maintains links with South Africa, not to rock the boat by sending a rugby team to play the Springboks. With 16 African countries represented in the Commonwealth Games Federation, winning the black vote, in so far as it is a unified vote, is essential. Many of those countries have been impressed by what Cardiff is doing, Mr. Crippen believes.

cans. It sent two leading Labour politicians — Lord Brooks and "If we fail," says Mr Crippen. "We shall still have gathered enormous benefits just from the cans. It sent two leading Labour council - to Harare for an anti-

tics, judo, bowls, shooting and weightlifting that comprise the programme.

There is no fear of inter-party factionalism such as undermined matters at Edinburgh. All shades Mr Harry Crippen, chief execu- of political opinion will be repretive of the city council, points out sented and pitching in together

Delegations have also been to Barbados, to Nairobi for last Cup and even, two years ago, to Seoul itself for the Asian Games,

All this has been achieved out of the tight budget of £170,000. Victoria, by contrast, spent £600,000 on winning the right to be the Canadian representative Games, in particular, are seen as a symbol of racial harmony.

Cardiff has a good record in this area, though the redevelopment of docklands is touching a late entrant and is heavily a late entrant and is heavily backed by the Indian govern-

If Cardiff is chosen the projected cost is £50m, some £32m on capital costs such as building the stadiums and £18m for running costs. The capital costs will be met by the city itself, Mr Crippen says, as every year for the next four or five years a sum is being built into capital budgets which will be allocated for Games facili-ties. Cardiff is not rate-capped and has worked out its sums

It has not, though, done much research on the potential num-bers coming and the likely income effects for the city. It believes the problems of Foliaburgh, where a change in politi-cal control before the Games took Certainly, the city has been place, can be avoided since assiduous in courting the Afri- is such all-party unanimity. place, can be avoided since there

application. People now know apartheid meeting.

Part of Cardiff's strength also

What we are doing here has had about Cardiff who did not before. comes from the cross-party sup-port which the bid has generated. wide coverage in the media around the world."

### **Conferences**

# Moving towards the top of the league

THIS AUTUMN, for five days in of it. And the city has been much tion centres able to accommodate the middle of October, Cardiff plays host to some 800 delegates and an unknown number of sponses attending the Law Sociweeks earlier it will hold the National Association of Retired

The conference trade is big the conference-town league, business and Cardiff is fighting alongside Brighton, Blackpool hard to win an increasing share and some of the London conven-

WAYARDELL ARMSTRONG

22 Windsor Place

Tel. (0222) 382465 Fax. (0222) 387261

We provide Services which include:

Environmental Engineering
 Minerals Estate Management
 Ground Stabilisation

Restoration and Reclamation

Planning Inquiries and Minerals Legislation

Powell

Tuck\*\*

Chartered Surveyors 2 Cathedral Road Cardiff CF1 9LJ

**25 (0222) 397908** 

Offices also at:-

Newcastle upon Tyne

Resource Evaluation

encouraged by the recent deci-sion of the Brent Walker group to undertake an £18m world trade this number of delegates. At the moment, Cardiff is theo-retically limited to handling concentre and associated hotel that ferences of upto 2,000 delegates will include a 5,000 seat conference facility. Construction work is due to begin soon and will be though in practice the city finds Weeks earlier it will note the ence lacinty. Construction work by the value of the city finds is due to begin soon and will be though in practice the city finds Police Officers' conference and completed by the middle of 1990. It difficult to sleep, within reache on digital equipment with Such a complex will give Cardiff sonable distance, more than the conference to move to the top of about 1,300 visitors. So the Law the conference town league, Society get-together will be a longistic Printer and Cardiff in fighting. approaching the top end of the

> But the next few years will change all that. Apart from the greatly increased conference capacity to be provided by the world trade centre, a number of new hotels are also in the pipe-line, including a £4.2m hotel by. Brent Walker, the centre's devel-oper. This one will be built along-side Atlantic Wharf, part of the Atlantic Wharf, part of the new docklands conversion. The need for the develop

of conference business and hotels to move hand in hand is pointed out by Miss Ann Roberts, who of at least £70,000 a day. has recently taken over as conference manager for the Cardiff booked this year - about a quar-Marketing Bureau. "People want ter more than in 1987 - though to be close to a venue and it is not all of are as big as the Law counter-productive to have to ask Society's. But taking an average them to sleep a dozen or more sized gathering of around 300 del-

they are cut off in the evenings, or have a long way to go, then they will not return," she says.

Conferences are big business. have not brought their other halves and such extras as organ-least £70 a day on hotel, meals and drinks. A big conference can, with attendant back-up staff, the figure could be considerably journalists, public-relations advisers and the like, mean an fighting for.

Anart from the St Devid's Hall

njection into the local economy



Cardiff has 25 conferences miles away."

"The great attraction of Cardiff the city, then the gross income is that it is a compact city. Nothcannot be less than £1.6m. To ing is very far from everything this has to be added the not else. If those coming here find inconsiderable amount which they are cut off in the evenings, may be spent by delegates' or here a long way to go these appears to the those whose a long way to go these appears to the those whose spent by those whose whose way to go these appears to the compact of the city, then the gross income is that it is a compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city. Noth-cannot be less than £1.6m. To ing it is compact city.

Apart from the St David's Hall,

Cardiff has two other venues in convincing potential organisers the 1,000-seat range. The university can handle up to 1,500 in one ing. The city, she feels, still has

of its halls and can even accommodate a large number of them but only in the vacations.

The other big venue is the National Sports Centre, whose then we are a long way towards design, attraction and ambiance clinching a deal. It's getting its directed more towards the them there in the first the first the first them there in the first them there in the first them them. design, attraction and ambiance is directed more towards the sportsman for which it was origi- is the difficult task." nally intended. Last month, though, it played home to Media 88, an exhibition of media interests in the city and had some 70 will bring at least 600, possibly as stands within the building.

will bring at least 600, possibly as many as 1,000 delegates from all

Elsewhere, most of the bigger hotels have facilities to accommodate up to about 300 delegates and these are widely used, especially for the local, one-day, events that are still important for the city's economy.

The Brent-Walker trade centre is important because it offers the potential to take Cardiff up a glant step in the conference league. "This is a highly competitive business," Miss Roberts says, "and it is not enough to be known as an attractive city. You have to have all the facilities if you are to win the big conferences."

Income earners.

To work as far ahead as 1994, is not unusual. The file on the Law Society was opened in 1980 and the Chartered Insurance Institute, has a booking for the St David's Hall on September 28 and 29 1995. Two years earlier, an international gathering, the Association of Commonwealth Universities, will be in the city. It not only pays to book ahead in this business it is virtually essential.

**Economic rebirth** inland lake created by the bar- be thinking of moving in. The

rage attracting inward invest-ment. The opposition is coalesc-ing around the parliamentary bill sold by the Bailey Group. They necessary to secure its construc-numbered six — and went fast.

Mr Barry Lane, chief executive of the development corporation, welsh average and too high for says that the barrage is central to says that the barrage is central to the development strategy and that regeneration will be difficult Cardiff City council, believes that without it, the rejuvenation could

The Bill will be presented to parliament this autumn and Mr Inkin is hoping that the crossparty support, a feature of much of Cardiff's political life - all parties, for instance, have joined forces to try and secure the 1994 Commonwealth Games - will

The redevelopment of docklands is essential for one other reason. Although Marks and Spencer's Mr Gilbert says that Cardiff is Britain's "great secret". the public conception of many people outside Wales is of a city encrusted in the coal grime of generations of industrial despoil-

"It's sad, but that's how many people still see us," says Miss Ann Roberts, whose job is to bring in conferences. "Once we

get people here they are quickly converted. The problem is getting them in for a first taste."

financial services sector has been that regeneration will be difficult hambered by lack of merchant without it. Others go further. Mr hambered by lack of merchant banking facilities such as Birmingham, Leeds, Manchester and Bristol take for granted. It is incongruous that Cardiff, a capillary of the conservative opposition on incongruous that Cardiff, a capillary of the congruence of the congruence of the cardiff. tal city and the most important regional centre of government in Britain after Edinburgh, does not have a representative office of the Bank of England.

Even with these deficiencies it is, says Mr Keith Edwards, senior

" Cardiff has come on by leaps and bounds in the last few years. It is a jolly good place to work"

partner of solicitors Edwards Geldard, "an exciting place to be in and a city with a tremendous future. A lot of wealth is being created."

A fellow lawyer, Mr Roger Thomas, of Phillips and Buck, supports him. "Cardiff has come Cardiff has other problems. It on by leaps and bounds in the has too little executive housing last few years. It is a jolly good to attract the executive who may place to be working in."

### **Business Services** in Wales

Coopers & Lybrand is one of the UK's leading firms

of accountants and management consultants.

In Wales Coopers & Lybrand employs over 120 staff operating from offices in Cardiff and Swansea.

Its services to business, financial institutions and other organisations include expertise on: Venture Capital and Taxation Development Finance

Management Consultancy
 Pensions

Corporate Planning Corporate Turnaround

 Managment Buyouts
 Grants Micro-Comouter Se

&Lybrand Coopers & Lybrand is authorised by the Institute of Char Accountants in England and Wales to carry on Investme

Churchill House Churchill Way Cardiff CF1 4XQ Tel: 0222 237000

### **EDWARD LEWIS & CO**

Wales' leading full service law firm for Commerce, **Industry and Corporate Finance.** 

Contact R. G. Davies or D. L. Watkins Waterloo House, Fitzalan Court, Newport Road, Cardiff CF2 1EL Tel: 0222 462562 Fax: 0222 461388

Loadon Office: 9 Jockeys Fields WCIR 4BW, Tel: 01-404 0144

### FORTHCOMING SURVEYS

# WALES

The Financial Times proposes to publish the following surveys on: -

**WALES SWANSEA BAY**  9 September 1988 **27 November 1988** 

For more information about advertising and a copy of the editorial synopsis, please complete the coupon and return it to Clive Radford

> **Financial Times** Merchants House

Wapping Rd., Bristol BS1 4RW Tel: 0272 292565

FINANCIAL TIMES

FINANCIAL TIMES FORTHCOMING SURVEYS-WALES

To: Clive Radford, Financial Times,

Merchants House, Wapping Road, Bristoi, BSI 4RW Tel: 0272 292565

Please send me more information on the forthcomina surveus

Please contact me to discuss advertising portunities in the Financial Times

If you are buying or selling Welsh land; investing in or developing Welsh property, for Industrial, Commercial or Residential use- We can help you to do so more efficiently.

Speak to us first.

LAND AUTHORITY FOR WALES

Custom House Customhouse Street Cardiff CF1 5AP

Tel. (0222) 223444 Fax. (0222) 223330 Telex. 498024 LAW G 33 Grosvenor Road Wrexham LL11 1BT Clwyd Tel. (0978) 357133 Fex. (0978) 264628